

REGULAR SUNDAY NIGHT ZEPPELIN RAID ON LONDON

One Airship Brought Down in Flames to North of English Capital.

FE WBOMBS DROPPED; NO DAMAGE IS DONE

Raid Still in Progress With Anti-Aircraft Guns in Heavy Action.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Another Zeppelin raid against London and the east coast of England is in progress.

Great crowds cheered the spectacle of the burning Zeppelin as it fell in the London district.

The air raid is still in progress and some airships are in the vicinity of London, where some guns have been in action.

An airship is reported brought down in flames north of London.

Four Zeppelin raids on London and the east coast have been carried out in the last month, the more recent attacks being made by airships of the newer and bigger types.

On September 2 one Zeppelin was struck while flying over the London district and fell in flames.

Two Zeppelins were destroyed in the raid of September 23.

On that occasion the raiders killed thirty-eight persons and wounded 128.

The following night in another raid in which the airships apparently escaped without damage, they killed thirty-six persons and wounded twenty-seven.

In the raid of September 2 only two persons suffered death and thirteen were injured.

ATLANTA STREET CARS STOPPED BY COMPANY BECAUSE OF A STRIKE

Claim City Police Are Not Giving Cars the Proper Protection.

WILL RESUME TODAY.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 1.—All city and suburban street cars in and around Atl stopped running before noon today.

The strike was called at 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon "solely to influence the free to organize and the right of free speech."

Ten arrests, according to the police reports were made last night and today on charges of "disorderly conduct" as a result of "interference with movements of cars."

There were little or no instances of actual violence or destruction of property reported by police.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Forecast for North Carolina: Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer interior; moderate northeast to east winds.

ATHENS, Saturday, Sept. 30.—Expected that the postponed session of the crown council at which a decision regarding the entrance of Greece into the war may be reached, will be held today.

Rioting is reported on the Greek island of Zante between 2000 and 3000 followers of former Premier Venizelos.

RUSSIANS RENEW THEIR DRIVE AT LEMBERG WITH STRONG OFFENSIVE

Austro-German Positions Are Penetrated and Many Prisoners Are Captured—Further Gains by Both British and French Troops Are Recorded in West.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1 (Via London).—The Russian drive at Lemberg was renewed yesterday. After a period of comparative inactivity the Russians inaugurated strong offensive movements north and south of the Galician capital.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Still further gains by the British and French troops north of the Somme river in France are chronicled in the latest official communications from London and Paris.

The Germans have been cleared out of positions near the Stuff redoubt, which they had held since the heavy fighting of last week, and also have been forced to give up all except a very small portion of the Schwaben redoubt in this region.

Berlin reports, however, that attacks by the British east of Thiepval and by the French in the vicinity of Ran-court, Courcellette, Moreval and Halle were repulsed.

In Galicia the Russians have started another big offensive with the purpose of driving on to Lemberg.

The full text of President Wilson's speech, delivered Saturday at his home, Shadow Lawn, to a crowd of young democrats, was as follows: LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 30.—"I am very much obliged to you for giving me an opportunity to say some very plain things about the present campaign and about the future policy of this country, because young men are very much more interested in the future than they are in the present."

Berlin asserts that the Russian forces along the Brody-Lemberg railway were stopped by the artillery of the Teutons.

In the Carpathians, in the Ludowa sector, the Austrians have turned to the offensive and, according to

GREEK TRIUMVIRATE AT HEAD OF PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT COMPLETE

Official Gazette Publishes Decree Naming Third Member.

ATHENS, Oct. 1, via London.—The Official Gazette of the provisional government, publishes this morning a decree signed by M. Venizelos and Vice-Admiral Coundouriotis, by virtue of the power vested in them by a popular decree of September 26, naming General Panoytis Danglis, the former minister of war, as the third member of the triumvirate heading the provisional government.

ATHENS, Friday, Sept. 29, via London, Oct. 1.—(Delayed by censor)—Notwithstanding the persistent assertions by adherents of former Premier Venizelos in the cabinet that King Constantine is merely playing for time and does not intend to declare war, those close to the king are confident he will telegraph his decision to King George, Emperor Nicholas and President Poincaré on Monday at the latest.

ATHENS, Oct. 1, via London.—Forty-five policemen, cadets and soldiers who were desirous of joining the revolutionists at Saloniki went to the French legation yesterday. Jean Guillemin, the French minister, supplied for them an armed escort from the marines guarding the French legation.

ATHENS, Oct. 1, via London.—Several Greek officers followed in an automobile, and set out with the men for Saloniki.

ATHENS, Oct. 1, via London.—The Athens stock market is extraordinarily bullish.

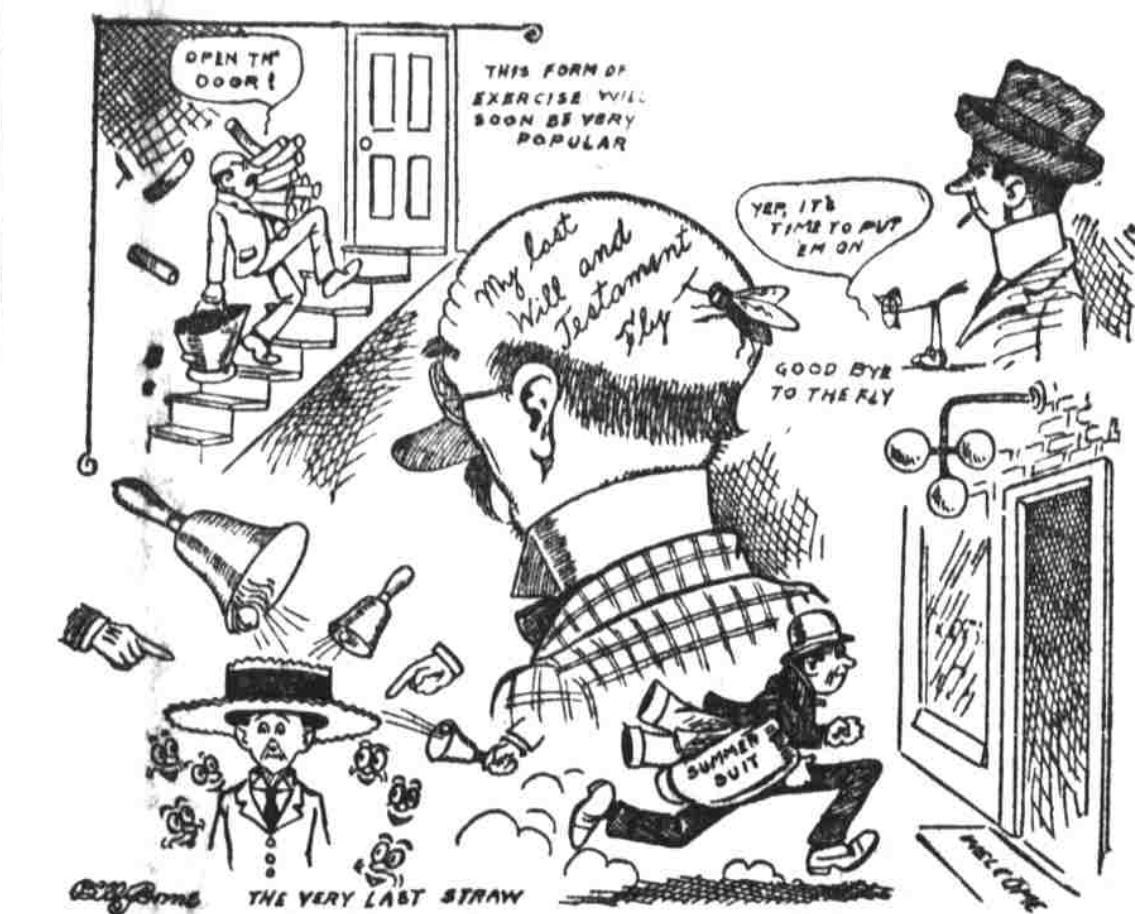
Once the king's decision has been reached, it is expected a national cabinet will be formed in consultation with the British minister.

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October Doings



PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS THAT CERTAIN RESULT OF REPUBLICAN SUCCESS WILL BE ENTRANCE OF AMERICA INTO THE WAR

In Speech to Young Democrats at Shadow Lawn Saturday, Tells What the United States May Expect in Case Hughes Should Be Elected—Reviews Efforts of Administration to Keep the United States Free From War With Honor.

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"The republican party, as now constituted and led, believes in government by the attorneys of special interests. They are perfectly willing that the attorneys of the people should appear before them and plead for the rights of the people, but they are not willing that the counsels which determine the course of the people should be determined by the attorneys of special interests."

"The end of such a party was foredoomed and now the party that believes in the people's right to do things for the people has been in power for four years. And what has happened? It has redeemed some of the promises falsely made by the attorneys for the special interests. And it has done something more interesting than that. You remember that four years ago there was a great body of spirited republicans who said: 'This thing is becoming a fraud and a sham. We have been taking care of some people but we have not been taking care of the great body of the people. We have not thought about their health, we have not thought about their rights as human beings, and we insist that you put the policy of this party in our hands or we will go off and form a party of our own.'"

"And thereupon the great progressive party sprang up. . . I want to pay my tribute of respect to the purposes and intentions of the men who witnessed the life, decadence and disappearance of the federalist party. It witnessed the life, the increase, the demoralization, the decline and the disappearance of the whig party. . ."

"The democratic party has committed many errors, the democratic party has made some fatal mistakes of action, but the reason it has lived, the reason it is the only party that has appeared immortality in our politics, is that it is the only party that has consistently based its belief upon the things and the convictions that underlie all American history—the belief in the government of the people by themselves and their representatives."

"It has witnessed the life and death of two great parties, and unless I am very much mistaken it will witness the early disappearance of another. It witnessed the life, decadence and disappearance of the federalist party. It witnessed the life, the increase, the demoralization, the decline and the disappearance of the whig party. . ."

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SENATOR CLARKE DIES AT HOME IN LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Suffered Stroke of Apoplexy Friday, and Never Regained Consciousness.

DEATH IS SHOCK TO PEOPLE OF STATE

Was President Pro Tem of Senate and Prominent in Politics.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 1.—Senator James P. Clarke, of Arkansas, president pro tempore of the United States senate, died at his home here at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Senator Clarke suffered a stroke of apoplexy Friday and never regained consciousness. News of his death came as a shock as it was not generally known until today that his condition was serious.

Born in Mississippi. Senator Clarke was born at Yazoo City, Miss., August 18, 1864. He was educated in the schools of his native state and at the University of Virginia.

He began the practice of law in Helena, Ark.; in 1879 he served several terms in the Arkansas legislature and was elected attorney general of the state and governor in 1903 he was elected United States senator and re-elected last year for his third term. His present term as United States senator would not have expired until March 4, 1921.

Clarke had been president pro tempore since the democratic party gained control in 1914. He was chosen by the party caucus to succeed the late Senator Frye, of Maine, and was re-elected to the place in the sixty-fourth congress, despite determined opposition based on his sensational revolt against the administration ship purchase bill in the previous congress.

In the closing days of the session he presided over the senate, owing to the absence of the President-elect. The railroad control bill was passed with Senator Clarke in the chair, but he was one of two who opposed the measure and he refused to sign it. He appointed Senator Hughes as acting president pro tempore when the bill was presented at the presiding officer's chair for signature. He was many times the leader in opposition to the administration of the important committee on commerce. He also was the ranking democratic member of the foreign relations committee and the committee on military affairs.

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AMERICAN INTERESTS TO BE REPRESENTED BEFORE JOINT COMMISSIONERS

Mexican and American Commission to Hold Session Today.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 1.—Representatives of the important American mining interests in Mexico are expected to appear before the American members of the Mexican-American joint commission here tomorrow.

A memorandum and a memorandum already submitted to them in connection with the commission's work in Mexico. Before they are received, the commissioners will hold their first joint session here in continuation of the discussions begun at New London four weeks ago.

Consideration of plans for the maintenance of peace along the Mexican-American border will be resumed, but reports which continue to arrive of Villa's activities in Chihuahua may serve as a further delay to agreement.

The commissioners make no secret of the fact that failure of General Carranza's forces to run down Villa has proved embarrassing to them in considering means for improving border conditions.

It was considered probable tonight that General Carranza's latest electoral decree would be discussed tomorrow. A copy of the decree has reached the American commissioners from Washington and while the details of the document have not been revealed, it is said to stipulate that some of those connected even remotely with the Huerta administration shall have the right to vote at the coming presidential election.

Another subject to be discussed more fully this week will be the closing of the national bank, and the Bank of London and Mexico. The official order closing the two banks is in the hands of the American commissioners.

Secretary Franklin K. Lane, head of the American commission, and Judge Gray arrived here today. Dr. J. R. Mott, the third member and the Mexican commissioner are expected late tonight or early in the morning.

KILLING FROSTS. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Reports to the weather bureau tonight show that killing frosts in the middle Atlantic states last night extended as far south as southwest Virginia and that there was heavy frost as far south as Tennessee.

FIRE IN STEAMER'S HOLD CONTROLLED BY THE CREW

Blaze Still Smouldering as Liner Philadelphia Makes Port.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Fire which broke out in the cargo hold of the American line steamship Philadelphia Thursday 800 miles from this port, still was smouldering under a blanket of steam when she arrived here today.

The Philadelphia left Liverpool Saturday, September 23. How the fire started, it was said, has not been determined. Flooding the cargo hold checked the flames, according to the crew.

RIOTING STRIKERS AT YONKERS CAUSE TROUBLE

Car Crew Injured and Vehicle's Windows Smashed by Missiles.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Rioting occurred today when an attempt was made by the Yonkers Railroad company, whose men are on strike, to run surface cars from Yonkers to the Yonkers park terminus of New York's subway system.

The entire police force of Yonkers, numbering 200 was called out to quell the riot, and twenty arrests were made. Several persons were hurt but none seriously.

INTERNED GERMAN SHIPS TAKEN TO PHILADELPHIA

Cruisers Transferred to Make Room at Norfolk Navy Yard.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—Convoyed by the United States battleships Minnesota, and Vermont, the interned German cruisers Kronprinz Wilhelm and Prinz Eitel Friedrich arrived at the Philadelphia navy yard tonight from Norfolk.

The cruisers were sent to the local yard because the space at the Norfolk yard was needed for new ships. They have complements of 740 officers and men, and although the Germans will be kept in close confinement, navy officials said facilities at the Philadelphia navy yard would give them more freedom than they enjoyed at Norfolk.

FLOOR COLLAPSES. BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Fifty-three persons were injured today when the floor of the First Presbyterian church of Johnson City collapsed during the services being held in connection with the laying of the cornerstone. Seven are seriously hurt but it is believed all will recover.