

BACK BULLETS BY BUYING BONDS

TEUTONIC ALLIED FORCES ARE STILL RUNNING FROM ARMIES OF THE ENTENTE

On Highly Important St. Quentin Sector the British and French Armies, After Hard Fighting, Have Drawn Their Lines More Closely in Investment of Town on Northwest, West and South.

SELENEY, TWO MILES FROM ST. QUENTIN IS CAPTURED

Bulgarian and German Troops Still Forced With Disaster in Macedonia, While the Number of Prisoners Taken by General Allenby Now Numbers 40,000.

HAVE MADE GOOD PROGRESS.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press).—Since the operations of Tuesday near St. Quentin, the British, with the French on their right, have made good progress. The enemy is still resisting on the outskirts of Ponturet, with machine gun rearguards. They also fought hard against the British at Selency and made strong counter-attacks near Gricourt, but were repulsed with many killed or wounded. The prisoners taken by the British in this sector now aggregate more than a thousand and many machine guns also have been captured. Elsewhere on the British front there has been no great activity, except near Inchy, west of Cambrai, where the British line has been advanced slightly and many of the enemy have been killed.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS)

The Teutonic allied forces in Macedonia and Turkey still are in flight before the armies of the entente, while on the highly important St. Quentin sector in France the British and French armies, after hard fighting have drawn more closely their lines in the investment of the town, on the northwest, west and south. The stubborn resistance of the Germans, in defense and in counter-attacks, has been unavailing except to impede the progress of the men of the armies of Field Marshal Haig and General Debeny.

Still Faced With Disaster.

In Macedonia the Bulgarian and German troops are still faced with disaster; in Palestine the remaining Turks seem to have scarcely a chance for escape from the British forces and friendly tribesmen who are closing in upon them east of the River Jordan. More than 40,000 prisoners and 265 guns have been taken by the British and yet General Allenby's appetite for further emoluments for his hard campaign has not been satiated.

Gauged by the swiftness of the strokes Allenby is delivering, it is his purpose absolutely to overwhelm the Ottomans. And the fulfillment of his plan seems appreciably nearer.

Bulgarians and Germans in Retreat.

In no less critical situation are the Germans and Bulgarians in the Macedonian theatre. Here, except immediately on the Bulgarian frontier, where the mountainous country gives them ground for strong resistance to the invasion of Bulgarian territory through the passes, the Bulgarians and Greeks everywhere are in rapid retreat before the Italians, Serbians, Greeks and British. Rent in twain at several points the enemy forces are bewildered and operating as separate units.

Italians, Greeks and British Active.

Respectively on the western and eastern flanks the Italians and the Greeks and British are fast throwing forward their lines in endeavors to envelop the enemy, while in the center where the Serbs have driven their sharp wedge toward Ishtip, there is no lagging, notwithstanding the difficult territory that is being encountered. Rearguards of the enemy, armed with machine guns, are but little delaying the men whose task it is to reclaim their kingdom.

As yet there is no news of great activity in Albania, but a resumption of operations there in conjunction with those in the east apparently cannot long be delayed.

Village of Selency Taken.

On the French front the British have taken the village of Selency, a scant two miles from the western environs of St. Quentin, and both the British and French troops north and south of this line have driven further wedges into the German front. More than a thousand prisoners and many machine guns have been taken by the British

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HUN CHANCELLOR CONFIRMS BELIEF OF THE OFFICIALS

Reports of Mutiny, Rioting and Desperation Are Confirmed

HERTLING'S SPEECH CONSIDERED FRANK

Speech Is Regarded Primarily for Home Consumption by Americans

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Official Washington noticed the admission of the deep discontent existing among great masses of the German people. Through neutral countries have come reports of disorganization, mutiny, rioting and desperation in Germany, but it remained for the German chancellor himself to add the official confirmation which was wanting.

There was just one thing in Chancellor von Hertling's speech which interested American officials. It was his frank and open admission of the seriousness of the internal situation in Germany.

For Internal Use Only. Following so closely upon the formal declaration by the social democrats of the conditions upon which their party would consent to participation in the government, the speech was regarded as intended primarily for internal consumption in Germany. It is regarded as part of a plan to persuade the socialists to come to the aid of the government in its grave straits by demonstrating that there are no substantial differences of principle between their party and the government. The marked similarity between the statements made by Von Hertling regarding the basis of peace and those previously laid down by the socialists at once was noticed.

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PRESIDENT WILSON WILL OPEN LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE WITH SPEECH IN NEW YORK

False Reports Regarding Small Bonds Have Been Officially Denied

MANY \$50 BONDS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—President Wilson will launch the Fourth Liberty loan campaign with an address Friday night in New York city. The president previously had decided that he could not leave Washington to make an extended speaking tour on behalf of the loan, but he consented today to speak on the eve of the opening of the three weeks' drive.

Final preparations for the campaign went steadily ahead today. Treasury department officials took cognizance of widespread reports that no subscriptions of less than \$200 would be accepted for the fourth loan and that no \$50 bonds would be issued. As proving the falsity of these rumors, officials pointed to the fact that a larger proportion of \$50 bonds have been printed this time than ever before and to the additional fact that loan committees have instructions to make strong efforts to sell these "baby bonds" to persons of very small means who are inclined not to participate in the loan.

About 1,500,000 bonds, mainly of small denominations, had been finished by the bureau of printing and engraving today and these went on their way to federal reserve district headquarters. The first shipments went yesterday to San Francisco and other distant points and officials hope to have some bonds ready for outright sale in the large cities when the subscription period opens just after next Friday midnight.

The Woman Behind the Man



GENERAL DEBENY'S FRENCH TROOPS TAKE POSITIONS GERMANS HAD BEEN ORDERED TO "HOLD TO THE LAST DROP OF BLOOD"

Speed With Which French Charged Into Positions At Dallon Made It Impossible For Men in 221st German Division to Make Supreme Sacrifice They Were Ordered to Make by Commanding Officers.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press).—General Debeny's troops in their latest advance toward St. Quentin took positions at Dallon which the 221st German division had been ordered to "hold to the last drop of blood."

Ten German officers and more than 500 men were prevented from making the supreme sacrifice demanded of them. They fought well under the protection of a curtain of fire from their artillery posted around St. Quentin, but the French troops were on them in successive waves so quick that they could not carry out the order of their commanding general, Von LaChevallerie, except by committing suicide. The alternative of

captivity appeared acceptable to most of them.

Resolute Frontal Attack. The Germans suffered there from lack of appreciation of the resourcefulness and suppleness of the French tactics. General Debeny's men, having approached the position to within proper distance for an assault, abandoned the method of infiltration which has characterized the operation around St. Quentin, and made a resolute frontal attack, which the nature of the obstacle necessitated.

In the first hour they took the central point of resistance at Francilly-Selency, and the crossroads five hundred yards to the east.

Keeping close up with the creeping barrage which their artillery main-

tained with splendid precision, the attacking waves went on, sweeping the eastern edge of Savy wood clear of the enemy, passing through and beyond Marjolin wood and taking the village of L'Epine De Dallon by assault.

Reinforcements Fired On. Meanwhile German reinforcements coming up through the ravines from the region of St. Quentin were caught under the fire of the French guns.

This success makes precarious the German hold on Hill 138. This is the highest point in the positions along the "ridge" from Hillion to Dallon, which the enemy has been fortifying with feverish haste. Its fall, while it might not mean the fall of St.

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OUTCOME OF SUFFRAGE IS IN GREATEST DOUBT

Susan B. Anthony Amendment Will Come Up in Senate Today.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Outcome of the vote in the senate on woman suffrage apparently was in greater doubt tonight than has been any action by congress in many years.

The only point on which advocates and opponents were agreed was that the house resolution proposing submission to the states of the Susan B. Anthony amendment to the federal constitution, would be called up when the senate convenes tomorrow. Both sides expressed the greatest confidence in the result, but it was not certain a vote would be reached before adjournment, although Senator Jones, of New Mexico, chairman of the senate woman suffrage committee, and other suffrage leaders, were determined tonight to hold the resolution before the senate until final disposition.

Both sides expected only brief debate on the resolution and believed a vote would be reached during the day. Supporters of the measure said they would have from one to three votes over the necessary two-thirds majority, but opponents privately expressed complete confidence that they had enough votes to defeat the resolution and thus prevent any further action on equal suffrage until the sixty-sixth congress convenes in December, 1919.

DAY PASSED QUIETLY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The day passed quietly in the sectors occupied by our troops, said General Pershing's communique for today. Believed tonight at the war department.

HENRY FORD WILL NOT BE BOUND BY PARTY RULES

Makes His Position Clear in Letter to Michigan Democratic Convention.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 25.—Making his first purely political utterance since becoming a candidate for the United States senate, Henry Ford, given the proceedings of the democratic state convention here today, with a letter in which he informed the party leaders that, although nominally their candidate, he did not intend to be bound by any party considerations, democratic or republican.

"I hold myself to support such measures, whatever their origin, as commend themselves to my judgment for the best interests of all the people," Mr. Ford wrote. He added that he had not spent a dollar to win the nomination at the August primaries and did not intend to spend a cent to win the election. Mr. Ford did not attend the convention.

The convention adopted resolutions pledging complete support to Mr. Ford's candidacy, the democratic national administration and the woman's suffrage amendment which will come before the voters at the November election.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND TO BE BURIED WEDNESDAY

Prominent Church Official Died Yesterday Morning After Long Illness.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 25.—Archbishop John Ireland, who died this morning, following a lingering illness, will be buried next Wednesday in Calvary cemetery here in compliance with his wish. The Rev. Thomas Welch, secretary to the prelate, explained that the body would not be placed in the cathedral crypt.

Father Welch said the dying archbishop said to him: "Let me lie out there with my people under the green sod of Calvary." It was decided this afternoon that the body will lie in state on Tuesday in the cathedral. Solemn services will start at 10 a. m. Wednesday. They will be the same as those which marked the burial of Cardinal Farley. It is expected that most of the church dignitaries who attended the services in New York will attend the funeral of Archbishop Ireland.

AIRPLANE ACTIVITIES.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Fifty-three hostile airplanes were accounted for by British aviators on Tuesday, according to the official announcement tonight. Thirty-one of these were destroyed and twenty-two were driven down. Ten British machines fell to return.

DAY OF SURGING PATRIOTISM FOR AGED WARRIORS

Confederate Veterans Are Vitaly Interested in Battles in Europe

PLEDGE OF SUPPORT SENT TO PRESIDENT

After Speech Making and Sightseeing Business Sessions Begin

TULSA, Okla., Sept. 25.—This was another day of surging patriotism for the Confederate veterans, their sons and their associates in annual reunion here. The veterans are no longer living over their own battles of more than half a century ago, but have made the progress of the allied troops on the western battle front a subject of conversation and discussion, and have almost put into second place the fighting in which they themselves participated.

A pledge of support was sent to President Wilson in the following resolution:

Pledge of Support. "The United Confederate Veterans association, in convention assembled, desired to go on record before the world with reference to the great war our country now is engaged in, as heart and soul back of the Washington administration and 100 per cent loyal to the colors. Therefore, be it resolved we hereby pledge our best and continuous efforts in upholding the honor of our great president in his faithful execution of the most gigantic trust ever placed upon the heart and brain of a human being."

The Sons of Veterans inspired by the patriotic ardor of the older veterans, at once adopted and forwarded to the president, a similar resolution.

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SENATE COMMITTEE ONLY MAKES SLIGHT CHANGES IN HOUSE WAR REVENUE BILL

Salaries of Men in Naval or Military Service Exempt From Tax

OTHER CHANGES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Provisions of the house draft of the war revenue bill designed to raise \$1,482,000,000 from income of individuals were approved with slight changes today by the senate committee. The committee is revising the measure. The normal rate of twelve per cent, in incomes of individuals with six per cent for the first \$4,000 or less, was adopted, but the committee decried the house rates, however without reducing the amount of revenue they are designed to raise.

In considering other sections of the individual income tax, the senate committee made its first important change in the house bill. For the house clause exempting from income taxes salaries of men in the military service abroad or at sea, up to \$2,500, the committee substituted a provision exempting from the tax the salaries of men in "active service in the field or at sea" shall be exempt from taxation. Action on the house provisions proposing a tax on the salaries of the older federal judges, while increases in other grades were believed to be too low.

In considering the definition of gross income, the committee today deferred decision regarding the inclusion of proceeds from life insurance policies but approved the house plan of including income from accident and health insurance. The question of deductions to be allowed in computing individual incomes will be considered tomorrow.

SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST BE PAID
IN ADVANCE
If You Have Not Paid Do So Now—Today
IF YOU FURTHER DELAY YOUR NAME MAY BE
DROPPED IN THE RUSH AND YOU WILL MISS SEVERAL
ISSUES.
The following is a ruling of the War Industries Board:
"DISCONTINUE PAPER AFTER DATE OF
EXPIRATION OF SUBSCRIPTION UNLESS SUBSCRIP-
TION IS RENEWED AND PAID FOR."