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REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUN-DAY SERMON.

"Communion of Saints."

TEXT: "T' en said they unto him, Say now shibboleth, and he said, subboleth, for he could not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him and slew him at the pas-

sages of Jordan."-Judges xil., 6. Do you notice the difference of pronunciation between shibboleth and sibboleth? A very small and unimportant difference, you say. And yet that difference was the difference between life and death for a great many people. The Lord's people, Gilead and Ephraim, got into a great fight, and Ephraim was worsted, and on the retreat came o the fords of the river Jordan to cross. Order was given that all Ephraimites coming there be slain. But how could it be found out who were Ephraimites? They were detected by their pronunciation. Shibboleth was a word that stood for river. The Ephraimites had a brogue of their own, and when they tried to say "shib-

oleth" always left out the sound of the When it was asked that they say shibbloth, they said sibboleth and were slain. "Then said they unto him, say now shib-boleth, and he said sibboleth, for he could not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him and slew him at the passages of Jordan," A very small difference, you say, I am right, and that settles it. No taste for between Gilead and En'raim, and yet how much intolerance about that small difference! The Lord's tribes in our time-by which I mean the different denominations of Christians-sometimes magnify a very small difference, and the only difference be-tween scores of denominations to-day is the difference between shibboleth and sibboleth. The church of God is divided into a great number of denominations. Time would tail me to tell of the Calvinists, and the Arminians, and the Sabbatarians, and the Baxterians, and the Dunkers, and the Shakers, and the Quakers, and the Methodists, and the Baptists, and the Episcopalians, and the Lutherans, and the Congregationalists, and e Presbyterians, and the Spiritualists, and score of other denominations of religionists, sor a of them founded by very good marrow path to heaven, and sometimes see men, some of them founded by very ego-

tistic men, some of them founded by very bad | whither, and they say: "Well, I guess I'il conscience I must give that same liberty to every other men, remembering that he no more differs from me than I differ from him. I advocate the largest liberty in all religious belief and form of worship. In art, in politics, in morals and in religion let there be no gag law, no moving of the previous question, no persecution, no intolerance. You know that the air and the water keep pure by constant circulation, and I think bere is a tendency in religious discussion purification and moral health. Between

the fourth and the sixteenth centuries tha church proposed to make people think aright by probibiting discussion, and by strong consorship of the press and rick and gibbet and not lead down the throat tried to make people orthodox, but it was discovered that you cannot change a man's belief by twisting off his head nor make a man see differently by putting an 'awl through his eyes. There is something in a man's conience which will hurl off the mountain that you threw upon it, and, unsinged of the fire, out of the flame will make red wings on which the martyr will mount to glory. In that time of which I speak, between the fourth and sixteenth centuries, people went from the house of God into the most appalling iniquity, and right along by consecrated altars there were tides of drunkenness and licentiousness such as the world never heard of, and the very sewers of perdition broke loose and flooded the church. After awhile the printing press was freed, and it broke the shackles of the human mind. Then there came a large number of bad books, and where there was one man hostile to the Christian religion there were twenty men ready to advocate it, so I have not any nervousness in regard to this battle going on between truth and error. The truth will conquer just as certainly as that God is stronger than the devil. Let error run if you only let truth run along with Urged on by skeptic's shout and tranof wrath are in hot pursuit, and quickerthan

endentalist's spur, let it run, God's angels eagle's beak clutches out a hawk's heart God's vengeance will tear it to pieces. I propose to speak to you of sectarianism -its origin, its evils and its cures. There are 'lose who would make us think that this monster, with horns and hoors, is religion. I shall chase it to its hiding place and drag it out of the caverns of darkness and rip off its hide. But I want to make a distinction between bigotry and the lawful fondness for peculiar religious beliefs and

forms of worship. I have no admiration for

& nothingarian. In a world of such tremendous vicissitude and temptation, and with a soul that must after awhile stand before a throne of insufferable brightness, in a day when the rocking of the mountains and the flaming of the heavens and the upheaval of the seas shall be among the least of the excitements. to give account for every thought, word, action, preference and dislike, that man is mad who has no religious preference. But our early education, our physical temperament, our mental constitution, will very much decide our form of worship. A style of pallmody that may please me y displease you. Some would like to have minister in gown and bands and surplice,

and others prefer to have a minister in plain citizen's apparel. Some are most impressed when a little child is presented at the altar and sprinkled of the waters of a holy benediction "In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost," and others are more impressed when the penitent comes up out of the river, his garments dripping with the waters of a baptism which signifies the washing away of sin. Let either have his own way. One man likes no noise in prayer, not a word, not a whisper. Another in, just as good, prefers by gesticulation and exclamation to express his devotional aspirations. One is just as good as the other. "Every man fully persuaded in his own

George Whitefield was going over a Ouaker rather roughly for some of his reiglous sentiments, and the Quaker said. George, I am as thou art. I am for bringing all men to the hope of the gospel. Therefore, if thou will not quarrel with me about my broad brim, I will not quarrel with thee about thy black gown. George, give me thy

In tracing out the religiou of sectarianism or bigotry I find that a great deal of it comes rom wrong education in the home circle. There are parents who do not think it wrong to caricature and jeer the peculiar forms of religion in the world and denounce other sects and other denominations. It is very often the ease that that kind of education acts just opposite to what was expected, and the children grow up, and after awhile go and see for themselves, and looking in those churches and finding that the people are good there, and they love God and keep His commandments, by natural reaction they go and join those very churches. I could mention the names of prominent ministers of the gospel who spent their whole life bombarding other denominations, and who lived to see their children preach the gospel in those very denominations. But it is often the case that bigotry starts in a household, and that the subject of it never recovers. There are tens of thousands of bigots ten years old. I think sectarianism and bigotry also rise from too great prominence of any one denomination in a community. All the other denominations are wrong, and his denomination is right because his denomination is the most wealthy, or the most popular, or the most influential, and it is "our" church and "our" religious organization, and "our" choir, and "our" minister, and the man tosses his head and wants other denomina-

tions to know their places. It is a great deal better in any community when the great denominations of Christians are about equal in power, marching side by side for the world's conquest. Mere outside prosperity, mere worldly power, is no evience that the church is acceptable to God. Better a barn with Christ in the manger than a cathedral with magnificent harmonies rolling through the long drawn aisle and an angel from heaven in the pulpit if there be no Christ in the chancel and no Christ in the robes. Bigotry is often the child of ignorance,

fou seldom find a man with large intellect

This Year's Salmon Catch. The back Harvester has brought good news of the salmon run. Last year the catch resulted in about 600,000 cases, and this year it will amount to nearly as much. If there is a heavy demand from England the price

saints, and in life everlasting. Amen!"

who is a bigot. It is the man who thinks he knows a great deal, but does not. That man is almost always a bigot. The whole tendency of education and civilization is to STATISTICS FROM THE AGRIand heart. There was in the far east a great CULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

bring a man out of that kind of state of mind

obelisk, and one side of the obelisk was

white, another side of the obelisk was green.

travelers went and looked at that obelisk,

but they did not walk around it. One man

ooked at one side, another at another side,

and they came home each one looking at

only one side, and they happened to meet,

the story says, and they got into a rank

was green, another man said it was blue

and when they were in the very heat of the

to be the cause of bigotry. I have set before

you the origin of this great evil. What are

some of the baleful effects? First of all, it

eripples investigation. You are wrong and

exploration, no spirit of investigation. From

the glorious realm of Gol's truth, over

which an archangel might fly from eternity

to eternity and not reach the limit, the man

lern cornshock. It stops all investigation.

Another great damage done by the sectar-

innism and bigotry of the church is that it

disgusts people from the Christian religion.

Now, my triends, the church of God was

never intended for a war barrack. People

are afraid of a rlot. You go down the street

and you see an excitement and missiles fly-

ing through the air and you hear the shock

dustrious citizen, go through that street?

"Oh, no," you will say; "I'll go around the block." Now, men come and look upon this

sharpshooting on the narrow road I guess

Francis I so hated the Lutherans that he

puncture them and let that drop out. Just

as long as there is so much hostility between

one professed Christian and another, or be-

tween one church and another, so long men

will be disgusted with the Christian religion

and say, "If that is religion, I want none of

Again, bigotry and sectarianism do great

amage in the fact that they hinder the

triumph of the gospel. Oh, how much

wasted ammunition, how many men of

splendid intellect have given their whole life

given their life to something practical, they

night have been vastly useful! Suppose,

while I speak, there were a common enemy

he hardor began to fire into each other, you

would ery out: "National suicide! Why

ion't those forts blaze away in one direction.

and that against the common enemy?" And

vet I sometimes see in the church of the

Lord Jesus Christ a strange thing going on

church against church, minister against

ninister, denomination against denomina-

fort which ought to be on the same side, in-

stead of concentrating their energy and giv-

ing one mighty and everlasting volley against

the navies of darkness riding up through the

What did intolerance accomplish against

the Baptist Church? If laughing scorp and

tirade could have destroyed the church, it

would not have to-day a disciple left. The

Saptists were hurled out of Boston in olden

times. Those who sympathized with them

were imprisoned, and when a patition was

offered asking leniency in their behalf all

the men who signed it were indicted. Has

intolerance stopped the Baptist Church?

The last statistics in regard to it showed

25,000 churches and 3,000,000 communicants.

In England a law was made against the

Jew. England thrust back the Jew and

thrust down the Jew and declared that no

Jew should hold official position. What

their religion overthrown? No! Who be-

came of it? Were the Jews destroyed? Was

came prime minister of England? Who was

next to the throne? Who was higher than

the terone because he was counselor and

dviser? Disraeli, a Jew. What were we

elebrating in all our churches as well as

synagogues only a few years age? The one

hundredth birthday anniversary of Monte-

flore, the great Jewish philanthropist. In-

But now, my friends, having shown you

having shown you the damage it does, I

want briefly to show you how we are to war

against this terrible evil, and I think we

ought to began our war by realizing our own

weakness and our imperfections. If we

make so many mistakes in the common af-

fairs of life, is it not possible that we may

make mistakes in regard to our religious

affairs? Shall we take a man by the throat

or by the collar because he cannot see re-

ligious truths just as we do? In the light of

eternity it will be found out, I think, there

was something wrong in all our creeds and

comething right in all our creeds. But since

we may make mistakes in regard to things

of the world do not let us be so egotistic and

o puffed up as to have an idea that we can-

not make any mistake in regard to religious

theories. And then, I think, we will do a

great deal to overthrow the sectarian from

which we agree rather than those in which

truth by calling your attention to an inci-

o'clock, while her 900 passengers were sound

asleep in her berths dreaming of home, the

steamer Atlantic crashed into Mars Head.

Five hundred souls in ten minutes landed in

eternity! Oh, what a scene! Agonized men

and women running up and down the gang-

way and clutching for the rigging, and the

plunge of the helpless steamer and the clap-ping of the hands of the merciless sea over

the drowning and the dead threw two conti-

But see the brave quartermaster pushing

out with the lifeline until he gets to the rock,

and see these fishermen gathering up the

shipwrecked and taking them into the cab-

ins and wrapping them in the flannels snug

pel, with three other men, getting into a

ifeboat and pushing out for the wreck, pull-

ing away across the surf and pulling away

until they saved one more man, and then

getting back with him to the shore. Can

those men ever forget that night, and can

they ever forget their companionship in

peril, companionship in struggle, compan-

ionship in awful catastrophe and rescue?

Never! Never! In whatever part of the earth

they meet they will be friends when they

nention the story of that night when the At-

antic struck Mars Head, Well, my friends,

our world has gone into a worse shipwreck.

Sin drove it on the rocks. The old ship has

lurched and tossed in the tempest of 6000

years. Out with the lifeline! I do not care

what denomination carries it. Out with the

lifeboat! I do not care what denomination

rows it. Side by side, in the memory of

common hardships, and common trials, and

common prayers, and common tears, let us

And I expect to see the day when all de-

nominations of Christians shall join hands

around the cross of Christ and recite the

ereed: "I believe in God, the Father A!-

mighty, Maker of heaven and earth, and

Jesus Christ, and in the communion of

be brothers forever. We must be.

and warm, and see that minister of the gos-

Perhaps I might torcefully illustrate this

ent which took place about twenty years

One Monday morning at about 2

we differ.

tolerance never yet put down anything.

the origin of bigotry or sectarianism,

intolerance never put down anything.

oming up the bay, and all the forts around

controversial disputes when, if they had

lenomination and denomination, or between

said that if he thought there was one drop

of Lutheran blood in his veins he would

I'll try the broad road!

There is so mu

of firearms. Do you, the peaceful and in-

shuts himself out and dies, a blind mole un-

another side of the obelisk was blue, and

The September Condition of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Rice, Tobacco and Apples-The Area Under Clover-Heavy Decline in the Corn Aver-

quarrel about the color of that obelisk. One can said it was white, another man said it The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of controversy a more intelligent traveler came eptember shows a decline in the condition and said: "Gentlemen, I have seen that of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of obelisk, and you are all right, and you are August and 95 in the month of July. This all wrong. Why didn't you walk all around is a decline of 5.7 from the August and 31.6 Look out for the man who only sees one from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great cora-States. The present condition is 75 in Ken-tucky, 70 in Ohlo, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Inside of a religious truth. Look out for the nan who never walks around about these great theories of God and eternity and the ead. He will be a bigot inevitably-the liana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in man who only sees one side. There is no Minnesota, 40 in Iowa, 70 in Missouri, 45 in man more to be pitled than he who has in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska, and 16 in South Duhis head just one idea-no more, no less. kota. In most of the Southern States the More light, less sectarianism. There is nothcondition has risen and a good crop is cering that will so soon kill bigotry as sunshine God's sunshine.
 So I have set before you what I consider

In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz., Indiana Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate of 40,873,984 acres planted in these States there have been cut up for fo! der or abandoned 15,506,000 acres, or 38 per ent., which is a little over 20 per cent. o the entire area planted in the country. The ercentage of that cut up or abandoned by states reporting is as follows: Indiana, .06 Illincis, 10: Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Mis-

souri, 16; Kansas, 53; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81. The condition of wheat, considering both winter and spring varieties, when harvested. was 83.7 against 74.0 last year and 85.3 in 1892. The reported conditions from the correspondents for the principal wheat-growing States are as follows : Ohio, 102; Michigan, 91 Indiana, 103; Illinois, 101; Wisconsin, 92; Minnesota, 84; Iowa, 92; Missouri, 91; Kansas, 58 ; Nebraska, 40 ; South Dakota, 32 ; North Dakota, 74; California, 88; Oregon, 88; Washington, 67. In the East : New York, 86 ; Pennsylvania, 91; Maryland, 98. Virginia reports : Tennessee, 78: West Virginia, 93; Ken tucky, 92; Texas, 92. In the principal wheat States there has been considerable improvement in condition since July report. In parts of the wheat region the crop is fully up to expectations, and in other parts the yield

The average condition of oats is reported at 77.8, against 76.5 on August 1, 77.7 on July and 87 on June 1. The returns for rye show an average of 86.9, against 82 a year ago. The condition of barley has risen nearly

two points during the month, the September average standing at 71.5 against 69.8 in Au-There is a decline in September condition of buckwheat of 121/4 points from that of August, the general average being 69.2,

aginst 77.5 last year. The area under clover seed is reported as 71.9 of that for 1893. The condition is given at 69.2 which is much below the average, thus indicating a very short crop. The general average of condition for rice The average condition of apples has fallen

during last month from 44.0 to 40.8. The condition of peaches is 21.1; potatoes, 62.4, a decline of twelve points since last The condition of tobacco is 74.5, against ion, firing away into their own fort, or the 75.9 last month.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

CALIFORNIA has female tramps. The bicycle rage has spread to India. Chicago's present area is 185 square miles. GREAT BRITAIN has eighty profit-sharing

CAR-FARE is 214 cents in Chemitz, Ger-PERU and Ecuador are "spoiting for a

Dublin, Ireland, has neither cable nor electric cars. American securities show a substantial ain in London. ATLANTA, Ga., is going to have a new

ight-story hote'. THE Populists failed to carry a single ounty in Arkansas. NEW YORK CITY is overrun with buyers nostly from the South. THE new Criminal Court House, New York

lity, was formally opened. THE Mid-winter Fair surplus is expected to amount to about \$200,000. GERMAN-RUSSIAN colonists in Kansas are returning to their old homes. Continued improvement in business i hown by the traie reviews. THE Peary relief expedition has been re ported "as well" at Go lhavn.

THE Salvation Army is planning a carn paign in the Hawaiian Islands. The long drought is causing great loss to armers and dairymen in New York. THE fads this year among the rich peop! of the East are bieveles and catboats. It is now estimated that Chicago's drain-

age canal system will cost \$25,000,000. THE financial condition of Texas merchants is said to be better than for years. CHINESE in Japan and Japanese in China are under the protection of American con-SINCE last May at least 40,000 French-Ca-

our heart and the sectarianism from the na lians living in the United States have reworld by chiefly enlarging in the acthings in turned to Quebec. SMOKE from forest fires became so dense in Boston, Mass., that artificial light was necessary at noon.

ADVICES from China indicate that the war arty is now in power and a vigorous policy s to be pursued. Exclish wheat crops are looking very oad in consequence of almost continuous rain for three weeks.

THE English apple crop is reported to be very short. List year's was the heaviest known in twenty years. Pittsburg cotton tie manufacturers find hey can compete with foreign manufacturers without protection.

THE first ocean cable ever laid in New York Bay has just been put down by the Commercial Cable Company. THE California dried apricot crop this year will reach the enormous total of 12,000 tons ernearly double that of any previous sea-

FEARING pleuro-pneumonia the Belgian Government has ordered quarantino of all American cattle for forty-live days after ar-MISS ELIZABETH H. W. LORD, who died in

qualor in Brooklyn, ha t \$13,000 in bank at outh Berwick, Me., which she left to Mrs. De Witt Talmage. THE National Treasury has been lifted out f the financial rut. The Treasury receipts or August foot up more than ten million lollars in excess of expenditures. THE establishment of a permanent bureau for the exhibition of the resources of the

Southern States was decided on by the deelopment convention at Washington. Ir is estimated that on an average 4000 shels a day, containin; 250 oysters to the oushel, or in all 10,000,000 a day, are reserved in New York City alone during the Ax unfalling sign of the revival of busiess is the increased demand for money at e banks an i its incident higher rates for between two small woo len houses standing

This is the business condition re-THE Rev. Dr. Burtsell arrived at New York | yards from the track, City from Rome, and said that an Apostolie Delegation would be established to pass

ipon all questions affecting the Roman Church in this country. By the burning of the home of Mss. Irene Taylor, at South Acton, Mass., there were destroyed priceless befriooms and historical articles of colonial times intended for the Massachusetts Historical Society.

LATER NEWS.

THE steamer Portia arrived at New York with a portion of the unlucky Cook Greenland party. She reports colliding with the schooner Dora M. French, all of whose crew was lost but one.

THE People's Party Convention, at Saraoga, N. Y., nominated C. B. Matthews, of Buffalo, for Governor, and sold convention lecorations at auction to raise campaign

W. F. BRECKMAN, a farmer of Roseman, Oregon, shot and killed his wife and stepson, Robert Ring. The tragely was the outgrowth of domestic discord.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has informed the sugar growers that he has no longer autherity to appoint bounty officials, Forest fires of immense proportions have

broken out in North Africa and in the south Mone than 3000 deaths from cholera occurred in Russia in the last week. In the United States Circuit Court of Ar

eals at Philadelphia the decision of the United States Circuit Court of New Jersey in the Elison-Westinghous: infringement case in favor of E lison was reversul and the costs put on E lison.

Tuz Republicans of Colora lo nominate ! Albert W. McIntire for Governor.

A TORNADO swept over the north end o Memphis, Tenn., which badly damaged the Louisville and Nashville shops, tore up a dozen residences, turned over a bridge, and nigred several people. Right Cuip wis killed, Wilkes Vandall fatally burt an! several people badly injured. Property loss

The Nevada Democratic State Convention at Carson nominated General R. P. Keating for Governor and J. E. Gignoux for Concontains an indorsement of President | threat was effectual and the Chinese retire !.

Cleveland. The Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department has issued circular letters announcing two new counterfert United | the protection of the British flag. States notes; one a \$5 national bank note and the other a counterfeit \$10 United States

GENERAL SCHOPLELD has decided to release all Indian secuts in the army, illing the places made vacant by regular soldiers. HAYTIAN rebels fired on President Hinpolyte's daughter, and ten of thoringleaders

The remains of the Comto de Par's have ocen deposited in the vault of the Catholic Church of Weyl ridge, where Louis Philippe and other members of the Orleans family who died in England were buried. The Doc | not get her off they fired the magazine and de Ocleans made a formal announcement of his claim to the Franch throne.

HELMHOLTZ IS DEAD. The Eminent Physicist Succumbs to

a Stroke of Paralysis. Professor Herman Louis Ferdinand Helmholtz, the celebrated physiologist and physician, died at Berlin, Germany, at the age of seventy-three years. Death resulted from a second stroke of paralysis.

nobility." Finally, in 1891, he was made

President and Director of the Imperial Tech-

nical Institute of Physics at Charlotten-

berg, a foundation under the control of

the Department of the Interior for the ex-

perimental furthering of exact natural in-

quiry and the technics of precision. The

Government, in a professional way could

confer upon him no higher honor. Helm-

holtz was aristocratic in tastes and in ap-

pearance. Physically he was tall, with

unusually broad shoulders, and a well-

built figure. His face was cleanly shaven,

save for the iron gray moustache, and

he had a fine, straight nose, and a

pair of penetrating steel-gray eyes. He

was always recognized on the streets, even

in a crowd, by his fine carriage and figure.

He was very popular among the students

and beloved by the German people of all classes. On the occasion of Helmholtz's

seventieth birthday anniversary in 1891

he received honors which few men have

presents were showered upon him seem-

ingly in endless procession. Every civilized

land paid its tribute to his genius. Helm-

holtz came to this country last year to see

the World's Fair, and delivered a lecture on

his discovery of the ophthalmoscope. He

attention, Professor Helmholtz was

ranked by the scientific world as one of the

greatest men that ever lived. His especial

gift was the application of mathematics to

A LIVELY TORNADO.

It Turns Over a Car and Kills Two

A tornado at 3.10 p. m. struck the rear

coach of the Iron Mountain passenger train

No. 47 when it had reached a point about a

ton (Mo.) Station, which it had left

but a lew minutes before. The train

was moving about twenty miles an hour.

The whole train, with the exception of the

engine, was overturned. Two persons were

killed, one was propably fatally injured and

several were more or less seriously hurt.

years old; Mrs. Parmelie Dempsey, Bert-

The following were the injured: A. D

Lehming, Alto Pass, Iti., probably fatal;

James Coyle, express messenger, bruised;

was not more thirty yards in width. A re-

markable thing about it was that it passed

on the south side of the track, not more than

twenty yards apart and not more than thirty

THE previous holocausts from extensiva

forest fires occurred in the years 1848, 1854,

1884, 1887, 1889, 1891, increasing in destruc-

tiveness to life and property with the years.

In France the forage crops, artificial and

natural meadows, promise so well that no im-

portations of hay will be necessary this year.

The whirlwind came from the south. It

The killed are: Fred McClellan, three

quarter of a mile west of the Charles-

Persons.

physics.

rand, Mo.

John Lawen, conductor.

won. Addresses, honorary titles and

Herman Ludwig Ferdinand von Helmholtz, the celebrated German physiologist and natural philosopher, the most distinguished man of his day in his special field of research, was born in Potsdam, Prussia, on August 31, 1821. His father was an instructor in the local gymnasium, and his mother, whose maiden was Caroline Penn, came from a branch of that family which settled in Germany at the time of the religious troubles in England. He, from his youth, was a devoted student of the physical sciences. After his graduation from a Berlin medical school he became attached to one of the hospitals of that city. He then enlisted as an army surgeon. He was appointed to the chair of anatomy in the Academy of Fine Arts at Berlin in 1818, and remained there until 1855, when he removed to Konigsberg and practiced as a professor of physiology. From there the professor went to Heidelberg, lecturing on the subject of physiology. He was the author of many standard works on the physiological conditions of the impressions of the senses. In 1873 the Copley medal of the Royal Society of London was awarded to him in recognition of his eminent services to science. He had already been admitted to foreign membership at the French Academy. In past seven-that is, after an hour and a half 1883 Emperor William I issued a decree by which he was raised to "the status of

the battle was over.

attack was expected that night, a strict outlook was kept, but the night passed quietly. At four o'clock the next morning (30th) the army marched upon Gazan. It was expected that the Chinese would make a desperate stand at Gazan, and there was a general boding that the storming of Gazan would be attended with heavy losses, but on arrival here the army found, to its astonishment, that the trenches were deserte I, with many hundreds of thousands of rounds of powder and six or seven hundred bags (containing spoke in English, and the many persons who had gathered to hear him listened with rapt Koshu, only fifty remaining behind at Gazan. These had attempted a night attack on the outpost, but had been repulsed.

NEW BICYCLE RECORD.

J. P. Bliss Makes It in 1:52 3-5,

for the three-quarters, made at Waltham on Bliss has become well known to bicyclists by the records established by him on the same track on August 22, when he rode the paced half-mile, with flying start, in 54 3-5 seconds, and made the same distance, with

A GERMAN VICTORY,

The Natives Defeated, With the Loss of 100 Killed and Wounded.

It is quite a question whether there was ever crowded into two consecutive weeks as much cloak business as has been done in New York City during the past fortnight

montad

two men. A renewal of the attack was ex-

THE WAR IN THE ORIENT, THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

CHINA AND JAPAN CONDUCT-ING A DESULTORY FIGHT.

Famine in the Camp of the Beseiged in Korea-Killing Cavalry Horses | for accepting bribes. for Food-A Japanese War Ship Sunk-A Cowardly General Sheds His Uniform and Flees.

A despatch from Shanghal says the Chisese forces in the northern part of Korea are hemmed in by Japanese and, being without supplies, are obliged to kill their cavalry horses for fcod. All of the foreign employes in the Japanese dockyards are being dismissed, presumably to conceal the extent of the injuries sustained by the Japanese war ships in recent engagements with the Chi-

A despatch from Shanghal says that, according to statements of Chinese officials, the Japanese war ship Hiyel, after an engagement with the Chinese cruiser Chen Yuen, sank while endeavoring to reach Japan in order to make repairs. The Japanes eruiser Yayeyama Kan has been docked at Nagasaki for repairs. The dock is carefully guarded and no foreigners are permitted

near it. Japanese advices say that the Mikado and he Japanese Ministers of War and Marine have gone to Hiroshima to observe the emparkation of large detachments of troops which are being sent to the seat of war. The correspondent of the Central News at Shanghat telegraphs that the Chinese transport ship Chean, while proceeding for Formosa, with 1400 troops on board, was wrecked at Chetung. The soldiers and crew

were conveyed to the shore in safety. A French mail steamer about to sail for Japan was boarded at her wharf in Shanghai officials who insisted on searching the ship for Japanese passengers, it being claimed that a number of Japanese military officers who had been trained in Europe were on their way back to Japan to enter active service. The French captain refused to allow his ship to be searched and threatened to call a French war ship to his assistgress, with a full State ticket. The platform | ance if the Chinese officials persisted. The Three of the most powerful vessels of the Chinese Southern squadron have been ordered to proceed to the Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li and join the Northern squadron. Chinesa

steamers at Shanghat are being put under A despatch from Shanghal says that Korean reports agree with those of the Chinese concerning the defeat of the Japanese troops at Tatung River. Wounded Japanese soldiers are arriving at Chemulpo daily.

Some Chinese Reverses.

Further intelligence is published regarding the Chinese war vessel Kwang-Yi. which made good her escape after the engagement on July 25. According to the report of a Japanese search party, the Kwang-Yi was found lying in shallow water in a small bay just west of Caroline Bay. She was a perfeet wreck. It is thought that the vessel was struck in several places in the hull, and that in running away she took the ground, and when the officers realized that they could ran. Near the quick-firing guns on the starboard side a number of bodies were found. In the commander's cabin near the mast were compasses, signal flags, etc., and three corpses standing erect. One was suposed to be the commander. Several shot ioles were noticed just above the waterline, showing that the Japanese gunners did their work well. The wreck bore testimony

of the terrible power of quick-firing and other modern guns. A detailed account is now available of the Chinese defeat at Seikwan. The Chinese camp was situated on a hill at Seikwan, an important position on the Gazan-or Yashan -road, about seventeen miles from Gazan. In front of the hill are rice paddies and marshes, crossed in the middle by a little stream which runs into Gazan Bay, and a narrow path leads up to the hill. It was a position easy to defend and hard to attack. At midnight the Japanese army began to move, the two wings ferming two separate companies. As has already been said, th rewas only one path to the hill, and there was a bridge over the stream which had to be crossed. The main body crossed the bridge at 2 o'clock, but when the last detachment was on the point of crossing, about three, over five hundred Chinese troops in ambush near the bank cut off the bridge and opened fire on the detatchment at about thirty or forty metres distance. The Japanese troops were at first confused, but finally rallfed, rushed upon the Chinese with a shout and bore them down. In this skirmish, on the Japanese side, six men were killed by the enemy, seventeen or eighteen were drowned, and fifteen or sixteen were wounded, though the fight had only lasted fifteen minutes. The Chinese fled, leaving behind eighteen or nineteen killed, among whom was an officer, and two prisoners. All was then quiet for two hours. At 6 o'clock the Japanese opened fire, and the two wings attacked the Chinese at the same time. The Chinese began to retreat toward Gazan, and at half-

The Japanese officers praise highly the skill of the Chinese artillery at this fight, The Chinese loss may be computed at over 100 killed and 400 wounded, making a total of over 500. The Japanese loss in the second fight was a little over twenty wounded. The behavior of the Chinese General Che utterly belied his reputation, and showed him to be a man of no great military attainments, for when the Japanese troops attacked his camp he deserted it, threw away his uniform as an encumbrance to flight, and left behind papers which, as a General, he should never have allowed to leave his side. It is not known where he fled. The Japanese army pursued the Chinese for twelve miles to Yoran, a little village about five miles from Gazan. As a Chinese

Paced, With Flying Start. J. P. Bliss rode at Hampden Park, Springfield, Mass., the fastest mile ever made on a blevele, establishing the record for the paced mile, flying start, of 1.52 3-5, and incidentally lowering the threequarter-mile record to 1,23. He was paced by three tandem teams-Githens and Lumsden, Cooper and Silvie and Arnold and Warren. The previous records for the distances were 1.53 4-5 for the mile and 1.24 4-5 July 28 by H. C. Tyler.

standing start, in 58 1-5 seconds.

The German garrison at Kılwa, Africa, was attacked by a force of 2000 natives on September 7. After two hours' fighting the natives were repulsed, with the loss of 100 killed and wounded. The Germans lost only

Eastern and Middle States. THE New Hampshire Democratic State onvention at Concord nominated Colonel Henry O. Kent for Governor, Norr. Maisson was executed in Pittsburg, Penn., for the murler of Mrs. Sophia Raes,

POLICE CAPTAIN JOHN T. STEPHENSON WAS

dismissed from the New York Department J. Coleman Drayron has begun suit in New Jersey for divorce from his wife, the daughter of the late William Astor. Hallett Borrowe is name i as co-respondent. Some 20,000 men have resumed work in the Braddock manufacturing district in

Pennsylvania. The largest steel plate in the world has been rolled 2 Chester, Penn. J. S. Sheehax and David Forsht were killed and nine others wounded at Look Haven, Penn., by a collision between an engine and a freight train. Thomas Green

and James Kane were seriously hurt. W. T. Winson, a retired business man of Brooklyn, shot himself to death in a room in the Aster House, New York City, the motives for the deed being unknown. THE power house and pumping station of the Pocantico Water Works, near Tarrytown,

N. Y., was struck by lightning and burned. he towns of Tarrytown, Irvington, Dobbs Ferry and Hastings were left without run-THE two months drought in the Eastern and Middle States wir cought to an end by arefreshing storm from the West. A violent rainstorm visited New York City and vicinity,

eccompanied by thunder and lightning. William Smith was killed by lightning in Newark, N. J. A RAILROAD wreck occurred a short dis tance from the central shaft in Hoosac Tunnel, North Adams, Mass. William Turpeny of Fort Edward, N. Y., and George Minnick, of Fitchburg, both brakemen, were killed an I

two passengers were seriously injured. EXTREME heat and two thunder storm kept New Yorkers uncomfortable. There were many prostrations. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT JAMES A. BRY-DEN was killed by an explosion in one of the

Pennsylvania Coal Company's mines in Pittston, Penn. THE Lexow Committee resumed its inves tigation of the New York Police Department. Evidence was brought out showing collusion between detectives and pawnbrok org in the handling of stolen goods. Captain Meakim was involved in the protection of green

goods swindlers. Maine went Republican by a largely increased majority. Henry B. Cleaves, the Republican candidate for Governor, has a plurality over his Democratic opponent, his managers said on the day after the election,

South and West. GOVERNOR PECK was re-nominated by the Wisconsin Democratic State Convention at

Milwaukee. Senator Vilas was Temporary Chairman. TWESTY-THREE Indians perished in the forest fires near Pokegama, Minn. Governors of Wisconsin and Minnesota think that the sufferers in their respective States can be relieved without outside aid. AT Memphis, Tenn., the Grand Jury returned indictments for murder in the first degree against W. S. Richardson, J. Laxton and F. T. Atkinson in connection with the lynching of six colored prisoners near Mill-

The Sugar Planters' Convention at New Orleans declared in favor of an alliance with the Republican party on National issues. ROBERT J. lowered the world's pacing record, held by hiraself, at Indianapolis, Ind., to 2.0214. SECRETARY HORE SMITH and Speaker Crisp

took opposite views on silver in their Atlanta, Ga., speeches, (risp declaring for free coin-Mrs. Mary Ellworth and her son, at

Oriole, Mo., shot a neighbor dead while her daughter looked on. AT a largely attented meeting of citizens held at Memphis, Tenn., to condemn the lynching of the six colored men \$1100 was contributed to a fund to be used in aiding the families of the dead men and assisting in the work of running down their assassins. Reports from the manufacturing centres of Ohio and Indiana show a general revival of industries. HEAVY falls of rain quenched the forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan.

High winds caused the forest fires around Ashland, Wis., to rage flereely again, The town of Dalton, Ohio, was burned in an incendiary, the loss being \$250,000.

Washington. SECRETARY CARLISLE began an investiga-

tion of the sugar division of the New York Custom House. GENERAL HENRY EUGENE DAVIES, late Major-General, United States Volunteers, is dead. Rear-Admiral Erben was retired. THE Canadian lumber reciprocity provision of the new Tariff law having been acsepted by the Dominton, lumber from that country will be duty free hereafter.

THE continued spread of cholera in Europe causes considerable anxiety among cfleials of the Marine Hospital Service at GENERAL SCHOFIELD telegraphed orders for the withdrawal of troops from the Coour d'Alene mining district of Idaho. This retires from special duty the last troops called

out during the railroad strike. SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE MORTON left Washington for New York, whence he sailed for Europe on a six weeks tour. The Secretary was accompanied by his family. During his absence Assistant Secretary Debney will be Acting Secretary.

SECRETARY CARLISLE settled the disputed fish sections of the Tariff bill by deciding that all fish imported into the United States, unless the product of American fisheries and unless packed in ice and frozen, are dutiable at the rate of ten per cent. ad va-

THE State Department has been notified of the allege i unwarranted arrest of American missionary teachers in Turkey. In the report of Special Agent Alexander J. Wedderburn, of the Agricultural Department, on adulteration of food, it is claimed that the extent of adulteration is fully fifteen per cent., of which two per cent. is in jurious to health.

Foreign. THE Spanish Bishop of Urgel procision himself ruler of Andorra, the pfgmy republic, In a speech at Konigsberg Emperor Will-

iam rebuked those Prussian nobles who have opposed his agrarian policy. Hostilities are again renewed with vigor in Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, and the insurgents have declared for a monarchy. Eight persons were killed and thirty seriously injured in a railroad accident which occurred between Noyon and Chauny, in

MURDERERS HANGED.

Two Criminals Executed the Same Day in New Jersey.

At Jersey City, N. J., Bernard Altenberger, the murderer of Katie Rupp, of Rome, N. Y., was hange I at 10.04 o'clock a. m., on the day fixed for his execution. Lawyer Salinger at 9 o'clock hal applied to Judge Lippincott for a writ of error. Tais was refused. At the gallows Altenberger was pale, but cool At 10.23 o'clock he was pronounced dead. The body was cremated at Fresh Pond, Long Island. Attenberger made a statement, saying he had no i lea of killing Katie Rupp until he reached Jersey City from Rome, N. Y., with the intention of getting married. Then, he said, it occurred to him that if he got out of work he could not support a family, and neasked her to live with him without being married. She refuse I and he shot her. At Mount Holly, N. J., Wesley Warner was hanged for the murder of Lizzie Peak. The drop fell at 10.36 a. m. The crime was com-

mitted September 18, 1892, in a jealous rage.

Warner's only defence was that he was very

drunk at the time.

MY SWEETHEART.

"Twas a quaint rhy me seruwied in a spelling And transfed to me with a bashful look, By my blue-synd sweetheart as tondly true, In the dear old school days line years mor-

No knife can out our love in two That "Sanders' Speller," as tattered and

"If you love me as I love you

Has always a halo of ramance worn. And never a part with honeyed pen-Has written so premons a rayme since the as-"If you love me as I love you."

Ah, dear, you know I did. I do. I ve kept it saiely for many a year-This dog's-eared, shabby old spelling-book,

And now as I hold it within my band, Again in the school-room Terem to stand Rending once more with rapture new-

"If you love me as I love you." How some foolish saying from out the past Like a rose branch is over the pathway cast, And the time of flowers, we still remember Till min is blow cold in the blest. December God grant it always may be true

"That you loce me as I love you." - Carolyn L. Bacon, in Buffalo Express

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Doing time-The buly who grows ninger every year. -Puck It is usually a great big man who

insults you. - Atchison Globe. The politician's favorite novel "Put Yourself in His Place." Plack, Many do a heap of hard clumber; in search of easy grades. - Chicago Her-

Order of the Bath-Come right out of that water this minute! - Boston Transcript.

No man can worry about how he looks and keep his bank account growing. - Atchison Globe Some people are of suc's happy day positions that they never amount to

much. - Atchison Globe. A great deal of the party of to lay is a thing of great beauty because it is only skin deep. - Pack.

Never put any confidence in the answers of a man who is atraid to say "I don't know," occasionally. Don't think that because a man has

lone you a favor he is under exclusiing obligations to you. - Pack Butter is prime while it's fresh, but a man has long lost his ir shines when

he reaches his prime. Pucl. "Are you certain that you love me?" "I am." "But are you sure that you are certain?" - New York Press.

The lawyer who worked like a horse was engaged in drawing a conveyance, -Boston Commercial Bull-tin. May- "Next to a man, what's the iolliest thing you know of?" Ethel 'Myself, if he's nice." — Brooklyn Lafe.

One of the dampers of ambition is the fact that the mantle of graduess has to be worn as a shroul too offers One's own capacity is a poor stand-

though my near sights thoughter deny When a man does not want to do a thing he says "I cannot;" when he eannot do it he says "I don't want

to."—Fliegende Blactier.

ard of measurement, the start shine,

The average dwarf is at a very merious disalvantage. No matter how large his income he is always sure to be short. Buffalo Courser. When a boy goes out West hanting,

and writes home that he killed a deer, he can fool his mother, but he can't fool his father. - Atrassa Glass. As the express dashes through the station-"O, porter, doesn't that

train stop here?" Parter "No, mun; it don't even hesitate." - Tit-Bats. To his mate the exterpility will In a tone of caution, and and low, As they clang to the or meli part overlived, Get onto the the giri in the hammer . below.

A man regards his newspaper or the as he does his wife something to find fault with when he leels cross and something he never approves of Atchison Globe. "I love to listen to the patter of the

rain on the roof," said the miserly poet. "I suppose you do," sail his wife. "It's a cheap amusement." -Harper's Bazar. Dora- "Don't you think my gowns fit better than they used to? ' Cora-

'Yes. Your dressmaker told me yesterday she was taking lessons in geometry."-Harlem Life. Mr. Oldstyle- "I don't think that a college education amounts to much." Mr. Sparerod-"Don't you? Well,

you ought to foot my boy's bills and see. -New York World. No woman is such a slouch at mathematics that she can't tell in half a minute how much her husband would save in the course of a year if he

shaved himself. -- Atchison Globe. Cabman (at library) - "Say, as this here the novel you advised me to read?" Labrarian -- "Yes; that's the one." Cabman-"Well, you can take it back. There's nine people in the first four chapters who hired cabs, and each of 'em when he got out 'dung his purse to the driver.' Now when I want that sort of literature, I'll go to Jules Verne and get it pure." - Chi-

cago Record. A "Surprise" Wedding.

The new idea in society is the "surprise" wedding. Invitations are sent out for a dinner party, and when the dinner is over the parson is introduced in "a few well chosen words." The bridegroom takes his guests into his confidence, the bride blushingly takes her place and the marriage is solemnized without further coremony. - New York Dispatch.

Remarkable Sheet of Glass. There is to be seen in the National

Museum at Washington a large sheet of plate plass, once a window in a lighthouse on Cape Cod. During a severe storm of not above forty-eight hours' duration, this became on its surface so ground from the impact of grains of sand blown against it as to be no longer transparent and to need removal .-- San Francisco Chronicle.

J. L. ROGERSON, Prap.

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be Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? L "to Shoe a Horse Properly! All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED