ESTABLISHED 1886.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE | \$1 When Paid in Advance:

EDENTON, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1895.

golden gulches of Colorado, and from the

banks of the Platte, and the Oregon, and the Sacramento, and the Columbia. "They

But what will they do after they comes

from the East, and the West, and the

Here is something gloriously consolatory that you have never notice!, "They shall

North, and the South, and shall sit down."
Oh, this is a tire! world! The most of peo-

ple are kept on the run all their lifetime.

Business keeps them on the run. Trouble

keeps them on the run. Rivalries of life

keep them on the run. They are running

from disaster. They are running for re-

ward. And those who run the fastest and

my text suggests a restful posture for all

God's children, for all those who for a life-

time have been on the run. "They shall sit down!" Why run any longer! When a man

shall sit down." Not alone, but picked com-

panionship of the universe; not ember-

rassed, though a scraph should sit down on

one side of you and an archangel on the

There is that mother who, through all the

years of infancy and childhood, was kept running amid sick trundle beds, now to

shake up the pillow for that flaxen head,

and now to give a drink to those parched

lips, and now to hush the frightened dream

of a little one, and when there was one less

of the children, because the great lover of

children had litte I one out of the croup into

the easy breathing of celestial atmosphere, the mother putting all the more anxious

care on those who were left, so weary o

arm and foot and back and head, so often

crying out: "I am so tired! I am so tired!"

Her work done, she shall sit down, and that

business man for thirty, forty. fifty years has kept on the run, not urgel by salfish-

ness, but for the purpose of achieving a livelihood for the household. On the run

from store to store, or from factory to fac-

tory, meeting this loss and discovering that

inaccuracy and suffering betrayal or disap-

pointment, nevermore to be cheate i or per-

plexed or exasperated, he shall sit down,

not in a great armchair of heaven, for the

rockers of such a chair would imply one's

need of soothing, of changing to easy pos-

ture or semi-invalidism, but a turone, solid

as eternity and radiant as the morning after

I notice that the most of the styles of toil require an erect attitude. There are the thousands of girls behind counters, many

such persons through the inhumanity of

employers compelled to stand, even when

because a lack of customers there is no nord

that they stand. Then there are all the car

penters, and the stonemasons, and the

neers, and the ticket agents, and the con-

ductors. In most trades, in most occupa-

tions, they must stand. But ahead of all

those who love and serve the Lord is a rest-

ing place, a complete relaxation of fatigued

muscle, something cushioned and uphols-

from toil, rest from pain, rest from perseeu-

tion, rest from uncertainty. Beautiful, joy-

On, men and women of the frozen North,

and the blooming South, and from the

realms of the rising or setting sup, through

Christ get your sins forgiven and start for

the place where you may at last sit down in

blissful recovery from the fatigues of earth.

tussle in this world that if your faculties

were not perfect in heaven you would some

time for me to count out the drops of that

medicine," or "I wonder what new attack

there is on me through the newspapers?" or

crops from the grasshoppers, or the locusts,

or the droughts?" or "I wonder now much

I have lost in that last bargain?" or "I must

hurry lest I miss the train." No. no! The

last volume of direful, earthly experiences

will be finished. Yea, the last chapter, the

last paragraph, the last sentence, the last

mighty dominion over which he reigned,

was so depressed at times he could not speak

without crying, and carried a small bottle of

quick poison with which to end his misery

when he could stand it no longer. But I

give you this small vial of gospet anodyne,

one drop of which, not hurting either body

or soul, ought to soothe all unrest and put

your pulses into an eternal calm. "They

shall come from the East, an ! from the West,

and from the North, and the South, and shall

Prophecies as to the Trade of 1895.

prophecy in regard to various markets dur-

ing the ensum - or. His prophecies have

been right in . If ient number of cases to

have created on only yearly as to what he would say. His torocast for 1894 declared

that there would be "continued embarrassed

business, bankrupteies, unemployed labor

and runed farmers."
For 1895 he says "There is no promise,

We may look in vain for any permanent im-

lifty-four cents a bushel at Chicago, cotton

at 5% cents per poun i at Cincinnati, and pig

iron at \$10 a ton at Pittsburg denote im-

\$100,000,000 in the bonded debt of the Gov-

ernment does not signify that the people are

"Ever since 1873 values have been shrink-

"There is no evidence that we are at the

"An average crop of grain in this country

lowest point of depression. There is no

property, except gold, which is not depre-

this year, with fair crops abroad, will send

the price of wheat at Chicago, after the

next barvest, down to forty cents per bushel.

Prices for corn next fall will decline to twen-

ty-five cents a bushel. Fat hogs will be \$3

a 100 pounds gross for next winter's packing

tle and horses will be on the down grade

after the wool is taken off next year, will see

for what the pelt will then bring, twenty

"Intense" Farming in the South.

As an instance of the difference between

the old slavery-days tarming and farming by

the employment of more modern methods

following illustration is given: G. T. Doug-lass, a young larmer of Mecklenburg Coun-

ty, North Carolina, in 1893, planted thirteen

acres of land in cotton and harvested six

bales by the old method of farming. Last

year he planted three acres of the same land

in cotton with the purpose of cultivating it

'intensely" as an experiment. Result : On

three of the thirteen acres, which yielded

him but five bales of cotton the year before,

he harvested four bales of cotton. Differ-

ence: Under the old system of cultivation

his land raised less than one-half a bale of

cotton to the acre; under the improved

methods it raised one and one-third bales.

This practice of "intense" farming is rap-

dency is decidedly towards smaller and bet-

No More Bean Guessing.

Assistant Attorney-General Thomas, of the

Postoffice Department, has ruled that it is

immaterial whether the result of a lottery

drawing is published as news without pay

or as an advertisement with pay, newspa-

pers containing the result of the awarding

of such prizes are non-mailable. The only exeptions made are in the cases of newspa-

pers publishing such matter in order to ex-

It is held also that the awarding of a

prize to a person guessia. nearest the num-

ber of seeds in a watermelon would be a lot-

tery, though the guessing of weight of a

meion would not constitute a lottery if the

guess were made after the melon had been

lifted. The award of a prize to one guess

ing nearest the number of beans in a clear

glass bottle, set in plain view, is also held

idly spreading in the State, and the ten-

ter cultivated farms.

pose the concerns.

to be a lottery.

and improved machinery in the South, the

during the present year. Common she

five cents.

Prices for wool, cotton, iron, cat-

the single gold standard, and no one can

fathom the depths to which prices will fall.

For a number of years past Samuel Bennes,

New York City, has issued annually a

Frederick the Great, not withstan ling the

word. Finis!

sit down.'

while there roll over you the raptures of

tered and embroidered, with the very ease

of heaven. "They shall sit down."

ous, transporting, everlasting rest!

placksmiths, and the farmers, and the engi-

a night of storm. "They shall sit down "

gets heaven, what more can he get?

run the longest seem best to succeed. But

shall come from the West."

NO. 496.

W. M. BOND, Attorney at Law

EDENTON, N. C. OFFICE ON KING STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF MAIN. series to the Superior Courts of Chewan and effections promptly made.

DR. C. P. BOGERT, Burgeon & Mechanical



EDENTOR, N. C. PATIENTS VISITED WHEN REQUESTED

WOODARD HOUSE.

EDENTON, N. C. J. L. ROGERSON, Prap.

This old and established hotel still offers arms are accommodations to the traveling public. TERMS REASCHARLE.

Sample room for traveling calesmen, and comsyanors furnished when desired. First class Bar attached. The Best Imported additionicatic Liquors always on hand,

Fisherman and Farmer Publishing Company





THEM TO LAY WAY ats work, you can save many Chicks annually,



" Hattenny C. Printer." how formedy it. this cook will be an your how to remedy it. this cook will be an your to feed for this how to deter and sure do case to feed for case and also for fattening; which the wis to save for breeding purposes; and everything indeed, you breeding purposes; and everything indeed, you breeding to this subject to make it are furthering.

Book Publishing House, 135 Leosaid St. N. Y. City

Earse ! How to Pick Out a Good One? Know imperfecous and so Grard against Franci Detect Disease and first a Cure when same to possible? Tell the age by he Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the enimal to Shoe a Horse Property . All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by "Miles our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED TORNE BOOK, which we will ferward, per on receipt of only 25 cents in stampt

BOOK PUB. HOUSE. its Leonard St.

REV. DR. TALMAGE. SUNDAY'S SERMON IN THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Subject: "Points of Compass."

practicing physician, at another time a talented painter, at another time a powerful preacher, at another time a reporter—an inpired reporter. God bless and help and inspire all reporters! From their pens drops the health or poison of Nations. The name the health or poison of Nations. The name of this reporter was Lucanus. For short he was called Luke, and in my text, although tenography had not yet been born, he reports verbatim a sermon of Christ which in one paragraph bowls the round world into the light of the millennium. "They shall come from the East, and from the West, and

shall sit down.'

Nothing more interested me in my recent ourney around the world than to see the thip captain about noon, whether on the Pacific or the Indian or Bengal or Medi-iterranean or Red Sea, looking through a nautical instrument to find just where we were sailing, and it is well to know that, though the captain tells you that there are thirty-two points of division of the compass card in the mariner's compass, there are only four cardinal points, and my text hails them-the North, the South, the East, the West. So I spread out before us the map of the world to see the extent of the gospel campaign. The hardest part of the field to be taken is the North, because our gospel is an emotional gospel, and the Nations of the ar North are a cold-blooded race. They dwell amid icebergs and eternal snows and everlasting winter. Greenlanders, Lap-landers, Icelanders, Siberlans—their vehicle is the sledge drawn by reindeer, their apparel the thickest furs at all seasons, their existence a lifetime battle with the cold. the winter charges upon them with swords nd pounds them with battling rams of gla-

TEXT: "They shall come from the East,

and from the West, and from the North, and

The man who wrote this was at one time a

from the North, and from the South, and

from the South, and shall sit down."-Luke

But already the buts of the arctic hear the songs of divine worship. Alrealy the snows fall on open New Testaments, Already the warmth of the sun of righteousness begins to be felt through the bodies and minds and souls of the Hyperboreans. Down from Nova Zembla, down from Spitzbergen seas, down from the land of the midnight sun, down from the palaces of crystal, down over realms of ice and over dominions of snow and through hurricanes of sleet Christ's disciples are coming from the North. The inhabitants of Hudson Bay are gathering to the cross. The Church Missionary Society in those polar climes has been grandly successful in establishing tw nty-four gospel stations, and over 12,000 natives have believed and been baptized. The Moravians have kindled the light of the gospel all up and down Labrador. The Danish mission has gathered disciples from among the shivering inhabitants of Green-William Duncan preaches the gospel up in the chill latitudes of Columbia, delivering one sermon nine times in the same day to as many different tribes who listen, and then go forth to build school houses and

Alaska, called at its annexation William H. Seward's folly, turns out to be William H. Seward's triumph, and it is hearing the voice of God through the American missionaries, men and women as deflant of arctic hardships as the old Scottish chief who, when camping out in a winter's night knocked from under his son's head a pillow of snow, saving that such indulgence in luxury would weaken and disgrace the clan. The Jeannette went down in latitude seventy-seven, while DeLong and his freezing and dying men stood watching it from the crumbling and crackling polar pack, but the old ship of the gospel sails as unhurt in latitude seventy-seven as in our own forty degrees, and the one starred flag floats above the topgallants in Baffin's Bay and Hudson's Strait and Melville Sound. The heroism of polar expedition, which has made the names Sebastian Cabot and Scoresby and Schwatka and Henry Hudson immortal, is to be eclipsed by the prowess of the men and women who amid the frosts of highest latitudes are this moment taking the upper shores of Europe, Asia and America for God. Scientists have never been able to agree as to what is the aurora borealis, or northern lights. I cantell them. It is the banner of victory for Christ scread out in the nothern night heavens. Partially fulfilled already

the prophecy of my text, to be completely fulfilled in the near future, "They shall come from the North." But my text takes in the opposite point of the compass. The far South has, through high temperature, temptations to lethargy and indolence and hot blood which tend toward multiform evil. We have through my text got the North in, notwithstanding its frosts, and the same text brings in the South, notwithstanding its torridity. The fields of cactus, the orange groves and the thickets of magnolia are to be surrendered to the Lord Almighty. The South! That means Mexico and all the regions that William H. Prescott and Lord Kingsborough made familiar in literature; Mexico, in strange dialect of the Aztecs; Mexico conquered by Hernan Cortes, to be more gloriously conquered; Mexico, with its capital more than 7000 feet above the sea level looking down upon the entrancement of lake and valley and plain; Mexico, the home of pa-tions yet to be born—all for Christ. The South! That means Africa, which David Livingstone consecrated to God when he died on his knees in his tent of exploration Already about 750,000 converts to Christianity in Africa. The South! That means all the islands strewn by omnipotent han 1 : brough tropical seas-Malayan, Polynesia, Melanesia, Micronesia and other islands more numerous than you can imagine unless you

have voyaged around the world. The South ! That means Java for God, Sumatra for God, Borneo for God, Siam for God. A ship was wrecked near one of these islands, and two lifeboats put out for shore, but those who arrived in the first boat were clubbed to death by the cannibals, and the other boat put back and was somehowsaved. Years passed on, and one of that very crew was wrecked again with others on the same rocks. Crawling up on the shore, they proposed to hide from the cannibals in one of the caverns, but mounting the rocks they saw a church and cried out: "We are saved! A church, a church!" The South! That means Venezuela, New Granada, Ecuador and Relivia. The South! That means the torrid zone, with all its bloom, and all its fruitage, and all its exuberance, the redolence of illimitable gardens, the music of boundless groves, the lands, the sens, that night by night look up to the Southern Cross, which, in stars, transilg ures the midnight heaven as you look up at

it all the way from the Sandwich Islands to "They shall come from the But I must not forget that my text takes in another cardinal point of the compass. It takes in the East. I have to report that in a journey around the world there is nothing so much impresses one as the fact that the missionaries divinely blessed are taking the world for God. The horrible war between Japan and China will leave the last wall of opposition flat in the dust. War is barbarism always and everywhere. We hold up our hands in amazement at the massacre at Port Arthur, as though Christian Nations could never go into such diabolism. We forget Fort Pillow! We forget the fact that during our war both North and South reloiced when there were 10,000 more wounded and slain on the opposite side. War, whether in China or the United States, is hell let loose. But one good result will come from the Japanese-Chinese concivilization and Christianity than ever beassembly of ministers at Northamption his project for the evangelization of India, they

These regions will be more open to When Missionary Carey put before an aughed him out of the house. From Calcutta on the east of India to Bombay on the west there is not a neighborhood but directly or indirectly feels the gospel power. The Juggernaut, which did its awful work for centuries, a few weeks ago was brought out from the place where it has for years been kept under shed as a curiosity, and there was no one reverentially to greet it. About 8,000,000 of Christian souls in India are the dvance guard that will lead on the 250, 000,000. The Christians of Amoy and Pekwill meet their needs and fill their souls and

mg and Canton are the advance guard that | kindle their enthusiasm. They shall come will lead the 340,000,000 of China. "They shall come from the East." The last mosque | from the ore beds of Wyoming, and from of Mohammedanism will be turned into a Christian church. The last Buddhist temple will become a fortress of light. The last idol of Hindooism will be pitched into the

The Christ who came from the East will

yet bring all the East with Him. Of course there are high obstacles to be overcome, and great ordeals must be passed through before the consummation, as witness the Armenians under the butchery of the Turks. May that throne on the banks of the Bosphorus soon crumble! The time has already come when e United States Government and Great Britain and Germany ought to intome the indignation of all civilized Nations. While it is not requisite that arms be sent there to avenge the wholesale massacre of Armenians, it is requisite that by cable under the sens, and by protest that shall thrill the wires from Washington and London and Berlin to Constantinople, the Nations anathematize the diabolism for which the Sultan of Turkey is responsible. Mohammedanism is a curse whether in Turkey or New York. "They shall come from the East." And they will come at the cail of the loveliest and grandest and best men and women of all time. I mean the missionaries. Dissolute Americans and Englishmen who have gone to Calcuita and Bombay and Canton to take their fortunes defame the missionaries ecause the holy lives and the pure houseolds of those missionaries are a constant rebuke to the American and English libertines stopping there, but the men and women of God there stationed go on gloriously with heir work. People just as good and self lenying as was Missionary Moffat, who, when asked to write in an album, wrote those words:

My album is in savage breasts, Where passion reigns and darkness rests Without one ray of light. To write the name of Jesus there To point to worlds both bright and fair. And see the pagan bow in prayer,

Is all my soul's delight. In all those regions are men and women with the consecration of Melville B. Cox, who, embarking for the missionary work in Africa, said to a fellow student, "If I die in Africa, come and write my epitaph," "What leicle and strikes them with bullets of hall shall I write for your epitaph?" said the ad pounds them with battling rams of gla-student. "Write," said he, "these words: "Let a thousand fall before Africa be given

There is another point of the compass that my text includes. "They shall come from the West." That means America redeemed. Everything between Atlantic and Pacific Oceans to be brought within the circle of holiness and rapture. Will it be done by wordly reform or evangelism? Will it be reform has swept across this land, and all the cities are feeling the advantage of the mighty movement. Let the good work go on until the last municipal evil is extirpated. About fifteen years ago the distinguished editor of a New York daily newspaper said to me in his editorial room: "You ministers talk about evils of which you know nothing. Why don't you go with the officers of the law and explore or yourself, so that when you preach against sin you can speak from what you have seen with your own eyes?" I said, "I will," and in company with a commissioner of police and a captain of police and two elders of my church I explore t the dens and hiding places of all styles of crime in New York and reached a series of sermons warning young nen and setting forth the work that must be done lest the judgments of God whelm this sity with more awful submergement than the volcanic deluge that buried Herculaneum and Pompeii. I received, as nearly as I can remember, several hundred columns of newspaper abuse for undertaking that explora-Editorials of denunciation, double leaded, and with captions in great primer type, entitled "The Fall of Talmage," or Talmage Makes the Mistake of His Life,' or "Down With Talmage," but I still live and am in full sympathy with all movements for municipal purification.

But a movement which ends with crime

exposed and law executed stops half way.

Nay, it stops long before it gets half way.

The law never yet saved anybody, never yet changed anybody. Break up all the houses of iniquity in this city, and you only send the occupants to other cities. Break down all the policemen in New York, and while it changes their worldly fortunes it does not change their heart or life. The greatest want in New York to-day is the transforming power of the gospel of Jesus Christ to change the heart and the life and uplift the tone of moral sentiment and make men do right not because they are afraid of Ludlow Street Jail or Sing Sing, but because they love God and hate unrighteousness. I have never heard, nor have you heard, of anything except the gospel that proposes to re-generate the heart, and by the influence of that regenerared heart rectify the life. Execute the law most certainly, but preach the gospel by all means in churches, in theatres, in homes, in prisons, on the land and on the sea. The gospel is the only power that can revolutionize society and save the world. All else is half and half work and will not last. In New York it has allowed men who got by police bribery their thousands and tens of thousands and perhaps hundreds of thousands of dollars to go scot free, while some who were merely the cat's paw and agents of bribery are struck with the lightnings of the law. It reminds me of a scene in Philadelphia when I was living there. A poor woman had been arrested and tried and imprisoned for selling molasses candy on Sunday. Other lawbreakers had been allowed to go undisturbed, and the grogshops were open on the Lord's Day, and the law, with its hands behind its back, walkel up and down the streets declining to molest many of the offenders, but we all rose up in our righteous indignation, and calling upon all powers, visible and invisible, to help us, we leclared that though the heavens fell no wo-

man should be allowed to sell molasses candy on Sunday. A few weeks ago, after I had preached in one of the churches in this city, a man staggered up on the pulpit stairs, maudlin drunk, saying, "I am one of the reformers that were elected to high office at the last election." I got rid of that "great reformer" as soon as I could, but I did not get rid of the impression that a man like that would cure the abominations of New York about as soon as smallpox would cure typhoid fever or a buzzsaw render Haydn's "Creation." Polities in all our cities has become so corrupt that the only difference between the Republican and Democratic parties is that each is worse than the other. But what nothing else in the universe can do the gospel can and will accomplish. "They shall come from the West," and for that purpose the evangelistic batteries are planted all along the Pacific coast, as they are planted all along the Atlantic coast. All the prairies, all the mountains, all the valleys, all the cities are under more or less gospel influence, and when we get enough faith and consecretion for the work this whole American continent will cry out for God. "They shall come from the West."

The work is not so difficulty as many suppose. You say, "There are the foreign pop-Yes, but many of them are Hollanders, and they were brought up to love and worship God, and it will take but little to persuade the Hollanders to adopt the religion of their forefathers. Then there are among these foreigners so many of the Scotch. They or their ancestors heard Thomas Chalmers thunder and Robert Mc-Cheyne pray. The breath o' God so often swept through the heather of the highlands, and the voice of God has so often sounded through the Trossachs, and they all know how to sing Dundee, so that they will not have often to be invited to accept the God of John Knox and Bothwell Bridge.

Then there are among these toreigners so many of the English. They inherited the same language as we inherited-the English in which Shakespeare dramatized, and Milton chimed his cantos, and Henry Melville gospelized, and Oliver Cromwell prorogued parliament, and Wellington commanded his eager hosts. Among these foreigners are the Swiss, and they were rocked in a cradle under the shadow of the Alps, that cathedral of the Almighty in which all the elements, snow and hail and tempest and hurricane, worship. Among these foreigners are a vast host of Germans, and they feel centuries afterward the power of that unparalleled spirit who shook the earth when he trod it, and the heavens when he prayed-Martin Luther! From all Nations our foreign populations have come, and they are homesick, far away from the place of their childhood and the graves of their ancestors, and our glorious religion presented to them aright

from amid the wheat sheaves of Dakota, and the silver mines of Nevada, and from the

LATE DOMESTIC AND FOR-EIGN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

at Kuchan. The first shock occurred at noon, Thursday, January 17. This was followed by another. In three minutes the town was in rules. It is stated that 11,000 persons perished. Most of the victims were crushed to death by falling buildings, but many were burned to death, the ruins in which they were entangled having caught Six hundred were entombed in a mosque

while engaged in prayer. Six hundred other persons perished in the various baths. The survivors could obtain neither food nor water for three days, the telegraph lines having been destroyed. Many who escaped being killed by the carthquake perished from hunger and exposure. The weather was very cold.

Nor a single building remains standing in he town. Since the 17th the shocks have been repeated daily. One shock, which occurred at 6 o'clock on the evening of January 22, was equal in severity to the first one, which caused the destruction of the city. This shock of January 22 was followed by three others, at intervals of from one to four

It is pitiful to witness the terror stricken people hu biled in groups and exposed to the intensely cold. No shelter of any kind is available. No medical assistance, which is sadly needed, is at present procurable, but Russian surgeons are proceeding with all speed to the desolated town from Ashkabad.

School Boy Soldiers. The American Guard is born. Eight hundred toys from the public schools of New York City, attired in the uniform of the soldier and carrying on their shoulders the Remington rifle of the National Guard of New York State, showed the Chief Magistrates of the neighboring States what they could do in the way of forming a reserve

Werts, of New Jersey, were the ones pres-The uniform of the boys is a blue tunic and trousers of the same material and drab gaiters. It costs each one \$10. The drill was not only in company formation, but in the lattalion also, an ! was conducted by Colonel Percy B. Shield, of School No. 87. He handled his companies with the skill of a veteran, and the bayonet drill was particularly praiseworthy.

A great feature of the exhibition was the tain Annie Slater was in command, and her little company of forty girls proved themselves to be equal, if not superior, to their heaven. Many of you have had such a rough | rivals of the other sex. Their umbrella drill was a poem, while their knowledge of the manual of arms with real guns was marveltime forget yourself and say, "It is time for lovs, me to start on that journey," or "It must be

Killed by an Explosion. The main building of Hennings's brewery

"Do you think I will save anything of those hat every building in the city was badly shaken. The building destroyed was five stories in height and filled with machinery. The force of the explosion completely demolished it, killing seven men and badly Injuring six others.

David Wells, ffreman; David Gheer, engineer; Lemuel De Spase, engineman; Henry laborer; John K. Kennedy, a well borer, of DeKalb. The injured were: James Love, Chicago, arm broken and hand badly cut; A. Me-

Leod, Chicago, head and face cut; George Parker, Chicago, head cut ; F. McCarpenter, badly nurt; William Long, badly hurt; Henry Varmore, badly burt. No more bodies were found in the debris, and a blinding snow storm stopped work, but it was thought more men were buried under tons of brick and beams. The loss of property amounted to over \$100,000, and a large number of men were thrown out of employment.

Killed His Child and Himself. William H. McGrath, aged thirty-five, shot his eight-year-old daughter Lillian, killing her instantly, then shot himself, inflieting a wound from which he died. affair happened in the family home, No. 1222 South Thirty-sixth street, Philadelphia,

The little girl and her brother were playing upstairs, when their father called them or sign, of better times for the coming year. to the cellar. They went downstairs and the boy was told to return to the kitchen. He provement in general business. Wheat at had scare by reached the first floor when he heard two pistol shots in rapid succession. The boy called to his mother, who went to the cellar and found the little girl dead, her poverishment for farmers, cotton planters and turnace men. The increase last year of brains being strewn on the cellar floor. The father was still breathing, but died an hour later. Subsequent developments go to show that McGrath intended to murder both chilcontented, keeping out of debt and making dren. Why he changed his mind is a mys-

A few days before he wrote a letter to a ing in consequence of the establishment of newspaper, saying that he intended to murder his children and then commit suicide but he pronounced the letter a forgery when the police investigated the matter.

Heavy Gold Withdrawals. The condition of the United States Treasury was the theme of conversation in Wall street, New York City, when unusually large withdrais of gold were announced. On the several exchanges, in the banks, among business men and on the streets, there was but one question asked. What does it all mean? The Clearing House Committee, consisting of Bank Presidents Nash, Williams, Perkins, Baker, Sherman, Hamilton, Tappen, Sim mons and Cannon, met in the afternoon and carefully discussed the situation.

from the Sub-Treasury in one day, making a total of \$14,500,000 for that week, a record without precedent. Of this amount \$7,700, 000 went abroad, leaving \$6,800,000 to be accounted for on no other theory than that it is to be hoarded in vaults. It was common talk on 'Change that gold would probably go to a premium in a very short

Two masked men, supposed to be members of the Cook gang, plundered the South bound Cotton Belt train near McNeil, Ark. As the train passed through a deep cut the

\$25,000. Death Stilled Their Mirth. As a sleighing party were singing and making merry on their homeward way at 4 a.

Murdered Her Mother.

Mrs. Maggie Gill was arraigned in Jeffer son Market police court, New York Cay She was held without bail.

of the beating. Slaughtered by Surface Cars.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS. In the Senate.

amount of the House bill was \$1.879.057.

and the amount of the Senate bill as passed

is \$1,935,557, as against this year's appro-

29rn Day.-Discussion of the Hawaiian

resolutions was continued. Mr. Gray again

defended President Cleveland's Hawaiian

policy, and Mr. Hawley withdrew his allega-

tion that the President had conferred with

royalist delegates .- The debate over the

30TH DAY .- Messrs. Jones and Smith each

introduced new financial bills.—Mr. Burrows took his seat as Senator from Michi-

gan. - Mr. Turpie spoke on the Nicaragua

31st Day.-The Hawaiian resolution came

-At 2 o'clock the Nicaragua Canal bill

ame up, debate upon which was closed. 32p Day.—Mr. Mills in his speech on the

Hawaiian revolution defended President

Trust with responsibility for the Hawaiian

troubles.—The Nicaragua Canal bill passed by a vote of 31 to 21.

In the House.

32n Day.-Rev. Henry T. McEwen, of New

ork, acted as chaplain of the House .-

The House disagreed to the Senate amend-

ments of the Pension bill .- Mr. Cannon

has been appointed a member of the Rules Committee of the House, and Mr. Grosvenor,

of Ways and Means, to succeed Mr. Burrows,

elected a Senator from Michigan. -- Consid-

erable asperlty developed in the debate over the sending of a war ship to Hawaii.

33D DAY .- Representative James D

Richardson, of Tennessee, was elected

Speaker pro tem. in the absence of Speaker Crisp, who went to Asheville, N. C., to

concerning Hawaii were introduced .-

a new postoffice to Chicago was finally passed by a vote of 179 to 51. It

and extended the time of completion to three

years. Bills were also passed for public

buildings at Newport, Ky. ; Brockton, Mass.

Paterson, N. J.; South Omaha, Neb.; Potts-

lettysburg National Park bills were passed

35TH DAY .- The Sundry Civil Appropria-

troduced a bill for the extermination of the

36TH DAY .- Two private pension bills fa-

vorably reported by the Committee of the Whole were passed.—The House then, ir

Committee of the Whole, resumed consider-

ation of the Sundry Civil bill.

37th Day.—The Sundry Civil Appropria

GIVEN UP FOR LOST.

Fate of the Steamer Chicora on

Lake Michigan,

A dispatch from South Haven, Mich., says:

gives her up. He is just in, having been out

with a searching party and brought in frag-

ments of cabin door frame, bed rails and

The Vandalia officials at the general offi-

ces of the company firmly believe the Chl-cora to be lost. The boat carried fourteen carlonds of freight consigned

The following tolegram was re-ceived from South Haven: "Port side and

forward upper bulwarks five feet wide and

enger gangway, all belonging to the Chicora,

A message was received from Captain

Graham, one of the boat's owners, by An-

drew Crawford, one of the Chicago owners

The complete list of the officers an I crew

of the Chicora is as follows: Et Stines, Cap-

tain, St. Joseph; C. D. Simons, First Mate.

Benton Harbor; Bennie Stines, the Captain's

son, Second Mate, St. Joseph ; Joseph Marks,

wheelman, Benton Harbor; Thomas

Robertson, watchman, Baltimore; John

Hodges, watchman, Baltimore eight deck

hands, names unknown, Detroit; Robert

McClure, chief engineer, Detroit; A. Wirtz.

second engineer, Detroit; Grant A. Dow-

names unknown; one coal pa ser, name unknown; Nate Lynch cook,

St. Joseph; Joseph Malone, pantry-man, Chicago; W. W. Morgan, head waiter,

Benton Harbor : Jesse Davis, porter, Benton

Harbor ; James R. Clark, clerk, St. Joseph.

So far as known there was only one par

senger abourd, Joseph Peurl, of the drug firm of Howard & Peurl, of St. Joseph. The

loss of the vessel, exclusive of the cargo.

amounts to \$150,000, and the cargo, of thirty-eight carloads of flour, was valued at

A RIVER PACKET SINKS.

The State of Missouri Strikes a Rock

in the Ohio.

Stephensport, Ky., by which at least thirty-

The big New Orleans packet, State of Mis-

souri, struck a rock on the Indiana side of

the Ohio River near Alton, Ind., and went

lown in fifty feet of water. She gave a

Kentucky shore. They swam for life on planks and reached the willows. One

reached the shore and others remained in a

Two were W. C. Leathers, from Hopkins

County, Kentucky, and a man named Greg-

ory, of Cave-in-Rock, Ill. These passengers

A yawl was launche i, but so many people

crowded into it that it was soon sunk.

Leathers was able to keep afloat until he reached the willows. He saw four men

frowned near him, but was powerless to

One yawl that was upset by the frantic

passengers was full of women and children,

There were fifteen cabin and thirty deck

passengers, and a crew of sixty on board.

The surviving passengers thought that at

east thirty-five were lost. In less than ten

minutes from the time the boat struck she

Later Reports.

Later and complete reports from Wolf

Creek on the Ohio River regarding the loss

ot life by the sinking of the steamer State of

Missouri place the loss of life at eighteen.

This include, the cabin crew, the carpenter,

one passenger from Pittsburg and one from

saved. Five roustabouts were lost.

Barfield. The five lady passengers were

and all were thought to have been lost.

hal gone down.

North Carolina.

stern and gave a sudden lurch forward.

that the boat struck a rock near the

Four passengers were picked up near the

ave lives were thought to have been lost.

beavy lurch forward and sank rapidly.

ree many hours until rescued.

oller, Detroit; two firemen,

"Chicora lost beyond doubt with all

were found about a mile out in the ice."

Vandalia for Eastern points.

numerous other objects establishing her

tion bill was passed.

identity.

read:

Warner introduced two new

recuperate, -- Two resolutions

bond bills .-- The bill

up again, and Mr. George consumed all the morning in defending the Administration.

Nicaragua Canal bill was continued.

printion of \$2,427,004.

Canal bill.

Mr.

27TH DAY .- The credentials of Senatorect Thurston, of Nebraska, were presented. -The morning hour was consumed by a discussion of Hawaiian matters.

28TH DAY —The Senate receded from its

income-tax amendment of the Urgency Deletency bill. - Mr. Lodge introduced resotions favoring the laying of a cable to Hono-Thousands Perished by the Great lulu and declaring that immediate steps Earthquake at Kuchan, Persiashould be taken to annex the Islands to the Terrible Crime of a Father-United States. Mr. Gray defended the School Boy Soldiers Drill Before Prez'dent's Hawasian policy, and Messrs. Frye auc Chandler criticised it .- The Fortifica-Governors-Frightful Explosion, tion Appropriation bill was then 'aken ap, read and passed, with Senate amendments.

A dispatch from Teheran, Persia, gives further detai's of the destructive earthquake

iclemency of the weather, which continues

Governor Hestings, of Pennsylvania; Gov-

ernor Brown, of Rhode Island; Governor

Coffin, of Connecticut, and Governor

drill of the girls from School No. 54. Cap-

in Meneota, Ill., was wrecked by a boiler explosion, the concussion being so great

The killed were: C. Seifert, foreman;

Just \$7,200,000 in gold was withdrawn

men, who were riding on the blind baggage car, climbed over the tender and covered Engineer Crowley and the fireman with guns. The train was stopped, the messenger, J. W. Massey, was made to open the safe in the express car, and the thieves escaped with

m., at a railroad crossing, near Kramer's Station, Penn., a freight train dashed into These persons were killed outright Isaac Roming, a wealthey farmer; Charles Roming, twenty-four years old, son of the A dozen others were wounded, four them, it was thought, fatally.

Two children playing east of San Louis Potosi, Mexico, discovered a cavern. Sevand confessed to the murier of her mother. eral men explored the cave, revealing an Mrs. Gill and her mother, Mrs. Eilen Moriron chest fille! with Spanish gold coin, rison, quarreled, which led to a fight. Mrs. amounting to between \$250,000 to \$350,000. It is believed that the money was placed in Gill admits that she beat her mother over the the cave by Franciscan monks. head and body, and that she died as a result

Brookiyn street cars killed thirty-four

HOPELESS OF HAWAIL

Princess Kaiulani Has Abandoned Her Royal Claim.

Theophile Davies, who accompanied the Hawaiian Princess Kaiulani to the United Sarah Silbermeister got twenty-five years States to protest against the overthrow of the Hawaiian throne and who now lives in London with his ward, was asked by a reorter for his views about the recent atmpt to restore the monarchy. He said : I cannot make any statement. The time is past for this. I am deeply grieved by the



TRINCESS KAIULANI.

last news from the Hawatian Islands, and especially at the death of Mr. Carter, for whom I personally had a warm regard. As Mr. Davies is the guardian of Princess Kamilant, his remarks may be taken as evience that the young woman has abandoned any idea of further claiming her rights. The Princess, through Mr. Davies, declines to

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE Queen of England has a royal income of about \$2,000,000 a year. THE Rev. Samuel F. Smith, wrote "My to build Country 'Tis of Thee' in 1832. Grangrove ta soon to resume

limits the cost of the building to \$4,000,000 | the British House of Commons. Epison has no use for overcoats, and never wears one, no matter what the weather may

ville, Penn., and Cumberland. Md. Thes last-named bills carry no appropriations. York physician, died a few days ago from pneumonia. 34TH DAY.-Mr. Wilson's report in favor THE literary earnings of Robert Louis of repealing the discriminating duty on Stevenson in the last eight years were not sugar imported from bounty paying couness than \$2 0,000. tries was presented .- The Indian Appropriation, the Urgent Deficiency and the

THE Emperor of China has issued a manifeso in which he says he prefers death to the disgrace of defeat. tions bill was considered. - Mr. Dingley in-GOVERNOR UPHAM, of Wisconsin, is said to

have been robbed of a diamond at his first official reception. COLONEL SHERVINGTON, a Scotchman, is ow at the head of the Hova army fighting

the French in Madagascar. MISS ELIZABETH BRAY DOWNING, the sweetheart of Poet Wnittier, died after a brief illness at West Newbury, Mass. SENATOR JACOB H. GALLINGER, of New

lampshire, used to work as compositor and reporter on a Cincinnati paper. THE new President of France is an uncle of E. J. Faure, who was at one time editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Evening News.

QUEEN VICTORIA's eyesight has become nch wors , and she will be attended by an The fate of the lake steamer Chicora now oculist from Wiesbaden during her sojourn at Nice. seems settled beyond doubt. Mr. Morton

An interesting sight to promenaders in the Thiergarten of Berlin one day recently was the spectacle of the Emperor snow-balling with his two eldest sons. GOVERNOR MORTON, of New York, believes in having some time to attend to his business undisturbed, and has given orders that

no one shall be admitted to his office between 10 and 1. LEE MANTLE, the new Republican Senator from Montana, was born in England fortyone years ago. He was a farm hand and then a telegraph operator in this country betwelve feet long and inside shutters to pass- fore he made money in mining and real es-

W. A. CLARKE the Montana mine owner. is building a million dollar palace in New York. His fortune is estimated at from \$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000. Thirty years ago of the steamer. It was from St. Joseph and Mr. Clarke arrived in Montana with a pick on his shoulder.

> DR. TALMAGE was sixty-three years old the other day, and declared that he had never felt better in his life. The secret of his good health, he said, was proper care, eighteen he has never missed a cold bath in the morning, a run in the parks and a walk in the sun except when circumstances absolutely prevented. COLONEL W. SEWARD WEBB'S uniform as

> Aide-de-Camp on the staff of Governor Woodbury, of Vermont, has been completed, and was worn by him at the ball of the Old Guard in New York City. It cost \$1500. The braid is of gold, and the lace came direct from Paris. The sword is a Damascus blade, has a diamond in the hilt, and cost the Coloonel \$2700.

THE Sultan of Turkey has been the means of establishing 50,000 schools throughout his which is a striking departure from the tra-ditional usage of his race. He rises at 6 o'clock every morning, and devotes his days, in the seclusion of his palace and his gardens, to personal attention to the atfairs of state laid before him by his minis-

INCOME TAX SUIT.

A terrible disaster occurred at the mouth The Decision of Judge Hagner of Wolf Creek, twenty-two miles from Handed Down at Washington.

Judge Hagner, at Washington, dismissed the application of John G Moore, of New York, for an injunction to restrain the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from collectting the income tax. The case will be carried to the District Court of Appeals on amended application. Judge Hagner held that there was practically no duplication of tax on dividends of corporations, but even if there were it was settled law that vexatious as duplicate taxation was, it was not possible to avoid it in every case. He also held that the contention that the tax was unjust because it taxed within the discretion given to Congress by the Constitution, and was beyond the control of the judicial authority. The claim that the tax was unconstitutional because aliens benefit rather than detriment to the com-plainant, and did not supply a grievance Republicans, 2; Democret, I.

calling for an injunction. As to the fifth and last specification, that asessments were to be made upon incomes that had been earned and received prior to the date of the act taking effect, Judge Hagner decided against the contention. Judge Hagner also held that a claimant had the right to recover taxes illegally collected. It was also neld that the courts were without authority to grant an injunction in such a case as this, because of a provision in the Revised Statutes that "no suit for the purpose of restraining the assessment or collection of any tax shall be maintained in any

A DEFAULTER'S FATE.

Freasurer Scott's Body Found in the Niobrara River.

The body of Barrett Scott, the defaulting Freasurer of Holt County, Nebraska, who was taken from O'Neil by a party of disguised men on the night of December 31, has been found in the Niobrara River, with A coLONY of thirty-five families of Finns a rope around his neck. has arrived in Bertie County, North Caro-The man had undoubtedly been hanged lina, and has bought 2500 acres of land. by his captors and the body thrown into They are the first of this race to settle in the river.

LATER NEWS.

Is New York City Bond-Forger Quigley was sentenced to fifteen years and six months' imprisonment by Recorder Goff, and Louis Rothman Siteen years for setting

UNITED STATES MINISTER WILLIS WIITES that President Dole is glad there were no foreign warships at Honoluiu on the occasion of the recent uprising, as it gave the Republic a chance to show that it can stand

Tue bill pledging the faith of the United States to the construction of the Nicaragus Canal passed the Senate by the vote of 31 yeas and 21 nays. It directs the issue of \$70,000,000 canal bonds guaranteed and \$30,000,000 bonds unprotected by the Gov-

GUATEMALA instructed her envoy in Mexico. to make concessions if he could get no further delay.

BANKS CLOSED.

I'wo Institutions at Binghamton, N. Y., Fatt.

Bank Examiner Prescott has closed the doors of the Chenango Valley Savings Bank in Binghamton, N. Y., pending an investigation. The Treasurer, Tracy E. Morgan, bas confessed a defairation of \$100,000. His action was precipitated by an effort on the part of Morgan and President Brownson to earry away the Looks of bank about midnight. In the same building and under the same management is the Brooms County National Bank, watch was examined last month by Bank Examiner

Backus and pronounced all right. State Bank Examiner Backus has taken charge of the Broome County National Bank, acting under the orders of the Comptroller of the Currency. The bank had an authorized circulation of \$20,000 and was capitalized at \$100,000. All the securities and cash of the savings

bank were placed in the vaults of the Bing-hamton Savings Bank. Detective Robert Stevenson was sent to watch the building. About 5,30 next morning he saw Brownson and Morgan emerge from the bank, carrying a bushel basket between them. It was filled with books and papers, and each man carried a large bank book under his The officer stopped the men and insisted that the property be returned to the bank. argument Brownson and Morgan carried the property back. Bank Examiners Backus and Mooney were immediately called and sent for an attorney, Recorder Roberts, Mr. Morgan was told that he must not take

any property away from the bank. Bank Examiner Backus said : "I found the books of this bank in a horrible condition. It will be a long time before they are straightened out. Shortly after I came here last week I found out that some one had been defaulting. I intimated to Mr. Morgan in a mild way that he was to blame, and he said nothing. Later I took the bull by the horns and directly charged him with it. He admitted he had taken the funds of the ban I was taken sick at the hotel, and Morgan and Mr. Brownson came to see me. I finally got Morgan to admit that he had taken the funds of the bank, but I am not at liberty to tell all that he told me. I then cautioned both men not to go near the bank and against touching one of the books or papers. Morgan promised to keep away, but subsequent events proved that I was justified in taking the savings bank funds

and securities to the Binghamton Savings. "Morgan and Brownson are liable for burglary in entering this bank and taking out the books. If I had not had the building watched, I should have no books here

to-day to work on. I certainly never found a bank in such a condition. "I can't say how the affairs of the National Broome County Bank stand and I do not knew whether or not funds from the savings bank have been transferred to the National Bank. I cannot state how heavy the defalcation has been. I hope it has not been sufficiently large to break the bank. It became absolutely necessary to close this bank until we could find out how its finances stood. The last statement of the savings bank

showed a surplus of over \$67,000. There was a heavy run on the other savings banks in the city all day, but money came in on every train, and the New York banks said they would put \$1,000,000 into the city if necessary.

Tracy R. Morgan has been Mayor of Binghamton, and, during his thirty years' residence, has been looked upon as an upright citizen. He is about seventy nine years The bank examiner has found that during the past thirty years a correct trial balance had never been taken in that bank The question is what has Morgan done with the money. It is not known that he was extravagant or had any vices. Not one of the employes knew anything of his accounts, with the exception of a young girl, who has for several years been Morgan's chief helper.

CULLOM WINS.

Elected United States Senator From

Illinois. Ballots for United States Senator were inken in both houses of the Illinois Legisempire, not only for boys, but for girls also, | ature at Springfield, resulting in the reelection of Senator Shelby M. Cullom.



The two branches balloted with this result: In the Senate—Shelby M. Cullom, 32; Franklin MacVeagh, 12. Absentees— Republican, 1 : Democrats, 6. The House-

issued an appeal for aid for destitute farmers in Nebraska and South Dakota. The Arkansas Legislature will ship a train load of corn to the sufferers in the western part of the State. TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS' worth of new machinery has arrive 1 at Middlesborough,

DESTITUTION in Western Nebraska is on the

Increase. The National Farmers' Alliance has

Works, and the plant will soon start up. It is the only gun and or inance plant in the South, and employs 500 skilled workmen. SURGEON-GENERAL TYRON has procured a supply of anti-toxine, the new diphtheria

, from Boston, for the South Boston Iron

remedy, for distribution among the United States naval hospitals and stations. An order was given the Herreshoffs by C. Oliver Iselin for an American Cup defender. It will be a keel boat and probably have a

THE Duke of Orleans, pretender to the throne of France, has issued a manifesto asking the people to return to a monarchy.

THE Texas Cotton Palace at Waco was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of between \$55,000 and \$75,000 to the palace association.

centerboard slot.