RELIGIOUS READING.
 shall have Jacob's vision. The thirstiest
wilderness will become an Elim, with palm-
trees and wells of water.

When I was a lad trying to learn my mul; les to do which were intended to put elop facility in using it. Eash exeeemed an iusuperable task-a harder le over the first product, and after that nce to the text-bosk-usually the latter-
 reached, and then that was as likely to
roug as it was to be right: but after I I had wrought them into the very flbre rain and made them a part of my ailmost an involuntary thing. and the a a out did themselves. So it is
fultill the commissions we orry, to the works of God in the earth, as loug it all mechanically or by rule: but
God, enter our and become a part of them, and obey-
hilessing our fellow men, doing our ork, translating our sylf-cons ioussess easiest tasks of our lives, the nataral and Balcom Shaw, D. D.

## AWAKE.

There was an old turnpike man on a quiet
untry road, whose habit was to shut his att at night and take his na?. Ons dark,
vet miduight I knocked at his door, calling,

Coming," said the voice of the old man. I 1 kno "ked again
This went on for soms tim 3 , till at length I w quite angry, and janping off my horso,
ned the door and deman ied why ho cried Who's there?" sald the old man in a Whos there? sald the old man in a
et, sleepy voioe, rubing his eyes, "What
what, sir?" Then aivalsening, "Bless sir. aud yer pardon; I was asle9p; I get
used to hearing 'em knook that I answer
ming' in my sleep, and takes no more nj-
So it is with too many hearers of the GJ3. 4. who haar by habit, and answer God by leep. Awake, O sleeper, for God "hath
pointed a day in which he will judge the id in rifhteousness by that man whom he h appointed:" and then your idie answers
all be brought to light.--The Watchword.

## TEsting. This matter of testing reashes to the heart

 ur daily living and affects nearly every-with which we have to do. The food warons or cars in which we ride -all are in
whe in of cases that come to our notics every day. leing judged and proven by a hiluer power
than ourselv.s. The great ques.ion is Are
ww likely to stand the final great test of God'g
day of judement when ever Whep pussed upon? Christ is theestandard by
our lives are to be tested. He is "the thit of the law for righteousnes to every one
that believetb." If we have taten him as our personal Saviour, are trusting in him and In him we flnd the way.-Solseted.
In
perfect habm ) y
One may imagine a musical instrument left
in some old castle deserted ducing political revoiutions, standing warped and eracked and voiceless. But at length the owner re-
turns, and the tuner is summoned to put the iustrument in order. He lifts the cover and
the dust rolls back in clouds says, "it is a nock in clouds. "Ab!" he instrument, by the
praudest of make." He strikes a chord一 hideous diseord, rather-which drives-a al
heurers from the place. And now, as he be(kils to screw and turn, to bring up each key angs till the room! People would say,
But the $r$ says, $\because$ N ait, all will be right in time. die-its down to draw forth from those strings harmonies, children and servants flocek to th is in the world. Oh, bs patient while
$i$ is tuning you. Now the wailiag and the discord, by-ano-by the full and perfect symptoms.
Does your spirit faint? The Divine prom are a drooping honeycomb, batter than
ouathan's. Dip your pi|-rim staff into mouth like him, and your faintness shal ass away. Are, you thirsty? Thyy are the
owing stream of the water of life, of which may drink by the way, and lift up your
i. Are you overcome by the sultry of the day? They are as the
shadow of a giant rock in as weary
Have your steps well-nigh slipped ? are a staff in your hand, on top of ip God. Are you sad? There are no ongs to begaile the road, and to bear

He who is determined to become "rich to ware, God," and to that end is looking care-
fully after the various sources of spiritual fully after the various sources of spiritual
revenue, will by no means neglect opportun-
ities ities for relizions conversation. H9 will feel
that he cannot afford to lose the stimulus to his zeai and the enlargement of his religious knowledge that comes from comparing experiences with others. "Iron sharpeneth iron, friend." They that fear the Lord should certainly speak oftein one to another about the things lying nearest their hearts. If religion is steadily ignored as a topic of conversation day after day, how is it possible they should consider each other to be really in earnest
after likenes3 to Jesus? There is pressing after likenes3 to Jesus? There is pressing
need of a change of habit in this regard
among professing Christians.

## Nothing is of more importance if we wonld

 rapidly \&row good, than the habit of making all the petty trials, annoyances, and griefs of will more fully with God's. This is the true mission of trials, and only as we use them to this high end are we using them aright. fleuit lesson. Nevertheless very long and difbe learned. The trifling disappointments and sorrows, the orossings of our will or inelination that come so constantly, may yield,each of them, but a trifling gain; but the total sum shail be glorious indeed. Every time we utter down deep within a hearty "amen" to any of these minute manifesta-
tions of God's will, the union between us and .n.

We are exhorted to the sac-ifice of our
bodies unto God the mouth to bodies unto God-the mouth to prolaim
His word; the eyes to gaze on His works His word; the eyes to gaze on His works;
the hands to do Him service; the feet to the hands to do Him service; th
waik on His errands. -Goulburn.

As we hold a candle to the flame until it is
fully lighted, so we must hold ourselves to Christ and His word by meditation.- -Bengel

DRINKERS AND OHILDREN.
The Sanitarium for May has this almost astounding paragraph (astounding it car-
tainly would ve if we had not become fumiliar with the facts of this nature) under
the heading of "Drinkers and Children". the heading of "Drinkers and Children": diseases (quoth the American. Practitioner
and News) has carefully noted the differenc between twelve families of drinkers and twelve families of temperate ones during a
period of tweive years, with the result that
he found that the twelve drinking families produced in those years fifty-seven children,
while the temperate ones were accountable Hor sixty-one. Ot the drinkers twenty-five
children died in the flost against six on the other side. The latter
deaths were from weakness, while the former were attributable to weakness, convulsive
attacks, or $\begin{aligned} & \text { lema of the brain and mem- }\end{aligned}$
ranes. To this cheeriul record is adde attacks, or co this oheeriul record is addel
branes. To this che
five who were idiots; flve so stunted in
growth as to be reaily dwaris; five, when growth as to be reaily dwarís; five, when
older, became epileptiess, one, a boy, had
crave chorea, ending in idiocy: tive more grave chorea, en'ling in idiocy: tive more
were diseased an 1 deformed, and two of the
epilepties became by inheritance epilepties became by inheritance drinkenly
Ten, therefore, of this fity-seven only showed during life normal disposition and
development of bo ly and mind. On the cevelopment of boly and mind. On the temperates, as before stated, five
part of the the died in the first weeks of weakness, while nervous diseases. Two only showed inherite.t nerrous defects. Thus fifty were normal.
in every way sound in body and mind." in every way sound in dody and min
In the annual report of the State Boar I of
Pardons of Onio attention is called to tlio Pardons of Ohio attention is called to the
fact the Boar. 1 has in most cases deemed it prudent to include in the recommendation
for pardon a condition requiriaz abstinence from the use of intoxicating liquor. This is done in the belief that it will lessen the
liability of tha pardoned prisoner to again liability of tha pardoned prisoner to again
eommith erime. "It is a conspicuou* fact," says the report, "that in nearly every case
of crimp against the person, the offender was either under the influence of liquor or became involved in an affair by reason oi
being in a place where intoxicating liquor being in
was sold.

> Bishop Tugwell,
> soundert a cry oi hlarm concerniug tha ravages of rum Rmong the natives of West-
ern Equatorial Africa. He savs that zin and rum are being poured finto that country in where there is a rich trade in native products, European manufactures are hardly tc
be seen. They have been driven out by tha be seen. They have been driven out by the
traffic in strong drink. Its effects upon the traffic in strong drink. ins eflects upore the some cases it is actually destroying the exrellent work of missions. He points out that
the result must be the utter destruction, unthe result must be the checked. of the African
> races and of European comr.eree as we
> THE STATEMENT WAS INCORRECT.
> A prominent English physician started to Investigate the statement which he heard at
a temperance meeting, and did not believe, that 60,000 persons annually die in the
United King ${ }^{\text {dom }}$ from the use of alcoholic incorrect; the says that the statement

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report

## Royal Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

## Powller Play" in Moroceo. <br> Unpleasant Japanese Custom

dozen or so horses are drawn up nto line at one end of the plain, the riders, by means of bit and stirrup, working their animals into a ferment of excitement. Then, at a given signal, the long-barreled guns are waved in the air, and the troop sets forward at itthe more than a walk, which increases as they proceed, waving their guns and saluting the while, until it becomes a furious gallop.
the shoulder weapons are brought to the shoulder, held with both hands, the ders, end raised to the level of their shouldroop of the mext mont to troop of horsemen is lost to sight, enwhich the filnt-lock guns and inferior native powder produce, only to issue again in their showy trappings, reining in the horses with all the strength beasts, often with bleeding mouths, are brought to a standstill
The lab-el-barond, as the natives call it, admits of but little variation when performed in numbers; but this is not always the case, and at times one man introducing some new system of his own-lying back in the saddle and firing behind him, for instance, or under his horse's belly.

Mistress-Jane, you had a man in he kitchen last night. Maid-Yes'm. ra have brought him into the sitting roon and introduced you, but he was so busy talking to me I forgot all about It.-Boston Transcridt In the early history of Japan it was lecidededly a dubious honor to be close y related to any person of note, for one the laws at that time decreed that Fhen a person of rank or importance ied all the immediate relatives must e buried alle, in a perpendicular poss tion, around the personage's grave. and thus they remained until welcome death came to free them.

If you are guilty of the offenge of which you are accused, deny it with particular vigor.

## III III $\because 2$

LEAVES ITS MARK -every one of They fade the face, waste the figure, rui the temper, wither you-sp, make you ol Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-
tion. functions, improves digestion, enriches the bood, dispels aches and pains, melanchol and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep,
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How it looks,
to the women who wash with Pearline, when they see a woman washing in the old-fashioned way with soap-rubbing the clothes to pieces, rubbing away her strength, wearing herself out over the washboard! To these Pearline women, fresh from easy washing, she seems to "wear a fool's cap unawares.

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MILCIONSEP PEARLINE

