The Fayetteville Index

VOL. 7. NO. 31. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING AUGUST 2, 1916. PRICE, $1.00 PER YEAR

2 AMERICANS AND 5 MEXICANS WERE KILLED ON BORDER

General Bell Reported a Border Raid This Morning to the War Office.

RAID NEAR FORT HACK

News of the Raid Created Quite a Stir at the War Department and Army Circles.—Two Men Killed.

(By International News Service.)

Washington, July 31.—The raid near Fort Hack, Texas, this morning in which two Americans and five Mexicans were killed was officially confirmed by a report of General Bell to the war office.

General Bell reported the following five Mexican bandits resisting arrest were killed at 4:30 this morning:

A private in the Eighth cavalry, John Towney and Robert Woods a United States Custom Inspector were killed.

This new raid created a stir around the war department and army circles.

Tradesmen Subject to Fine By the Police

(By International News Service.)

Berlin, July 31.—The police of the German capital are keeping up a relentless prosecution of the butchers, bakers, grocers and other tradesmen who violate the food regulations by charging their customers more than the maximum prices permitted by law.

It has been decided to publish weekly lists of these offenders in order that the public may be warned of their practices. The first one of these lists contains the names of more than 100 storekeepers who have been convicted of petty usury and sentenced to fines and short terms of imprisonment. The fines imposed upon the culprits range from $2.50 to $125, and the prison terms from one day to four weeks. A butcher was fined $75 because he tried to make an extra profit of 1 1-2 cents on a pound of sausage, and a grocer who demanded two cents more than the legal maximum price for ten pounds of potatoes has to go behind the bars for five days.

95 Ohioans Would Run for Congress

(By International News Service)

Columbus, Ohio, July 31.—Fifty Republicans, forty-four Democrats and one Socialist are seeking nomination for Congress in the twenty-two districts at the primaries to be held Tuesday, August 8.

All but one of the present twenty-two Congressmen are seeking renomination. The exception is Alfred G. Allen, of Cincinnati, Democrat Congressman from the Second district. In his place is running Stanley Bowdle, Congressman from the First district two years ago. Bowdle defeated in the First district in 1914, moved over into the Second when he learned Allen would not run again.

WEATHER

Weather for North Carolina.

Tuesday fair, Wednesday fair in the east, showers in west portion, light variable winds.

CHARLES E. HUGHES WILL ACCEPT THE NOMINATION

(By International News Service.)

New York, July 31.—Charles E. Hughes accepting the nomination on the Republican ticket for presidency pledged himself to a policy of firmness in dealing with Mexico if elected President.

Mr. Hughes charged that the sinking of the Lusitania with many American lives lost and loss of American prestige was caused by a weak policy. He endorsed woman suffrage and denounced all plots whatever in the interest of all foreign nations.

The nation is shockingly unprepared. He urged adequate national defense and greater navy protection on the Western and Eastern coast, a larger army and greatly reinforced navy he believes to be necessary.

National prosperity was characterized as a fools paradise brought about by abnormal war conditions and advocated protective upbuilding policies.

Britons to Try Kaiser for Murder

London, July 31.—The Liverpool Express says that a league of Britons has been established to secure the trial and punishment of the German emperor and other highly placed Germans "for the murder of Captain Fryatt and other victims."

The members of the league, according to the paper, are pledged to vote against any government which refuses to make an indispensable conditions of peace that such tribunal be established and that the emperor and others, if convicted, shall be executed.

The Weekly Dispatch says that a mob at Rotterdam on Saturday paraded the streets demonstrating against the Germans on account of the execution of Captain Fryatt. They broke the windows in the German consulate.

Serbians Victors In Bulgar Battle

(By International News Service.)

Saloniki, July 31.—A battle has been fought between Serbian and Bulgarian troops in Northwestern Greece in which the Bulgarians were defeated, according to the official report given out today at allied headquarters.

Famous Cathedral Bells Destroyed

(By International News Service.)

Vienna, July 31.—The famous bells of the Cathedral of Salzburg are no longer in existence. Like those of many other churches they have become victims of the war. Recently they were smashed up in the belfry by a crew of workingmen. The pieces have been sent to different munitions factories where they will be used for the manufacture of shells.

The bells were more than three centuries old and the largest one weighed more than three tons.

Italians Repulse Austro-Hungarians

Rome, July 31.—Powerful attempts by the Austro-Hungarians to regain lost ground in the sectors of Monte Seluggio and Monte Zebbio, by means of counter attacks, ended in failure, the Italian war office announced today. The Italians have extended their positions in the zone of Monte Colloriccon.

SEVERE FIGHTING ON THE FRENCH FRONT NORTH OF SOMME

The Paris War Office Reports That the Germans Have Been Repulsed.

THE BRITISH VERY ACTIVE

Germans Claim to Have Taken a Number of British Men and Officers and a Number of Machine Guns.

(By International News Service.)

London, July 31.—Severe fighting on the French front north of the Somme river with the Germans launching strong counter attacks.

The war office in Paris tonight reports that Germans have been repulsed and that heavy losses inflicted upon them. The Germans contested their attacks on Hemiid which the French reported yesterday as having captured. These French reports tell of extensive gains on a eight-mile front.

The Germans report that the Allies failed to win any ground and assert that they suffered heavy loss.

The British were very active according to the report and further advanced across the Paluto Hasenti.

The Germans claim to have captured twelve officers and 1,269 men and 12 machine guns in this action.

The British publish casualty list of 7,859 officers and 52,591 men as the loss during the engagement on all the fronts.

The estimate is made that at least 4-5 of all the losses were sustained in Picardy.

Prussian Cities Buy 75,0000 Goats

(By International News Service.)

Berlin, July 31.—A number of German cities have taken practical steps to solve the milk problem, which still is very serious in the large centers of population. Twelve of the largest Prussian municipalities have bought 75,000 goats in Switzerland. The animals have been turned over to the owners of small farms in the vicinity of the cities on condition that they deliver seventy per cent. of the milk obtained from the goats to the municipal stations, where it is distributed among poor families with small children. The goats furnish one pint quarts of milk a day.

Votes Down Child Labor Amendment

(By International News Service.)

Washington, July 31.—By a vote of 52 to 7 the Democrats in the Senate in caucus agreed to vote down all amendments of the Child Labor Bill and make it a party measure.

Norway Now Has Prohibition Law

(By International News Service.)

Christiania, July 31.—Norway now has prohibition and is the first really "dry" state in Europe. The law forbidding the manufacture and sale of whiskey and other strong alcoholic beverages, which was passed by Parliament recently, went into effect this week. At the same time the importation of wine, beer and other alcoholic drinks has been prohibited.

BREMEN WILL COME INTO BOSTON ON SURFACE

(By International News Service.)

Boston, July 31.—United States army engineers, in whose office here the channels of Boston harbor and the coastal waters hereabouts are made, are of the opinion that if the German merchant submarine comes into Boston harbor, she will rise to the surface some distance in this port and come in running on the surface of the water. According to the plans in the engineers' office, the Bremen, if coming via Broad Sound, would not need submerged further than Firing Ledge. There the water is but 8 1-2 fathoms or 50 feet deep. The Bremen draws but 27 feet on the surface, but needs at least 50 feet of water submerged. The engineers point to the fact that the boat must be well below 50 feet to escape being rammed by a passing steamer. Should the Bremen come via the Narrows, it must rise on the surface when off the Boston lightship. At this point the water gets a 50-foot depth to 35 feet at President's Roads. It is thought that the danger of being rammed would prevent the Bremen from coming in submerged. It is also pointed out that once within the three-mile limit, it is not necessary for the boat to submerge. It could come on the surface and would be under the protection of the United States.

Russians Can Drop Enormous Bombs

(By International News Service.)

Petrograd, July 31.—A new system of air tactics has been worked out for Russian big aeroplanes. The giant Ilya Murometz, the aeroplane in question, has at last come into its own.

As a result of an improvement in photo technique; the airmen, even when traveling at full speed, can drop bombs with amazing accuracy. This solves the problem of bombing trenches. Manned by four men, the Ilya Murometzes can carry bombs nearly as heavy and deadly as the Krupp 42-centimetre mortars can shoot. They drop these bombs, it is claimed more accurately than the Krupp guns, and they are infinitely more mobile. High spouts of flame can be seen rising from the enemy's lines, and the explosions are so terrific that when the enemy trenches are close Russians have to crouch and keep their ears against the effects of the concussion.

91 Days Profit Of Steel Trust

New York, July 31.—The United States Steel Corporation, declaring an extra dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock this week, announced net earnings for the quarter ending June 30 of $81,126,948.

Before charging interest on subsidiary bonds, the earnings, above all maintenance, repair and depreciation charges, were $88,501,065.

There were 91 days in the quarter covered, which makes the steel corporation's earnings for that period:

Per Day	$917,594
Per Hour	38,232
Per Minute	637

Shortly after the publication of the statement, Henry C. Frick said to J. P. Morgan:

"I wish your father might have lived to see this statement."

"So do I," replied Morgan; "it would have pleased him."

ARRESTS OF HIGH OFFICIALS EXPECTED TO RESULT FROM THE BLACK TOM EXPLOSION

New Jersey Authorities Express Their Determination to Prosecute Vigorously the Men Responsible for the Killing of More than One Hundred People and Destruction of Property Amounting to Over $20,000 on Black Tom Isle

(By International News Service.)

New York, July 31.—The investigation of the Black Tom Island explosion is expected to result tomorrow in the arrest of high officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Criminal negligence and possibly manslaughter are the charges. The New Jersey authorities express their determination to prosecute vigorously the men responsible for the killing of more than one hundred people and property losses of more than $20,000.

Three men were arrested charged with manslaughter. Theodore Johnson of the Albert Dickman Company agent of the Lehigh Valley Railway, Alexander Davidson, of Brooklyn, tender of the National Forage Companies plant on Black Tom Island. A warrant was also issued for the arrest of Edwin McKenzie, President of a storage warehouse Company.

Evidence unearthed by the police and public prosecutor show that the fire started in two box cars loaded with ammunition on Black Tom Island pier on the Lehigh Valley Railway. The origin of the fire was incidiary, according to the Company's agent after he was placed under arrest. The car on which the fire originated arrived only two hours before the conflagration.

Other fires have frequently broken out on Black Tom Island, which were not reported to the police.

Vast quantities of ammunition is still stored in the danger zone. Barges are still floating in the Hudson river and there is great danger to navigation.

Parts of high explosives were found where othe ammunition is stored. Commissioner of Public Safety, Frank Bergen, of Jersey City, asserted:

"We have sent ten detectives to investigate the disaster.

"We shall soon know where these explosions came from and shall get the information from the railroads."

GIRL INVA[illegible]S $4,000 A [illegible]R FOR EXPENSES

(By International News Service.)

New York, July 31.—Although Antheinise B. Ottman is only ten years old and an invalid, she is richer than her father, William Ottman, who is vice-president of a lithographing company, with a salary of $6,000 a year and a private fortune of $100,000.

The little sick girl owns $[illegible],000 in gild-edged securities inherited from her mother, whose name was the same as her own, and from her maternal grandfather, and the income from her property is about $10,000 a year.

These interesting facts concerning one of Gotham's "poor little rich girls" came out through the application of Arthemise's father made to Surrogate Robert Ludlow Fowler for permission to devote $5,000 a year of the child's income to her support. The Surrogate allowed $4,000.

The little girl's father told the Surrogate that he saw no reason why she should not support herself out of her private fortune. Of late years, said Mr. Ottman, he had been paying out $1,000 a year for medical attention to little Arthemise, $1,200 a year for her tuition in a private school, about $1,000 a year for her clothes, and he estimates that $2,4000 a year would be a conservative estimate of the cost of her board.

"The child's relatives are persons of wealth and social standing," said Ottman, "and it is necessary that Arthemise be educated, clothed and maintained accordingly."

Arthemise's father said that during 1915 he lived with her and her half-brother at the Hotel Gotham and that the little sick girl's board alone cost $200 a month. Just now they are living at Montclair, N. J., and the little girl's share of the expenses is $200 a month.

Roumania Refuse Food Exchange

(By International News Service.)

London, July 31.—Roumania has broken off negotiations with Turkey by which the latter country sought to bring about a mutual exchange of food supplies, according to press dispatches from Bucharest.

The Appalling Toll of War

Zurich, July 31.—According to the official lists published in Germany, the Prussian losses in killed alone aggregate 25,000 officers and 1,817,637 men since the beginning of the war.

Fayetteville beat Raeford, 7 to 1, yesterday.

(By International News Service.)

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Strapling Offered His Former Job

Mt. Airy, July 31.—Thomas Edgar Strapling, who for nearly four of the 14 years he was an escaped convict from the Georgia chain gang served as Chief of Police at Danville, Va., under the name of "E. E. Morris," passed through here today en route to join his family at Columbus, Ga., and announced that his pardon yesterday by Governor Harris, had been followed by an offer from the president of the board of aldermen at Danville for him to resume his position as police chief there.

The former Danville chief said he wanted to rest for a short time and would decide later what he would do.

Strapling killed his neighbor, W. J. Corbett, in Harris county, Georgia, in 1897 and after being convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment escaped. He went to Virginia and soon became head of the Danville police force. In 1911 he was identified and brought back to Georgia to complete his term.