

The Fayetteville Index

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Mexico's Latest Enterprise

Our friends, and at the same time neutral friends, the Mexicans, have imposed a heavy export tax on crude oil. It appears that the response of Carranza to the plea of President Wilson, for united action against Germany, took this form. The allies will be remembered, must have this Mexican oil for the use of their navies. There is a suspicion in Washington that this new move on the part of Carranza was inspired by representatives of the German government, but it is taken for granted that the Mexican government will insist that it is neutral still, and that justification for the oil tax must be looked for in the generally realized fact that Mexico needs the money, and that all governments are doing unusual things these days to stop the revenue which they so greatly need.

Not such a great while ago the United States had an army of both regulars and militia mobilized on the Mexican frontier, and it was announced that Villa was to be taken dead or alive. Not much came of the Mexican enterprise, with the result that persons in position to be familiar with the facts and who understood best the Mexican character, are the opinionists that most Mexicans have been left with the opinion that they may defy the Washington government. Now that we are involved in a war which may demand the use of our resources, in full measure, it is possible the Mexican government will be inclined to be still less concerned over the wishes and desires of this country. Many people still believe a wireless station is located somewhere in Mexico, which connects with Germany. The "Southern Republic" may yet become a sort of factor in the world war, before the struggle is over. — Greensboro News.

Train Hits Automobile; Six Occupants Killed

Baltimore, Md., June 22.—While attempting to cross the Northern Central Railroad tracks near White Hall Md., tonight an automobile containing six persons, two men three women and a three-year old child, was struck by the Western Express on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Four of the six were killed outright and their bodies mutilated. The other two died just as a south bound train which was to carry them to Baltimore reached White Hall station.

Unearthed Skeleton of Huge Mammoth

With the British Army in France, June 22.—Excavating near the battered remnants of the Hindenburg line, British soldiers struck a strange object which proved to be the tooth of a mammoth. The discovery caused great excitement among the troops who flocked to the place shell fire from the Germans. The skeleton of this pre-historic monster now has been definitely located and the gradual exposure of it is proceeding under a scientific direction. It will be a decided discovery in natural history research this up-digging of a mammoth in the very forefront of the world war.

The advertisement of the North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering appears in this issue of the Index. That great institution offers comprehensive courses in Agriculture, Chemistry, Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineering, and Textile Industry. At no time in the history of our country has the value of training in technical lines been so clearly understood and appreciated. Young men who desire to do themselves no personal success and an efficient service to their country should go to investigate the opportunities at the State's technical school.

Enigma Goldman

Most pertinent is this letter written the New York Herald by a subscriber: "May I ask why Emma Goldman is allowed to continue her pernicious activities? At a time like the present would it not be safe and sane to confine her on Ellis Island for the period of the war? It seems to me that as any spy or plotter."

Greek Officials to be Expelled

Athens, Monday, June 21.—A list of persons to be expelled from Greece, following the capture of King Constantine, is being forwarded to the Greek minister of the interior. In the list are the names of Demetrios Gounaris, premier; Bro. Georgios Streit, former foreign minister; General Doukakis, chief of the Greek general staff; Colonel Metaxas, chief assistant to the general staff; M. Mercouris, M. Eskin, M. Saviris, chief of the reserves, and M. Lavieratos, who figured prominently in the disturbance at Athens last December when French troops were attacked by Greek reservists.

Prof. Streit already has left Greece, accompanying Constantine as his secretary. Thirty one persons will be expelled from the country. Those in Athens will be allowed three days and must report themselves to General Regnault.

Copenhagen, via London, June 21.—A German industrial bureau has been established in Brussels for the purpose of recruiting Belgian women for farm work. The details are only available to application to local trade bureau and laborers can only return to Belgium with the permission of the military authorities.

Bryan For Program

Washington, June 22.—William Jennings Bryan in Washington today came out strong for the administration war program and especially the food control bill. "I am not afraid to trust any president with the powers which the food administration bill proposes to confer. "War is not a normal condition; is abnormal and requires extraordinary remedies. "A government that can command the lives of its young men and call for money of its older men should have power to protect the whole people from the greed of an unpatriotic few."

Bread Riots in Germany. Stockholm, June 22.—Bread riots are reported to have taken place in Stettin, capitol of the Prussian province of Pomerania. Women and children took the leading part. Troops were called out to disperse the demonstrators.

Society For German Republic Is Active

New York, June 22.—With "Down with the Hohenzollerns!" as their slogan, subjects of the kaiser here have organized a society called the friends of the German republic, and are actively campaigning among the Germans in the United States. The members of the society declare in statement that sentiment for a republic is growing rapidly in Germany. The statement reads in part: "The sooner the German people remove their autocrats and declare the German people will come. The Russian have shown us the way. The German people are longing for peace. They did not make the war. Freed from the incubus of an arrogant militaristic clique and organized in a democratic republic, they would at once be in a position to conclude honorable and stable peace. "Travelers tell us that the republican movement is spreading rapidly. We hear of men and women being arrested for spreading this propaganda."

Six Suffragettes Put Behind Bars

Washington, June 27.—In jail tonight, six women suffragists, convicted in police court today of obstructing the sidewalk by displaying propaganda banners before the White House, held a long song service and suffrage meeting for the other forty women inmates of the prison. The suffragists were given their choice of \$25 fines or three days in jail, and decided to go to jail. They did not attempt a hunger strike, and will be released Friday morning, part of today and a few hours of Friday being counted as full days.

Tom Watson's Paper Barred From Mails

Savannah, Ga., June 28.—Marion Lucas postmaster at Savannah today declined to permit the delivery through his office of the Jeffersonian, Tom Watson's weekly paper published at Thomson, Ga. News dealers were notified that the packages which should have been delivered today would not be sent out. The postmaster acted under the provisions of the recently passed espionage act. Watson has been attacking the government's conscription act. The postmaster reports the matter to the postmaster general, who finally determines whether the papers shall be delivered or not.

Argentina On Verge Of Break

Buenos Aires, June 26.—Sinking by a German submarine of the Argentine steamer Toro was officially admitted today to have brought Argentine very close to severance of diplomatic relation with Germany. Officially declared the Toro sinking was of such a character as to make necessary a firm stand by the Argentine government.

British Menacing German Stronghold

France, June 28.—The Canadians, heartened by successes gained during the last few days at a relatively small cost decided this morning to attack across the open ground sloping upwards to Avion and the village of Leauvette, near the Souchez river. The assault troops comprised men from British Columbia, Manitoba, Central and Nova Scotia. By this morning's advance the British line has been carried forward to within one mile of the center of Lens. The attack was made along a two-mile front. On the extreme left, Nova Scotians pushed their way up the Lens-Arras road to the village of Leauvette. Here they took a number of prisoners.

Venizelos To Form New Greek Cabinet

Athens, June 26.—King Alexander formally announced today that he had entrusted former Premier Venizelos with the task of forming a new cabinet. Venizelos, with left Athens and founded a provisional government for Greece Saloniki after the former King Constantine had refused to carry out the policies demanded by the Greek people, as expected to reach Athens shortly. His selection as premier is expected to bring together all elements in Greece and to reform the institution of immediate reforms.

Wants Germany Defeated

Prince Peter Kropotkin, the Russian Socialist leader, who has been in exile in England for many years and was invited to return home by the revolutionary government, has arrived in Christiania. He issued a statement today to the Norwegian press warning "all true friends of peace" against any attempt to hinder Germany's defeat. "Such fantastic dreams as German domination from Berlin to Bagdad must be given up," he said. "France must have Alsace and Lorraine. The independence of Poland must be assured. Until that is done Russia must and will fight for victory."

Training Camp Located Here

Hostmaster Underwood was notified today that the one of the war training camps will be located here. Two locations have been offered, one near the Country Howe and the other on the road leading to Manchester. It is not known which will be accepted. 30,000 men are expected to be put into training here within the next few weeks. These are S.S. Corriher, J. Reid Crawford, R. T. J. Harris, Ned Grady and H. F. Campbell. Officers are now engaged in surveying the site near Lakewood.

Rev. L. T. Wilds former pastor of the Hay Mt. Presbyterian church is in the city on a visit.

Travel 7,000 Miles To Join U. S. Army

Detroit, June 22.—A trip all the way from Africa to join the United States army is the record made by Charles W. Ball of this city, and Eugene Schwader of Grand City, Mich., who have arrived here. They were fighting in the British army in South Africa when they learned of the United States' move with Germany. Their trip took seven weeks and they traveled 7,000 miles. Fighting in Africa almost ended, they say, the Germans having been driven into the marshes.

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Aggressive Action Demanded Of Allied Fleet By Churchill

London, June 24.—Winston Churchill demands aggressive action for the vast supply fleet under the entente allies, especially since America's entry into the war. The allied navies, he declared, have at least two draughts in every one at the disposal of Germany and Austria and in addition more than four battleships to one for the enemy. But the superiority in weight of metal, modernity and tonnage is far greater even than these immense figures imply. Are we really to be content to see this vast mass of about 200 battleships, which today are engaged in the German fleet, merging to fight until peace—perhaps an unsatisfactory peace—old battleships have been replaced by a great number of that kind of a destroyer, which on the day peace is made hundreds of battleships are found to have been virtually unused and pass into obsolescence to be supplanted in future wars by airplanes and submarines? "We must have a vast big water fleet capable of engaging the full strength of the enemy with good prospects of success but after that has been provided for an immense surplus of old but valuable vessels remained and it is in their adoption for employment in aggressive action that escape from the present deadlock can still be found. It is only when we are able to devise and execute some method of aggressive naval warfare against the Germans that we shall find his weakness and our strength; that we shall liberate our splendid navy from the enchanted circle the submarine has drawn about it and compel our enemies to absorb themselves in the process of their own defense as to leave them no leisure to compass our ruin."

Norwegian Press Fired With Anger

Christiania, Tuesday, June 26. The Norwegian newspapers continue to publish details of the German plot to destroy Norwegian steamships by explosives brought into the country by a courier of the German foreign officer, which resulted in the arrest of three men last week. The Aftenposten insists that the arrest of the courier must be upheld even against Germany's protests. The Morgenbladet, which hitherto has been more or less friendly to Germany, asks whether Germany wishes to force Norway to join the ranks of her enemies, and remarks that a novel base on the Norwegian coast would be very important for the entente and would give the American navy a splendid strategic position for co-operation with the British. The newspaper says further that of all the foolish acts of German diplomats and military leaders in the way of depriving the central powers of friends, this last attempt to blow up the remaining remnants of Norwegian friendship is surely one of the most formidable blunders.

Brazil Breaks Neutrality

Brazil is no longer a neutral in the world war and the German empire has another enemy arrayed against it. Having previously revoked its policy of aloofness so far as it affected the hostilities between the United States and Germany, Brazil now has come definitely into the open and announced that it can no longer be considered neutral in the war between the Entente and Germany. Although no announcement has been made as to whether the South American republic will actually enter into hostilities, by its revocation of neutrality it definitely aligns itself morally on the side of the United States and the Entente.

Insurance Lives Of Men

Washington, July 1.—Representatives of virtually all the great life insurance companies in the country are expected to meet Secretary McAdoo and other cabinet members here tomorrow to consider plans for insuring the lives of men in the naval and military service. The administration is determined that the lives of the soldiers, sailors and marines shall be insured. Under the proposal, the government would insure the men in service for limited amounts in case of death, injury or capture. Such a plan, if accepted, probably would sound the knell of the pension system paid in pensions growing out of the Civil War, which 2,500,000 federal soldiers were engaged, has approached \$5,000,000,000.

King Alexander With The Allies

Athens, June 27.—King Alexander of Greece, is "ready to comply with all demands of the entente" his former premier, M. Ziamis, declared today. In a statement explaining his retirement as premier, he said he resigned because he could not agree to the convocation of the Greek chamber in the same person as that of May, 1915. This was one of the Greek assemblies elected as a result of Venizelos' campaign and which the king set aside because Venizelos and the new representatives would not agree with his policies.

Bantam Will Be Accepted

Washington, June 27.—In reply to a number of requests of men of small stature who wish to form regiments like Britain's famous Yorkshire Bantams, the War Department announced that no men will be rejected from service, if in the opinion of the recruiting officer, his deficiencies in height and weight will not materially impair his usefulness as a soldier. The statement says the regulations requiring men to be at least 5 feet 4 inches in height, and 120 pounds in weight will be flexible.

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