

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, Editor.

Office, No. 17 Market Square.

All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, of whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUGUST 24, 1864.

Our Subscribers in town will confer a special favor, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. All subscriptions must be paid in advance. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in every instance, the above rule will be adhered to Collections made every Monday.

THE MILITARY ASPECT OF AFFAIR.—Some misgivings are entertained by our citizens, on account of the seizure by Grant, of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad. These apparent advantages gained by the enemy amount to nothing in the aggregate. For our own part we have never had an idea that the travel on the Weldon railroad could continue, and the occupation of the road by the Yankees has not at all taken us by surprise. It is evident that they have gained a footing from which they cannot easily be dislodged, and where, if the attempt were made, it would entail upon us more serious losses than the above occupation of the railroad, (when we have another in operation,) would bring upon us.

Grant is not going to remain long in his present position. Before the first of September he will have enough to do in Maryland to engage the earnest attention of his soldiers, black and white.

At our Georgia front, we have had, and continue to reap, glorious results. It is evident from our Georgia exchanges, that Sherman will be compelled to retreat from Atlanta. It is even said that he is now preparing for that grand but dangerous movement, which must entail upon him a most crushing loss.

The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Sentinel says that gentlemen from Atlanta state that it is rumored that Sherman is retiring along the Powder Spring road. If the report is true, it is evident that he intends to fall back beyond the Chatahoochie, and the position until reinforcements arrive; or he intends to fall back through the lower route to Huntsville, Ala. If he retreats he can go by no other route, as Wheeler holds the one to Chattanooga. Besides he cannot get subsistence by any other. And even if he succeeds in forcing his way by this, he will be unable to collect from the surrounding country over half or quarter rations.

The Columbia Carolinian is reliably informed that Gen. Wheeler has taken Resaca, and when last heard from was fighting at Dalton. On Friday last, 900 head of cattle, and about 100 Yankees captured at Adairsville, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, by Col. Harner's Alabama Regiment, of Wheeler's command, passed through Athens en route to Hood's army.

Communication has been effectually destroyed between Nashville and Dalton.—A correspondent of the Atlanta Intelligencer who left Calhoun on the 16th inst., where most of our cavalry command then was, He says that they have destroyed the culverts and bridges along the State road. He says we have been unable to attack the larger and well fortified bridges over Etowah and the other streams between Dalton and Atlanta that are defended with triangular lunette forts, but we have torn up the road, burnt the ties and cut and destroyed the rails so that they cannot be used again, and so Sherman will not be able to repair it for some week. The destruction of the road has been very complete thus far, and our success is very great. They did not find any opposition from the small garrison

along the road and have captured large numbers of prisoners and stores without any material loss to ourselves thus far.—A great deal of the captured property, cattle, &c., has been sent by a safe route under a strong escort, to the Army of Tennessee. The larger portion of our command has gone Northward, and by this time must have destroyed communication between Dalton and Nashville. The work is expected to be thoroughly and well done this time, as daring officers and picked men are on the expedition.

He reports the country completely devastated, but finds the people hopeful. Before many days you will hear, of Sherman skedaddling.

We regret that our neighbor of the Observer should consider our remarks upon the pay of the mechanics at the Arsenal as excited. We had no idea of being excited, but were as cool as men usually are in such hot weather, and we assure the Observer that we have nothing personal or otherwise against the officials at the Arsenal. Our remarks were honestly and sincerely intended for the good of the service, and we have reason to believe that they will have that effect. If so our object shall have been achieved.

As to the sale of corn to the Arsenal hands at a figure under the market price by Col. Childs, we have no disposition to detract from the praise due him for such a benevolent course—it was certainly praise-worthy; but the sale of a few hundred bushels of corn at a low figure, while it is most certainly entitled to every praise, will not compensate for a year of suffering and neglect. Col. Childs had the power to force the Government to do justice to his men, and while we believe his heart was right, he undoubtedly lacks the nerve to take a proper stand in defence of himself—for we look upon it that the interest of the men is identical with the interest of Col. Childs—and if he could fully appreciate this fact, and stand up to it, the service would be much benefited.

We have not desired to raise any needless opposition to Col. Childs. Our object has been to benefit Col. Childs and the men under him, and also the government, by having justice done to all. Col. Childs has had it in his power to be universally beloved by the men, and he may do it yet if he change his conduct to them. We will take great pleasure in noting the change, while it has given us pain to be compelled to notice the unpleasant condition of affairs heretofore existing.

We dismiss the subject from our columns for the present, trusting that not only will the service be benefited but that it may eventually produce a much happier state of feeling between Col. Childs and the mechanics.

MOORE SUPERIOR COURT.—We have just returned from a visit to Moore county.—Superior Court is in session this week.—His Honor Judge Gilliam presiding. There are three important cases on the docket, all capital. The State versus Cockeram, a deserter hailing from Texas, for the murder of two citizens, members of the Home Guards, while in the discharge of their duty. State versus James Henley, for whipping a negro, his own property; death having ensued from the whipping.—Also the State versus Brewer for rape. This is an aggravated case, the victim being his own sister. The two latter cases will doubtless be tried this week.—The former will doubtless be continued until the next term of Superior Court.

The State and Confederate authorities have apparently gone to work in earnest to rid Moore county of deserters. The county is alive with troops, Home Guards and Reserves, all hurrying from point to point, and ere many days not a deserter will be in the county. Indeed it is even now confidentially believed by well informed parties, that there are none in the county now, that they have fled to Cumberland, Richmond and Robeson, counties, not so much suspected as Randolph and Montgomery, and where they expect to be secure from molestation. We would advise them, however, not to lay that flattering unction to their souls, for ere many days Cumberland, Robeson and Richmond will be too hot for them. Were these deluded men to take kindly intended advice, we would say to them that the sooner they accept of the pardon so liberally extended to them by the Governor, and return immediately ere it be too late,—for it is the intention of the authorities to pursue every deserter if necessary, to the Holy Land, to secure his capture,—it would be much better for them.

MAN-SLAUGHTER.—The Jury in the case of Moore and Pharris, tried last week in Harnett county for the murder of D. J. Colvin, returned a verdict of manslaughter. The prisoners were sentenced to be branded and imprisoned for twelve months. One portion of the sentence was duly executed, and they are now confined in this jail. They should fast with us sent to the army, which would be the severest punishment that could be inflicted upon them. They will undergo a trial by court martial for desertion on their return.

The Richmond Sentinel of the 24th says that the affair of Sunday on the Weldon Railroad was not of the importance supposed by some. We had but a small force engaged—probably not more than a division; and although the enemy held the Railroad by the force of superior numbers, they were driven back some distance, with a loss far greater than that of their assailants.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire on yesterday afternoon was occasioned by the distillery connected with Mr. Colton's Benzine Oil Factory catching fire. A quantity of oil was destroyed and the distillery considerably damaged before the flames could be subdued.

For the North Carolinian Our Storm Party.

There was no conjecture as to the weather proving favorable for as the day-God left his throne, the moon withdrew her misty veil, and in beauty took up her nightly march.

The approach of the Phaeton, which were to be at the door by half past seven, was heard, and our gallant start announced 'all ready for the start.' With light hearts and contented spirits, a nice ride, we were seated in our chariot, which by the way, was neither lined with silk, or cushioned with velvet, and we started. Our driver determined we should have a proof of his ability in pulling the reins, and a test of the fleetness of his chargers, '240' speed, we for awhile made, but the road not being plank or shell, and our vehicle being of springs, we came to the conclusion of taking an 'easy spell' of traveling. There were three wagons of precious freight. We sang, and commented on the surrounding scenery, composed 'odes to the moon,' thought ourselves exceeding happy and all went merry as a marriage bell. A half—which of these roads must we take? boy's three! sings the driver. Take the left, No! it's the right we turn to! Go ahead, boy, take any, says one, it will bring us to some-where, and if not right, we'll get directions. On we went and wrooo we were, but succeeded in getting a pilot who took us through by the 'new cut road,' which by the way was not cut at all. For we went through thickets, over stumps, and the pending boughs played havoc with the braids and curls of the fair, also the 'miraculous' arrangement of the craniums of the gallants, who had, no doubt, spent an hour or more in giving an exquisite finish to their appearance.

Through great difficulties (some cheerily) such as removing saplings, and making wonderful short turns, we reached the road which led to the fortifications, we were to storm, (Mr. McM... three miles from town.) Arriving there, we made the attack, and were victorious.—What a fine time we had, how nicely treated. Miss L. and M., charmingly agreeable and our hostess wished us much pleasure. With music and merry-making which usually fills up the time of parties, we delightfully the moments passed.

When time to retreat, and the adieu made, 'twas in the wee sma' hours of morn.' Our return was direct, without an adventure, and enjoyed amazingly.—So ended our jaunt, but memory will often revert to that delightful 'Storm Party.'

FAVORS TO REBEL SYMPATHIZERS.—A recent letter from Henry county, Missouri describes a state of affairs that by no means pleasant to the slaves of Lincoln. It says:

The fact is, rebels have all the trade and business in every department of life, in their own hands. They, and they alone can embark in any kind of business with the best assurance that they will not be robbed; they, and they alone, can remain at home and feel no interest in the peace of the country; they, and they alone, can occupy their sleeping apartments during the bushwhacking season and feel no dread; they, and they alone, can even visit relatives at any distance and save their horses and estates.

WHEELER'S OPERATIONS.—The following Yankee telegram does not give an unfavorable account of Wheeler's operations.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 18.—A gentleman just from the front reports that on Tuesday night General Steedman started from Chattanooga, and met the rebel force under Gen. Wheeler at Graysville, eighteen miles distant.

A severe engagement ensued. The Union loss is not stated. General Steedman was severely wounded.

Col. Straight of the Fifty-first Indiana regiment was killed.

A rebel force is reported at Cleveland, Tenn., and a Union brigade has left Chattanooga for that place. The rebel cavalry force have divided into small parties, and are demonstrative on the towns of Northern Georgia and Tennessee.

The Union pickets have been fired upon at various points between Chattanooga and Bridgeport.

As our informant left Major General Steedman's Adjutant General was leaving Chattanooga for Graysville with a cavalry force.

THE DEMOCRATS.—The New York Tribune of the 16th says editorially.

To-day two thirds of the Democrats of the Free States are manifesting open and deadly hostility to the further prosecution of the war. They take the side of the Rebels with regard to exchanges killing negro soldiers, army devastations, and almost or quite every thing else.

Three fourths of the Democratic journals we open would be read with delight in Lee's camps by all who can at all. They oppose the draft; they discourage investments in the National Loans; they magnify every Union reverse, and belittle every Union success, giving the mass of their readers to understand that Jeff. Davis is fighting for Union and Liberty, against the usurpations and atrocities of Abe Lincoln. They clamor for peace, protest against the further prosecution of the war, useless butchery, and denounce the increased taxes as iniquitous and oppressive. No single act or effort tending to invigorate the prosecution of the War, escapes their concealed and venomous denunciations.

MAJOR GENERAL RAMSEUR.—The annexed reference to this distinguished chieftain, is taken from the Charlottesville Chronicle of the 16th inst:

Major General Ramseur says, we understand that "he was to blame" for the conduct of his division in the affair below Winchester.

"None can fail to appreciate this manly utterance of a gallant officer. We believe that Gen. Ramseur is one of the noblest and frankest natures of Gen. Lee's army. The misadventure which he met with, is largely atoned for, in imitation of his great commander at Gettysburg, he has given another example of that chivalrous honesty and truthfulness of character, which is the highest adornment of a Confederate soldier."

Baltimore papers report that Francis Key, the son of the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," has been arrested on a charge of disloyalty, and locked up in the military prison, to await trial.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENROLLING OFFICE, HARNETT CO. August 25th, 1864.

ALL MEN in Cumberland and Harnett Co's belonging to Capt. Hocad's company of senior Reserves of Harnett County are hereby ordered to report to me in Fayetteville on Monday the 29th inst. at 6 o'clock, P. M., with three day's rations, blanket and knapsack. A. H. TOLAR, Capt. & E. O. for Barnett. aug26-2t

NEW AND FAVORITE SONGS.

SOMETHING to love me, Price 50 No one to love, " 1 50 Why no one to love, " 1 50 Love Me, " 1 50 *Annie of the Vale, " 1 50 *Her bright smile Haunts, " 1 50 *Mary of Argyle, " 1 50 *When this cruel War is over, " 1 50 *The Standard Bearer, " 2 00 Aura Lea, " 2 00 Half off to the trade. Those marked * have Guitar arrangements in addition. GEO. DUNN & CO., 173-tf Richmond, Va.

Wood! Wood!! THE undersigned is now hauling to town Dry Oak Wood. Those desiring a supply should apply early, as he will only haul for two weeks. 172-1w R. JONES.

POWDER. FFG. GUN POWDER. For sale by JAMES MARTINE. 172-tf

Wanted. 500,000 FEET OF GOOD SOUND LUMBER, 3, 1, 1 1/2 and 2 inches thick; for which I will pay the highest cash price. S. BRANDT. Obs. copy and send bill to S. Brandt. 171-1w

BY THE GOV. OF NORTH CAROLINA: A PROCLAMATION!

WHEREAS, IT IS REPORTED TO ME that many soldiers from the troops of this State have deserted their colors and comrades, and are now lurking in the woods and mountains, some of them subsisting by forcing their friends to violate the laws by aiding them and others by violent depredations upon peaceable citizens, entailing shame and obloquy upon themselves and their posterity, outraging the laws and the peace of society, and damaging the cause of their hard pressed country.

And, whereas, Gen. Robert E. Lee, in General Order No. 64, Aug. 10th, 1864, has promised to deal leniently with all who promptly return to duty, though they may have incurred the penalties of desertion by professed absence without authority. Now, therefore, I, Zebulon B. Vance, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my proclamation, urging most earnestly upon all such misguided men to wipe out from their once respected names the foul stain of desertion by promptly returning to the post of duty in accordance with said General Order No. 64, promising to all such who voluntarily return or surrender themselves to the proper authorities a full and free pardon, or the infliction of only the mildest penalties of the military law, except those who have been guilty of capital felonies against the lives and property of the citizens, and this promise shall hold good for thirty days from the date hereof. And I hereby warn all such who refuse to comply with these terms that the utmost power of this State will be exerted to capture them or drive them from the borders of a county whose high honor and spotless renown they disgrace by refusing to defend, and that the extreme penalties of the law will be enforced without exception when caught, as well against their aiders and abettors in the civil courts. Simultaneously with this proclamation orders will issue to the entire militia of the State to turn out for their arrest, and I hope by timely submission they will spare me the pain of hunting down like guilty felons many brave and misguided men who have served their country well and could do so again. Deserters from other States who hide in our woods and assist in giving our State a bad name, I can do nothing for, but to the erring soldiers of North Carolina I confidently appeal. And I earnestly call on all good citizens to assist me in making this appeal effectual, both by their influence as men, to take pains to seek out all deserters of their acquaintance, put this proclamation in their hands, or in the hands of their relatives and friends, and urge upon them to return to the path of duty, which is also the path of safety and honor. If every good and loyal citizen would set about to reclaim or capture one deserter by every means in his power, he would succeed and he will have rendered a most valuable and patriotic service to his State and country. Civil magistrates are also exhorted to be diligent in proceeding against all such as violate the statute against harboring, aiding or abetting deserters, and warning is hereby given that in all cases where either civil magistrates or militia or home guard officers refuse or neglect to faithfully perform their duty in this respect, upon proper evidence submitted to me, the executive protection extended to them under acts of Congress shall be withdrawn, as I cannot certify that officers, civil or military, who refuse to perform their duties are "necessary to the due administration of the laws," which they will not execute. Given under my hand, and the great seal of the State, at Raleigh, this 24th day of August, 1864.

Z. B. VANCE. By the Governor: A. M. McPHERSON, Private Sec'y, pro tem. aug26-d1w12w

WANTED. THE UNDERSIGNED is desirous to purchase a first rate POWER PRESS, in good working order. Apply at once to P. J. SINCLAIR, 158-tf Ed. North Carolinian.

NEW MUSIC.

THE SOUTH. Words by the lamented Captain S. LAROCY HAMMOND, of the Entaw Regiment, Music by Col. Hewitt.

KEEP ME AWAKE MOTHER.

A reply to the ever popular "Rock me to Sleep, Mother." Words by Mrs. Stratton, Music by Joseph Hart Denck.

Dear Mother, I've Come Home to Die. Why No One to Love? Star Spangled Cross and Pure Field of White. Up with the Flag. The Southern Cross. Southern Soldier Boy. All Quiet Along the Potomac To-Night. Rock me to Sleep Mother. My Wife and Child. Kathleen Mavourneen. Virginia Marsellaize, (French and English words.) Farewell Enchanting Hope. No Surrender. Harp of the South. Awake! Good-bye, Sweetheart, Good-bye. Mother, Oh! Sing me to Rest. The March of the Southern Men. Love Me.

Musical Souvenir, containing three Songs. In addition to the above, the following new pieces have just been received: Pray Maiden Pray; Aura Lea; I Remember the Hour; Aurora Leary; Myrtle of Ayr; My Young Prayer.

Particular attention called to our collection of Music, at 17, Market Square. 143-tf

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECEIVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at No. 17, Market Square

New Books! New Books!

THE FOLLOWING popular works have just been received at 17, Market Square.

"EAST LYNNE" or "The Earl's Daughter," by the author of "The Heirs of Abberley," "The Earl's Secret," "The Red Coat Farm, &c." This work has just been issued from the Press and has a deserved popularity.

"MACARIA" or "Altars of Sacrifice," a few more numbers of this great Novel have arrived.

"MISTRESS AND MAID" a fresh supply just received. Also the Illustrated News containing a portrait of Gen. Hood. The "Mercury" is received weekly. The Magnolia Weekly. 157-tf

A GOOD SUPPLY of the extra fine chewing tobacco, which I will sell on accommodating terms, wholesale or retail. June 10-tf I. HOLLINGSWORTH.