

McClammy

The North Carolinian.

VOL. III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1864. NO. 202

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
BY
P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.
Six months TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. Three months, FIFTY DOLLARS.
One month THREE DOLLARS.

Advertisements in the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements in the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rate for that insertion.

When a bill is sent, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, Deaths, Notices and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of Gold Issue	Value of Silver Issue	Value of Paper Issue	Value of Gold Issue
1.00	1.33 1/3	1.00	1.50
2.00	2.66 2/3	2.00	3.00
3.00	4.00	3.00	4.50
4.00	5.33 1/3	4.00	6.00
5.00	6.66 2/3	5.00	7.50
10.00	13.33 1/3	10.00	15.00
15.00	20.00	15.00	22.50
20.00	26.66 2/3	20.00	30.00
25.00	33.33 1/3	25.00	37.50
30.00	40.00	30.00	45.00
35.00	46.66 2/3	35.00	52.50
40.00	53.33 1/3	40.00	60.00
45.00	60.00	45.00	67.50
50.00	66.66 2/3	50.00	75.00
55.00	73.33 1/3	55.00	82.50
60.00	80.00	60.00	90.00
65.00	86.66 2/3	65.00	97.50
70.00	93.33 1/3	70.00	105.00
75.00	100.00	75.00	112.50
80.00	106.66 2/3	80.00	120.00
85.00	113.33 1/3	85.00	127.50
90.00	120.00	90.00	135.00
95.00	126.66 2/3	95.00	142.50
100.00	133.33 1/3	100.00	150.00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—Non-Interest Bearing \$100 Notes. Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS before 1st April, 1864, at par.

From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 65 1/2

From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56 1/2

From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46 1/2

From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36 1/2

From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26 1/2

From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16 1/2

Swept away by monthly tax, Oct. inc., at 6 1/2

Any non-interest bearing \$100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent, thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE REPORTER'S DICTIONARY, BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seven months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALL,
Augusta, Ga.

H. McMILLAN
Auctioneer and
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 10-3m

MISTRESS AND MAID.
JUST RECEIVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at
No. 17, Market Square

A FEW more volumes of "Robert and Harold" or "The Young Marooners," together with "Duncan Adair," by Mrs. Jane T. Cross, Just received at
17, Market Square.

CLAIMS
Of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

Wilson, N. C. June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty, arrears of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must wish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

J. W. A. STANLY,
Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS
throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
RAILROAD BUREAU,
Richmond, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows: In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of their armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved,
V. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
Augusta, Ga. Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relatives of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in their power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Supt. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
May 20th.

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.
WANTED—A few 4 per cent. Bonds.—
Apply at the
151-4t
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

Wanted.
200,000 FEET OF 1 1/2 & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch wide.
Apply at the
189-6t
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.
CORRECTED BY J. W. A. STANLY.

Bacon	15 00	16 00
Lard	12 00	13 00
Beef	10 00	11 00
Pork	8 00	9 00
Butter	20 00	21 00
Eggs	15 00	16 00
Flour	12 00	13 00
Wheat	10 00	11 00
Oats	8 00	9 00
Hay	15 00	16 00
Sticks	10 00	11 00
Grain	12 00	13 00
Apples	15 00	16 00
Oranges	20 00	21 00
Lemons	15 00	16 00
Peaches	10 00	11 00
Plums	12 00	13 00
Cherries	15 00	16 00
Strawberries	10 00	11 00
Raspberries	12 00	13 00
Blackberries	10 00	11 00
Blueberries	12 00	13 00
Wildberries	10 00	11 00
Blackberries	12 00	13 00
Blueberries	10 00	11 00
Wildberries	12 00	13 00

THE ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!

BRILLIANT CHARMING,
PRIZING, SHARING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
OF
REAL
LIFE,
LIFE,
LIFE,
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY,
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELLETTES,
NOVELLETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WHICISMS, MISCELLANY,
WHICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
A
TRAVELER'S
COMPANION.
PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY.
A RICH CASSET OF
POLITE SOUTHERN LITERATURE!

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....\$10
The Trade supplied at \$25 per hundred.
Address,
WM. B. SMITH,
Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C.

Envelopes! Envelopes!
SUPERIOR articles of ENVELOPES,
Commercial size, just received and for sale, at the store under the
June 20th
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC
Reported by the Press Association, 1864.

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia.

FROM HOOVER'S ARMY.
An Important Movement on Foot!
FROM THE VALLEY.
REPORTED REPELSE OF THE ENEMY!

Richmond, Sept. 27.—The Evening *Whig* says: We have information of one of the most important movements of the war, just made by Hood's army. Out of abundant caution, we refrain from stating to-day what it is, but a few hours will make it known to the public, and the enemy—to the latter we trust with crushing effect.

Richmond, Sept. 27.—Passengers by the Central train to-night reiterated the report received last night that Early had repulsed the attack of the enemy in the vicinity of Port Republic.

Nothing official or certain from the Valley to-day. It is believed that the force reported to have been repulsed by Early is Toib's cavalry, which Sheridan sent in pursuit of the retreating Confederates.

THE BATTLE AT WINCHESTER.
From an intelligent officer who was present on the occasion, the *Charlottesville Chronicle* derives the following account of the battle on Monday:

About daylight, the enemy advanced by the Berryville road on Ramseur, who was posted at the Spout Spring, on the same road, some four miles east of Winchester. Gordon was at Banker Hill, on the Martinsburg road, on a communication. Rods was at Hopewell Church, near Whitehall, to the left of the Martinsburg road, about eight miles below Winchester. About daylight, Gordon, and about 7 a. m., Rods, commenced moving back to the point of attack. Wharton remained on the extreme left, on the Martinsburg road, a short distance below Winchester. About 10 or 11 a. m., all of our troops were on the field, our line facing east—the enemy facing west. Ramseur stretched from Abraham Creek to the Berryville pike—Rods had taken position in between him and Gordon—Wharton, as we have stated, holding the left. The battle now bore strongly towards our left: About half-past twelve, General Rods, who was placing a battery in the gap between himself and Gordon, was struck by a ball, just behind the ear, and borne from the field in a dying condition. He was attended at the time by only two carriers. The enemy continued to push their line around our left, and about four p. m., their cavalry on their extreme right, lapped our lines some two miles. This cavalry charged our cavalry, and completely routed it; and then wheeled into Winchester on our rear. This made it necessary for our infantry to fall back, which it did slowly, reaching Winchester about dark. The whole army then retreated on that evening to Newtown—a day or two from Strasburg, where it is now posted. This is eighteen miles from Winchester, and a position of great strength—having the North Mountain on the left, and the Massanutten Mountain on its right.

The battle is described as a very severe one; the loss on both sides heavy—their's supposed to be greater than ours. We took some 500 or 700 prisoners, more than we lost. A-rill is reported killed; but this is not authenticated. We lost three guns, and, of course, left some of our wounded in the hands of the enemy. The ambulances of the army, which were loaded with wounded, came off safely. With this qualification we brought off our weapons, artillery, &c. There was considerable straggling on our part.

The casualties embrace Major General Rods, killed; Brigadier General Godwin, (of Portsmouth, Va.) killed; Major Gen. Fitz Lee, (said to be slightly wounded); Brig. General York (commanding Hays' and Stafford's Louisiana brigade) arm shot off; Acting Brigadier General Thomas H. Carter, commanding artillery, slightly wounded by shell in back; and five Colonels, names not remembered, killed.

Brigadier General Battle of North Carolina is in command of Rods' division.

Our informant states that the force of the enemy was very large, more than two fold our numbers. Up to the time of our being flanked, we were pushing them back.

FROM THE FRONT.—In the *Macon Intelligencer*, we find the annexed news: Important movements are being made by our army. It is neither proper or prudent, however, to give any detailed account of them at present.

We have the rumor from a very reliable source that the Yankees occupied Griffin this (Friday) morning. We cannot express any opinion on the result of the movement, but suppose the authorities have carefully calculated the entire situation, and are prepared for every emergency that may arise.

BY THE GOV. OF NORTH CAROLINA
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, IT IS REPORTED TO ME that many soldiers from the troops of this State have deserted from their colors and enlisted in the ranks of the enemy, and are now taking in the mountains, some of the most fertile and beautiful in the State, by forcing their way through the mountains, and other by violent depredations upon peaceable citizens, entailing shame and obloquy upon themselves and their posterity, endangering the laws and the peace of society, and damaging the cause of their hard-pressed country.

And, whereas, Gen. Robert E. Lee, in General Order No. 54, Aug. 1864, has promised to deal leniently with all who promptly return to duty, though they may have incurred the penalties of desertion by prolonged absence without authority. Now, therefore, I, Zedon B. Vance, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my proclamation, urging most earnestly upon all such misguided men to wipe out from their own respected names the foul stain of desertion by promptly returning to the post of duty in accordance with said General Order No. 54, promising to all such who voluntarily return or surrender themselves to the proper authorities a full and free pardon, or the infliction of only the mildest penalties of the military law, except those who have been guilty of capital felonies against the lives and property of the citizens, and this promise shall hold good for thirty days from the date hereof. And I hereby warn all such who refuse to comply with the terms that the utmost power of the State will be exerted to capture them or drive them from the borders of a country whose high honor and spotless renown they disgrace by refusing to defend, and that the extreme penalties of the law will be enforced without exception when caught, as well against their wives and children in the civil courts. Simultaneously with this proclamation orders will issue to the entire militia of the State to turn out for their duty, and I hope by timely submission they will spare me the pain of hunting down like guilty felons many brave and misguided men who have served their country well and could so regain. Deserters from our State who hide in our woods and swamps in giving our State a bad name, I can do nothing for but to the erring soldiers of North Carolina I confidently appeal. And I earnestly call on all good citizens to assist me in making this appeal effectual, both by their influence as men, to take pains to seek out all deserters of their acquaintance, but this proclamation in their hands, or in the hands of their relatives and friends, and urge upon them to return to the path of duty, which is also the path of safety and of honor. If every good and loyal citizen would set about to reclaim or capture one deserter by every means in his power, he would succeed and he will have rendered a most valuable and patriotic service to his State and country. Civil magistrates are also exhorted to be diligent in proceeding against all such as violate the statute against harboring, aiding or abetting deserters, and warning is hereby given that in all cases where either civil magistrates or militia or home guard officers refuse or neglect to faithfully perform their duty in this respect, upon proper evidence submitted to me, the Executive protection extended to them under acts of Congress shall be withdrawn, as I cannot certify that officers, civil or military, who refuse to perform their duties are "necessary to the due administration of the laws," which they will not execute.

Given under my hand, and the great seal of the State, at Raleigh, this 24th day of August, 1864.

Z. B. VANCE.

HAMPTON'S CAVALRY.—The Federal Commissioners buy beavers of the largest size for the use of their armies in Virginia. The expense and trouble of transportation, which are in proportion to numbers, make this very expedient. The beavers taken in Hampton's late expedition are judged by a London grader to weigh eight hundred pounds net. Twenty-four hundred and eighty six beavers at eight hundred pounds would make an aggregate of 1,988,800 pounds, or within a fraction of 2,000,000 pounds. This, distributed in daily rations of a pound each, would feed a thousand men for nearly two thousand days, ten thousand men for two hundred days, or fifty thousand for two hundred and fifty days. It is a very nice addition to our commissaries, for which we are very much obliged to Mr. Grant and particularly to Gen. Hampton and his brave—*Richmond Sentinel*.

The Lynchburg *Republican* says no damage was done to the Orange road by the enemy but the burning of the bridge across the Rapidan, and that, we understand, was only partially destroyed and can be repaired in a few days. The train of cars, for the safety of which fears were entertained, escaped capture. Much private damage was done, three mills and several private houses being destroyed. The force was a part of Sheridan's cavalry, sent for the purpose of breaking the communication between Early and Richmond. They have left Culpeper, going back into the Valley.

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