THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER.

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THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

THE

NORTH CAROLINIAN

BY

P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

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TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association. 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia.

NEW HOPE, May 30.—Via Marietta 31st, scarcely a shot was fired yesterday or to-day. Both armies have taken advantage of the temporary lull to enjoy the rest thus afforded after the fatigue of the last 30 days. The weather is warm, and the dust almost insufferable.

Small squads of prisoners continue to come in. About 500 have been captured so far.

STARR'S FARM, May 31.—Battle's and Daniel's brigades on yesterday evening flanked a line of the enemy's skirmishes, capturing 120 prisoners of the 5th corps, who have been received here.

There is some heavy firing on the left this morning, which has not been explained yet.

RICHMOND, May 31.—There is no official confirmation at the War Department of the evacuation of Chesterfield county by Butler, but, no doubt of the fact exists.

A portion of his forces have been sent off unver Smith to reinforce Grant.

Sharp cannonading was heard this morning in the direction of Mechanicsville.

Weather clear and very warm.

BATTLE FIELD near Mechanicsville, May 31, 6 p. m.—Yesterday evening about 3 o'clock there was a considerable engagement between a portion of Early's and Rhodes' divisions, of Ewell's corps, and 5th corps of Yankee infantry. The fight lasted about two hurs. We drove the enemy back about a mile and a half until they reached a strongly entrenched line of works, from which it was impossible to dislodge them.

We attacked the enemy for the purpose of discovering his position, and found him strongly massed and entrenched on our right. This fight occurred near Bethesda church, on the Mechanicsville road, about 9 miles from Richmond.

Our loss is about 300 wounded, and 50 killed, among the former is Col. Willis of the 12th Ga., and Maj. Smith of the 45th N. C., among the latter is Col. Terrell of the 13th Va., mortally wounded, and left in front of the enemy's works.

We captured about 150 prisoners. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded is supposed to be heavier than ours.

To-day there has been heavy cannonading and sharp skirmishing in Mahone's front, but no general engagement. It is supposed that the enemy is moving still towards our right, so as to cover and use the York river railroad.

RICHMOND, May 31.—The London correspondent of the N. Y. *Times*, of the 30th April, says memorials with shortly be presented in Parliament from every part of the Kingdom, under auspices of the clergy of the Established Church, urging the government to use its influence to stop the war in America.

RICHMOND, May 31.—The Senate, yesterday, concurred in the House resolution extending the session.

To-day has been chiefly occupied in discussing bill confining the power to make impressments exclusively to the tithe collector.

On motion of Mr. Hill, the Judiciary Committee were discharged from further consideration of the habeas Corpus question. He said the Committee are of opinion that it is inexpedient to legislate further on the subject at this time. In the House the report of the special committee in the case of of Cobb of Alabama, charged with disloyalty, recommending that the seat be declared vacant, after debates was recommitted, with instructions to take additional testimony during recess.

The Senate bill doubling pay and mileage of members of Congress was passed.

RICHMOND, June 1, 3 P. M.—Large force of Yankee cavalry made a raid on Ashland to-day. Persons from the vicinity report that they saw colums of smoke ascending in the direction of the town.

Severe fighting has taken place to-day on our right.

All reports from the front favorable.

Press reporters will doubtless send particulars to-night.

STARR'S FARM, June 1.—No general engagement occurred to-day, but some fighting occurred on Wilcox's front, resulting in the repulse of the enemy.

Breckinridge has also been engaged to some extent, capturing 100 prisoners from the 2nd Yankee corps, who are on the way to Richmond.

Also heavy firing at one time on Kershaw's front, but it is believed not to be more than heavy skirmishing.

There is heavy firing this evening in the direction of Bottom's Bridge.

Yesterday evening our cavalry fought the Yankee infantry near Coald Harbor, and were pressed back until reinforced by our infantry. During this fight, Maj. Flournoy, of the 6th Va., was killed.

There was also a cavalry fight near Enlah (?) (Bethesda) Church on Monday evening and last evening, but it amounted to very little.

Prisoners captured report Grant out of rations, which is quite possible.

A general engagement may occur to-morrow. The length of our lines precludes anything like an accurate report from the whole front.

RICHMOND, June 1.—The New York *Tribune* of the 28th says that all the Yankee wounded at the fight at Hanover Court House have been removed, preparatory to the evacuation of the city.

Joshua R. Giddings, dropped dead at Montreal, on the 23d.

Mosby's men destroyed all the block houses and bridges from Union Mills, to the Rapidan.

Nothing of interest from the army.

Gold 186.

RICHMOND, JUNE 1.—The Senate passed the bill regulating impressments, with amendments not affecting the main objects of the measure, viz.: To transfer the power of impressments, with limitations, from the military authorities to the collectors.

Also passed Senate bill authorizing the appointment of additional quartermasters and commissaries.

The House was occupied in a further consideration of the bill amending the tax act.

Various bills and resolutions were introduced.

RICHMOND, June 1.—The *Tribune* gives particulars of an affray that occurred at a hotel in Washington, between Voorhees and Senator Chandler, in which the latter was roughly handled. The collision grew out of remarks at table of Chandler against copperheads.

MOBILE, June 1.—Special to the *Advertiser* from Senatobia on the 1st, states that Northern dates to the 28th have been received; they contain many comments on the late Federal reverses; prognosticate Grant's success with his new movements.

The Metropolitan Record's summary damaging to Federal pride. It is believed that the South cannot be conquered. By their recent success it is undeniable that they have already achieved their independence.

The Ohio "Crisis" estimates the loss in Cereals, in consequence of reduction in labor in Ohio, at twenty hundred millions in bushels.

The New York *Tribune* says a large number of officers have resigned. Out of 2000 men drafted in Connecticut recently, 16 signified their willingness to serve. The balance paid out, or got off on Medical certificates.

RICHMOND, June 2d.—The Philadelphia *Enquirer* of the 30th has dispatches from Grant's army, filled with gasconade. He says that Lee has been out-generaled.

The whole army is across the Pamunkey and moving on to Richmond.

Dispatches from Georgia are unimportant. There have been many sharp encounters, but nothing decisive.

Gold closed at 188.

RICHMOND, June 2nd.—Hoke's division encountered the enemy's left, yesterday morning, inflicting heavy loss, and capturing a battery, a stand of colors and a number of prisoners.

Col. Lawrence M. Keitt, of S. C., was severely wounded yesterday.

RICHMOND, June 2.—The following official dispatch was received:

HEAD Q'RS ARMY NO. VIRGINIA, June 1st, 1864.

To the Secretary of War:

There has been skirmishing along the lines to-day.

Anderson and Hoke attacked the enemy this forenoon and drove them to their entrenchments.

This afternoon the enemy attacked Heath, and were handsomely repulsed by Cooke's and Kirkland's brigades.

Breckinridge and Mahone drove the enemy from their front, taking about 150 prisoners.

A force of infantry is reported to have arrived at Tunstall's Station from the White House, extending up the York River Railroad. They state that they belong to Butler's forces.

RICHMOND, June 2.—Only a small force of Yankees were at Ashland yesterday.—Very little damage was done. The main body was attacked and defeated by Lomax.

Official dispatches from Gen. Johnston, dated New Hope, 1st, says: The army is in a healthy condition. In the partial engagement he has had great advantage. The enemy's cavalry and transportation animals are in a suffering condition.

RICHMOND, June 2.—Severe fighting in the direction of York river is reported this forenoon. No particulars have been received.

RICHMOND, June 2.—Nothing of importance in either House of Congress to-day. House spent some time in secret session.

RICHMOND, June 2.—Our forces on the Southside attacked the Yankees this morning in their rifle pits, near Ware Bottom Church, killing a number and capturing the 107th Connecticut.

Our loss trifling.

RICHMOND, June 2.—The authentic version of the affairs at Ashland yesterday, represents that the enemy attacked Lee's cavalry near Hanover Court House, in the morning pressed them back through Ashland. The Yankees then proceeded to tear up the railroad and whilst thus engaged Rosser's cavrlry dashed in and routed the party, capturing 360 horses and a number of prisoners. The flying enemy was pursed nearly to the Court House.

NORTHERN ITEMS.

The captain of the captured blockade runner, Greyhound, which reached Boston on Thursday afternoon, escaped during the excitement incident to her arrival. The ship was surrounded by boats from the shore, and there being little or no lookout kept, the captured captain availed himself of the neglect, and got ashore, dodging his captors.

Gen. Kilpatrick, in a dispatch to his family at Buttermilk Falls, N. Y., says that although his wounds are slight, they will compel him to give up the command, and he is, therefore, on his way home.—He was wounded near Summerville, Ga., while leading a cavalry charge in the rear of Johnston's army.

The Alexandria (Va.) *Journal* says that Monday afternoon 15 officers and 300 men, all of them skedaddlers from Grant's army, were forwarded to Belle Plain to be returned to their regiments. The officers were marched in the rear of their men, and some of them were handcuffed together. The "Journal" adds: "A sad but just example."

Here is another similar statement from a Baltimore paper:

Last night a body of stragglers arrived here from Washington, to the number of six hundred, including seventeen officers, some of them having surgeons' certificates of disability, and others slightly wounded. General Meade has ordered the latter to be tried by court martial. Many resignations have been sent in within the past two days. All will have to be accepted for the good of the service, as it is believed that no officer capable and disposed to perform his duty at this time would resign.

A letter from Fortress Monroe says the steamer Dictator, from Newbern and Hatteras Inlet, reports that a bottle was picked up off Hatteras on the 20th, containing a record of the loss of the steamer Manhattan at sea. She was from Wilmington, N. C., bound to Bermuda. A large lot of cotton was picked up off Hatteras on the 20th.

Gen. Hooker, it seems, was not wounded in the recent battles at and near Resaca. The sufferer was Brig. Gen. Harker.

Butler's Medical Director puts his loss in the great fight of Monday at five thousand, exclusive of Heckman's brigade, which is reported as nearly all missing.

The two suppressed newspapers, *Journal of Commerce* and *World*, having resumed publication, are lecturing the Administration with considerable sorceness; but, as something of that kind was looked for, the lectures excite but little remark. Gov. Seymour has instructed the District Attorney, Oakly Hall, to institute, in the name of the State, proceedings against all persons who were instrumental in the temporary suspension of the two papers in question. The Albany *Argus*, (the Governor's own organ,) in the course of a truculent leader, in view of the "outrage," calls upon the Democratic members of Congress to abandon their seats and return to their constituents. There is a good deal more wild talk about the necessity of the people preparing for resistance, all of which clearly means mischief, and the mischief may culminate in another July riot if it be not watched.

Gov. Seymour's instructions to his District Attorney are ostentatiously paraded on the *World* bulletin, but as many people think it incredible that the Governor is seeking another quarrel with the Federal Government, there was a disposition to pronounce the "bulletin" as bogus as the proclamation itself. The endorsement of the Associated Press, however, in this instance, shows that, unhappily, it is but too true. As the papers were suppressed and their proprietors arrested by order of Gen Dix, it will be something worth witnessing, to see a warrant issuing to place that gentleman under arrest.

The Atlanta *Intelligencer* of the 29th gives the following as the situation:

This army at last has apparently got into the necessary position for a battle to ensue. All the necessary arrangements have been made. The Relief Committees and reserve Surgical corps have been ordered to their stations and every appearance indicates an early engagement.—Doubtless this Sabbath is destined, as it has been before, for a battle to occur.

By our dispatches, it will be seen that the scene of conflict between the gallant Cleburn with his soldiers against Howard's corps was most terrific and destructive. Doubtless the enemy are more desperate than ever, and fight with the incentive which drunken courage and misplaced confidence of supposed disparity of strength gives.

The enemy has been making a persistent effort during two days past, to extend their line so as to get Altoona as a point for their left to rest on. If Sherman secures that place he gets a near base for his supplies, brought on the State Road, and thereby, he secures an objective point against us, which will permit him to make a centre for the accumulation of stores, and where he can rest until he recuperates.

Gen. Johnston will prevent the manouvre and there is little doubt that a general engagement will ensue on the ground mentioned. It is the important point, for which all previous strategy and fighting for position has been made.

These are our views, founded on a thorough knowledge of the topography of the country and the run of the game hitherto. A large number of prisoners, captured by Cleburne on Saturday morning, arrived here last night.

The Chicago Times and Missouri Republican of the 29th says that Butler, after repulsing the rebels on the 16th, fell back from Fort Darling, safely arriving behind his new line of entrenchments, where he is able to withstand an attack from the forces than can be brought against him.

They admit that the 18th corps was badly cut up and lost many prisoners, but killed and wounded one [illegible] rebels.

Sheridan had started on a raid [illegible] Richmond, and thinks the rebel communication cut off.

Sherman, on the 18th, [illegible] Kingston on Wednesday.

Rome was occupied by [illegible].

Gen. Pope has been ordered [illegible] Washington with 6,000 men.

The editors of the New York [illegible] of Commerce and the World [illegible] tried. The Chicago Times says [illegible] currence is an occasion for [illegible] alarm, and a resumption of [illegible] of that arbitrary power which has so shocked the country.

Nathaniel Hawthorne died [illegible] on the 19th inst.

The Chicago editorial [illegible] situation says: It is only [illegible] are able to form an accurate [illegible] the events of last week [illegible] why Lee, after being routed [illegible] and Gillem being [illegible] failed to follow the demoralized foe. The Government has never given a single explanation of the situation of the army, but after announcing a glorious victory, suddenly ceased to forward anything.

The battle on Thursday was undoubtedly, the most fiercely contested, costly and gigantic ever fought on this continent. Early in the morning Hancock gained a brilliant success, of which Stanton notified the country. Late in the day the rebels made a desperate charge, regaining all that was lost, which fact Stanton concealed. The battle raged savagely all day, resulting in the complete failure of Grant to make the slightest impression on the rebel lines. He had a terrible aggregate of killed, wounded and missing as our gains during that bloody day. Grant's change of position, on Friday night, was promptly met by the rebels. Grant thus far has occupied his time in getting reinforcements.

An officer from Duval's Bluff states that the rebels planted a battery at South Bend, on White river, near the cut off, completely blockading the river.

The steamer Florida is reported at Bermuda on the 12th.

A HAPPY TIME.—During the fourth day's proceedings of the "National Methodist Episcopal Conference," at Philadelphia, the quadrennial address of the Bishops of the Church was read. We copy from the *Inquirer's* report the following:

When that part of the address was read which recommends the passage of a law that no slaveholder shall hereafter be entitled to admission into the Methodist Episcopal Church, it was hailed with most unbounded applause.

The strongly anti-slavery members of the body could scarcely tell whether they were in the flesh or out of it, while the whole body seemed to feel that the year of Jubilee had come. The Rev. Bishop was compelled to cease for a considerable time his reading, which pause was fully occupied by continued applause and shouts of "Glory!" "Hallelujah!" "Amen!"

The address was finally finished, when it was proposed to sing "Old Hundred," "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," &c.

A motion was then made to print five thousand copies of the address. On this question an opportunity was taken by the members of the body for "enjoying," as Dr. Hill, of Erie, remarked, "the sunshine of the day." Great and rapturous jubilation was expressed on account of the change in national affairs, which, in the Providence of God, has rendered this proposed action of the church possible.

Finally, it was determined to print 10,000 copies of the address for gratuitous circulation, and request its publication in all the church papers.

THE FRENCH AND THE YANKEE NATION.—In the Yankee Congress, on the 23d, Winter Davis, of Md, offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The following announcement appeared in the "Moniteur," the French official organ, viz:

"The Emperor's Government has received from the United States satisfactory evidence of the sense and bearing of the resolution of the House of Representatives at Washington relative to Mexico; and it is known besides that the Senate has indefinitely postponed an examination of the question, which in any case, the Executive would not have sactioned."

Therefore Resolved, That the President communicate to this House, if not inconsistent with the public interests, any explanation given by the Government of the United States relative to the sense and bearing of the resolution relative to Mexico, which unanimously passed the House on the 4th of April, 1864.

The resolution was passed almost unanimously, under a suspension of the rules.

A friend in the army near Petersburg, sends us the following:

COL. SINCLAIR:—Please publish the following list of casualties in Co. D, 49th regiment N C Troops, for the benefit of all interested, viz: Killed, sergeant J T McDowald. Wounded, privates Duncan Cole, in thigh, Neill B. Caddell, in thigh, Enoch Stuart, in the great toe, Alexander Johnson, Jr., in back, Neill Kennedy, top of the head. None of these are considered dangerous except perhaps Johnson, who having a vigorous constitution will most likely recovery.

COM'D OFFICER OF COMPANY.

USEFUL TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—The plant commonly known as 'water pepper,' or 'smart weed,' which may be found in abundance along our ditches, roads, lanes and barn yards, is an effectual and certain destroyer of the bed bug. A strong decaction is made of the herb, and the place invested with the insect washed thoroughly with it. Elder berry leaves, laid upon the shelves of a safe or cupboard will also drive away roaches and ants, while the common house fly will not venture in smelling distance of them.

RAID TOWARDS THE WILMINGTON ROAD.—As we go to press we learn from good authority that a Yankee force, said to be from twelve to fifteen hundred strong, with artillery, &c., have moved out from Sheppardsville, and threaten the line of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad. Steps have promptly been taken to check them.—*State Journal 2d inst.*

We publish to-day a communication from "Cumberland." We have nothing to say in the matter, and we take no sides with political parties. We will always, however let the people be heard through our columns, on either side.

CAPTIONS OF ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS

Passed at the Adjourned Session of the General Assembly, A. D., 1864.

1. An act in reference to the payment of taxes.

2. An act concerning the *per diem* and mileage of the members of the General Assembly, during the present session.

3. An act to amend an act, entitled "An act to authorize five Justices of the Peace of Carteret and Craven counties to appoint a Commissioner, and for other purposes."

4. Resolution extending time to the sureties of the official bond of W. T. J. Vann, late sheriff of New Hanover county to collect taxes.

5. Resolution in favor of J. C. Griffith, sheriff of Caswell county.

6. Resolution authorizing the distribution of the Revised Code of this State among the Justices of the Peace who have not been supplied.

7. An act to amend an act, ratified the 13th December, 1863, entitled "An act making the appropriation for the Military Establishment of the State."

8. An act to incorporate the Fayetteville Mill Manufacturing Company, in the county of Cumberland.

9. A resolution in reference to the Public Treasurer.

10. An act to incorporate the Yanceyville Female Seminary.

11. An act to incorporate the Cross Creek Manufacturing Company.

12. An act to incorporate the Trustees of the Soldiers' Female Orphan Home, in Forsythe county.

13. Resolutions to be laid before Congress in reference to the rights of North Carolina in the importation of goods.

14. Resolution of thanks to Major General Hoke, Brig. General Ransom and Commander Cooke.

15 Resolution in favor of J. C. Smith, late sheriff of Alexander county.

16. An act in favor of John A Long.

17. An act to legalize the proceedings of the county court of Davie in laying the taxes for the year 1864.

18. An act to amend an act to restore the courts and for other purposes.

19. An act to incorporate the Trustees of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the Confederate States of America.

20 An act to amend an act, ratified on the 17th December 1862, entitled "an act to prohibit the distillation of spiritous liquors.

21. An act to enlarge the powers of the Commissioners of the town of Wilmington.

22. An act to incorporate the Cape Fear lodge of A. Y. Masons, No. 194, in Elizabethtown, Bladen county.

23. An act to protect cattle.

24. An act to authorize the county court of Watauga county to sell the old jail in the town of Boone.

25. An act to allow Alexander J. Hood, late Tax Collector of the county of Mecklenburg, further time to collect taxes.

26. Resolution concerning the collection and listing of taxes in Watauga county.

27. Resolution in favor of H. B. Deaver, late tax collector for the county of Madison.

28. Resolution of thanks to the officers and soldiers of North Carolina.

29. An act to authorize the Justices of any county to meet in special term to levy taxes.

30. An act concerning the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind.

31. An act to incorporate the Cape Fear Importing and Exporting Company.

33. An act to extend the time for comparing the polls in certain counties, and for other purposes.

33. An act transferring causes in Equity depending in the courts of certain counties.

34. An act to prevent obstructions in Big Swamp by means of fish traps.

35. An act in reference to exemption from taxes.

36. An act to authorize the securities of Lewis Williamson, late Sheriff of Cabarrus county, to collect arrears of taxes.

37. An act to incoporate the Island Ford Toll Bridge Company in the county of Rockingham.

38. An act to amend the charter of the town of Charlotte, passed at the session of 1860-61.

39. Resolution in favor of harmony and co-operation.

40. Resolution exempting State and other officers from conscription.

41. Resolution in favor of Alexander Smith of Transylvania county.

42. Resolutions in relation to Governor Vance.

43. Resolutions concerning certain acts of the Congress of the Confederate States.

44. Resolutions in favor of the Speakers, Clerks and Doorkeeper.

45. Resolutions in reference to military organization known as Mallett's Battalion.

46. Resolution in favor of Drury King.

47. Resolutions in relation to the Judges, Gov. Vance and T P Napier.

48. Resolutions concerning the importation of goods by the State.

49. Resolution in favor of Thomas J. Kennedy.

50. Resolutions in reference to a basis of peace.

51. Resolution concerning the acts of Congress.

52. An act to legalize the sale of the public goal and lot in the town of Wilkesboro'.

53. An act for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army.

54. An act to amend the charter of the Fayetteville and Florence Railroad Company.

We regret to learn that Capt. Ray of the 6th regiment, was badly wounded near Drewry's Bluff. It is reported that he will loose a foot.

Willie F. Campbell, son of A. M. Campbell, Esq., of this place, a member of Capt. McKeller's company, was also wounded lately.

We stated in a late issue that it was reported that Gen. Bragg had ordered the evacuation of Petersburg. Maj. General Ransom publishes a card denying the statement.

The *Examiner* states that there is a rumor in Richmond, that our shinplasterman, Meminger, has, or is about to resign. Should it be true, Gold will decline.

On Thursday the members of the Ladies' Loyal Leagu held their anniversary meeting at the Church of the Puritans, at New York, Mrs. Stanton presiding. Addresses were made by Lucretia Mott, Wendell Phillips and George Thompson.

PERSONAL LIBERTY BILL.

The following is a copy of an Act, passed by the Legislature at the session which hast just closed, to protect the personal liberty of citizens of the State who are not in the army. It was introduced by Hon. Nat. Boyden, Senator from Rowan. We have not been able to procure a statement of the vote on this bill, it stood 26 to 19 in the Senate, and 54 to 11 in the House:

AN ACT more effectually to secure the benefits of the writ of habeas corpus and to prevent the transportation of citizens in civil life beyond the limits of the State.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That any person as to whom a writ of *habeas corpus* has been issued and served, who wilfully fails or refuses, under any pretence whatever to obey the mandate thereof, or the orders of the judge or court thereon, before whom the same is heard or [illegible] intentionally prevents the service of the same by force, or by keeping out of the way, or who shall wilfully fail or refuse to permit any person upon application by council, in his custody, to consult with and have the assistance of council, for the purpose of sueing out, or prosecuting said writ, or who shall send away or conceal any person who is in his custody or under his control, with intent to prevent said writ from being discharged, when the judge or court so orders, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction in the Superior Court, shall be find not less than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not less than one year.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That if any person shall, under any pretence whatsoever, transport beyond the limits of this State, by force or violence, any person in civil life, such person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be find not less thad two thousand dollars and imprisoned not less that one year.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That if any person in civil life shall be transported beyond the limits of this State, contrary to the provisions of the second section of this act, the Governor of the State shall forthwith demand him of the authorities of the Confederate States where such person may be imprisoned.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, the 28th day of May, 1864.

R. S. DONNELL, S. C. H.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

DIED,

At his residence in this place, on the 29th inst., of Typhoid Pneumonia, BENJAMIN S. VALENTINE, of the Confederate States Navy, in the 22d year of his age.

At the Hospital in this town, after a protracted illness of typhoid fever, Mr. NEILL McKINNON, of Sampson county, of the Confederate States Navy, aged 43 years.

The funeral will take place at the Bluff Church this morning at 10 o'clock.

The Value of Money.

1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	58 00	82 55
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.

From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by monthly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER.

IS PUBLISHED AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. on TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS

Will be fully and carefully reported each day, and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

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In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of army matters.

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P. J. SINCLAIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

A CARD.

Having been recommended through the kindness of my friends, as a suitable person to represent the counties of Moore and Montgomery in the next Senate of North Carolina. I take this method of expressing my grateful acknowledgments to my friends for this manifestation of their esteem and confidence. But I cannot consent to become a candidate at this time. If the condition my family and business would permit me to leave home, I think I could render more valuable service to the Country in the ranks of the army than in any civil office.

Besides, according to an arrangement of long standing between the counties of Moore and Montgomery, the latter is entitled to the Senator for the ensuing term, and I have no disposition as a citizen of Moore, to infringe upon the rights of a sister county, nor to break the spirit of harmony which has so long existed between the two counties.

A. A. F. SEAWELL,
June 2 d2t. Swan's Station.

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TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS Throughout the Confederacy.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT, RAILROAD BUREAU, RICHMOND, Feb, 20th. 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Paakages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
V. R. Lawton, Quartermaster G. B.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO., AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notifies the friends and relatives of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in there power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co.
may 20-tf.

SOUTHERN ENTERPRISE.

THE CONFEDERATE BONNET FRAME Factory which has been established by a disabled soldier, is now ready to furnish Bonnet and Hat shapes of the latest and most approved styles. He has also attached the Manufactory of Corsetts, Millinet and Coporetts, Willow Bonnets, &c. The prices are moderate, and the articles Manufactured, are equal to European make. Samples sent to any part of the Confederacy on receipt of wholesale prices. Prices can be ascertained by addressing Confederate Bonnet Frame Factory, Box, 20., Newberry, S. C.
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