

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1862, by J. S. Thurston, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia.

PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—Northern dates to the 10th have been received. Unofficial dispatches claim a great victory for Averill over McCausland and Bradley Johnson on the 7th near Moorefield, Hardy county. Johnston and staff was captured, but escaped. He also claims 5 to 600 prisoners, trains, colors and small arms captured.

The Commercial Advertiser of the 9th says that Sherman and Thomas both telegraphed to Washington that Atlanta will fall this week certainly.

A rebel wagon train, numbering 35 wagons, was captured in Loudon county. Nothing from the army of the Potomac. Four expeditions entered Florida, destroying the railroad, burning bridges and committing other depredations.

RENOVA, Aug. 12.—Baltimore papers of yesterday have been received. The Yankee cavalry have reconquered Martinsburg. Sheridan reports his forces moving up the Shenandoah Valley against the enemy. At four o'clock on Wednesday, Sheridan's army was seen on the mountain side, going on ten miles from City Point.

It is asserted that Stanton has tendered his resignation and was promptly accepted by Lincoln. Other Cabinet changes are reported, but it seems no doubt that the resignation of Stanton was in consequence of a quarrel with Blair.

CANTON, Aug. 11, via Mobile 12th.—New Orleans papers of the 9th received. They say the Tecumseh struck a torpedo opposite Fort Morgan and went down immediately. All on board perished, including the Captain, except 9 who are prisoners. After passing the fort, the Tecumseh came up with three wooden vessels of the fleet, delivering a broadside, and still looking for the Hartford, flagship, with Farragut on board. The Monongahela bore down and struck the Tecumseh amidships. The Tennessee and Hartford then cut side by side, and commencing firing broadsides into the Hartford's ports, causing, as the Tada Delta says, a fearful loss of life. Later the Lackawanna and others came up with Farragut, until the Tennessee surrendered.

Papers report that Admiral Buchanan's leg will be saved. He told them he would be willing to die two minutes afterwards if he could sink the Hartford. Lt. Constock (Confederate) and Lt. Preston (Yankee) are both reported dead.

RENOVA, Aug. 12.—A special to the Whig, from Petersburg, gives Northern news to the 10th.

The rebels were completely routed in fight at Moorefield, with a loss of 600 prisoners, and were pursued by Averill 55 miles. Bradley Johnson, his staff, colors, artillery, trains and a quantity of small arms were captured. McCausland barely escaped. Johnston was no insignia of rank and subsequently escaped.

The campaign is opened actively in Florida and is prosecuted with great success under Grant or Sherman. All quiet in front of Petersburg.

ATLANTA, Aug. 12.—There has been brisk skirmishing on the extreme left to-day.

The batteries on Marietta street and east of the State road, opened upon the city at 1 o'clock this morning, and continued to the present time striking a number of houses on McDonough street. No casualties are reported.

The enemy are reported still massing on the left, but making no effort to extend their right.

MOBILE, Aug. 12.—Heaving firing is reported at Fort Morgan on Tuesday and Wednesday.

To-day the telegraph wire was cut between the city and the front. Two vessels were off Fort Morgan bar this evening. The bay shore is covered with the debris of Federal vessels.

Large quantities of tar, pitch and turpentine have been burned to prevent the enemy from coming up the river. Troops are daily arriving, and good feeling exists.

MOBILE, Aug. 14.—Maj. Carroll, agent for the exchange of prisoners by flag of truce, visited the fleet to-day to make an effort for the exchange of the Laughlin Island prisoners. Farragut stated that the prisoners had been placed at the disposal of Gen. Canby, and he (Farragut) could do nothing with them. Arrangements were made to send packages to the prisoners from their friends.

Gen. Mansur has ordered the officers and soldiers to remove their families farther inland. All noncombatants are ordered to leave and are usually crossing the bay in sight.

There are heavy forces in North Mississippi, and their destination is reported to be Mobile.

PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—About 6 o'clock last evening considerable musketry firing and cannoning sprung up along the lines, and was participated in by both sides; nothing more, however, than the discharging of wet guns and small arms by both parties after the rain which passed over the city.

ATLANTA, Aug. 15th.—At a late hour yesterday evening the enemy attempted to drive in the pickets on our centre, but after a sharp skirmish were repulsed.—There was desultory firing along the lines throughout last night and to-day; but few shells thrown into the city.

A body of the P. M.'s cavalry dashed into Decatur this evening, and moved in the direction of Cobb's Mills. A small force of infantry are reported in Decatur.—The reports indicate another movement on our right. Heavy skirmishing is going on at the centre this evening.

Everything looks brighter and more hopeful than at any time since the siege began.

RENOVA, Aug. 15.—Baltimore papers of the 13th have been received. Nothing definite from the Shenandoah Valley. It is believed that Early is recreating before the superior forces advancing against him.

Telegram from New York reports the capture and destruction of 7 vessels, about 600 men, and a number of small boats, by the Confederate steamer Tallahassee.

Arrivals from New Orleans bring a report that the Confederates are still fighting their position, with the intention of making it a base of operations. Guerrillas continue very active in Kentucky.

Stanton has not resigned, says: "Having been solicited to accept he will not voluntarily relinquish it." A petition is circulating in Ohio and other States requesting the postponement of the draft until an attempt be made by negotiation to secure a peace based on a Constitutional Union.

The Herald thinks the time has arrived when the Administration, on behalf of peace and reunion, may advantageously open the door to an armistice and a Convention of all the States. It analyses Lincoln's send three Commissioners to Richmond.

The Paris press, under reserve, announces the conclusion of peace between Germany and Denmark—terms unknown. Confederate land still advancing. U. S. stocks further depressed.

PETERSBURG, Aug. 14.—The enemy crossed with a division of cavalry and perhaps some infantry to the North side of the James river last night. It is supposed to be only a demonstration while the real blow, if any is intended, will be struck somewhere else. Heavy cannonading has been heard here for the past two days; proves that an engagement is going on between our batteries and the enemy's gunboats.

The enemy are attempting to cut the canal across Dutch Gap or Turkey Bend, 20 miles below Richmond at a place 7 miles wide and 3-4 mile across. Our river batteries opened on the enemy's working parties and their gunboats responded. The object of the enemy in cutting the canal is to flank some of our river batteries near James River's Bluff, on the South side of the river from Petersburg.

Some little cannonading and picket firing, but matters are quiet.

PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The Herald of the 11th contains five columns giving an account of a great Mass Meeting at which McClan was nominated for President. One hundred thousand people were present.

The Queen of England in proroguing parliament declared it to be the purpose of her Government to adhere to the neutrality policy.

The Herald says that Grant, when he visited Washington, left the army of the Potomac commanded by Butler and intimates that he wants Meade removed. The Herald says if Stanton is removed Butler will be Secretary of War.

RENOVA. There are indications of a sanguinary engagement near Little Rock, Ark. (says the Meridian Clarion, 28th ult.) on a distant day. The enemy are gathering all their available forces from various points on the Mississippi, and picking them under Steele. Sherman's Vicksburg raiders did not disembark at Vicksburg, but pushed on up the river. Troops from other points were sent to Steele. On our side, Engle and Shelby are closing in with their cavalry, and Chandler and others, with their infantry, are no doubt in the proper place for this. Indeed we should not be surprised if the fight be over. Steele will make a strong effort to drive our forces off from the vicinity of Little Rock and Duvall's Bluff, but in doing so he may lose his foothold in Arkansas. Now is the time for cavalry operations against Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez, &c. Those towns have been nearly stripped of white troops for Steele.

TERMS OF PEACE.—The Herald has the following on this subject: "In his ultimatum, addressed 'to whom it may concern,' Mr. Lincoln lays down down the abolition of slavery as one of the terms of peace. Where did he get his authority for this? What section of the constitution authorizes it? When was the war for the Union transformed into a crusade against slavery? By what right does Mr. Lincoln presume to say that the emancipation of negroes is in his view of the case? If the South wish to come back into the Union with slavery what party will dare oppose their return? The Northern people care nothing about slavery. What they want is the Union. Who will refuse to let them have that when the rebels offer to lay down their arms?"

PREPARATIONS FOR DEFENSE.—The Morning Advertiser of Sunday morning says Gen. Mansur has telegraphed to Governor Watts for every man that he can send. The Governor promptly issued his proclamation, appealing to every man and boy capable of bearing arms, to report at once for the defence of Mobile; the military orders to the point of danger all in his power. The Governor will do all in his power to save the Gulf City, and Alabama's seaport. The successful defence of Mobile, which is the defence of South Alabama, now depends upon the ready response of the people of the State. Reinforcements for the garrison cannot be spared from the armies of Georgia or Virginia, or from any other point. The home people must go at once to the commercial metropolis, or she will share the fate of New Orleans, and then what part will be safe from penetration by the hated vandals?

The Springfield Republican's Washington correspondent speaking of the Baltimore nomination says: "There are those that feel that the nomination of Governor Johnson, of Tennessee, is inconsistent with the doctrine on which both houses of Congress, and the two leading political organizations of the country may finally agree—that no electoral votes are to be counted except from States represented in the present Congress. It is an anomaly in politics and Government, that a man should be elected to the second office in the country who has no immediate constituency, and whose fellow inhabitants will not be represented in the body over which he is to preside."

Gen. Payne is ruling Kentucky with a rod of iron. He has confiscated fifteen stores in Paducah. Large numbers have been driven from their homes and their property confiscated.

THE PINEST ARMY ON THIS PLANET.

We clip the following paragraph from the New York Evening Post:

"Two or three country papers have favored the public with an extraordinary tale of cowardice and insubordination in the Army of the Potomac. They relate that the soldiers have given their officers to understand that they will not in the future assault earthworks; they hint that the colored troops were sent to make the assault last Saturday because the white troops refused the post of honor and danger; and they assert that a large number of officers—among them five generals—have offered their resignations."

As an excuse for the bad conduct of the troops, the Post says the men were impressed with the idea that the Confederates had mined the next line of their works and would blow them up, and therefore they would not charge upon them.

Other United States papers lay the blame of failure to the cowardice of the negro troops.

The fact is indisputable, says the Richmond Fact, that great demoralization exists in Grant's army; and the 'country papers' are correct in their statements. Both white and black behaved cowardly. The statement made by army correspondents of great loss in white officers, negro troops, showing that these officers exhibited more courage than their men, is not borne out by the facts. The loss of negro privates, in comparison with their white officers, was equally great as compared with the loss of white privates to their officers. The fact is all white and black officers and men—behaved cowardly, as is well known to both armies.

Grant has lost most of his veterans by sickness, expiration of term of service, and casualties suffered in the terrible campaign. New levies and negroes now compose the bulk of his army, and they cannot be relied on. It is only since the veterans have been almost annihilated that he has sent the negroes to the 'slangher pens.' In the battles of Spottsylvania, they were kept in the rear. He was afraid to trust them; and the disgraceful repulse he met with at Petersburg, when forced to rely upon them, establishes the fact that his fears were not groundless.

The enemy encamped on the James are now suffering fearfully from diseases incident to the climate, and which will be increased ten-fold as autumn approaches. By removing them to the Upper Potomac their health would be improved, but the facilities for desertion would greatly over-balance the advantages on account of health. Grant and his army are nearly played out, and the question of who is to succeed him, is already asked in the North. The Yankee picked out the Republican, last Spring, was right, when in answer to a question from a Confederate as to their object in changing the commander of the Federal army, he said, 'that Grant was getting too big, and Lincoln had sent him over for Gen. Lee to hit him down a button-hole two.'

The Cincinnati Commercial of the 20th announces the death of Gen. Daniel McClellan, late of Sherman's army, and says: "He died at the residence of his brother, Col. George W. McClellan, in Stouboville, Ohio, at two o'clock p. m., Saturday last. It will be remembered that he was shot through, just below the right shoulder, in the assault upon Kenesaw Mountain, on the 27th of June. When the terrible nature of the wound is considered, the wonder is, not that he is dead, but that he lived so long, travelled so far, and was so useful of recovery."

THE PERIL OF THE CAPITAL.—Milledgeville escaped falling into the hands of the raiders, only by the skin of its teeth. The train containing troops from this place, sent to protect the Capital, passed Gordon only a few minutes before the Yankees obtained possession. Had they been a few minutes earlier our forces would have been intercepted and Milledgeville would have fallen a prey to the spoiler. Napoleon was observed that the rebels were lost and won in a few minutes, and in this instance the Capital of the State was saved by the fire of the State in the possession of the vandals. Fire Militia men should take care of the minutes; and the hours will take care of themselves.—Macon Confederate.

TRUE, BUT TREASONABLE.—A religious pamphlet recently published in Philadelphia, says: "The Anglo-Saxon race claim to get territory to which it has no claim, makes treaties to plunder those who enter into them, breaks them to get lands, then blows the helpless to atoms because they dare to contract and seek self-preservation by force of arms, yet profess to be the messenger of peace, yet carries a sword ever warm with the blood of its own immediate kindred. Within the last three years it has slain a million and a half of men in a contest between brothers of one family."

RIOT IN WASHINGTON.—There was quite an extensive riot on Capitol Hill, Washington, last Thursday. Some 20 or 30 soldiers from the Lincoln Hospital attacking a number of colored men. For a time the affair threatened to be serious, stones, bricks and cross bars being extensively used. Finally a colored man got an axe and made an assault upon the soldiers, killing one and wounding another, it is believed, mortally. The soldiers finally set fire to the stables, and some half dozen of them were burned. The police at last succeeded in quelling the riot, and made many arrests.

AN HONORABLE MAN.—Col. McCandless, of Harrisburg, Penn., having been offered by Gov. Curtin the appointment of Brigadier General, in a letter to the Adjutant General declines the proffered honor, and says: "The post of honor, as the war is now conducted, is in remaining a private citizen." Col. McC. is president of the Keystone Democratic Club, of Harrisburg, and a gentleman of intelligence and high character.

GEN. EDWARD JOHNSON.—Maj. General Edward Johnson, recently at Charleston, arrived in Richmond on Tuesday, looking in excellent health and condition, and apparently ready to resume his valuable services in the field at a moment's notice. General J. Thompson is also in Richmond.

Official Vote for Governor of North Carolina, 1862.

Table with columns: COUNTY, VOTED, REPUBLICAN, DEMOCRATIC, OTHER. Lists counties like Alleghany, Ashtabula, Adams, etc., with corresponding vote counts.

Majority, 32629

EAST TENNESSEE.—This fruitful region, (remarks the Bristol Gazette of the 4th inst.) could now be occupied by a small force, from all accounts which come to us by way of the West. Gen. Vanhook's brigade of that section of the State could now take it and hold it. That command has been almost annihilated by hard marches and battles. For this reason they ought to be sent to their own State to live on the soil they were born on.

W. W. LYNNE, of The Earle's Daughter, by the author of 'The Red Ashby,' &c., &c. This work has just been issued from the Press and has a deserved popularity.

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FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various goods like Flour, Corn, Beans, etc., with prices per bushel or barrel.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Table listing market prices for various goods like Flour, Corn, Beans, etc., with prices per bushel or barrel.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS THROUGHOUT THE CONFEDERACY.

THE Friends of the Soldiers throughout the Confederacy, are hereby notified that an arrangement has been made for the purpose of procuring clothing and wearing apparel to all the soldiers of the Army of Northern Virginia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER, 4th Congressional District, N. C. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. Aug. 15.

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CLAIMS OF DECEASED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.

WILSON, N. C. June 20th, 1862. THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay the claims of the heirs, widows, or other persons entitled to the unpaid pay and allowances of the late representatives of deceased soldiers and officers of the Army of Northern Virginia.

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THE MERCURY.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. ELEGANTLY PRINTED, ELEGANTLY PRINTED, ELEGANTLY PRINTED.

EVERY SATURDAY, EVERY SATURDAY, EVERY SATURDAY. THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY, THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY.

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