

Peavine Hay Wanted. Well it is easily made if you only buy one of these light running.

Ideal Moving Machines, made by the Deering Manufacturing Co., the only ball-bearing machine on the market, runs like a bicycle, and is for sale by Drake & Pemberton on easy terms. Call and see them.

Drake & Pemberton, PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Drs. Hunter, Dentists, North Main Street, Fayetteville, N. C. April 29, 1880.

Drs. Patterson & Judd, Dentists, OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville, Fayetteville, N. C.

Dr. Jno. D. MacRae, Physician and Surgeon, OFFICE: King's Drug Store.

Oates & Nimocks, Attorneys-at-Law, Rooms 1, 2 and 3 K. of P. Building, Fayetteville, N. C.

Edwin R. MacKethan, Attorney-at-Law, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Sinclair & Bolton, Attorneys-at-Law, 10 DONALDSON STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Rose & Rose, Attorneys and Counsellors, At-Law, OFFICE: No. 4, Thomson Block, Fayetteville, N. C.

Parker's Hair Balsam, CHICHESTER'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS.

Scientific American, PATENTS, C. A. SNOW & CO., JELLY TUMBLERS, J. B. TILLINGHAST, CITY LUMBER YARD.

Lime, Cement, Laths, Shingles, Another set of Limes just arrived from hills. Also NEW PORTLAND AND ROSENDALE CEMENT.

Eugene T. Watson, LADY AGENTS WANTED.

County Affairs, Fayetteville, N. C., Sept 4, 1921. Mr. Editor Observer:

It is persistently rumored on the streets, and not officially contradicted that I know of, that the tax books for 1921 were turned over to the Sheriff of Cumberland county without requiring of him any bond whatever.

THE SHERIFF'S BOND, Correspondence of the Observer.

Mr. Editor:—In the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county the following paper can be found:

State of North Carolina, Cumberland County, ss. Know all men by these presents, That we, George A. Burns, W. L. Holt, L. A. Williamson, R. Burns, H. A. McPhail, S. C. Godwin, N. C. Thagard, J. G. Blas, A. J. Cook, E. E. Gorham, J. W. Ingold, W. G. Holmes, H. Bance, Josiah Cook, H. L. Cook, are held and firmly bound unto the State of North Carolina in the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000), to the payment whereof we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Signed and sealed with our seals this 17th day of December, A. D. 1920. The conditions of the above obligation is such, that whereas the above bounded, George A. Burns, was on the second day of August, 1920, duly elected Sheriff for the County of Cumberland for the term of two years from Monday in December, 1920.

Now, therefore, if the said George A. Burns shall well and truly collect, pay over and settle all the county poor, school and special taxes, according to the list that have been or may hereafter be placed in his hands according to law, and shall in all things well and truly and faithfully execute the duties of said office of Sheriff in regard to the collection, payment and settlement of the county poor, school and special taxes during his continuance in office, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Geo. A. Burns, (Seal), \$10,000 W. L. Holt, (Seal), \$5,000 L. A. Williamson, (Seal), \$2,500 R. Burns, (Seal), \$1,000 H. A. McPhail, (Seal), \$2,000 S. C. Godwin, (Seal), \$2,000 N. C. Thagard, (Seal), \$2,000 D. G. Blas, (Seal), \$2,000 A. J. Cook, (Seal), \$2,000 E. E. Gorham, (Seal), \$5,000 J. W. Ingold, (Seal), \$2,000 W. G. Holmes, (Seal), \$2,000 H. Bance, (Seal), \$1,000 Josiah Cook, (Seal), \$1,500 H. L. Cook, (Seal).

W. L. Holt, L. A. Williamson, R. Burns, H. A. McPhail, S. C. Godwin, N. C. Thagard, D. G. Blas, A. J. Cook, E. E. Gorham, J. W. Ingold, W. G. Holmes, H. Bance, Josiah Cook, H. L. Cook, being duly sworn, says, each for himself, that he is worth the sum opposite his name on the foregoing bond over and above his legal exemptions and individual liabilities.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 17th day of December 1920. A. A. McKethan, Clerk Superior Court.

This, as you will observe, is the bond given by the late George A. Burns to cover the county poor, school and special tax for the year 1921 and would have been responsible for any tax which passed into his hands during his term of office. The law, however, requires the bond to be renewed annually. Sheriff Burns did not renew his tax books which passed into the hands of Sheriff Cook the first of September of this year, but an examination of the bond as above published, shows clearly that the tax books of 1921 were protected by this bond. For the two years previous Sheriff Burns had given bonds made by a Trust Company, for which Col. Pemberton or Mr. Nimocks were the representatives here. The administrators of Sheriff Burns settled with the county commissioners Monday last. The county owed the estate of Sheriff Burns a small balance. During each year since Sheriff Burns went into office, he settled in his hands and no amount has been made better showing in Cumberland county than has Sheriff Burns.

Now, Mr. Editor, it is a self-evident fact that the anonymous correspondent in yesterday's paper was making an indirect thrust at the county commissioners of Cumberland county. If the name of my deceased friend had not been attacked indirectly I should have said nothing, but in justice to his memory I ask the publication of this article. Your correspondents may attack the Board of Commissioners as much as they desire, or may themselves, or even myself, and I will take notice of them through the medium of the press, as I have never, up to this time, directly or indirectly engaged in a newspaper controversy. After having published the above bond for the vindication of George Burns I am through. Major McKethan, Captains Williams and the other county officers, and any one else who may be attacked through the medium of the newspaper, are living and can take care of themselves. Very respectfully, JOHN G. SHAW.

The Sheriff's Bond, Editor Observer:

The writer, on account of his intimacy with George Burns, has known all along that there was no renewal of his bond in 1921 to cover the tax books just closed. Such was my confidence, however, in his honesty, integrity and high character, and, after his death, in that of his deputies and administrators, who had charge of his affairs, that I kept silent as a citizen interested in the public welfare. The splendid showing that has just been made in the settlement of the 1921 tax books shows that my confidence was not misplaced. The fact remains, however,

ever, that your correspondent of Wednesday was right in his article—that there was no legal bond for the year just closed, as the last bond expired a year ago. I happen to know the cause of the delay in the bond, which is in no way reflective upon my dear friend.

I am personally gratified to note that the general public is at last beginning to take more interest in the management of our public affairs. Had the management of the sheriff's office been in less competent and trustworthy hands, especially in view of George's firm and untiring devotion to the duty of his term, the result might have been a very serious one to the taxpayers of the county. It would be well for our county authorities not to take such a risk again, as men like George Burns are few and far between. JAMES D. McNEILL.

RECORD OF THE STATE DEMOCRAT.

The Democratic party, says the Raleigh News and Observer, has a proud record in three grand appropriations made by the last Legislature. "These amount to \$600,000 and an open challenge is thrown to the Republicans to make criticism of them. Here they are:

\$100,000 added to the pension list for the Confederate veterans. \$200,000 as an additional amount for educational purposes. \$300,000 for permanent improvements and additions to State charitable and education institutions.

All of these for worthy causes and all of them needed. All justly appropriated and not a dollar diverted from the purpose for which it was voted."

The Raleigh Times collates from recent Democratic speeches the following: "The rate of taxation for State purposes is less under the act of 1920 than any year since the civil war. The rate fixed by the Democratic act of 1920 is such, that whereas the above bounded, George A. Burns, was on the second day of August, 1920, duly elected Sheriff for the County of Cumberland for the term of two years from Monday in December, 1920.

"Now if Senator Pritchard thinks a great wrong has been done in borrowing \$200,000 to pay for the expenses of government, he should hold his own responsible, because, by reason of their misconduct in these three years of office, we have expended \$283,935.90 making good their shortcomings."—T. B. Womack at Smithfield.

"We find that the Republicans spent in 1897 and 1898, for the purposes of education, confederate soldiers, and insane asylums, \$857,858.55, while the Democrats have spent in 1921, and have appropriated for 1922 from the public treasury for the same purposes, the sum of \$1,062,383.26."—T. B. Womack at Smithfield.

"North Carolina has an income tax. Every cent above \$1,000 a man makes is taxed 1 per cent. by the State. If I make \$6,000 a year I pay an income tax of \$60. So you see, the State has a tax of 10 per cent. on the income of the people. The State has a tax of 10 per cent. on the income of the people. The State has a tax of 10 per cent. on the income of the people.

"In the platform adopted by the Republicans at Greensboro we find the 'wages iniquity and anomaly that the Republican party endorses the Democratic party for its failure to provide four months public school in each school district from 1870 to 1895, and then denounces the Democratic party for making the necessary appropriations in 1901 to accomplish this purpose.'—T. B. Womack at Smithfield.

"I will quote from Mr. George B. Hiss, president of the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association and the Republican candidate for Congress against my friend, Mr. Webb. In an interview in the Charlotte Observer, July 20, 1921, Mr. Hiss said: 'The cotton industry can equip cotton mills with machinery at least 40 per cent. cheaper than we can, because we have a 40 per cent. tariff for the protection of our own American machinery manufacturers. Therefore, if we expect to grasp a large percentage of export trade, we must endeavor to overcome this protection which is given to our American cotton machinery manufacturer, by injecting into our manufacturing management those economies which by virtue of our here before cotton manufacturing conditions, we have largely lost sight of.' I will remind Mr. Hiss that the American manufacturers of cotton mill machinery will sell to foreigners in their own land much cheaper than they do Americans in the home market. As The Hartford Courant has said: 'This is robbery.'"

"The trusts have never yet become the least alarmed by Republican professions of animosity. The steel trust, controlling the price of almost every article made of iron, during the last year, cleared enough money to buy about one cent of his income in the while working men all over this land were fighting to keep body and soul together, and to keep the wolf of poverty from their door. If one should undertake to throw into the ocean the clearings of this trust for one year, it would require five minutes a dollar into the sea of constant labor, working 12 hours a day, including Sundays, to dispose of this enormous sum. If when Adam was created the Almighty had given him a salary of \$29,000 a year, and Adam had been so frugal as not to spend one cent of his income in the next thousand years, his salary would not make him worth as much as this steel trust has made off the people in one short twelve months. The world has not seen, nor has the mind of man conceived, such vast misdirection of wealth as has been formed within the last decade. These unlawful combinations have enabled men to become fabulously rich. The great bulk of the Standard Oil trust was a poor man a few years ago, but now his wealth exceeds the assessed valuation of the poorest States of the United States, and is more than the whole nation was worth when the constitution was framed. If conditions remain the same, and the power of the trusts is not curtailed, the billionnaire will be an American product within the next twenty years."—E. T. Webb at Baker'sville.

SILK IN THE SOUTH, Atlanta Journal.

Industrial activity in the South seems to be reaching out in every possible direction. The productive capacity of this section is practically unlimited; new sources of wealth are being discovered constantly, and old ones are being enlarged. Recently silk culture has received much attention in several Southern States.

This is a revival of an old Southern industry, rather than the introduction of a new one. The spinning of silk thread and the weaving of silk cloth were by no means unknown to our ancestors. During the civil war Southern ladies frequently appeared in elegant silk dresses which were the product out and out of their patience, skill and industry.

It has been demonstrated that the silk worm can thrive remarkably well in Georgia and that it yields a very fine quality of silk here. We believe that silk culture properly carried on in this State would pay well and we expect to see efforts in this direction in the early future.

It is thought it would be taking the lead of the other Southern States in this matter. The Brooklyn Eagle in a recent issue devotes a lengthy and very interesting special article to this phase of North Carolina enterprise.

It refers especially to the intelligent efforts of Mr. Gerald McCarthy, biologist of the North Carolina agricultural department. The Eagle gives this hopeful view of the silk culture experiment in the "Old North State."

"Undimmed by the history of past failures, the department of agriculture of North Carolina has been for several months actively experimenting with the silk worm. The national department of agriculture at Washington has secured an appropriation of \$10,000 to commence experimenting on its own account. Under the plan of organization adopted in New York with an authorized capital of two and a half million dollars—the incorporated Sericulture and Manufacturing Company of America—to start silk growers and provide training for their products. It is believed that the plan of organization adopted in New York with an authorized capital of two and a half million dollars—the incorporated Sericulture and Manufacturing Company of America—to start silk growers and provide training for their products. 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