

THE NEW CAPITOL

The cut printed in this week's edition is a correct representation of the Capitol building, as it will appear when remodeled after the plans and specifications prepared by Architect Frank P. Milburn.

The last Legislature passed a bill appointing a commission composed of Governor Aycock, Chief Justice Clark, John C. Drewry, Judge A. W. Graham and Senator Morris, to consider plans for additions and alterations to the Capitol building, and to report at the next General Assembly.

After conferring with several architects, Mr. Frank P. Milburn was selected to prepare plans and estimates of cost which will better enable the commission to make an intelligent report.

The general description, which follows, will give the public an idea of the proposed additions and alterations: The main building will remain as it is, forming the central feature, as shown in the cut. The view shown in the cut is taken from the northwest corner of the Capitol Square, showing the north and south wing additions, which will be 65x100; the rest, or east wing, is not shown in this cut. The pure classic style of the old building is to be carried out on the new additions. The extreme dimensions will be 368 north and south, and 202 east and west. The main east wing will be 65x100. The main central feature will be the new dome, which will be located over the present rotunda; this dome will be 150 feet above the main first floor. An open view can be had from the lower floor to the dome above. Domes of less height will surround the north and south wings, forming an architectural feature over the Senate and House. The basement of the east wing, 65x100, will be used for boilers, fuel and heating apparatus. Additional space is provided for public toilets and for the storage of old records. Space is also provided for electric elevator machinery. The basement story of the new north and south wings will be divided into storage spaces, to be used by the Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State and Auditor. The main first floor corridors will extend through the new wings, 18 feet wide. Four wide, easy-tread stairs are provided in addition to the two electric elevators, which will run from the basement to the gallery floor; they will be located in the center of the building, in the wide east and west corridor.

In order to obtain a satisfactory arrangement, the architect suggests the following allotment of the space on the first floor in the old building, which, however, is subject to changes hereafter by the board.

Assuming that this arrangement will be satisfactory to the board, the present Governor's office will be used by the Railroad Commission; the present Treasurer's office will be used by the Insurance Commissioners, the Secretary of State will use one-half of his old space, the other half will be given to the Enrolling Department; the Auditor will use his present space, and will give additional space in the new north wing. The State Library will occupy the entire first floor of the east wing, which will be 65x100, with additional space for the Librarian, 15x25. The Adjutant General will have an office, 15x25, opposite the Librarian, on the east and west corridor.

The Governor will occupy half the floor space on the first floor of the new South wing. General office, 22x34, private Secretary, 21x32, Governor's private office, 15x27, with private toilet.

The State Treasurer will occupy the space in the new South wing opposite the Governor, and have general office 34x43, private office 15x20, with vault and connecting way to the old office. Superintendent of Public Instruction will occupy one-third of the space in the new North wing opposite the Secretary of State, with general office 21x34, private office 14x22. The Auditor will use the other room 21x34 which is connected with his present office.

The main second floor corridors will extend from the House to the Senate, North and South, and from the Supreme Court Room to the main portion of the west entrance, east and west, and crossing at the central rotunda.

The Supreme Court Room will occupy the entire second floor of the East wing. Court room 69x62, Consultation room 18x20, and four additional rooms for Associate Justices, and of the same size, with private toilets adjoining the Court room.

The Supreme Court Clerk's office, the Marshall's office 15x15, and lawyer's toilet convenient to the court room. The Attorney General will have space on the cross hall near the Supreme Court Room, office 22x24, with a private office 15x22.

The Senate will occupy the central portion of the new north wing on the second floor which will be semi-circular in shape, two stories high, arranged for galleries above, which will also be circular. Ample space is provided for fifty members. Rooms are provided for Lieutenant Governor, Clerks and Stenographers, and ten large committee rooms and toilets.

The House will occupy the central portion of the new south wing with accommodation for 120 members, two stories high, with large gallery on three sides.

Separate rooms are provided for Speaker, Clerks and Stenographers. Fifty large committee rooms with toilets, also extra large joint committee room. The Supreme Court Library will occupy the entire floor space of the third floor in the east wing, 65x100.

Book elevators will be arranged for the convenience of court room on the floor below.

In addition to the main room, two other rooms will be provided, one for the Librarian, and the other for a parking room.

The town sergeant of Keyville, Va., was shot and probably fatally wounded by a negro.

Steamer Galia, from Naples for New York, with immigrants aboard was towed into Halifax, N. B., disabled.

Striking cigar makers at Weycross, Ga., have returned to work.



NORTH-CAROLINA STATE HOUSE - RALEIGH - N.C. - FRANK P. MILBURN ARCHT. - COLUMBIA S.C.

Autryville Items.

Autryville, N. C., Sept. 23rd, 1903.

The protracted meeting at Concord, conducted by the pastor, Rev. M. A. Stephens, of Cedar Creek, and Rev. A. B. Stephens, of this place, closed yesterday. This was one of the best meetings we ever attended, calm, spiritual and interesting to all. There were twenty-four additions and the church was greatly revived.

Mrs. Rachel Culbreth, of Atkinson, N. C., visited relatives in this section last week.

Miss Minnie Faircloth is very sick. We are sorry to say.

Messrs. Woodberry Faircloth and E. Roscoe Hall, of Dismal, passed through this section Saturday.

Mr. James A. Hall, of Beaver Dam, spent some time in this section last week.

The farmers are busy picking cotton now. Something all the time for the weary farmer to do. But we are not at all discouraged. We know that the brooks, the meadows and the hard soil that we sometimes regard as stumbling blocks in our path to success is every moment registering the mighty potency in our constitutions, is putting iron into our blood, and stamina into our veins, which will make future success all the more possible. So we keep battling along, expecting every minute to be the next one, and trusting to see a day of pleasure in the near future. There is no man who truly lives who does not look ahead and see blessings the future yet will give, and think of better days to be. J. C. M. B.

Cumberland Items.

Cumberland, N. C., Sept. 26, 1903.

EDITOR OF THE OBSERVER:—Cumberland Mill is running on full time both day and night with a full supply of orders and no scarcity of cotton, as the farmers have long since found that they can realize as good price for their cotton at this place as anywhere. We have with us Mr. and Mrs. J. Fredrick Houston. Mr. Houston is looking after the interest of the mill and is mapping out work for which will be so faithfully performed by Mr. J. B. Driver, the efficient superintendent.

Mr. Kroger, the general engineer of power, has mapped out the situation for the new boiler and engine which will be installed at once. We hope, and have good reasons to believe that the day is not far distant when we can hear the sound of the whistles of a pig-mill at this place.

With a public road running from Cumberland to Fayetteville, which we feel sure will soon be granted by our County Commissioners, and a thousand-dollar school house, then we can commence feeling like new Cumberland and not old Beaver Creek, as we are so often dubbed with.

Mr. Houston, the president of the mill, is very liberal, and Mrs. Houston is very anxious to see the children have a good school. Now, if our northern friends take an interest in the children of a cotton factory, then why not those in authority of our school take some interest. Up to this time we have not had a school committee appointed, or at least none has been officially notified. We have offered our last year straw hat to say man who would say he was a school committee, but the bid has still in our reach. LITTLE IRISH.

The Newspapers and Good Roads.

One of the most hopeful signs for the future of Good Roads in North Carolina is the attitude of the newspapers all over the State toward this public question. Editors, like politicians, live with one ear on the ground to hear the first rumblings of an approaching popular uprising; and are the first to detect the qualities that insure permanency and popular favor to the movement affecting the masses of our population.

The good roads proposition has been agitated long enough to enable our people to determine whether or not it is a good thing, and the fact that our newspapers constantly advocate a progressive policy along this line is a good indication of its permanency as a public question.

Several of our leading papers devote each week considerable space to the subject, and upon any public occasion when good roads are to be discussed, special representatives of the press are sent, sometimes long distances, in order to secure complete and accurate reports of the proceedings. A few days ago such a meeting was held at Lake view, in Moore county (N. C.) and the leading dailies on the following morning contained a full account of what was done there.

Upon the publicity afforded by an intelligent press meet the advocates of good roads depend for the education and inspiration of our citizens; and it is believed that through this medium—more than any other—will be brought about the ultimate reform in our public road system at present advocated by a rapidly increasing minority.

Fire at a varnish factory in Chicago caused a loss of \$350,000.

The State campaign in Maryland was opened Saturday by the Democrats.

Subserviency Not Called For.

Norfolk, Virginia, Pilot.

The Brooklyn Eagle says that "there are peculiar reasons why the Southern Democracy should find out what the parties Democratic want and endorse it." The chief of those reasons it finds in the determination of northern machine Republicans to reduce Southern representation in Congress and the Electoral College, and otherwise harry and injure this section.

We should say that the Southern Democracy has already shown about all the deference to the preferences of the northern Democracy that can reasonably be expected of it. For 35 years it has been putting up the voice and allowing the northern Democracy to put up the candidates. It has, of course, exercised a voice in the selection of those candidates, but they have always been northern or western men. What more the Southern Democracy can, with self-respect, concede is not quite plain.

As for the danger that if the Republicans win in 1904 they will attempt to reduce Southern representation, we recognize and admit it. The attempt will be made beyond question. As the Eagle says, the machine Republicans are "aching" to make the attempt. But it does not necessarily follow that the attempt will succeed. And even if it should, it is not settled that the Southern Democracy cannot better afford to give up part of the South's representation than to surrender its principles and rights to a free voice in the party's affairs.

The Eagle also thinks that Federal control of Congressional elections is one danger to be apprehended if the Republicans should win in 1904. We can not agree with it as to that. There is an element of the Republican party that is for a Federal force bill but it is a dwindling element. We believe the Lodge bill came nearer to a passage than any similar measure here after. The sentiment of the north has grown away from, not toward, that sort of thing.

It would, besides, not be worth while to pass such a law after the Republic had acquiesced in disfranchisement by reducing the South's representation. The Republicans would not hope to elect Congressmen from the South until they had built up a white Republican party in the South. And with such a party, able to control state affairs with the Democrats, there would be nothing to gain by such a law.

On the whole, we see no reason why the Southern Democracy should be subservient to the northern Democracy in the next convention.

Crisis Indifference.

"The one weak place in the American system is its municipal government," according to the Atlanta News. That the news is right few will care to question in view of the remarkable and growing record of misgovernment and worse, which the cities of this country have been establishing and lengthening out for the past quarter of a century.

So few of our larger municipalities can point with true pride to their governments or take pleasure in discussing the administration of their public affairs that genuine surprise is manifested whenever a city succeeds in securing a set of model officials or manages to get itself properly taken care of.

Why is this? Why should any aggregation of American citizens band together for municipal purposes feel themselves, as a rule, bearing so much tax burdens, in return for the poorest kind of executive and administrative services? Is there any good reason why municipal corruption should be the rule rather than the exception in most of our city halls? In deed, no.

Official inactivity is the outgrowth of public indifference. When citizens are too busy with their own affairs to spare time to public matters, those who look upon public offices as private snags take occasion to avail themselves of opportunity and do it so successfully that, generally, there is nothing left but food for exclamation when they are reckoned with.

Carelessness in the selection of place holders; lack of interest in the result of election is the most fruitful source of governmental mismanagement. While the citizen sleeps or rests on his rights thinking his neighbor will look after them, the boss, the grafter and the political baron lay their plans and get in their work. If some one wakes up to what they are doing they declare him with the game, if he is consequential enough, and the good thing is pushed farther along.

John G. Carruth, of Philadelphia, is appointed receiver of the Consolidated Lake Superior Co.

A woman named Ella Dodd was murdered at Birmingham, Ala.

The State campaign in Maryland was opened Saturday by the Democrats.

Beited Haris and Compasiant Girls.

At the University of North Carolina.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Sept. 27, 1903. FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

The first of the series of lectures given by the members of the faculty during the college year was delivered in Gerrard Hall Thursday, by Dr. K. P. Battle. His subject was "The Similarity of the Development of the Constitution of North Carolina to that of the English Constitution." Dr. Battle's knowledge of history is well known, and he handled his subject in his usual entertaining manner.

One of the biggest additions that is to be made to the University this fall is the extension of the physical laboratory. Several thousand dollars have been invested in dynamo and motor, and auxiliary apparatus, and much other apparatus to be used in teaching physics has been ordered. When the improvement has been made the University will have one of the best physical laboratories in the country.

Some additional work has been done in the library. About 2,500 volumes on biography were reclassified during the summer, and also a new scheme for getting at the North Carolina publications. Electric lights have been put in and the library is now kept open from 7:30 to 9:00 o'clock at night.

The following lectures on hygiene will be given during the present session by members of the faculty who are experts in the various lines upon which they will address the students: Dr. C. Q. Mangum will give four lectures on "Cleanliness—Internal and External," "Sleep," "Exercise," "Physical Exercises."

Mr. A. D. Brown, director of gymnasium, "Physical Culture."

Prof. Goss, "Lighting, Heating and Cooking" (one).

Dr. E. H. Manning will give three lectures: "Physiology of Digestion"; "Physiology of Circulation and Respiration"; "Physiology of Nervous System."

Dr. Chas. Baskerville gives two on "Air and Ventilation"; "Water and Sewerage Disposal."

Dr. E. H. Whithead, "Infection"; "Disinfection"; "Preventive Medicine, and General Sanitation."

Dr. A. S. Wheeler, Food and Food Adulteration.

Judge J. C. MacRae "Sanitary Laws, or one's Duty to Neighbor and to Self."

The gymnasium has been fitted up again and the exercises will begin this week.

The first foot ball game of the season came off Saturday. The opposing team being Guilford. The game resulted in a score of 15 to 0, in favor of Carolina. This, however, is considered merely a practice game, but the schedule below, will readily show that Carolina has at least four championship games before her during the coming season. The schedule for this year is as follows: October 3rd, Oak Ridge, at Chapel Hill.

October 10th, South Carolina College, at Columbia.

October 17th, Virginia Military Institute, at Roanoke.

October 24th, Georgetown, at Norfolk, Va.

October 31st, University of Kentucky, at Greensboro.

November 7th, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, at Norfolk.

November 14th, Clemson, at Chapel Hill.

October 26th, Virginia, at Richmond.

Mr. E. W. Sanders, of Fayetteville, arrived in Chapel Hill yesterday, to take the regular four years' academic course. This increases Fayetteville's number of representatives to twelve, which is second highest enrollment of any one town in the State. C. L. P.

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Dismal Gleanings

Dismal, N. C., Sept. 28, 1903.

Dr. A. T. Cooper, a well-known physician of this immediate locality, was found near his residence in an unconscious condition on the morning of Sept. 19. He was carried home and Dr. T. C. Bullock, of Autryville, and G. L. Sykes, of Salemburg, were at once summoned to his bedside. They worked like Trojans to restore him to consciousness, but their efforts were futile, and all that was mortal of the beloved M. D. sank into insignificance about 3 o'clock the following day. The attending physicians say that his demise was due to an overdose of morphine, but whether with suicidal intent is unknown. He was a good physician, a kind neighbor and faithful friend, and will be greatly missed in this community. We extend sympathy to the bereaved family of the deceased.

Mr. W. D. Autry has accepted a position with the Sessoms Lumber Company at Stedman, N. C.

Mr. J. J. Bullock, of near Fayetteville, recently called on friends (1) in Dismal.

Rev. J. L. Sainn is conducting a series of meetings at Long Branch Missionary Baptist church this week. He is being assisted by Rev. J. M. Fleming.

Boys, remember that politeness is cheap capital and is current every where. It always purchases friendship. Its opposite is equally cheap and equally current; it always purchases contempt. We were talking with a veteran artilleryman recently who said that whenever he met Gen. Robert E. Lee that distinguished officer always pulled off his hat to him, while other officers passed him unnoticed. There is a point in this for certain boys we know, if they will only see it.

Mr. W. D. Autry, of Stedman, N. C., visited relatives and friends in this locality Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John T. Culbreth, of the A. C. L. "trouble force" visited relatives and friends in Dismal last week.

Prof. Wm. Mc Autry, of Clement, is very unwell. Hope he may speedily recover.

Messrs. Thomas and Charley Mathis and Troy and Clem Nunnery, of Cumberland county, were in this vicinity Sunday.

Dry weather continues and pessimists farmers continue to prophesy. Why not be optimistic for a while longer yet? Au revoir. SMILING JONES

SOUTH ATLANTIC TRANSIT COMPANY.

Lenox Fayetteville and Wilmington Steamboats.

To-morrow the South Atlantic Transit Company, recently incorporated under the laws of New York, will assume charge of the steamboat traffic on the Cape Fear between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

This company has leased the following steamers: The A. P. Hart, of the Peoples and Cape Fear Steamboat Company; The Highlander, of the Farmers and Merchants Steamboat Company; and the City of Fayetteville, of the Fayetteville and Wilmington Steamboat Company. These three boats are the pick of the Cape Fear river fleet, with the exception of the Tar Heel, recently built. What disposition will be made of the Tar Heel and the Hawes, which boats are owned by two of the above companies, we are not yet able to say.

Col. W. S. Cook is the General Freight and Passenger Agent of the new company, and Mr. T. D. Love, of Wilmington, is Superintendent of Transportation.

Chief Marshal for the Fair.

Mr. B. T. McBryde, has been appointed chief marshal for the approaching fair by the executive committee of the Cumberland County Agricultural Association, and has signified his acceptance of the honor. The association could not have made a better selection, as Mr. McBryde, besides being very popular in Cumberland county, is well known in all the counties of the Cape Fear section, and has a large acquaintance throughout the State.

Chief Marshal McBryde will announce his list of assistants in a few days.

A Love Letter.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed Salve for Sores, Burns or Piles. Otto Dodd, of Ponder, Mo., writes: "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. It's the best Salve on earth. 25c at E. K. Seberry & Sons Drug Store."

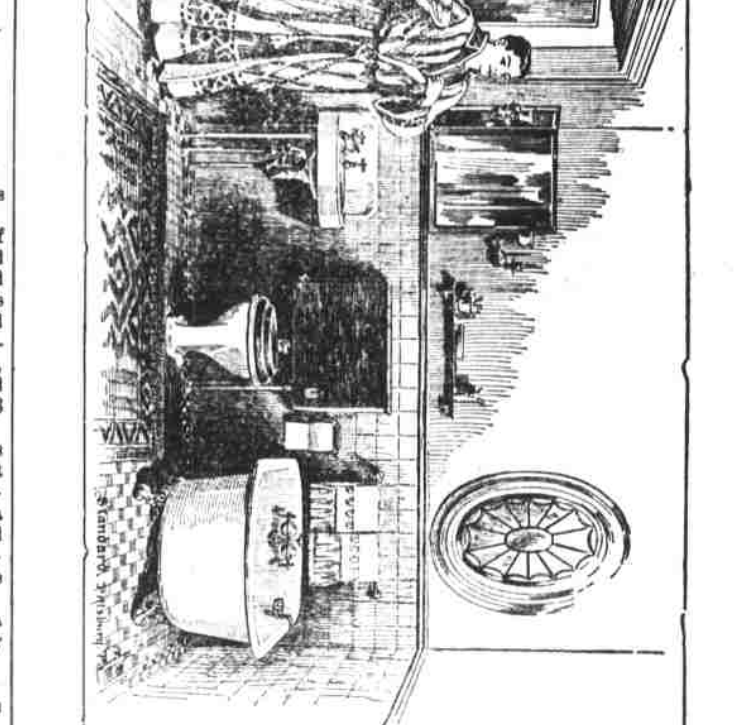
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Our prices are right. All work and material guaranteed. We meet all honest competition and solicit your patronage. Our plumbers are registered. Ledbetter Brothers, Night Phone 96 and 211 Day Phone 42.

DONALDSON-DAVIDSON ACADEMY, will open its doors for business

WEDNESDAY, September 23, 1903.

A High-Grade School for Boys will be Maintained.

Scientific and Classical Courses Pursued. Boys Equipped for College and for Life.

A limited number of girls will be admitted.

For further particulars address, C. R. WAKELAND,

Dress Goods and Trimmings.

Our stock is now complete, and we call special attention to our Dress Goods and trimmings 50 and 56 in.

Skirtings, SILKS and Waistings.

Our Black Goods are the finest we have ever carried—better black, better qualities.

Prompt and Polite Attention.

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PHONE 276.

THE ROYAL TAILORS

Tailoring for Men, Tailoring for Boys.

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Want your monotube or hand a better? BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR 18 25c. All drug stores.

Dear Sir: The way to reckon the cost of paint is to put both coats together; the cost of the paint and the cost of putting it on. It would save this country hundreds of millions of dollars a year; it would save you alone (if you happen to be a violet) several dollars a year. See how it works. It costs as much to put on one paint as another, don't it? Yes, if you use the same number of gallons. Well, don't! No, you'll use twice as many gallons of adulterated paint as of Devco; and you've got to pay twice as much for putting it on. Mr. N. Avery, Delhi, N. Y., has two houses alike and in same condition. Painted one house with Devco. 6 gal. less. Painted the other house with a paint that was half adulterated; 12 gallons. Same painter, Geo. Gilbert, did both jobs. One cost \$27, the other \$54. Better go by the name. Yours truly F. W. DAVOS & Co. P. O. Box 118. F. B. H. R. Horne & Sons, sell our paint.