NEW SERIES-VOL. XXIV---NO. 2,309

Prompt treatment of a slight attack of Diarrhoea will often prevent a serious sickness. The best known Remedy is Dr. Seth Arnold's Balsam. Your apothecary, King Drug Co., and G. W. Stancill, Hope Mills, warrants it to Warranted to give satisfaction by King Drug Co. and G. W. Stancill

DELICIOUS BANANA CREAM. This recipe is highly recommended by one of our correspondents; try

It for dessert to-morrow. Peel five large bananas, rub smooth with five teaspoonfuls of sugar. Add teacup sweet cream beaten to a stiff froth, then add one 10c, package of Lemon JELL-O disolved in 11/2 teacups boiling water. Pour into mold and when cold garnish with candied cheries. Serve with whipped cream, or any good pudding sauce. JELL-O is sold by all Grocers at 10c. per pack-

The function of the kidneys is to strain out the impurities of the blood is constantly passing through Foley's Kidney Remedy makes the kidneys healthy. They will strain out all waste matter from the blood. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy and it will make you well. McDuffle Drug Store (O. O. Souders, Prop.)

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"I have used Dr. King's New Life Pills for several years, and find them just exactly right, says Mr. A. A. Felon, of Harrisville, N. Y. New Life Pills relieve without the least discomort. Best remedy for constipation, illiousness and malaria. 25c. at B. E. Sedberry's Son's drug store.



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3 Currie Stores in Brick Row.



DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted by the Convention at Denve -Injunction and Railroad Planks Most Interesting Features-A Declaration on States' Rights-Favors Election of Senators by the People -The Platform in Detail.

al platform adopted by the convention at Denver Thursday night: We, the representatives of the Democrats of the United States in national convention assembled, affirm our

belief in, and pledge our loyalty to the principles of the party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs of an awakening throughout the country. The various investigations have raced graft and political corruption to the representatives of predatory wealth and taid bare the unscrupulous methods by which they have debauch ed elections and preyed upon a de-fenseless public through the subser-

vient officials whom they have raised o place and power. The conscience of the nation is now roused to free the government from the grip of those who have made it a business asset of the favor seeking corporations; it must become again a people's government, and be administered in all its departments according to the Jeffersonian maxim of "Equal rights to all and special privileges to

"Shall the people rule?" is the overshadowing issue which manifests it-self in all the questions now under discussion.

THE INJUNCTION PLANK. The courts of justice are the bul-wark of our liberties and we yield to one in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given the bench a long line of distinguished judges who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republiean party to raise a false issue re-specting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the courts.

It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws which the people create, and if the laws appear to work economic social or political injustice. t is our duty to change them.
The only basis upon which the in-

tegrity of our courts can stand is that of unswerving justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property If judicial processes may be abused, we should guard them against abuse LAW SHOULD BE MODIFIED.

Experience has proven the neces sity of a modification of the present law relating to injunctions and we reiterate the pledge of our National platforms of 1896 and 1904 in favor of the measure which passed the United States Senate in 1906 but which a Republican Congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to ontempts in Federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of in-

direct contempt.

Questions of judicial practice have arisen especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality and that injunctions should not isme in any cases in which injunctions would not issue if no industrial dis-

oute were involved. The expanding organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgement of the right of wage-earners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions to the end that such labor organization and their members should not be regarded as illegal combinations in restraint of trade.

government work. We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law by Congress. as far as the Federal jurisdiction exends for a general employer's liability act covering injury to body, or os of employes

We favor the eight-hour day on al

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a de-partment of labor, represented separately in the President's Cabinet, which department shall include the subject of mines and mining.

THE RAILROAD PLANK. We assert the right of Congress to exercise complete control over inter-State commerce and the right of each State to exercise just as complete control over commerce within its bor

We demand such enlargement of the nowers of the inter-State commerce ommission as may be necessary to enable it to protect persons and places from discrimination and to compel the railroads to perform their duties as common carriers. We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads engaged in inter-State To this end we recommend the physical valuation of the railroads by the inter-State commerce commission, such valuation to take into consideration the original cost of construction and all elements of value that will render the valuation made fair and just. We favor such legislation as will prohibit the rail-roads from engaging in business which brings them into competition with their shippers, also legislation transportation rates as conditions will permit, care being taken to avoid reduction in wages, prevent adequate service or do injustice to legitimate

We heartily approve the laws pro hibiting the pass and the rebate, and we favor any further necessary legislation to restrain, correct and prevent such abuses.

We welcome the belated promise of tariff reform now affected by the Republican party in tardy recognition of the righteousness of the Democratic position on this question; but these people cannot safely entrust the execution of this important work to a party which is so deeply obligated to highly protected interests as is the Republican party. We call at-tention to the significant fact that the promised relief was postponed until after the coming election—an elec-tion to succeed in which the Republican party must have that same sup-port from the beneficiaries of the high rotective tariff as it has always heretofore received from them; and to the further fact that during years of unterrupted power no action whatever has been taken by the Republican Congress to correct the admittedly ex-

favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import du-ties. Articles entering into compe-tition with trust controlled products should be placed upon the free list; should be placed upon the free ust, and material reductions should be made in the tariff upon the necessaries of life, especially upon articles competing with such American manufactures as are sold abroad more than at home; and graduats

reductions should be made in such other schedules as may be necessary to restore the tariff to a revenue basis.

Existing duties have given to nanufacturers of paper a shelter behind which they have organized com binations to raise the price of pulp and of paper, thus imposing a tax upon the spread of knowledge. We demand the immediate repeal of the tariff on pulp paper, pulp lumber, tim-ber, logs and that these articles be placed upon the free list.

PUBLICITY OF CAMPAIGN CONTRI-

BUTIONS. We demand Federal legislation for ever terminating the partnership which has existed between corporations of the country and the Republican party under the expressed or implied agreement that in return for the contributions of great sums of money wherewith to purchase elections they should be allowed to continue substantially unmolested in their efforts to encroach upon the rights of the peo

Any reasonable doubt as to the ex istence of this relation has been for ever dispelled by the sworn testimony of witnesses examined in the insurance investigation in New York and the open admission unchallenged by the Republican committee or a sin gle individual, that he himself at the personal request of the Republican candidate for the presidency raised over a quarter of a million of dollars to be used in a single State during the closing hours of the last cam-paign. In order that this practice shall be stopped for all time, we de mand the passage of a statute punish ing with imprisonment any officer of a corporation who shall either contribute on behalf of, or consent to the contribution by a corporation of any money or thing of value to be used in furthering the election of a President and Vice President of the United States or any member of the Congress thereof.

We denounce the action of the Re publican party, having complete con trol of the Federal government, for its failure to pass the bill, introduced n the last Congress, to compel the publication of the names of contribu ors and the amounts contributed to ward campaign funds, and point to he evidence of their insincerity when they sought by an absolutely Irrele vant and impossible amendment to de feat the passage of the bill. As fur ther evidence of their intention to conduct their campaign in the coming contest with vast sums of money wrested from favor-seeking corpora-tions, we call attention to the fact hat the recent Republican national convention at Chicago refused, when he plank was presented to it, to de clare against such practices.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law preventing any corporation, contributing to a campaign fund, and any individual from contributing an amount above a reasonable minimum and providing for the publication before the election of such contributions.

THE RIGHTS OF THE STATES. Believing with Jefferson in "the sup ort of the State governments in all their rights as the most competen administration for our domestic con cerns and the surest bulwark against anti-republican tendencies" and in 'the preservation of the general gov ernment in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet-anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad," we are opposed to the centralization implied n these suggestions, now frequently made, that the powers of the general government should be extended by julicial construction. There is no twilight zone between the nation and he State in which exploiting interests an take refuge from both; and it is ment shall exercise the powers dele ernments shall use the authority re served to them; but we insist Federal remedies for the regulation of inter-State commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to-not substituted for-

State remedies. ECONOMY IN ADMINISTRATION. The Republican congress in sea sion just ended has made appropria tions amounting to \$1,008,000,000, ex ceeding the total expenditures of the past fiscal year by \$90,000,000 and leaving a deficit of more than \$60,000, 000 for the fiscal year. We denounce the needless waste of the people's money which has resulted in this appalling increase as a shameful viola tion of all prudent conditions of gov ernment as no less than a crim against the millions of working mer and women from whose earnings the great proportion of these collosal sums be extorted through excessive tariff exactions and other indirect methods. It is not surprising that, in the face of this shocking record, the Republican platform contains no reference to economical administration or promise thereof in the future. We demand that a stop be put to this frightful extravagance and insist upon the strictest economy in every departnent compatible with frugal and efficient administration.

We favor a generous pension policy both as a matter of justice to the sur viving veterans and their dependent and because it tends to relieve the country of the necessity of maintain ing a large standing army.

NATURAL RESOURCES. We repeat the demand for interna ment and for the conservation of our natural resources, contained in previous platforms, the enforcement of which Mr. Roosevelt has vainly ght from a reluctant party and to that end we insist upon the preservahe public domain for home seekers. the protection of natural resources in imber, coal, iron and oil against moour waterways for navigation and every other useful purpose, including the ion of swamp lands, the clarification of streams, the development of water power and the preservation of electric power generated by this natural force rom the control of monopoly; and to such end, we urge the exerc powers, national, State and municipal, both separately and in co-opera

We insist upon a policy of administration of our forest reserve which shall relieve it of the abuses which have arisen thereunder, and which as far as practicable, conform to the police regulations of the severa States where they are located which shall enable homesteaders as of right to occupy and acquire title to all por-tions thereof which are especially adapted to agriculture, and which shall furnish a system of timber sales available as well as to the private cit-isen as to the larger manufacturer PANAMA CANAL.

We believe the Panama canal will prove of great value to our country, and favor its speedy completion.
BANKING.

The panic of 1907, coming without any legitimate excuse, when the Republican party had for a decade been to complete control of the Federal government, furnishes additional proof that it is either unwilling or incompetent to protect the interests of the general public. It has so linked the country to Wall Street that the sins of the speculators are visited up-on the whole people. While refusing to rescue wealth-procedure from spo-liation at the hands of the stock gamblers and speculators in farm products, it has deposited Treasury funds. without interest and without competition, in favorite banks. It has used an emergency for which it is largely responsible to force through Congress a bill changing the basis of bank cur rency and inviting market manipula-tion, and has failed to give to the fif-

teen million depositors of the country protection in their savings.

We believe that in so far as the needs of commerce require an emergency currency, such currency should be issued, contolled by the Federal government and loaned on adequal security to national and State banks. We pledge ourselves to legislation un-der which the national banks shall be required to establish a guarantee fund for the prompt payment of the depositors of any insolvent national bank under an equitable system which shall be available to all State banking institutions wishing to use it. We favor a postal saving bank if the guaranteed bank cannot be secur-

ed and that it be constituted so as to keep the deposited money in the com-munities where it is established. But we condemn the policy of the Repub-lican party in providing postal savings banks under a plan of conduct by which they will aggregate the depos its of rural communities and re-deposit the same while under government charge in the banks of Wall Street, thus depleting the circulating medium of the producing regions and unjustly favoring the speculative markets.

INCOME TAX. We favor an income tax as part of revenue system, and we urge the submission of a constitutional amendment specifically authorizing Congress to evy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes to the end that wealth may bear its proportionate share of the burdens of the Federal

government.

The constitutional provision that a navy shall be provided and maintained means an adequate navy and we be leve that the interests of this country would be best served by having a navy sufficient to defend the coasts of this country and protect American citizens whenever their rights may be in jec pardy.

POPULAR ELECTION OF SENA TORS.

We favor the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people and regard as the gateway to other national reforms.

PAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS. The Democratic party recognizes the importance and advantage of developing closer ties of Pan-American riendship and commerce between the United States and her sister nations of Lantin-America and favors the tak ing of such steps, consistent with Democratic policies, for better acquain ance, greater mutual confidence and larger exchange of trade, as will bring lasting benefit not only to the United States but to this group of American republics having constitutions, forms government, ambitions and

ASIATIC IMMIGRATION We favor full protection by both na tional and State governments within their respective spheres of all for-eigners residing in the United States under treaty, but we are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgamated with our population or whose presence among us would raise a race issue and involve us in diplomatic controversie with Oriental powers.

MINOR ISSUES.

Other planks in the platform call for an immediate declaration of the na tion's purpose to recognize the inde pendence of the Phillippines; denounces the growing increase of office holders under the Republican adminis tration as indicating a deliberate purpose to continue the Republicans in power; demands that the House of Representatives shall again become a deliberate body, controlled by a major ity of the members and not by the Speaker: favors an immediate liberal and comprehensive plan for improving every water-course in the Un-ion; condemns the action of the present Chief Executive in using the patronage of his high office to secure the nomination of one of his Cabinent offi-cers; pledges the party to the enactof a law to regulate the and services of telegraph and telephine companies; calls for honest and rigid enforcement of the civil service na and New Mexico as separate tates, declares that rules and regulations in relating to free grazing lands should be left to the people of the States where the lands are situated; favors the extension of agricultural, mechanical and industrial ed ucation, believes in the upbuilding of the American merchant marine with out new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public Treasury; favors the application of principles of the land laws of the United States to Hawaii, in the tion, protection and replacement of for the people of Alaska and Portoneeded forests, the preservation of Rico the full enjoyment of the rights and provisions of a territorial form of government; favors Federal aid the construction and maintenance of nopolistic control, the development of post mads, deprecates the use of the navy for the collection of private febts, and advocates the organization of all existing national public health public health; insists upon the full protection of our citizens at home and

> be proof that he is an American citi-sen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such. "Health Coffee" is really the closes Coffee Imitation ever yet produced This clever Coffee Substitute was re cently produced by Dr. Shoop of Ra-cine, Wis. Not a grain of real Coffee in it either. Dr. Shoop's Health Cofee is made from pure toasted grains with malt, nuts, etc. Really it would fool an expert—who might drink it for Coffee. No 20 or 30 minutes te-dious boiling. "Made in a minute" says the doctor. Sold by L. C. Woot-

broad and demands that all over the

BRYAN ON THE PRESIDENCY.

Its Powers Overestimated.

A dispatch from New York says that Mr. Bryan, the Democratic nominee for President, has written an article entitled "My Conception of the Presidency," for the July 18th Issue of Col-Her's Weekly, and quotes Mr. Bryan as follows:

"The President's power for good or or harm is often overestimated. Our vernment is a government of checks and balances; power is distributed among different departments, and each of them works in co-operation with others. The making of laws, for instance, the President joins with the Senate and the House; he may recommend but he is powerless to legslate, except as a majority of the Senate and the House concur with him. The Senate and the House are also independent of each other; and the President has a veto over both; except that the Senate and the House can, by a two-thirds vote, override the President's veto.

INFLUENCE LIMITED.

The influence of the President over legislation, is therefore limited; he shares responsibility with a large number of the people's representa-tives. Even in the enforcement of aw he is hedged about by restrictions. He acts through an Attorney General whose appointment must be approved by the Senate) and offenders against the law must be prosecuted in the courts, so that here again the respon-sibility is divided. In the making of important appointments, he must consult the Senate, and is of necessity compelled to exercise care and dis crimination. The most important equisite in a President, as in other sficials, is that his sympathy shall be with the whole people, rather than with any fraction of the population. He is constantly called upon to act in the capacity of a judge—deciding between the importunities of those who seek favors and the rights and interests of the public. Unless his sympathies are right, the few are sure o have an advantage over the many, for the masses have no one to present their claims. They act only at elections, and must trust to their repre sentatives to protect them from all their foes. Second, the President must have a knowledge of public questions and the ability to discern between the true and the false; he nust be able to analyze the conditions and to detect the sophistries that are always employed by those who seek unfair advantages.

MORAL COURAGE.

"He must possess the moral courage to stand against the influences that are brought to bear in favor of special interests. In fact, the qualty of moral courage is as essential in public official as either sight sympathies or a trained mind. "A President must have counsellors

and to make wise use of counsellors he must be open to convictions. President is committed by his platorm to certain policies and the platform is binding; he is also committed o certain principles of government and these he is in duty bound to apply n all matters that come before him. But there is a wide zone in which he nust act upon his own judgment, and nere he ought to have the aid of intel-igent, conscientious and faithful adisors. The law provides these, to ertain extent, in giving him a Cabinet, and the Vice President ought to be made a member of the Cabinet ex officio, in order, first, that the Presiom and knowledge of affairs, and second, that the Vice President may better prepared to take up the work of the President in case of a vaany in the presidential office. There night to be cordial relations also beween the President and those who occupy positions of influence in the o-ordinate branches of the governnent, where our government is not a one man government, but a government in which the chosen representaression to the will of the voters.

HIS OPPORTUNITIES. "But the presidency is the highest osition in the world and its occuant is an important factor in all naonal matters. If he is a devout belever in our theory of government. ecognizes the constitutional distribuon of powers, trusts thoroughly in he people and fully sympathizes with hem in their aspirations and hopes, e has an opportunity to do a splendid work; he occupies a vantage ground from which he can exert a wholesome influence in favor of each

orward movement. "The responsibilities of the office are so great that the occupant ought be relieved of every personal ambition, save the ambition to prove worthy of the confidence of his counrymen; for this reason he ought to nter the position without thought or prospect of a second term. While the ourdens of such an office are heavy. and while the labors of the office are exacting and exhausting, the field of service is large and, measuring its greatness by service, a President, by consecrating himself to the public veal, can make himself secure affection of his fellow-citizens while he lives and create for himself a permanent place in the nation's history.

"E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill. Gentlemen-In 1897 I had a disease of the stomach and bowels. In the spring of 1902 I bought a bottle of Kodol and the benefit I received all the gold in Georgia could not buy. May you live long and prosper. Yours very truly, C. N. Cornell, Roding, Ga., Aug. 27. 1906." Sod by Armfield Drug Co.

War Against Consumption. All nations are endeavoring to check the ravages of consumption, the "white plague" that claims so many victims each year. Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds perfectly and you are in no danger of consumption. Do not risk your health by taking some unknown preparation when world a duly authoritated passport is-sued by the government of the Unit-ed States to an American citizen shall Poley's Honey and Tar is safe and certain in results. McDu (O. O. Souders, Prop.) in results. McDuffle Drug Store

It Can't Be Beat.

The best of all teachers is expe rience. C. M. Harden, of Silver City North Carolina, say: "I find Electric Bitters does all that's claimed for it. For Stomach, Liver and Kidney trou-It can't be beat. I have tried it and find it a most excellent medicine. Mr. Harden is right; it's the best of all nedicines also for weakness, lame back, and all run down conditions. Best too for chills and malaria. Sold under guarantee at B. E. Sedberry's Son's drug store. 50c.

LABOR LEADERS FOR BRYAN.

A correspondent from Lincoln, Neb. sends the following interesting information to the Raleigh News and Ob-

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, will support William J. Bryan in the coming presidential campaign. In politi-cal circles to-day this announcement overshadowed all others, even the arival of John W. Kern, the vice pres idential nominee While Mr. Gompers' support was promised to the ticket he specifically denied any present intention of taking the stump in the coming campaign. Reports gained currency that the labor leader would speak for Bryan but he made no such announcement. He left Fairview after 15 minutes' interview with Mr Bryan. At present it is believed there will be no need for Mr. Gompers' service in an oratorical sense. and Mr. Gompers does not expect to be called on to speak publicly in the campaign.

REPUBLICANS IGNORED LABOR. The Republican convention, Gom pers asserts, ignored the demands of

labor, while the Democrats acknowl-edged them in their platform. His course, he says, is clear and he wil to what is demanded of him in the nterests of labor as best impressed in the platform adopted at Denver As the situation is at present, Mr Gompers' efforts can be better expend ed elsewhere than on the rostrum. In his interview with Mr. Bryan Mr. Gompers was attended by Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, and James Duncan, also a labor leader.

The representatives of organized labor and the vice presidential nominee John W. Kern, and party reached Bryan Station" by the trolley car. Mr. Bryan, in his neglected Fedora hat and alpaca coat, went out to gree them.

"Ah there is the Vice President observed the leader of the ticket smil ing and extending his hand. What Mr. Kern said in reply was

lost in the confusion but his was reassuring as he shook hands of his party. WILL CARRY INDIANA.

The presidential and vice presidential nominee, arm in arm, led the way to the Bryan home, followed by Abraham Simmons, delegate-at-large to the convention: John E. Osbourne tee, of Indiana, and U. S. Jackson, chairman of that committee Mr. Jackson after talking with Mr. Bryan declared that Indiana would go for Bryan by 10,000 votes. He based this prediction on a canvass, which he said he has been making since the middle of January. He anticipated the enrollment of many Roosevelt Re

publicans on the Bryan list. Mr. Bryan told his visitors that i had been reported he would make front porch campaign. He was b no means certain of this, but admitted that he had promised to make speech in Chicago on Labor Day Aside from this date the candidate for the presidency had made no plans.

RETROSPECT OF THE CONVEN-TION.

F. B. Arendell From Denver to Ral eigh News and Observer.] Denver, Col., July 11.—The Denver onvention, which a few hours ago was a most remarkable reality, is to day merely a chapter in political history, but it is one of the most thrilling, interesting and contesting chapdent may have the benefit of his wis- ters in the political history of this or any other nation. The dismantling

has set in and it looks horrible

It has been in many features greatest political gathering that has ever been held in America. More than fifty thousand strangers came to Denver to see it. Perhaps one half or two-thirds of them but into the great auditorium at different sessions. er has there been such a scramble to admission to any gathering of a political nature. The city of Denver has been one great glittering, gorgeous banquet of decorations and display Millions of yards of bunting, millions of flags and banners of every kind and design, a constellation of the stars of Democracy such as has never here ofore been greeted upon its glorious horizon, a gallaxy of the advances of the party, resplendent in attire, and full of zeal and good cheer, a moving marching, surging, rushing, restles resistless sea of people all, or nearly all of them, decided and determined

which he should make Democracy's appeal for the preferment in the ap roaching contest Great work has been done, and for nce at least, in the history of parties the question of a people's government by the people has been put squarely up to the people, without evasion o equivocation. Mr. Bryan was the peple's candidate. Mr. Kern is a people' man and the platform demands that the people shall run. Denver has de cided the preliminary post of the cor test in favor of the people. It re mains to be seen what the people wil do in November.

upon the man who was to be the hero

of the hour, and the principles upon

Delay in commencing treatment for a slight iregularity that could have been cured quickly by Foley's Kidney Remedy may result in a serious kid ney disease Foley's Kidney Remedy builds up the worn out tissues and strengthens these organs. Commence taking it to-day. McDuffle Drug Store (O. O. Souders, Prop.)

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is ea pecially good for piles. Recommend ed and sold by Armfield Drug Co.

Bert Barber, of Elton, Wis., says "I have only taken four doses of De-Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills and they have done for me more than any other medicine has even done." Sold by Armleld Drug Co.

A REVELATION.

It is a revelation to people, the severe cases of lung trouble that have been cured by Foley's Honey and Tar It not only stops the cough but heal and strengthens the lungs. L. M. Rug-gles, Reasnor, Iowa, writes: "The doctors said I had consumption, and I got no better until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It stopped the hemorrhages and pain in my lungs and they are now as sound as a bullet. McDuffle Drug Store (O. O. Souders, Prop.)

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup acts gently upon the bowels and there by drives the cold out of the system Sold by Armfield Drug Co.

5 or 6 doses "866" will cure any cas of Chilis and Fever. Price 25c.

STEDMAN ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Bullard, who have been visiting in Stedman and neighboring points for several days, left yesterday for a trip to Nova Sco tia, Canada.

A very interesting but very quiet marriage took place in Stedman last Thursday evening when Miss Euphle Autry became the bride of Mr. A. F. Bullard, of Garner, Ala. Only a few of their most intimate friends were present at the marriage ceremony, which was performed by Rev. N. M McDonald, of this place. The bridal couple left for a short trip to Washington, after which they will be at their home, Ganer, Ala. This couple are each deservedly popular, and their many friends wish for them a long life, crowned with the best of success and happiness.

Miss Gertrude Corbett, who visited friends and relatives in Stedman recently, returned on last Wednesday to her home at Ivanhoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Rob. Butler, with their little son, were visitors at Mr. J. D. Geddle's Saturday and Monday. Miss Susan Geddle left Saturday to

visit friends at Garland. She will

visit the White Lake, the beach and friends at Ivanhoe before returning Mr. and Mrs. Henry Marsh recently visited their niece, Mrs. N. M. Mc

Donald. Miss Bettle Holmes is visiting her cousin, Mrs. N. M. McDonald.

Rev. N. M. McDonald protracted a meeting at Beard's school house last week. He will protract a meeting at Cokesbury, beginning the 4th Sunday of this month.

Mrs. Purdie Spell and little son George Fu'on of Red Springs are evnected to visit here this week The friends of Miss Retta Bullard

are glad to have her with them again, she having returned last week from Ganer, Ala., where she had spent two months and a half. Among the excursionists who went to Wilmington with Odd Fellows were

vid Sessoms. Mr. John Holmes is visiting in Bla Master Horace Miller, of Savannah,

s with his friends here to spend some

After a lingering and painful case of consumption, Mrs. Sallie Horne Autry departed this life Monday, July 13th, at 3 o'clock, A. M. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Beanett Horne and was married to Mr. Dougald Autry. She leaves one child, a son, about ten years old. The burial will take place this morning, July 14

WADE ITEMS.

at the Horne grave yard.

The crops of this section are look ing fine now. After the good rain of last week, and the farmers are looking forward to a bountiful harvest. Mr. Cameron and family have re turned from a pleasant visit among relatives and friends in Moore coun

and Mrs. George Penny, of Phebus Va., have been visiting their sister Mrs. J. C. Bain, near Wade, Miss Brown and her handsome ne phew, Mr. J. B. Bain, spent Sunday

afternoon with friends near Cooper She returned to Wilmington Monday taking her little niece Olivia Bain, The ice cream supper at Gainey's mill Saturday evening seems to be grand success, as all the attendants

those were Mr. James Blanchard and Miss Lena Godwin. Mr. Fred N. Matthews, Miss Bessie Williams and Mr. C. A. who spent Saturday night with friends near Stedman returned Sunday after

eport a very good time.

ne of the golden opportunities of leap year pass unnoticed while this trip, while Mr. J. R. Blanchard took the long journey without the More later. Mr. H. S. Matthews and family, who noved to Fayetteville last fall will

return to their old home near here next Tuesday. We give them a hearty welcome and are glad to have them with us again. Mrs. A. B. Barefoot, of Falcon, is spending this week with her mother,

Mrs. Almon Godwin. SAMPSON ITEMS.

After quite awhile we come again sking for a short space in the Ob-

I wish to say just here that the peo ple of Sampson seem to be keeping pace with the times. They have fine crops, plenty to eat and just at this ime they are not so busy but they can't take a day off, for only last Sunday school several hundred wen on an excursion to the capital (Raleigh) and all report a good time.

Possibly the largest crowd to end any one funeral was that of Rev. R. C. Jackson at Roberts Grove last Sunday. Being a prominent man as farmer, minister and Mason, of urse there was a large number of friends to pay their last respect. We are glad to have such a promi "Kitchin" in North Carolina ent while we don't believe it will make rations any better, but at any ratehurrah for W. W.

Dunn, N. C., July 13.

Heat prostrates the nerves. In the

ammer one needs a tonic to off-set the

ustomary hot weather Nerve and Strength depression. You will feel better in 48 hours after beginning to take such a remedy as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Its prompt action in re-storing the weakened nerves is surprising. Of course, you won't get en-irely strong in a few days, but each day you can actually feel the improve ment. That tired: lifeless, spiritless feeling will quickly depart when using the Restorative. Dr. Shoop's Restorative will sharpen a failing appetite; it alds digestion; it will strengthen the weakened Kdneys and Heart by simply rebuilding the worn-out nerves that these organs depend upon. Test it a few days and be convinced. Sold by B. E. Sedberry's Son.

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