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WILSON SPARES NOT PROFITEER CLASS

MAKES VERY STRONG APPEAL TO LABOR

(By The Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 8.—Addressing Congress today and proposing remedies to check the high cost of living, President Wilson declared that existing laws were inadequate and that high prices were not justified by shortage of supply, present or prospective, but were created in many cases "artificially and deliberately" by "vicious practices." The President recommended that the food control act be extended to peace-time operation and that Congress exclude from interstate, as well as intrastate shipments, goods which did not comply with its operations.

The President also recommended that the food law be provided with a substantial penalty for profiteering, and that a cold storage law be enacted immediately after the law in New Jersey, by which a time limit be placed on cold storage. He also recommended that all goods released from cold storage be marked with the prices prevailing when they went into storage. He further recommended that goods in interstate commerce be marked with the price at which they left the producer. It would serve as a useful example, the President suggested, if Congress enacted legislation to control the situation in the District of Columbia, where it has unlimited authority.

Further, the President recommended a federal licensing system for corporations engaged in interstate commerce, which would embody regulations to insure competitive selling "and prevent unconscionable profits in the method of marketing."

He also urged prompt passage of the law pending to control security issues.

Making an appeal for the ratification of the peace treaty to turn the country from a war basis, the President said:

"There can be no peace prices so long as our whole financial and economic system is on a war basis."

"A process has set in," the President told Congress, "which is likely, unless something is done, to push prices and rents and the whole cost of living higher and yet higher, in a vicious cycle, to which there is no logical or natural end."

"Some of the methods by which these prices are produced are already illegal, some of them criminal, and those who employ them will be energetically proceeded against; but others have not yet been brought under the law and should be dealt with at once by legislation."

"Demands for increases of wages accompanying rising costs of living, the President said, were justified "if there be no other means of enabling men to live."

"While there is any possibility that the peace terms may be changed," said the President, referring to his plea for early ratification of the treaty, so that the country may be turned back from a war basis "or maybe held long in abeyance or may not be enforced because of divisions of opinions among the powers arrayed against Germany it is idle to look for permanent relief."

The surplus stocks of food and clothing in the hands of the government, the President said, would be sold and the hoards of food in private hands would be forced out under the existing provisions of the food control law.

Dealers eager to reap the harvest of rising prices, who have accumulated hoards, the President said, would now "see disadvantage as well as the danger of holding off from the new process of distribution."

The normal operation of the laws of supply and demand, the President said, had been set at naught, in the case of many necessary commodities. He cited the figures of the Federal Trade Commission showing rising prices in the face of greater stocks of food than were on hand in the country a year ago. The pending bill to regulate security issues, the President referred to as a measure which "would do much to stop speculation and to prevent the fraudulent methods of promotion by which our people are annually fleeced of many million of hard earned money." Besides asking for the remedies he proposed, the President called

on Congress and the public to deal with the subject deliberately. He appealed to merchants and others to deal fairly with the people and to housewives to exercise "a greater vigilance and a more thoughtful economy."

Appeals to Organized Labor.
Leaders of organized labor, the President said, he was sure "will presently yield to sober second thought and like the great mass of their associates, think and act like Americans."

Strikes undertaken at this time, the President said, would only make matters worse, and he expressed his confidence that the labor men would realize it.

"No remedy is possible while men are in a temper," and there can be no settlement which does not have as its motive and standard the general interest.

The President warned Congress, however, that no complete and immediate remedy was to be found in legislation or immediate action; process of supply and demand would not operate of themselves, while the country was neither at peace nor war.

"Where there is no peace of mind there can be no energy of endeavor," he said. "Politically, socially, economically, the world is on the operating table, and it has not been possible to administer any anaesthetic."

"There can be no confidence in industry nor calculable bases for credit, no confident buying or systematic selling, no hopeful attempt at reconstruction, or the proper reassembling of the displaced elements of enterprise, until peace has been established and, so far as may be, guaranteed."

This, the President said, in connection with his recommendation that the peace treaty should be ratified.

Speaking of retail prices, the President said, "there can be little doubt but that retailers are in part—sometimes in large part—responsible for exorbitant prices."

It was practical, the President said, to supply the public through established governmental agencies and through publicity, with information on which it might judge what profits should be. Congress should provide necessary funds for these agencies, the President said.

The world, of course, the President reminded Congress must pay for the vast wastage of the war, and take the results of food fields turned to battlefields. At the same time it must help Europe back to her normal state.

"We, and we almost alone, hold the world steady," the President said. "It is in this supreme crisis—the crisis for all mankind—that America must prove her metal."

TEXTILE DEPARTMENT, STATE COLLEGE.

This department, which is the Textile School of North Carolina, had during the past year more students registered than any other textile school in the South. There were 113 students, 75 of these taking the regular four-year course.

New equipment to the value of \$15,000.00 is now being added, which consists of the latest and most improved types of machinery that is being made. The new equipment is being added to carding, spinning, weaving and dyeing and when installed will make this textile school one of the most complete in America for instruction in cotton manufacturing.

The latest vacuum card stripping device will also be added and as this is one of the latest textile inventions the addition of this device to the equipment will be of the utmost advantage to textile students.

For the past six years the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, which is one of the largest associations of its kind, has awarded the Student's Medal to this textile school. This is the only textile school in the South to receive it. The medal is awarded the graduating student having the highest proficiency in his work.

A large number of the graduates of the textile school are filling responsible positions in the textile and allied industries.

CARNEGIE IS DEAD

The Great Steel King Gave Up the Ghost Today and Left His Wealth Behind Him.

(By The Associated Press)

Lennox, Mass., Aug. 11.—Andrew Carnegie, steel magnate and philanthropist, died at his Lennox summer home, "Shadowbrook," at 7:10 this morning after an illness for the last three days with bronchial pneumonia. So sudden was his death that his daughter, Mrs. Roswell Miller, was unable to get to her father's bedside, before he died. His wife and private secretary were with him at the end.

Mr. Carnegie had spent most of the summer at Lennox, coming here late in May, and up to a few weeks ago enjoyed himself in almost daily fishing trips on Lake Mahkennac, which borders his big "Shadowbrook" estate, and in riding about his grounds. He was taken ill Friday and grew steadily worse. His advanced age and lessened powers of resistance hastened the end.

Mr. Carnegie came to Lennox to make his home in May, 1917, and had spent the last three summers here. He intended to spend his declining days at his country home when he bought it, and the announcement was made that Mr. Carnegie would spend all of the spring and summer months there. He came up from New York late in May this year.

Mr. Carnegie is survived by his widow, who was Miss Louise Whitefield of New York, and his daughter, Margaret, who married, last April, Ensign Roswell Miller of New York City.

SALEEBY'S NEW BUILDING.

Now Being Built in Center Fayetteville's Biggest Business Section.

Work has been going on for some time now in the construction of Saleeby's new hotel, which is situated in the center of Fayetteville's biggest business section, on Hay street. Rapid progress is being made, and the building is going up nicely.

The upstairs of the building only will be used as a hotel, the downstairs to be devoted to an ice cream parlor and confectionery. Both the hotel and the ice cream parlor will be under the management of T. S. Saleeby.

REGIMENT CITED AND COLORS DECORATED.

Sergeant George Myrover has sent to home folks, from Germany, a copy of the citation of the regiment in which he serves, 76th Field Artillery, Third Division. This citation carried with it decoration of the regiment's colors with the Croix de Guerre and gold stars. The citation reads:

"The United States 76th Regiment of Artillery.

"The 76th Regiment of Artillery of the 3rd Division during the German attack on the Marne, due to their fire, remarkably prepared and brilliantly executed, contributed in stopping the enemy offensive, and inflicted heavy losses on their adversaries.

"During the counterattack between the Marne and the Vesle, in close liaison with the infantry, pushing on unflinchingly in spite of difficulties of supplies and obstacles of terrain, harassing the enemy at all times and obliging him to retreat.

"The grand general headquarters, (Signed) 'PETAIN,' 'Marshal of France, Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the East. 'June 24, 1919.'"

DUNN TO HAVE NEW HOTEL.

(Special to The Observer)

Dunn, Aug. 11.—At a meeting held Friday night a number of progressive business men voted to build a \$75,000 hotel here, which is at present one of the greatest needs of the city. The sum of \$15,000 was subscribed at this meeting. Several sites are being considered for the erection of this building, and it is certain that further steps will be taken right away.

EYES EXAMINED

GLASSES GRIND.

DR. JULIUS SHAFFER

216 HAY STREET

Fayetteville, N. C.

AFTER PROFITEERS

Government's Campaign to Reduce High Cost Living Is Well Under Way Today.

(By The Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 11.—The Government's campaign designed to reduce the high cost of living and bring to book hoarders and profiteers was well under way today.

Congress began preliminary work on some of the legislation which the Executive Departments regard as necessary to strengthen their hands, and hundreds of trained investigators in the Department of Justice moved to the aid of district attorneys seeking evidence against profiteers.

Attorney General Palmer expected the re-establishment of fair price committees by State Food Administrators who worked with Administrator Hoover during the war to have a wholesome effect by disclosing to the public concrete cases of profiteering by retailers.

The Committee will be asked to publish fair price lists in all communities; for the guidance of purchasers.

The House Agricultural Committee began consideration of cold storage legislation, recommended by President Wilson, hearing experts from the Department of Agriculture.

Similar legislation is expected to be undertaken soon by the subcommittee of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, which was appointed today by Chairman Cumber.

LETTER FROM AMBASSADOR JUSSERAND.

Ambassade de la Republique Francaise, aux Etats-Unis.

Washington, le August 5, 1919.

Dear Mr. Mayor—Allow me to offer my heartfelt thanks for the invitation which you were so kind as to send me to be present in Fayetteville on the occasion of the next anniversary of the birth of the great man whose name it bears.

I wish it were possible for me to accept and avail myself once more of that charming Southern hospitality which I have enjoyed more than once in your State and in some others. Greatly to my regret, I shall be unable to do so, having accepted long ago an invitation in New York for the same celebration.

Offering my best wishes for the prosperity of your city bearing a name so dear to every French and American heart, I beg you to believe me, Very sincerely yours,

JUSSERAND.

Hon John Underwood, Mayor of Fayetteville, Fayetteville, N. C.

IN AUSTRALIA.

Admiral Viscount Jellicoe Preaches Preparation for War in Sydney.

Sydney, Australia—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Admiral Viscount Jellicoe preached a policy of preparation for war in some of the speeches he has delivered here while visiting Australia to inform the Australian government concerning matters of naval policy.

"When discussions take place on such subjects as the League of Nations or the question of limitation of armaments, I trust I will never be forgotten that the existence of the British Empire depends absolutely upon the safety of its sea communications," said Viscount Jellicoe at Sydney, where he addressed the Navy League. Before the war, he said, Great Britain suffered from a lack of insufficient ships to guard the long lines of communication between London and Australia and, he added, "it is up to the British Empire to see that we are never in want of sufficient policemen afloat in the future."

Speaking of the "deadly risks run in the last five years," the Admiral said, "one can only hope that in the future sufficient provisions will be made both by the mother country and by the overseas dominions to insure the impossibility of defeat of the British navy."

After giving some information to show how long it took Great Britain to prepare for Germany's submarine campaign, Viscount Jellicoe said: "The lesson I am trying to preach is preparation for war. I would like to say very seriously that it seems to me the conclusion is forced upon us that the British Empire depends now more than ever upon naval supremacy."

A FINE MONUMENT.

Erected in Honor of the Soldiers and War Workers of the Tolar-Hart Community.

The first public monument erected in Cumberland County to soldiers and workers in the great world war just closed, was unveiled at Tolar-Hart village on July 15, last. It is the gift of the Tolar, Hart and Holt Mills and was made by E. L. Rensburg, Fayetteville, of beautiful, pure white Vermont marble. This stands in a prominent place in the village, near the public library, and is an evidence of the patriotism and fine spirit which actuate the owners of the mill in all things.

The inscriptions on the monument are as follows:

ON THE FRONT

1917—Honor Roll—1919
This stone is erected by the Tolar, Hart and Holt Mills, in honored memory of those from Tolar-Hart who placed their lives in the hands of their country in the great war for democracy.

ON THE BACK
To our faithful employees, men and women, young and old, who stuck to their daily tasks during the war and by their labor made yarn which helped to clothe the army.

ON THE SIDES

Corporal Leon Arnette, 81st Division; Private Arthur Arnette, 81st Division; Private John Arnette, Evacuation Hospital; Private Herman Hendrix, 39th Division; Private Andrew Clark, 42nd Division; Private Cleveland Moore, 39th Division; Private H. Boyd Brown, 80th Division, died October 15, 1918, of wounds received in Meuse-Argonne drive; Private Ben Brady, 30th Division, killed in action October 30, 1918; Private Fred Brady, 30th Division; Lieut. John Robert Tolar, U. S. A., air service; Lieut. Robert Tolar, 3rd, air service; John R. Tolar, Jr., Y. M. C. A. secretary in France.

THE PITTMAN BUILDING.

Rapid progress is being made in construction of the Pittman Hospital, situated on Hay street, a short distance from the station, on the opposite side of the street. The building which covers a great deal of ground, and is to be composed of four store rooms besides the hospital proper, and will be three stories high, is going up rapidly. Nearly thirty men are now employed in constructing the building.

A description of Fayetteville's new hospital has been given in these columns before. Just when the doors of the Pittman Hospital will be thrown open is not known, but it will not be so very long now.

PAY OF ENLISTED MEN TO REMAIN AS DURING THE WAR.

The report which has been going the rounds that pay of enlisted men in peace times would be the same as before the war has been branded as false by the Adjutant General of the Army, according to a telegram received at camp headquarters recently. Those who enlist in the new army will receive the same pay as were received by soldiers during the war. The telegram follows:

Commanding General, Camp Bragg, North Carolina:

Washington, D. C., July 28, 1919.

Newspaper reports that pay of enlisted men will revert after present emergency to previous scale are incorrect. Appropriation bills for fiscal year 1920 provided that provision of act approved May 18, 1917, in so far as it increases the pay of enlisted men of the army, are continued in force and in effect from and after date of approval of this appropriation act of 1920. You will give wide publicity to these facts.

ADJUTANT GENERAL HARRIS.

DEATH OF A WORTHY AND ESTEEMED COLORED RESIDENT OF FAYETTEVILLE.

Mary Payne Buxton, colored, widow of the late Daniel Buxton, died at her home on Moore street about 3 o'clock Friday afternoon. Deceased, who was 79 years of age, was one of the oldest colored school teachers in Fayetteville, having taught here in the sixties. She was a diligent reader of the Bible, a sincere Christian and a faithful communicant of St. Joseph's Episcopal Church. She was esteemed by all who knew her, both white and colored.

You are liable to a sudden attack of Bowel Complaint. The best remedy is Dr. SETH ARNOLD'S BAL-SAM. Warranted by Peay's Drug Store.

ROYALTY IN AMERICA

Battleship, With Prince of Wales Aboard, Sighted off New Foundland Today.

(By The Associated Press.)

St. Johns, N. F., Aug. 11.—The British battleship Renown, bringing the Prince of Wales to New Foundland, was sighted at 8:00 A. M. local time, today from the Cape Francis Lighthouse at the southern entrance of Conception Bay. The Renown and her escort, the cruiser Dragon, were about fifteen miles away, proceeding slowly.

CAMP BRAGG SOLDIER BECOMES MOVIE WRITER

Corporal Clarke Gets Theda Bara's Autographed Photo.

(Camp Bragg News.)

Corporal Jack Clarke, well known meteorologist, has just been notified by a leading moving picture firm that his stories have been accepted and will be staged at an early date. Corporal Clarke's scenario work has been done at odd moments in his busy life at the camp weather station. It is likely that he will give his literary talent considerable attention in the future. He is not only a man of science as indicated by his selection of the meteorological branch of the army, but is also an artist possessing good musical and literary ability. Miss Theda Bara was so charmed with one of Mr. Clarke's plays that she sent him her autographed photograph.

HARNETT COUNTY TO HAVE BIG FAIR.

Dunn, Aug. 9.—Harnett County is to have its first fair this year, and the prospects are that it will be a huge success, promising it to be a regular event annually in the future. For some time now the fair grounds, which are to be located just outside of Dunn, have been under construction, and one of the finest race tracks in the South is being built. Rapid progress is being made, also, in the erection of the grandstand, which will be large and spacious. Work continues on other features of the fair grounds, and already big signs of the coming fair are being seen in this vicinity.

A contract was closed this week with the Sibley Road Shows for this big amusement to be the chief attraction.

THE AMERICAN LEGION AND THE LEGION OF HONOR.

While the American Legion is being formed into a great democratic body by the soldiers, sailors and marines of the American army and navy, the men who used to employ them while they were plain citizens are also organizing what is known as the Legion of Honor.

These employers couldn't go and fight themselves, but they emptied their offices, stores and factories of their best employees, so that the war might be speeded up and won gloriously. While the youngsters strained every nerve to keep up their standards of efficiency with the aid of women workers, older men, and redoubled efforts on their own part, and now, as the young fighters are coming back, they are finishing the job gallantly by opening the doors to the old jobs, often with increased pay, always with a handclasp and a "Welcome Home" that is the real thing.

It is not always easy for business organizations to do this. Increased cost of operations and the rather sluggish condition of commerce just at present are a serious drain on the books. But the Legion of Honor knows no compromise and whether the firm suffers or not, soldiers must not, and every one who comes back to the "old stand" is received cordially.

To every business house that pledges itself to take back all its former employees who have been serving their country, the War Department issues an official citation, through Col. Arthur Woods, assistant to the Secretary of War, and head of the government's great employment system for the benefit of discharged service men.

Between 70 and 80 per cent of returned men have offers of their pre-war jobs, and the large majority of American employers are qualifying for the Legion of Honor.

HIGH COST LIVING

Heavy Appropriations With Which to Carry out President's Suggestions.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 13.—Appropriations creating nearly one million dollars with which to help carry out the President's suggestions for reducing the cost of living were asked of Congress today by the Commerce and Labor Departments. While the Senate debated the high cost of living today, Congressional committees gave further consideration to measures designed to curb profiteering and hoarding.

Amendments extending the food control act to most necessities of life and imposing severe penalties upon those guilty of gouging the public were taken up by the House Agricultural Committee, while the Senate Commerce Subcommittee organized and decided upon procedure in handling measures for the regulation of corporations doing an interstate business.

Washington, Aug. 13.—To meet reductions recently made by retailers, a new schedule of prices for surplus foodstuffs was put into effect today by the War Department. Roast beef was reduced from \$2.13 to \$1.90 per six-pound can; bacon, from 35 cents to 21 cents, and 3-pound cans of beans, from 11 cents to 9 cents. Prices on other items were reduced in proportion.

COMMUNITY FAIR AT HOLT-WILLIAMSON COTTON MILL.

"As there is a time for work, there is also a time for pleasure," is certainly the policy of this wide-awake community.

The mill has been running steadily day and night for some time, but Tuesday morning found every wheel at a standstill, and those who run them gathered around in little groups, talking, wrestling and telling jokes, while they watched Messrs. A. A. McEachern and J. H. Hodges get in readiness a good old fashion barbecue dinner. And it must be admitted that these two gentlemen certainly know how to get up a good dinner, and we will have the testimony of every one who was present.

After dinner the whole village went up to the community house, where Miss Elizabeth Wood, the community worker, had collected a beautiful exhibit of garden products, canned goods, sewing and cookery from the village, prizes being awarded the best.

Then followed the baby show, and prizes for the best babies. Rev. J. J. Murry made an address on social betterment, in which he dwelt upon the duty and responsibility of every individual in the village to the children.

After the address the young folks all joined in the athletic contests, the winners being awarded prizes. The whole day was one of rest and good, wholesome pleasure, for the entire village joined together to make it a happy day at Holt-Williamson.

THE COTTON OUTLOOK.

Mr. John T. Martin of the east side of Cape Fear River, one of our county commissioners and a farmer of ripe judgment and experience, tells an Observer representative that the outlook for the cotton crop in this section is not good. He says there is a fine growth of weed, but the plant is not fruiting and the indications are that it will not fruit any more. With the beginning of the recent heavy rains, Mr. Martin says, the blooms which formed came to naught with the result that, while the weed flourished, bolls did not form. Mr. Martin further says the indications are for an early fall, and an early fall means a reduction in the cotton crop.

Another experienced farmer on the east side of Cape Fear River, Mr. Oliver Evans, takes a much more optimistic view of the cotton situation than does Mr. Martin. Mr. Evans says the cotton is opening rapidly and the outlook, judging from his own crop, is that the yield this year will be heavy. He expects to gather more cotton this year than usual.