THE FRENCH BROAD HU Ube Jrench Broad bustler

## Enuered at the Postofice at Henderronvo

THE PEOPLE TO DECIDE. After all the agitation upon the
question of state prohibition by legislative enactment at the spec ial session of the General A sembly now in progress the pos sustained. The whole matter has been gone over thoroughl publican members in each house with the result that a bill, pr will be enetel come effective when ratified by ion to be held, for the purpos In our opinion, this is a wise con clusion and a happysolution of that prohibition should be obtain ed instead of being imposed cus of each house in deciding t submit the question to a vote prise to the republicans wh were preparing to play politics in the event of a decision adverse
to the consideration of a prohibition measure at this session, rather to enact no legislation other than the rate compromise clamation, calling the Legislature together
On the day previous to the seemed to be a decided sentiment favorable to accepting the terms tentatively agreed upo the railroads, relative to the pas senger rate complishment of this purpose to adjourn and pass laws. The temperance
from almost every section of state assembled in Raleigh on th day the Legislature met and hel tions were adopted urging the Legislature to pass a stron focture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the state. which appeared in this pape last week, took a strong positio taken by the anti-saloon league in its meeting on the day pr vous, which had the members that some action must be tak at this session.
Seeing the dilemma into whic the democrats would place the was reached to take up no ma ters except the rate question, republicans agreed among them play by introducing a prohibitio bill for the state and giving th It is easy to imagine their cha grin and utter disappointmen from the democratic caucus Tuesday night that a bill woul be passed in accordance
wishes of the temperance lead ers in the Legislature to be rat This putan end to the little polit ical game planned by the radic not since been discussed. Th bill was prepared by Hon. He State Anti-Salo Leasue, wh was assisted by other temperanc without a dissenting vote, ever republican in that body voting i the affirmative.
took the position that w that the question of state prohi
bition had no logical standing in ture, called for a specific purpose, and that in the regular sessio
last winter it did not consider $i$ while proving that it favore temperance. We still believe it
would have been a mistake to pass a prohibitiory law at this ime when the principle of temperance is steadily gaining stands the people will have an pportunity to express their fidently believe that the state will be carried for prohibition by n overwhelming majority. In cess of which means so much for the moral uplift of the state, this fluence in favor of prohibition, it has always done in similar campaigns inlocal contests on this question. people are to express their opinion contains provisions ver similar to the Watts a cult matter to understand the proposition upon which they are oo pass and it behooves ever friend of temperance in to all in his power to assist in obtaining a decisive majority. is fortuaate that the question politics, has been eliminated
which will enable democrats and republicans alike to stand should North Carolina of the greates curse which ever afflicted an us endeavor to make it unani mous for this bill in Henderson county and show to the people
of this good state that we are on of this good state that we are o
the side of morality and progres "To your tents O Isreal.

THE RATE COMPROMISE The News and Observer very strongest reasons that will oper ate to get votes for the adjust mended by the Governor are first, Standing Master Montgomery; second, Circhard; third, the Republican High Tariff panic.
It is generally believed, in fac substance, that these are the only reasons which prompted him in convening the General Assembl in extraordinary session at this the claim of the railroads that the rate was confiscatory, but the right to examine the book of the railroads far enough back to show their contention abou funds, or rather the imprope expenditure of money for pur
poses other than improving their lines and increasing their facil all along that it is improper fo railroads to interfere in politics, purpose of investigating thei books was to adduce evidence in
substantiation of this contention Having been deprived of thi Master Montgomery, who wa sustained by Circuit Judge at great disadvantage and feare an unfavorable result from the
eported findings of the Standing Master of an incomplete investi hat Governor Glenn pursue he proper course in calling th egislature together when an ac
vantageous agreement had bee reached between the state and offer proposed by the latter. While, at this writing, the rat ww, the indications are the commendations of the Gover will dations of the Gover
 many of the best informed memers of the General Assembly
that the basis of agreement outined by the Governor in his
message is the best solution o
the question. This provides the he question. This provides the the railroads may charge two and ticket and that they will stand by the agreement to reduce intertate rates from three to two and a-half cents and sell mileage
books at two and two and a quarer cents, as heretofore sugges
ed. There is some objection t he proposition to refer the mater of passenger rates to the Corporation Commission at the end
of twelve months in the even of twelve months in the even
either party to the controversy should conclude that the settle ment of the matter had worked
a hardship upon either. There seems to be a well defined senti ment fav :able to the idea of giv
ing relief to short independen lines and the indications now
that they will be allowed charge three cents per mile.
The House Committee Public Service Corporation ate controversy on Saturday in which the strong claim was pre based upon the reported earn ings of the railroads themselve and with no idea of imposing hardship upon them, In this re
port the committee contends that the Legislature of 1907 was wise in its action in rate reduction and
that the two and a quarter cen rate is not confiscatory. The
Senate Committee agreed upon a bill that substantially carrie out the Governor's recommend
ation, although there are differ ences of opinion regarding some difficult matter to draft a meas ure that meets the approval o
every member. However, this Legislature may be depended uporoughly and carefully and when its work shall have bee finished we confidently believ that the same will meet the ap
proval of the people of the state All the members appear to wan to do the right thing and there is controversy will be amicably ad justed within the next few Some neswspapers and indi-
viduals feign objection to the ceptance of that $\$ 17,500$ the rai roads agreed to pay towards th in the railroad rate litigation, in the event Governor Glenn would call the General Assembly to ing the matters in controversy The idea which first gaine
$\square$
Attoruey General Gilmer will
not stand for re-election and the
friends of his competent and de-
serving assistant, Mr. Haven
Clement, will arge the demaeratic
state convention to nominate him
for this position. Mr. Clement
has shown himself to be worthy,
in every way, to dischage the
duties of this position aidd will
doubtless have a strong following
iu the convention. He is one of
the most deserving young demo-
crats in the atate.


