Republican Platform

We pledge our continued loyalty to William Howard Taft, President of the United States, and leader of our party. We heartily congratulate both him and the republican majorities in the Sixty-first Congress on the extraordinary number of wise measures which, in accordiance with the promises of our national convention, have already been enacted into law. Our history hardly affords another instance in which the party in power has so promptly made good so many of its promises to the

We renew our allegiance to the Republican policy of protection. The southern states, and North Carolina in particular, have profited by that policy in the past, and have every reason to expect increased benefits from it in the future.

We heartily approve the plan of a tariff commission which, by investigating carefully the conditions and the cost of production of protected articles in this country and abroad, aims not merely to put that policy on a scientific basis, but to enable all men to judge for themselves of its fairness and justice. Firmly believing, as we do, that it is the best policy for this country, that that no country will adhear to it we hold that it is plainly to the south's interest to send to Washington representatives and senators of the party that supports it. We hold that the south is shamed by the glaring insincerity of Democratic senators and representatives who, while posing as bitter opponents of this policy in their speeches and their party platforms, nevertheless show by their votes that they believe in it; who seek to secure its benefits for their constituents not by the manly avowal of their convictions, but by secret intrigues and bargains.

Out of the great number of wise and progressive acts which stand to the credit of this administration and this congress, we especially commend their treatment of the difficult subject of interstate commerce, and we heartily endorse the policy embodied in that legistation, to-wit: Regulation of commerce carriers by a commission of experts, subject to appeals to a court so organized that it will become a court of experts. We call attention to the contrast between this firm and definite and sound policy and the utter failure of the opposition to agree upon any policy whatever in this field.

We commend also the vigorous meas ures already taken to conserve our national resources for all the people.

We also cite, as another example of the efficiency of the republican party, the admirable work of the national monetary commission in preparing the way for the much needed reform of our system of currency and banking, to the end that the irresponsible control of credit by powerful and selfish private interests shall be stopped and that adequate provision shall be made to safeguard the business of the country against financial panics. We commend the work of that commission to business men, and ask them to contrast the republican attitude on this issue with that of the democratic party, which while loudly crying out against existing evils, offers no plan of its own for reform, but contents itself with opposing, like the proverbial dog in the manger, every specific suggestion that is made.

On all the great national issues our party has proved its competence to manage the government by adopting policies which all men can understand. Our opponents, by their failure to agree upon any clear pro gram of action, have proved their unreadiness and unfitness for the trust. They are not even agreed on the tariff issue, on which they have chosen to make their campaign. Some are for imoderate protection, some are free traders, some are high protectionists in disguise, some are for free raw materials, some against free raw materials. To put the affairs of this great country in their hands would be to turn from the tried to the untried, from experience to blind experiment, from order to chaos.

We favor the reclamation of swamp lands in the south by drainage as arid and semi-arid lands in the west have been re claimed by irrigation.

Turning to the affairs of our own state, we have no need to juggle with words in order to conceal a lack of convictions, or to make use of fatuous platitudes, after the fashion of our opponents. On what may be called the permanent issues, we need hardly do more than repeat the plain language of our own platfrom of two years ago, on which we won so great an increase

of support from the people. We repeat our declaration in favor of the most liberal policy concerning education that the state's resources will permit. Our children must all have the opportunity to obtain a good public school education. Our institutions of the higher learning must all be maintained; we favor giving them such support that they may put within reach of our young men of talent and southerners everywhere, we again declare industry the highest attainable training, both general and technical. A great state can make no better investment of its means than for the training of its youth of both sexes and of all classess. There is no right place for ignorance in modern civilization. We favor the policy of the state furishing, free of charge and under proper regulations, to every child in the

public schools all necessary textbooks We favor an equally liberal policy with public.

our institutions of charity and with our Confederate veterans.

We believe in the dignity of labor and the elevation of the wage-earners, and pledge our party to the enactment of such laws as will best promote this end. We believe that labor and capital are co-ordinate branches of our industrial life-each necessary to the other - that neither can prosper without the other, and looking to this end we pledge our party to the enactment of such laws as will, so far as possible create the kindliest feeling between labor and capital, remove all causes for conflict between the two, and promote the unbuild_ ing of both classes in North Carolina.

We believe in good roads, and favor the good roads policy, both as an economic necessity and one of the chief means to make country life-the life of most of our people-more attractive. We hold that the best employment for the state convicts is on the public highways.

We again call for the establishment of reformatories for youthful criminals of both sexes, and juvenile courts for our cities. These are reforms clearly demanded by the best public sentiment everywhere, and in which North Carolina must not lag behind.

We denounce the extravagance of the Democratic party in the management of the finances of the state, whereby they have increased the bonded indebtedness of the state and caused a constant depreciation in market value of our state bonds.

We demand a fair election law, which shall permit every voter to cast his ballot and make for a free expression of the people's will. The failure of the party in power to pass such a law is inexcusable Every advocate of pure politics is in favor of it. None but partisan and unworthy motives are arrayed against it, and we demand effective legislation that will insure punishment of election officers who act corruptly in the discharge of their duties.

In the matter of the state's policy with common carriers and other great corporations, we take issue squarely with the declaration of our opponents which, if it means anything, means that all great combinations of capital are to be destroyed outright. We hold, on the contrary, that much of the work of modern society will continue to be done, and must be done, Dodge. He was elected as a repubby the great corporations. What is needed in the state as in the nation is not wanton destruction or ignorant intermeddling, but careful and expert and just reg- district. That was his first political ulation. We repeat, therefore, the pledge office and was continued in the 52d, of our last platform-the pledge to set our- 53d, 54th, 55th, and 56th congresses selves against two kinds of injustice, the injustice with permits great corporations and other combinations of wealth to prey upon the poor, and the injustice which sacrifices property and deranges business in order that cheap damagogues may get or keep office. We reaffirm our allegiance to the time-honored principle of local selfgovernment and we denounce the successive betrayals of that principle by our opponents, who long vaunted themselves its

We demand that our judiciary, and particularly our higher courts, shall be kept above the atmosphere of partisan poltics, and demand that the judicial ermine shall never be conferred as a reward for mere political service. The sole test of fitness for judicial honors and duties should be professional eminence and ability and exalted character.

Believing, as we do, that in state and nation alike the policies for which our party stands are right and wise, we invite all patriotic citizens, whatever their party affiliations in the past, to join with us in Tit-Bits supporting them. We believe that in the south particularly it is of the first importance that our party shall continue to grow. It is unversally conceded that the southern states, by their blind allegiance to one party, have for years deprived themselves of the power and ;influence in the nation, which our forcfathers once possessed and vigorously exercised, and which we ought to have today. Whatever reasons may in the past have justified southern people in that course, they do not exist today in North Carolina; and North Carolinians are breaking from the control of outworn issues and prejudices. We welcome all such citizens to our ranks, and to the end that we may be worthy of their alliance and confidence we make this declaration of independence:

The Republican party of North Carolina, a party made up of men who love the south and love North Carolina, a party which in the election of two years ago cast 114,000 votes for its platform, electing three representatives in Congress and carrying five congressional districts for its electoral vote, utterly and emphatically repudiates that notion of its character and function which would make of it a mere machine for distributing federal offices and electing delegates to national conventions. We proclaim ourselves a true party and no machine. We need no dictator, and will submit to no dictation. We ask of our national leaders and managers the same treatment they would accord to a Republican organization of the same strength in any northern state. We invite our fellow Republicans of other southern states to join with us in this stand; and to our fellow citizens of North Carolina, to our fellow ir conviction that a Republican vote cast in the south today is not merely a vote for Republican policies and candidates, but a vote for freedom. It is a vote for freedom from the slavery to prejudice, for freedom from the slavery to conditions and issues that are past. It is a vote for the right of all southerners to follow their in-dividual convictions concerning public affairs. It is a vote for the right of the south to a full share in the control of both the great political parties and in the guidance of the destinies of the American re

Senator Dolliver

Night---He Was One of the Ablest Men in Public Life

Fort Dodge, Ia., Oct. 15.—United States Senator Jonathan Prentis Dolliver died of dilatation of the heart, caused by an attack of acute indigestion, at his residence at 7:30 o'clock tonight while being rubbed by an osteopath physician. Senator Dolliver's death was unexpectwho thought that he had almost entirely recovered from the attack of indigestion with which he had been suffering for a week.

Washington, Oct. 15.-Twice in the limelight as a strong vice-presidential possibility, and in the front rank throughout his entire career in congress an authority on tariff and railroad rate legislation, Senator Dolliver was one of the strong voluntarily, prevent dictation and bribery, figures in public life. As an orator both in the halls of congress and on the lecture platform, he never failed to carry his audience with his eloquence and incomparable stories of which he had an inexhaustable fund and with his homely similes.

Senator Dolliver was born near Kingwood, Preston county, Va. (now West Virginia) February 6, 1868. He was graduated in 1885 from the West Virginia University and at 20 was admitted to the bar. He soon moved to Iowa and became prominent as a lawyer at Fort lican in 1888 to the 51st congress as a representative of the Tenth On August 23, 1900 he was appointed by the then Governor Leslie M. Shaw to fill a vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Senator Gear. He was elected in 1902 to succeed himself and reelected in 1907 for a term which would have expired March 1913.

The Call of the Blood

for purification, finds voice in pimples, boils, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,-all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New ty and state of North Carolina and known Life Pills make rich red blood; give clear skin, rosy cheeks, fine complexion, health. Try them. 25c at W. H. Justus and F. V. Hunter's.

A Crazy Question

Teacher-Jimmy, suppose you had ten apples and ten oranges, 64 poles to T. G. Barker's line; thence and gave nine-tenths of them to south with said Barker's line to the beginsome other little boys, what would ning, containing 7 7-8 acres more or less. you have?

Jimmy-I'd have me head ex=

Werse than Bullets

Bullets have often caused less suffering to soldiers than the eczema L. W. Harriman, Burlington, Me,, got in the army, and suffered with beginning, containing 7 15-16 acres more forty years. 'But Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me when all else failed," he writes. Greatest healer for Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises and Piles. 25c at W. H. Justus and F. V. Hunter's.

And the only way to impress some people is to suppress them.

Phone 205

Died Very Suddenly Saturday Pants, Hats, Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Hosiery

We have just bought a big line of the above named articles at less than cost of raw material

They are Drummer's Samples and are made up better, look better and are better than regular goods, for they were made to sell by, and not to sell. Samples are made with all the skill that can be put into them for they are to be inspected ed by his relatives and close friends by thousands of buyers, and if they were perfect they would not sell. So now is your chance to buy goods for less than manufacturers' cost.

Miss this Chance of a Lifetime Don't

Pants

our price while they last

and winter weights.

Sample Hats

98c. are values. 200 pair Pants all woolland cheap 10 doz. heavy cheviott outing

at \$2.50 now while they last \$1.48 Shirts, neverbefore 'sold for less \$1.98 than 50c yours for 100 pair \$300 Pants

100 pair \$4.00 Pants \$2.48 Dress Shirts in fancy percales 100 pair \$5 00 Pants

\$3.48 and fancy shirtings best yet The above pants are heavy fall 12 doz Ties worth 50c each now

Underwear

200 pair wool Pants you can't 200 worth up to \$3.00 your choice We have a big line of good weight buy anywhere for less than \$1.50, 98. Don't miss seeing them they and best wear, regular \$1.00 value now, suit

Also big line of other underwear Heavy ribbed Hose for Misses

and boys regular 15c values 3 pair

A big lot of shoes for boys and girls to close for less than you can 19c buy the leather to make them.

We forgot to mention our line of sample Suits for men and boys. The best and cheapest. We can't mention all our extra values. A visit to our store will convince you. We buy goods to sell, not to keep. Our stock is complete. we carry everything. Look for the red striped awning in front of the court houre, that is our stare, the store of quality and low prices.

Staton & Jones

NOTICE OF SALD OF LAND UNDER MORTGAGE

By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage deed executed by H. S. Anderson and wife, Ellijay Anderson on Oct. 28. 1907 to O. V. F. Blythe, and duly assigned for value to me, securing certain indebtedness therein named, which said indebtedness is past due and payment thereof having been demanded, I will sell at the court house door in Hendersonville ! on November 14, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in order to satisfy said indebtedness secured by said mortgage the following described pieces or parcels of land conveyed in said mortgage lying and being in Hendersonville township, Henderson counand designated as follows:

Tract No. 1. Beginning at a stake and Barker's line at E. G. McDowell's west corner and runs with said McDowell's line N 43 1-2 deg E 62 poles to a stake and pointers in the original division between Duncan and McDowell in a road leading from the Clear (reek road to the Edney ville road: thence with said road N 39 1-2 deg W to Fred McCurry's beginning corner in said road; thence with his S W line

Tract No. 2—Beginning on a stone in a road leading from Nathan Duncan's to the Edneyville road and running with middle of said road 40 deg W W 16 1-2 poles to a stake, the 3rd and N W corner of said original line; thence S 55 deg W 20 poles to a stone, J. P. Israel's corner; thence with his line S 43 1-2 deg W 36 poles to a stone and pointers, his corner; thence with the T. G. Barker line (now J. P Israel's) S 47 1-2 deg E 19 1-2 poles to a stake; thence N 44 deg E 64 poles to the

O. V. F. Blythe, Mortgages. M. F. Whitt, Assignee. By McD. Ray, atty.

H. H. CARSON, Dentist.

HENDERSONVILLE N. C. Office over Bank

Successors to

MILLER & WETMUR

A full line of Hay, Grain, Corn, Oats, Flour,

Corn Meal and Mill Feed always on hand

Corno Horse and Mule Feed

CRIMSON CLOVER

FEED STORE

Chattel Mortgages For Sale

TIMES PRINTING COMPANY

Byers Bro. WETMUR @ HOUSTON

Johnson & English CITY MARKET STALL NO. 2

513 N. Main Fresh Meats of all Kinds

We Pay highest prices for Cattle, Mutton and Pork

Johnson & English

The Times Job Printing Office 'Printing that Attracts'

In the Superior Cour

The defendant above named wi

take notice that an action entitle

the Superior court of Henderso

county for the purpose of obtain

the defendant will further take

tice that she is required to appear

as above has been commenced

NOTICE

C. M PACE

Clak Superior C

North Carolina Henderson County Members of the Hender-Jno. M. Lance sonville Retail Association

M M Shepherd, Hendersonville Lela M. Lance Mercantile Co., JO Williams, W C Brannon, Wetmur & Houston, W H Hawkins & Son, RC Clarke, F V Hunter, W H Justus, Walker A Smith, Thos Shepherd, Wilsons Dea divorce absolute from her; a partment Store, H M Flynn, Ramsey & McNeely, H D Hyder, Rigbythe term of the Superior Court Morrow Co., A C Morris, Edwards said county to be held on the 1 H'd'w. Co., Times Printing Co., B L | Monday after the first Monday Brooks, French Broad Hustler, Baker | September, 1910 at the court hou Art Gallery, J W McIntyre, Wm of said county in Hendersonvil Lott, J A Rusher & Son, First Na-North Carolina, and answer or mur to the complaint in said act tional Bank, Laundry, Ice & Fuel or the plaintiff will apply to Co., Star Dray Co., Sherman & Ship- court for the relief demanded man, J M Dickens, A Ficker, Burcksaid complaint. myer Bros., F B Johnson & Co., J M Stepp, Pullin & Kincaid, Citizens Bank, Few Bro. & Co., Peoples National Bank, J B Lyda, Lanning & Justus, Patterson Bro., H P Jones, Staton & Jones, R L Jones, T B Carson, H Patterson, J H Hines, to secure certain indebtedness th

By virtue of the power contained in

Oct. 18, 1910.

leed of trust made by B. H. West wife, Rachel West, to me as trustee specified due by said West to said Johnson & Co., which said indebtedire is past due and unpaid after dema made for payment of same, I will sell public auction to the highest bidder

NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND UND

ness the following described land coned to me in said deed of trust to see

All that piece or parcel of land and being in Mills River township. son county, North | Carolina. lands of said B. H. West, A.

Beginning on a double chestnut runs S 28 deg E 140 poles to A. V. Mo line; thence with said line 60 poles chestnut, Moore's corner; thence 140 poles to a black oak, said West's Hall's corner; thence N 46 deg E 60 pc

more or less. This sale is advertised in pursuance the request of T. L. Johnson & Co. This 23rd day of Sept. 1910.

to the beginning, containing 52

T. C. Hunter, Truster By McD. Ray A