

RETURNS AFTER SEVENTY YEARS

Columbus B. Haddon of Mississippi, a former resident of this county, was here this week after an absence of seventy years. It is hardly necessary to say that he found several changes in the town.

Mr. Haddon is a first cousin of Mrs. C. M. Pace, and was present at the marriage of Mrs. Pace's mother. He left here at the age of ten, and went to Mississippi. In spite of his advanced age, he is still hale and hearty and takes an alert interest in everything that he sees. He and four brothers served through the whole of the Civil War, and they all came through those four years of bloodshed without even receiving a wound.

Mr. Haddon's daughter, Miss May Haddon, accompanied her father on his visit to our city. She is the home demonstration agent of Scott county, Mississippi, and is a delegate to the joint conference of American and the Southern Home Economics Associations at Black Mountain.

POSTAGE CUT ON JULY 1

The first of July, the day on which war-time prohibition is scheduled to become operative, will have some compensation, after all, for on that day war-time postage rates will cease to exist. On that day the United States will return to the red rectangle which was supplanted by its delicate purple brother during the war. The purple stamps, however, will remain in use, for packages requiring three cents or more postage.

The Postoffice Department has issued a statement in which it is pointed out that on and after July 1, 1919, the rate of postage on first-class matter will be the same as the rate in force on October 2, 1917. Two and three-cent postal cards will be discontinued at the end of business June 30, and all unused two-cent domestic and domestic reply postal cards and all three-cent stamped envelopes will be redeemed at full value and exchanged for other stamped paper, providing they are presented before August 1. In no case will envelopes or postal cards be redeemed in cash.

After August 1 postage value will only be allowed for the envelopes and three-fourths postage value for the cards.

WAR EQUIPMENT FOR ROADS

At the request of the Department of Agriculture, the War Department has ordered returned from France a large quantity of engineering equipment for distribution to the states for use in the construction and maintenance of federal highways.

The equipment includes 1,500 caterpillar tractors, 40 road rollers, and a large number of concrete mixers, crushers and other machinery.

PLAN FOR AMERICAN CEMETERY IN FRANCE

The Senate has passed a bill authorizing appointment of a commission and an appropriation of \$50,000 to acquire an American cemetery in France in which would be buried the bodies of American soldiers who lost their lives in that country during the war.

YANKS IN WAR "MOVIES"

More than 107 miles of motion picture films—the entire output of the official photographers attached to the American expeditionary force—has been landed at New York city.

Capt. E. F. Weigle, who was in charge of the photographic units of the second army, said that the films, if shown without titles, would require 143 1/2 hours of operating time. They will probably be trimmed down before being exhibited, retaining only scenes of actual fighting and the important events of the war.

TRAIN FAILED TO KILL BABY

Struck by a freight train, the three-year-old daughter of Charles Wood, of Valparaiso, Ind., was lifted by the engine and thrown into a ditch beside the track.

The collector after the train, picked up the child and carried her to the mother, who had been a

IS POSTPONED INDEFINITELY

The election, which had been announced for July 15 on the proposition to issue bonds for the purchase of a city park, has been postponed indefinitely. The city council met Wednesday night to consider the issuance of the formal call for the election, but decided to take no action.

HIGHLAND LAKE IS PURCHASED

The summer session of the Carolina Military-Naval Academy opened Monday with a very gratifying enrollment. This institution, with its large financial connections and its up-to-date publicity methods, will be of incalculable value to Hendersonville.

The formal purchase of the Highland Lake property was made this week. When it was first decided to locate the academy here, the property was leased temporarily, the understanding being that the sale would be made a little later. This has now been done.

U. S. TO CONTINUE

THRIFT SALES

Sales of saving stamps and certificates will be relied upon by the treasury to supply a large part of the government's financial needs during the period of transition. The War Savings Stamp campaign, begun during the war, will be continued as a permanent part of the government's fiscal policy.

DIVERS SAVING SHIPS

The salvage corps of the British government and private corporations have undertaken the salvaging of scores of vessels destroyed during the war by German U-boats. Where the craft is found in water little deeper than her masts an effort is made to raise the ship and restore her to her former trade routes.

Some of the sunken vessels contain huge fortunes in gold and goods. One is known to have carried \$5,000,000 in gold. The diver sent down to work on her borrowed the key to the ship's strong box, but it is not recorded whether he retrieved the gold.

Many sailors recently demobilized by the British navy are casting their lot with the government salvage corps or with private firms which have taken up the work. The pay is good, while there is always an element of danger and adventure.

LEGISLATURE TO ACT

Governors of many states have agreed to call special sessions of their state legislatures to ratify the suffrage amendment. These include the governors of South Dakota, Arizona, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Alabama, Arkansas, New Hampshire, Ohio, Iowa, Colorado, Rhode Island, Maine, Indiana, Nebraska, Minnesota and Missouri.

Six governors including those of Connecticut, Wyoming, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina and New Mexico have refused to call sessions of their legislatures. The governors of Montana, North Dakota and Oklahoma are non-committal. Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio, New York and Kansas have ratified the suffrage amendment, though because of an error in the Illinois ratification resolution its repassage is necessary. In Tennessee the legislature recently passed an act granting women the right to vote in city and presidential elections. The act has been declared unconstitutional.

SEARCH FOR ANTIQUES

The enormous fortunes made in England during the war have been responsible for the record breaking prices which sellers of antiques of every kind have been realizing in London auction rooms.

A mysterious portrait which recently appeared in an auction room, quickly sold for \$60,000. A Reynolds portrait which never had before attracted much attention was easily

SCHEDULE FOR THE SUMMER

Following is the revised train schedule which became effective this week:

No.	Time
3, Columbia to Asheville	6:30 a.m.
41, Spartanburg to Asheville	10:35 a.m.
9, Columbia to Asheville	1:15 p.m.
27, Charleston to Asheville	7:30 p.m.
22, Asheville to Columbia	7:35 a.m.
28, Asheville to Charleston	9:55 a.m.
10, Asheville to Columbia	4:45 p.m.
4, Asheville to Spartanburg	9:10 p.m.
Hendersonville and Lake Toxaway	
5, H'ville to L. T.	10:40 a.m.
7, H'ville to L. T.	4:50 p.m.
6, L. T. to H'ville	9:45 a.m.
8, L. T. to H'ville	4:25 p.m.

MEAT HELD IN STORAGE

The high cost of living has been increased by the packing interests, who hold in cold storage 1,339,000,000 pounds of meat and meat products and 46,000,000 pounds of chicken, according to charges made in the House by Representative S. D. Fess Republican, of Ohio. Mr. Fess said his figures were official, having been furnished by the bureau of markets, in the Department of Agriculture.

Supplementing this charge, Representative Dowell, Republican, of Iowa, accused the War Department of joining the packers to prevent the army's surplus meat from going to the market and reaching the consumer. He declared that the House ought to know if it is the policy of the War Department to turn those supplies to the concerns that made them and to permit them to sell to the public as they see fit.

Mr. Fess, who declared these figures have revealed a startling condition, said that his observation was that meat and fowls are higher in price now than ever before and there ought to be some way to get the situation. He asserted that if the departments of the government do not take action, Congress ought to enact legislation to remedy this condition.

Denial was made by Representative Kahn, Republican, of California, that the War Department has been trying to turn back all its surplus meats to the packers. Every effort, he said, is being made to sell these stocks.

SEEKS REFUGEE IN U. S.

Princess Braganza, formerly Miss Anita Stewart, is coming back to America after five years of exile, part of the time as an alien enemy. Her husband, who is a pretender to the throne of Portugal, made his home in Berlin throughout the war, casting his lot with that of the former kaiser.

The princess was left a fortune in 1909 by her father, William Rhineland Stewart. Later her wealthy stepfather, "Silent" Smith, of New York city, died and willed her part of his millions.

An estate has been purchased in California where the princess, with her three little children, will live for an indefinite period. Princess Elizabeth, oldest of the three children, has been called the most beautiful child in Europe.

LOCAL WEATHER

Date	Max.	Min.	Mean	Prec'n
June 1	83	53	68	
2	81	55	68	T
3	79	57	68	
4	73	60	66	T
5	80	62	71	0.20
6	82	63	72	0.65
7	86	53	70	
8	83	53	68	0.05
9	84	55	70	
10	85	57	71	
11	84	58	71	
12	83	56	70	0.40
13	79	61	70	
14	61	55	70	
15	85	64	75	
16	86	61	72	0.12
17	84	60	72	0.93
18	81	63	72	2.15
19	83	60	72	
20	84	64	74	
21	87	62	74	
22	83	60	72	0.23
23	75	63	69	0.70
24	68	60	64	1.95
25	82	62	72	0.17

SUMMARY

Max. 87 Min. 53 Mean 72
Precip. 2.15

CAPTURE STILL AND OPERATORS

At an early hour Thursday morning deputy sheriffs, J. C. Sexton and Vernon Lyda, accompanied by possemen, A. O. Jones, Joseph Hamilton, Bug McCall and Merida King, went to a location near the headwaters of Shoal Creek and near the foot of Stone Mountain, where the sheriff's office had been informed that a blockade still might be situated.

When the raiders reached a point where the blockading plant was supposed to be located, Deputies Sexton and Lyda told their companions to remain there until the deputies went forward to see if they could locate the still. Sexton and Lyda soon returned to their possemen and informed them they had located the plant and that it was in full operation, with seven or eight men present at the still. The deputies also informed their men that if they made a charge on the blockaders, at that time (1 o'clock a. m.) they would every one get away. So it was decided that the officers and men with them would surround the still and wait until daylight before making a charge. Accordingly the deputies stationed their men at different points in close proximity to the still to wait for daylight. Sexton and Lyda advanced under cover of the dense thicket and darkness of the night to within about fifty feet of the still and its operators, where they remained behind a large tree until daylight, when they charged down upon the still and demanded the operators to surrender. Instead of obeying the command two of them opened fire on the officers with revolvers, and the officers fired several shots. Will Floyd, the officers state, fired five shots, and another of the men at the still fired twice.

When the shooting commenced the officers report that two of their possemen, "Big" and "Red" and that the others closed upon the distillers, and the operators, who were resisting arrest, and just at a moment when Will Floyd, had his gun presented on Deputy Sexton, and Sexton had his gun presented at the breast of Floyd, a young man named Merida King, rushed up behind Floyd and threw his arms around him, clinching him tightly, when deputy Sexton took Floyd's gun from him. By this time all members of the officers posse were on the ground, and Will Floyd, Brock Shipman and Wilkie Lockaby were arrested, and either three or four men made their escape through the dense woods.

The still, which was a 40-gallon copper, was captured, several fermenters and other equipment were destroyed, and about 30 gallons of whiskey seized. The plant, from appearances, the officers stated had been in operation for quite a long while.

This is one of the most successful raids, the officers state, that has been made in this section in some time.

RICH NEGRO WILLS \$1,000,000

With an estate of \$1,000,000 the title of "richest negro woman in the United States," which was held for many years by Mme. C. J. Walker, of New York city, manufacturer of a hair ointment, will pass to her only daughter, Mrs. Leila Walker Robinson, under the terms of Mrs. Walker's will.

HAIR TONIC REPLACES "BOOZE"

More than 4,350 bottles of hair tonic, containing 60 per cent alcohol and retailing at 15 cents a drink, was sold in Porto Rico during a single week.

The existence of the tonic was discovered by a detective, who, on sampling a bottle, reported the matter under the impression he had discovered a shipment of pure rum.

LONG TRIAL FOR BERGER

The preliminary skirmish bearing on the right of Victor L. Berger, of Milwaukee, Wis., to sit in the National House of Representatives, in view of his conviction under espionage act, has indicated that the hearings might continue for months.

Henry F. Coehens, private counsel for Berger, who has intimated that the fight in his client's behalf would be long and bitter, boldly challenged the right of Congress to deny the seat after election by the people of

WEEKLY REVIEW OF MARKETS

The following report of the stock and cotton market for the past week is written for the Times by G. A. Ledisworth, manager of Clement D. Cates & Co.:

Stocks
The past week has witnessed a great deal of action in the stock market, transactions being around 1,500,000 shares daily.

With the announcement that the peace treaty would be signed by Germany, all anxiety in that direction would seem to be over.

However, there are many difficult problems to be worked out before we have a clear road for the start of the wonderful industrial movement, which is sure to come in this country. Foreign credits must be arranged, and provision made for immense shipments of our various commodities. However, it is but a question of time when all these conditions will be worked out satisfactorily.

Special attention is being directed toward the steel shares and the coppers also are coming in for their share of popularity. Prices for these securities are fairly high at present, considering the dividend return, but as earnings increase, we shall no doubt get some increase in dividends all along the line.

It is our idea that about the only trouble ahead of us at this time, is the labor situation, and albeit, conditions in this department seem a trifle unsettled at the moment, we have no doubt that before many weeks have passed, we shall see a proper adjustment for all concerned. Good stocks are sure to be in demand from now on.

Cotton
With the signing of the treaty, it is quite likely that the cotton market will take on additional strength, as it is certain that foreign countries will need all the cotton we can spare and more, too. Heavy rains are reported all over the cotton belt, and considerable apprehension is felt, as to the growing crop. We do not look for more than an average drop of this staple, and feel that much higher prices will be reached within a few months.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

The regular annual Communication of Kedron Lodge, No. 387 A. F. & A. M., for the installation of officers will be held Monday night, June 30, at 8:30 o'clock.

Visiting Brothers cordially welcomed.

P. S. RAMSEY, Master.

COL. S. V. PICKENS

After last week's issue of The Times had gone to press, news was received of the death of Col. S. V. Pickens. A short notice was inserted in that part of the edition which had not been printed.

Col. Pickens had been ill for a long time, and for about a week the end was momentarily expected. He passed away Thursday evening, June 19. The funeral service was conducted Friday afternoon at the Methodist church by Revs. M. F. Moores and J. S. Williams. Interment was made at Oakdale cemetery, the Masonic service being said at the grave.

Col. Pickens was born in Buncombe county. He served in the Civil War and received a commission as major. After the war he came to Hendersonville and engaged in the practice of law. He built up a very large law practice and was one of the founders of the Western North Carolina Bar Association, which later developed into the State Bar Association. He built and operated the first street car line in this city, a line which ran from his residence to the Southern depot and from Main street to the entrance to what is now Park Hill Hotel. In those days "Pickens' Tower" stood where the hotel now stands. He took a lively interest in various matters pertaining to the civic life of Hendersonville and was at one time mayor of the town. He was instrumental in starting a steamboat line on the French Broad river in the eighties.

He is survived by his wife, who, before her marriage, was Miss Corneil

CAPACITY TO BE INCREASED

Hendersonville is preparing for a big season. One of the preparations is the enlargement of the capacity of the city filtering plant. The plans for this have been passed upon by experts and adopted by the board of aldermen. The work will be done at once, and the water supply will be increased to a point beyond the utmost estimates of possible consumption for some time to come.

In this connection, we may add that the report, just received from the State Laboratory of Hygiene, gives an excellent analysis of the water. One gratifying feature is the total absence of colon bacilli.

ANNUAL REPORT TRUSTEES HENDERSONVILLE GRADED SCHOOL, TERM 1918-1919

Treasurer's Report
Mr. R. P. Freeze, treasurer, Hendersonville Graded Schools, City.

Dear Sir:-
As directed by you I have audited your book and accounts as treasurer of the board of trustees and submit herewith a statement of receipts and disbursements.

All funds received by you have been properly accounted for and your cash balance is in accord with the amount shown by the bank.

As a matter of financial memoranda, the School board owes notes at the local banks for \$6,000.00. The city owes the School Board \$332.76 balance on 1918-19 collections. The total insurance carried on the school buildings and furniture amounts to \$36,000.00.

Yours very truly,
J. L. WOODWARD,
Public Accountant.

Statement of receipts and disbursements from June 20, 1918, to June 19, 1919:

Receipts	
Co. apportionment, white	\$2,325.00
Co. apportionment, colored	1,380.00
Equalization fund	200.00
Board of Education	500.00
State High School fund	500.00
Total	\$4,905.00
Bal. in bank June 20, '18	\$3,038.21
City Taxes	\$7,763.29
Bal. received on sale former colored school	250.00
Interest on same	33.75
Tuition fees	220.83
Piano fund	99.16

Total income for conduct schools... \$16,310.24
Received from loans from banks... 2,500.00
Total... \$18,810.24

Disbursements

Operating expense:	
Superintendent	\$1,479.84
Principal	661.00
Teachers	7,396.25
Janitor	286.30
Electric lights	27.80
Phone	21.30
Printing, stationery	15.50
Supplies	96.55
Fuel	607.50
Repairs	146.43
Insurance	31.20
Miscellaneous	17.50
School census	28.22

Total... \$10,815.39

Construction:

Bal. on contract colored school building	\$ 200.00
Installing water, sewer	156.96
Total	\$ 356.96

Financing:
State Board, repayment... 364.00
Notes Paid... 2,400.00
Interest on notes... 318.96

Total... \$3,082.96

Total disbursements \$14,258.31

Bal. in bank... \$ 4,554.93

Bank's bal... \$4,646.22

Outstanding warrants... 91.89

Total... \$4,554.93

The board of trustees desires to submit the following statement as to its preparations and intentions for the year 1919-1920.

At a meeting of the board Mr. W. Hensycutt who had been requested to come to Hendersonville for a conference with the board, was unanimously elected superintendent for the year 1919-1920.