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"THE WAR THUS COMES TO AN END"

Hostilities Ceased Monday Morning at 11 O'clock, Kaiser and "Clown" Prince Beat It To Holland—President Reads Terms to Congress.

The World war is ended!

Sunday at midnight the German representatives signed the armistice and hostilities ceased at 6 o'clock Monday morning, Paris time, and 11 o'clock Washington time. This announcement was made by the State department at 2:30 Monday morning. And Germany is now proceeding to meet the terms of the armistice, which are in all probability the most drastic ever exacted of any conquered people.

(By THEODORE TILLER.)

Washington, Nov. 11.—The war thus comes to an end.

The President of the United States thus spoke before a joint session of the senate and house of representatives shortly after 1 o'clock today. Previous to this declaration there had been sporadic applause, the applause of men and women on the floor and in the galleries keyed up to an event of unusual emotion and excitement.

As the chief spokesman of the United States and the associated nations uttered this sentiment, the restraint of waiting moments was let loose. The entire assemblage on floor and in galleries arose as one man. Even the more phlegmatic of the listeners broke out in applause. Senator Purness, of Pennsylvania, who had remained immovable during the earlier portions of the President's address, brought together his fat hands in appreciation. The apparently unemotional Senator Martin, of Virginia, whipped his hands into a tribute of applause. Senator Poindexter, of Washington, tall, bald-headed, unemotional, critical—brought his palms together in resounding claps.

With the exception of the statement of the President that the Germans had agreed unconditionally to evacuate Alsace-Lorraine, no other portion of Mr. Wilson's address received such acclaim.

Lusitania's Dead Avenged.

The declaration of the President meant official announcement of the fact that the war which had cost more than 4,000,000 lives at last had ended. It meant that the Lusitania and her dead were avenged; that the murder of Edith Cavell had found just retribution; that the rapine of Belgium and of France had exacted satisfaction.

The legislators of the United States assembled upon the most momentous occasion in the history of the republic, save perhaps the declaration of war, arose in acclaim to the commander-in-chief of 2,000,000 Americans on the western battle front.

"It was the privilege of our own people to enter it (the war) at its most critical juncture in such a fashion and in such force as to contribute in a way of which we are all deeply proud of the great result," said the President while a great stillness followed the applause and filled the historic chamber of the house of representatives.

Again there was an outpouring of cheers, wrong from the throats of Republicans as well as Democrats, as they listened to the words of the commander-in-chief of the armed forces of the United States.

President at His Best.

It has been the privilege of this writer to hear most of the addresses delivered to the American Congress by Woodrow Wilson, who revived the custom of Thomas Jefferson in speaking publicly to the representatives of the people upon momentous occasions. When he discussed the Mexican problems, when he urged the declaration of war against Germany and when he acquainted Congress with the great toll of money and treasure of human life which this war would exact, the President was not more effective and more sublime than when he appeared before the people's representatives today and told them that the end of a world in carnage had come.

"The war thus comes to an end," spoke the President of the United States, and every man and woman within his hearing realized the fruition of the fondest dreams. It meant the return to American shores of loved ones; it meant the cessation of the thunder of cannon; it meant the cessation of man's inhumanity to man; it meant the coming of the rainbow of peace and all that peace implies.

The entire world outside that hushed chamber awaited the announcement of the terms of the armistice. At 2:45 o'clock this morning when most of the world was asleep, there had been a brief announcement by the state department that Germany had capitulated and signed the terms. But it was not until the President came before the American congress today—the

same Congress which had declared the hostilities which had had allied victory possible—did civilization know how drastic and humiliating was the agreement which the once imperial and arrogant government of Germany had signed.

More Than Unconditional Surrender. As the President spoke in the hall of the house of representatives, revealing bit by bit the unyielding nature of these terms, there were suppressed sounds of incredulity, mixed with approbation. Both from the advocates and from detractors of Wilson diplomacy, came these exclamations. Since Bismark, the Iron Chancellor, laid down to a subservient France the arrogant demands of the Prussian kingdom, there had been no terms so sweeping in tribute and surrender.

The terms of the associated governments meant more than the hackneyed phrase of "unconditional surrender." They represented to the nth degree the gall and wormwood of defeat to imperialistic Germany.

The scene in the house of representatives, where gathered also the members of the senate, was without parallel in the history of this republic. The galleries were packed. There was not an inch of standing room in them. The floor contained not only the political adherents but the political opponents of the President, now come to the final scene in the greatest drama of all American history.

Mr. Hughes heartily applauded. First came the announcement of the doorkeeper of the house: "The Vice-President of the United States and the members of the United States senate." The members of the upper body came in, led by Vice-President Marshall, who was followed immediately by Senator Martin, of Virginia, accompanied by a senate employe, followed by Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, and Senator Overman, of North Carolina. Next marched Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, and Senator Trammell, of Florida.

Besides them stepped with the solemnity of the moment other members of the nation's greatest deliberative body.

Once they were seated, the house doorkeeper announced the arrival of the Supreme court of the United States.

They took seats immediately in front of the speaker's rostrum, the venerable Chief Justice White bulging over a chair in the center.

As the Supreme court entered one noticed to the left Charles Evans Hughes, former associate justice of that tribunal and political opponent of Woodrow Wilson in 1916. Prior to the arrival of the President and Mr. Hughes' former associates on the highest tribunal, he was the recipient of attention from various Republican and Democratic members of the two branches of Congress.

When the President had swung in to his address it was noticed that no man in the entire assemblage gave more hearty applause to his utterances than Mr. Hughes.

Another picture within a picture was that of the chief justice of the Supreme court. Chief Justice White leaned far forward on his chair as the President began to speak.

"Bravo," cries Chief Justice.

His hand reflected the nervousness of a child with a new toy. His face beamed upon it the gladness of an Alsatian. As the President told, first, of the surrender of Alsace-Lorraine, and the turning over of innumerable guns and munitions of war, the virtual abandonment of the German navy, and, finally, the promise of reparation to the ravished nations of the earth, Chief Justice White broke out intermittently with cries of "Bravo" and handclaps which set the entire legislative assembly into an ecstasy of approval.

Just to the left of the President as he spoke was a section marked "Diplomatic." Here there sat the diplomatic representatives of all the governments friendly to the United States in its fight against German autocracy. Conspicuous among this

(Continued on page 2.)

OFFICIAL COUNTY VOTE

	Laurinburg	Upper Williamson	Lower Williamson	Upper Laurel Hill	Lower Laurel Hill	Hasty	Spring Hill	Total
For U. S. Senator								
F. M. Simmons	287	122	97	17	97	62	131	808
J. M. Morhead	23	47	2	3	2	1	1	84
For Congress								
L. D. Robinson	268	122	97	17	97	62	131	804
Dr. Jas. D. Gregg	23	47	2	3	2	1	1	84
For 6 Months School	239	123	94	16	87	37	126	743
Against 6 Months School	3	7	0	1	2	7	1	21
For Homestead Tax Exemption	152	60	32	8	72	41	114	519
Against Homestead Tax Exemption	0	11	0	0	3	7	0	21
For Sheriff								
W. D. McLearn	245	104	84	16	89	44	131	738
For Clerk Superior Court								
C. D. McCormick	243	105	84	16	89	45	131	738
For Register of Deeds								
C. E. Muse	249	106	84	16	89	45	131	740
For County Surveyor								
Walter J. Matthews	249	118	84	16	90	44	131	751
For Coroner								
J. E. Jordan	248	117	84	16	89	45	131	751
For County Commissioner								
D. C. McNeill	247	118	84	16	89	45	131	748
W. G. Bule	248	118	84	16	89	44	131	750
W. F. Parker	248	118	84	16	89	43	131	749
For Trial Justice County Court								
W. H. Weatherpoon	249	121	84	16	89	44	131	754
For Prosecuting Atty. County Court								
M. L. John	248	118	84	16	89	43	130	747
For State Senator								
R. L. Burns	248	118	84	16	89	43	130	748
Wilkes P. Horton	249	118	84	16	89	43	130	749
For Representative								
A. E. Shaw	240	84	84	16	89	39	130	702

WOODVILLE NEWS NOTES.

Special to The Exchange. Woodville, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Dan Hasty and little daughter, Thelma, of Hasty were recent visitors in Woodville.

Mr. James Nicholson of Ellerbe Springs spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arch McNeill. Mrs. R. N. Monroe left Tuesday for Charlotte to attend the Paris symphony orchestra. While there she will visit her daughter, Mrs. D. E. Kriminger.

Miss Mary Livingston will be the attractive teacher of the Woodville school, beginning Monday, November 25.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fate were the guests of Mrs. H. C. McMillan Sunday.

Miss Fannie Wright, after spending several days with relatives here, returned to Washington, D. C., Monday. Mrs. J. M. McLean and Mr. Archie McLean visited relatives in Fayetteville last Wednesday.

We are glad to report that Miss Emma Lee McMillan, the attractive daughter of Mrs. H. C. McMillan, has recovered from a recent attack of the "flu" and will resume her studies at Flora McDonald Tuesday.

Mr. Rufus McCallum, the enterprising young clerk at Patterson Bros. store, has resigned effective with the new year, to take a special course at Woodville so as to be fitted for a higher and nobler calling. His many friends of this section wish him much success on this new venture.

Dear hunting is now the favorite sport in the Sandhills.

EAST LAURINBURG NEWS.

Special to The Exchange. East Laurinburg, Nov. 12.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Terry and daughter, Miss Bessie, and Charlie Clark made a pleasure trip to East Springs Sunday. Mr. Bright Gibson left Wednesday morning for Radin.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Maddox of East Laurinburg on November 6, a sweet little daughter, Emma Neal.

Miss Aggie Morrison left Wednesday morning for Duke's Creek, after spending several days at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Collins of Bennettsville, S. C., spent Saturday and Sunday here with their mother, Mrs. Kate Frye.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Maddox of Gibson were visitors in town Sunday.

THE STATE'S COTTON CROP.

The Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, has compiled figures showing the cotton ginned in North Carolina in the 1917 and 1918 crop prior to October 18, 1917, and October 18, 1918. Up to this date in 1917 there were ginned 151,100 bales and up to this date this year there were ginned 205,353 bales of the 1918 crop. Robeson county leads with 25,361 bales and Scotland comes second with 12,000 bales.

MR. KENNETH H. McARN DIES AT EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.

Young Soldier Dies Sunday Morning, November 10, Following An Attack of Pneumonia.

Laurinburg was grieved Sunday when the sad news was received here that Mr. Kenneth McArn, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McArn, was dead at Eagle Pass, Texas. News came to the family here early last week that young Mr. McArn was seriously ill with pneumonia at the army base hospital at Eagle Pass. Messages were received from the army physicians every day but no word came that the young man was improving and the sad news of Sunday did not come wholly unexpected, but under the circumstances was very shocking. The tragic circumstances surrounding the death of this splendid young man only add to the grief of members of the family and friends here, and the community is in tears for the boy who volunteered for military service and died in the service. It was last year that Mr. McArn reached his majority and went to Fort Benning, Ga., and was later transferred to the camp at Eagle Pass.

It is expected the remains will reach Laurinburg Thursday morning. Wednesday the funeral arrangements had not been completed.

Mr. and Mrs. McArn had four sons in the military service. Hugh M. McArn of the aviation service is in France. Donald G. is at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Douglas, the youngest, is located at Camp Taylor, Kentucky, and is expected to reach Laurinburg in time for the funeral.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our sincere thanks to the citizens of Laurinburg, and especially the Red Cross, for their noble help and untiring zeal during our recent trial with illness. Their kindness will never be forgotten and we pray that God's richest blessings may rest on each and every one. J. C. BIRMINGHAM and Family, Nov. 12, 1918.

IT IS LIEUTENANT COLONEL EVERETT NOW.

Many friends in Laurinburg and vicinity are much interested in the announcement that Major George T. Everett, a Laurinburg boy and a son of Mrs. M. W. Everett of this city, has recently been promoted to a Lieutenant Colonelcy. Lieutenant Col. Everett is assistant chief of staff of the 15th division (Infantry) commanded by General McCall. And for several weeks has been at Camp Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts, and will soon return to France for overseas duty. Col. Everett is a West Point man and has risen rapidly in the military service. His friends are delighted at the high honor that has come to him now.

CHATAUQUA SECURED FOR LAURINBURG IN SPRING.

Community Chautauqua of White Plains, N. Y., Will Give 5-Day Program Here.

Miss L. Jeannette Totten, representing the Community Chautauqua enterprise of White Plains, N. Y., recently spent several days in Laurinburg in an effort to secure a guarantee "committee" for a chautauqua entertainment to be offered here at some date in the early spring of 1919. Miss Totten was successful in her efforts and has furnished The Exchange with a list of those who signed up as guarantors for the chautauqua series, which is published here. Miss Totten states that the program will run for 5 afternoons and evenings. Season tickets may be purchased for two dollars and money thus derived will be applied to the credit of the guarantee fund. Tickets for a single performance will not count on this fund, it is stated.

Miss Totten also calls attention to the Junior chautauqua which includes child training, playgrounds, etc. It is hoped that this will lead to establishment of permanent organized public playground with competent supervisor in charge and other progressive features.

Those who signed with Miss Totten for the chautauqua series are:

J. W. North, Mrs. Jane C. Keller, Mrs. Joe D. Shaw, Hinton James, Mrs. A. M. Fairley, Mrs. M. J. McGuire, Mrs. J. A. Jones, Mrs. Daniel Shaw, H. W. Malloy, D. E. McRae, Carl B. Craig, J. L. Gibson, Mrs. J. L. Gibson, Thomas J. Gill, R. C. Everett, Mr. and Mrs. Lonnie Hammond, Maxey L. John, Mr. and Mrs. Walter McEachin, Mrs. Calvin McKinnon, Mrs. Bessie B. Wilkinson, Peter McLean, Wade S. Dunbar, J. T. Fields, A. H. James, W. L. Fields, W. D. McLaurin, Edwin Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bule, Mrs. D. S. Alderman, Mrs. Allen McLean, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Jones, Charles W. Egan, Mrs. C. W. Egan, Mrs. F. C. McCormick, D. A. McDougald, W. R. Middleton, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. McLaurin, Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Nicholson, E. H. Davis, W. McNeil, E. W. Bryant, J. T. Bastick, G. H. Russell, G. Y. Jones, A. F. Patterson, F. D. Gibson.

W. T. CLAYTON WOUNDED AND IN HOSPITAL.

Writes Home That a "Big One" Got Him Good and Surgeons Have Fished Remains Out of Him.

"Base Hospital 36 C France, October 10, 1918.

"Mr. J. T. Myers, Laurinburg, N. C.

"Dear Tom—This is bum writing but I'm lying flat on my back in bed and the arm that pushes the hand that pushes this 'stub' is on the bum also. You'll excuse it. I failed to go 'over the top' at— on October 3, as a 'big one' landed about six feet from me and caused me to lose temporary—more or less—use of both legs and an arm. I was lucky at that. Some of the others—there were six it got—came out far worse or better. I don't know which. Now after being bumped around in ambulance and ambulance trains for a considerable while, I'm 'sitting on the world.' For the first time in months I can't hear the guns and I don't have to hide and sleep and eat and otherwise exist in the mud. I don't believe it ever quits raining in northern France. You get used to it at first, then tired of it. We've got Hattie liked, the we had to let him pretty rough. I guess this is pretty rambling. My mind refuses to concentrate and wanders. By the way this is some 'swell dump' we're staying in. An old mansion or cathedral or something of the kind. Has all kinds of cut-ups on the roofs and walls. I'll have to sleep. I'm about all in—that is, tired. I've got a little cloth full of souvenirs that were fished out of me I'm going to try to keep. Good bye. Love to all. Tell— I'm still looking forward to the day when I'll get some more real biscuits.

"BILLY."

GERMANY SURRENDERS ALL HER SUBMARINES.

Marshal Foch included in the armistice terms signed by the German envoys Sunday morning an amendment that Germany must surrender her entire fleet of submarines to the Allies, instead of 100 U-boats as first announced, within 14 days. It is reported that German sailors will refuse to give up some of the ships and may fight for their possession. But the Allies will soon have the situation well in hand and will be prepared for any trouble of this kind.

LAURINBURG HAS BIG PEACE CELEBRATION

Citizens of Town and County Join in Great Demonstration Monday Evening.

Laurinburg is not given to demonstrations and hilarity. As the business men came down to their work Monday morning they were met with the not unexpected report that the war had reached an end and Germany had signed the armistice terms. This statement was received calmly. In a short while the trains from Wilmington and Charlotte came with the Charlotte and Wilmington papers and the final assurance that peace was at hand. Men read the papers and discussed the great news quietly as they stood in small groups at the post-office and about town, much as they would discuss the county election returns or other inconsequential events. But everywhere there was to be evidence of a profound thankfulness that the great war was history.

Later in the day a demand became persistent that Laurinburg ought to stage a big peace celebration and accordingly it was decided to call the folk to meet at the court house square at 7:30 in the evening. Word was sent quickly to all parts of the county and the people came in great numbers. Early in the afternoon the boys (young America) began the preliminaries with a fusillade of pop-sticks, cap pistols, etc. Gradually the noise grew into greater volume and with the coming of night Col. "Key" Eitch, in command of the heavy field artillery, had "Old Zeb" or "Aunt Liz" (or whatever one chooses to call her) the town's trusted old cannon, always held in readiness for special occasions, placed on the court square and the detonations of her thundering voice quickly shook the community into a spirit of careless abandon and great joy. And for hours—until many had gone to bed to forget the greatest day in all history—baldern rained and the people celebrated with sheer gladness and unbounded enthusiasm.

Main street from the Seaboard crossing at the north to the Confederate monument at the south was for many hours a seething mass of humanity, riding, walking, jostling its happy way up and down until the celebrants wore themselves out for the night and fell, a few at a time, out of the ranks, while the more ardent and youthful carried on the celebration into the wee small hours. Automobiles flying flags and bearing their burdens of happy, joyous humanity, hurried up and down the street, while the sidewalks were lined with great throngs and the carnival spirit was rife. Crowds figuratively raided the stores in town that had stocks of fire-works, and these were quickly depleted. Old and young joined in the celebration and everywhere democracy held sway.

The celebration proceeded in an orderly fashion and not a mishap was recorded to mar the end of a perfect day. And thus the war comes to an end. Laurinburg has had its celebration and is happy for it. Now with stout hearts and clear eyes the people will not themselves about the great tasks of peace, which are of no less importance than were those of war. And there is that something in the minds and hearts of the folk here—something of supreme ecstasy and an exalted content—that is not adequately expressed with raw noise and banal hilarity.

\$1,516 Sales to November 1st.

Special Agent W. N. McKennie reports that prior to November 1 there were ginned in Scotland county 21,210 bales of the 1918 cotton crop as compared with 20,225 bales of the 1917 crop up to the same date last year. This is from the report made to the Bureau of the Census by Mrs. McKennie and the figures are official. The figures this year show a gain of 1,000 bales for the same period last year.

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN PROMISES BIG SUCCESS.

Laurinburg and Scotland county will go "over the top" in the United War Work Campaign. The solicitors for this fund began work Monday night at the peace demonstration in Laurinburg and at a recent rally announcing the \$4,000. By Wednesday it is believed the entire \$5,000 is in sight, though the exact figure cannot be had at this time. It is urged that all who have not made their contributions to this fund do so at once. See your township chairman or send to W. H. Weatherpoon, Laurinburg, county chairman.