

## WAR VESSEL SUNK.

### Our Neighboring Republic Gets Worst of Scrap With Germany

## HAYTIAN BOAT SENT TO BOTTOM.

### German Vessel, Carrying Arms to Provisional Government, Stopped by Haytien Patrol.

Cape Haytien, By Cable.—The gunboat Crete-a-Pierot, which was in the service of the Firminist party, has been sunk at the entrance of the harbor of Gonavies by the German gunboat Panther. The crew of the Crete-a-Pierot left her before she went down.

The German gunboat Panther arrived at Port-Au-Prince, September 5. It was announced from Cape Haytien, September 3, that the German steamer Markomannia, Captain Nansen, of the Hamburg-American Packet Company, having on board arms and ammunition sent by the provisional government to Cape Haytien, had been stopped September 2 by the Firminist gunboat Crete-a-Pierot at the entrance to the harbor of Cape Haytien and that an armed force sent on board the steamer from the gunboat took possession of the war munitions, in spite of the protestations of Captain Nansen and the German consul.

The seizure of the Markomannia has been characterized as an act of piracy. But a dispatch from Berlin to the Associated Press, dated September 6, said German government circles did not take a tragic view of the seizure of the German vessel but that satisfaction would be demanded. The Foreign Office agrees with the view held by the foreign representatives at Port-Au-Prince, said the dispatch, that the action of the Crete-a-Pierot was piracy, but it was not then known whether satisfaction would be demanded from General Firmin or whether the revolution in Hayti would be awaited.

The Crete-a-Pierot was a steel vessel of 950 tons displacement. She was armed with one 7.2-inch gun, one 4.7-inch four 3.9-inch, two Maxim machine guns and four No. 60 field machine guns. The Crete-a-Pierot was formerly in the service of the Haytien government and Admiral Killick was commander of the Haytien fleet. June 28 of this year Admiral Killick disembarked troops from the Crete-a-Pierot to support General Firmin, one of the candidates for the presidency of the republic, and after refusing to recognize the authority he began to bombard Cape Haytien. The diplomatic corps protested. Since June 27, the Crete-a-Pierot has been operating in the interests of General Firmin. The Haytien government disavowed the action of Admiral Killick in bombarding Cape Haytien and ordered his arrest. The Panther is a steel casing vessel of 375 tons.

The Firminists have been active and in some cases successful in their engagements with the force of the government under command of General Alex Nord, by the direction or under the provisional government. M. Firmin is considered by many people to have the best chance of gaining the presidency. In 1899 he was Minister of Finance.

Port-Au-Prince, Hayti, Special.—The German gunboat Panther arrived here September 5 and received instructions from the German government to capture the Firminist gunboat Crete-a-Pierot. She left immediately for Gonavies. The Panther found the Crete-a-Pierot in the harbor of Gonavies and the commander of the German gunboat informed Admiral Killick of the Crete, that he must remove his crew and surrender his vessel in five minutes' time. Admiral Killick asked that this time be extended to 15 minutes. The request was granted on the condition that the arms and ammunition on board should be abandoned when her crew left her. The crew of the Crete-a-Pierot left that vessel amid great disorder. At the end of 15 minutes the Panther sent a small boat carrying an officer and 20 sailors to take possession of the Firminist gunboat.

When these men had arrived at a point about 30 yards from the Crete, flames were seen to break out on board of her. She had been fired by her crew before they left her. The Panther then fired on the Crete-a-Pierot until she was completely immersed. There is much feeling here against the Firminists, and their cause is considered to be a bad one. Soldiers are leaving here to attack St. Marc. Port-Au-Prince is calm.

## Theater Burned.

Cincinnati, O., Special.—The historic Music Hall was partially destroyed by fire which broke out at 5 o'clock Thursday morning and the structure adjoining the Music Hall, the Odeon, was completely destroyed. The loss will reach \$10,000, fully covered by insurance. How the fire originated has not been determined. It broke out under the stage. The fire department, realizing that the great Music Hall was in danger, tried to save it. In an hour the Odeon was completely destroyed and the wing of the Music Hall, which is next to the Odeon, was damaged. The main building of the Music Hall, with the great organ, escaped injury.

## General Williamson Dead.

Newport, R. I., Special.—Gen. James A. Williamson, of New York, died at Jamestown Sunday. Gen. Williamson was a well-known lawyer and came from Kentucky to New York, where he established a large practice as a lawyer. During the civil war he was brevetted brigadier general for conspicuous bravery. He was commissioner of public lands and was president of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad until it was merged into the Santa Fe.

## TYPHOID WIDELY SCATTERED

### Valuable Information Given By the Board of Health.

(From Advance Sheets of the August Bulletin of the State Board of Health.)

Typhoid fever is present in seventy-five of the ninety counties reporting for July. It is therefore widely prevalent in our State. It is a communicable disease, spreading from one case to another, though generally in a roundabout fashion. Its extension can be prevented by the careful observance of certain simple rules. For the information of the people we give these rules, preceded by a statement of the reasons upon which they are based. If read and heeded by even a few some lives would be saved and much sickness would be prevented. Read them and tell about them.

The active agency in the causation of typhoid fever is a bacterium, the bacillus typhosus, which attacks and causes the ulceration of certain glands in the small intestine, developing therein by myriads. They are therefore to be found chiefly in the bowel discharges, although present also in the excretion of the kidneys and to some extent in the expectoration of a person sick with the disease. From one of these sources, nearly always the first named, the bacteria are transferred to the intestinal tract of a healthy person. The poison is always swallowed. The most common agencies of transfer are the drinking water, including milk infected from washing cans in polluted water, and the common house fly, although it may be conveyed directly to the nurse by her soiled hands, and sometimes in dust. The most important rules therefore for the prevention of the extension of the disease may be briefly stated as follows:

1. Cover immediately upon their passage the body discharges—to prevent access of flies.

2. As soon as possible thoroughly disinfect the discharges by mixing in equal quantity with them one of the following: (a) freshly made milk of lime or "whitewash" (unslaked lime); (b) a five per cent. solution of carbolic acid; (c) a 1 to 1,000 solution of corrosive sublimate; (d) a 1 per cent. solution of formaldehyde. After standing a half-hour (covered all the time) the mixture should be buried in a hole in the soil or in the surface of the ground at a distance from the well of not less than 150 feet.

3. Provide in the sick-room a wooden tub one-third full of either of the three last named solutions, and drop therein as soon as removed everything in the sick-room, such as bed-clothing, handkerchiefs, towels, etc., that have come in contact with the patient, and keep them submerged until they can be boiled, washed and dried in the sun.

4. All remnants of food that may for any reason be carried into the sick-room must be buried.

5. The nurse should wash her hands and dip them into one of the solutions, preferably corrosive sublimate, after every "changing" of the patient. She should never draw water from the same well as the patient uses. In case it should be absolutely necessary she should disinfect her hands as above before doing so.

6. The soiled linen of the patient should never be washed at or near the well or spring. The greatest care should be established in the patient practically well, extra care of surface privies should be observed. Every evacuation should be immediately and completely covered with lime or dry powdered earth.

Summary.—Prompt disinfection of all discharges from the body of the patient; protection of the same against flies; special care as to the drinking water; scrupulous cleanliness.

## Russia Makes Demand.

Constantinople, By Cable.—Russia has refused to accept the declaration of the Porte to allow four unarmed Russian torpedo boats to pass through the Dardanelles under a commercial flag, and has sent a note to the Turkish authorities insisting that the boats be allowed to go through the Bosphorus. It is said, will appeal to the powers in the matter.

## The Fleckenburg Fair.

What promises to be the biggest and most successful Agricultural Fair and Race Meet in the history of North Carolina, will be held in Charlotte on September 30th and October 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Everything will be on a big scale, in keeping with the reputation of the progressive city of Charlotte. The fair grounds, buildings and race track are well arranged and elegantly appointed and can be easily reached by a double electric car line which will land visitors at the gates. All the railroads will offer greatly reduced rates. The fair will be kept open at night. It is expected that the fair will be a great success.

## By Wire and Cable.

United States Consul Jewell, at Fort de France, estimates that the dead from Mount Pelee's outburst August 30 number 1,500.

## THERE IS A MEANS

### To Settle the Great Coal Strike, Says the President

## INTERVIEWED IN PHILADELPHIA.

### Mr. Roosevelt Says the Republican Managers in Pennsylvania Can End the Trouble.

Philadelphia, Special.—The Record of Saturday print an interview on the coal strike with President Roosevelt who passed through this city Friday on his way to Washington. The President is quoted as saying:

"I am grieved beyond measure at the difficulty in Pennsylvania and other coal producing States over the wage and kindred questions."

"What remedy is at hand?" he was asked.

"There is a remedy," said the President.

"Do you mean the President could interfere?"

"No," replied the President, emphatically.

"What can be done?" he was then asked.

"I would refer you to the men at the head of the Republican party who are in control of affairs in Pennsylvania. I am sure that their conservative opinion of the difficulties rampant will ultimately make a settlement of this great question. Of course, politics does not enter into the mining problem, yet I sincerely hope that the Republican principles which are framed alike for high and low will level the problem to equity."

## Another Opinion.

Wilkesbarre, Special.—T. L. Lewis, vice president of the United Mine Workers arrived here from Virginia and had a conference with President Mitchell. Mr. Mitchell said Mr. Lewis' visit was with reference to the strike in Virginia. President Mitchell says 700 men are affected by the settlement of the strike in the Pocahontas region. They were granted a semi-monthly pay-day, which the chief officer of the United Mine Workers thinks is a concession. About 20,000 miners are still out in the Kanawha, New River and Fairmont districts.

So far as the anthracite region is concerned, President Mitchell says there is no change in the situation. The district officers continue to report that the strikers remain firm. At the office of the coal companies it is claimed that the number of applicants for work is increasing every day, and that the output from the washeries and mines in operation this week will be the largest since the strike began.

## Wanted to Kill His Wife.

Cincinnati, O., Special.—There were sensational developments in the suicide last Tuesday night of George Conrad, head waiter for the Gibson House. His wife, on apprehending letters from the wife of a prominent business man to her husband, was suing Conrad for divorce and a wealthy society woman for alienation of affections. The attorneys from Conrad to the woman of whom he was enamored there was found one in which Conrad outlined a plan. "To convey his wife to the middle of the Ohio river, upset the skiff, as though by accident, swim ashore himself and leave Mrs. Conrad to drown."

When Conrad was confronted by his wife's attorneys with this letter and knew he would be prosecuted criminally, he had a hurried interview with the woman for whom he had deserted his wife and then killed himself. Mrs. Conrad says he repeatedly invited her to take boat rides, but she had been forewarned. The implication of a well-known woman here in the damage suit of Mrs. Conrad, has caused a great sensation.

## Briefs of a General Nature.

The Ohio Democratic convention nominated the ticket chosen by Mayor Tom L. Johnson, and adopted a platform denouncing trusts and declaring allegiance to the Kansas City platform.

The voters of Vermont failed to give any of the candidates for Governor a majority, and the legislature will have to choose the governor.

President Roosevelt's face was badly bruised in the wreck of his carriage at Pittsfield, Mass., where an electric car ran into it. William Craig, a Secret Service detective with the President, was killed, and D. J. Pratt, driver of the carriage, was severely injured. Secretary Cortelyou was bruised and shocked.

The cruiser Brooklyn struck a rock in Buzzard's bay, near New Bedford, but it is not thought to be seriously damaged.

Franklin K. Lane, of San Francisco, was nominated for Governor by the California Democratic convention.

Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor, recommends concessions by the coal operators to end the anthracite strike.

## Resumes Journey.

President Roosevelt resumed his tour on Friday. His condition does not seem worsened by his dangerous accident. The following cablegrams have been received by him:

## NORTH CAROLINA NEWS NOTES.

### Items of Interest Gathered From Murphy to Mauteo.

## Republicans Nominate His.

Hickory, Special.—The Republican convention of the ninth district, attended by about 100 white men and "no negroes at all," convened here this afternoon, and named Mr. Geo. B. Hise, of Charlotte, for Congress, by a rising vote.

At 2 o'clock Mr. W. T. Jordan, of Gaston, provisional chairman, called the meeting to order and introduced Mr. A. A. Whitener, a young lawyer of Hickory, who delivered the address of welcome. The speaker said he was glad it was not now a crime for a man to change his politics, for if it were there would not be sufficient Democratic sheriffs in the State to attend the hangings made necessary by the members of that party who had recently changed to the Republicans. The reply was made by Mr. Chas. F. McKesson, of Burke, who said it was something new under the sun to see such an intelligent body of Republicans meet in a Democratic stronghold like Hickory.

The credentials committee was then named, after some hesitancy on the part of the delegates as to just what was the next thing in order. The committee consisted of the following named: Mitchell, C. F. Blalock; Madison, B. B. Sams; Yancey, W. B. Banks; Burke, E. N. Halliburton; Iredell, F. DeLans; Gaston, T. M. Rhyne; Mecklenburg, R. W. Smith; Catawba, A. Y. Sigmom. It developed that there was no one present from Mitchell, but Mr. Blalock, who had been in that county now and then in the capacity of a revenue officer, agreed to represent the Republican stronghold.

The permanent organization committee made D. C. Pearson, of Morganton, chairman, and Joseph H. Wilson, of Mecklenburg, secretary. The new presiding officer made a vigorous speech, congratulating the people of the State that the time had arrived when the principles of the Republican party should be brought to the people's attention and decided on their merits. The "white man of North Carolina," said he "are freemen today, and no longer can the shibboleth of the negro be rung in the joining the Republican party, and thank God for it."

## Davidson Opens Well.

Davidson, Special.—College opened here with bright prospects. Sixty-five freshmen were registered by 4 o'clock this afternoon and several more were as were here twice as many as last year. Every room in the college last year was filled with students. This does not include medical students who are here in force. Dr. J. E. Stokes, of Salisbury, has been engaged by Dr. Davidson to lecture before his medical classes here twice a week during the ensuing year. He will also conduct clinics at the hospital. The Davidson Academy opened Tuesday with a flattering number. Mr. R. H. Lafferty and Miss Mary Marshall Dupuy are again at their posts.

## Old Man Burned to Death.

Rutherfordton, Special.—John Ballard, an aged and well-to-do farmer, living in Chimney Rock, was burned to death Tuesday morning at an early hour. He and his daughter lived by tending cows and were alone when the fire broke out. The house caught fire and while trying to save his household effects he was overcome and fell in the yard, leaning up against a stump where he was dead by some school children who were passing that way. The stump was burning when found and the body was almost charred.

## North State Notes.

The State tax commission has prepared a letter regarding its order placing on the tax lists the incomes from salary over \$1,000 of Federal officers. The latter will have something to say in a few days.

The Republican State headquarters will again be established at Greensboro and it is understood will be opened by Senator Pritchard on or about September 15th.

It is now said quite positively that there will be no Populist State convention here.

The number of wells, springs and streams which are dry or nearly so in this section is quite remarkable. A large number of wells have had to be deepened.

Revenue Collector Duncan has appointed Service Taylor, of Pittsboro, and J. T. Fogleman, of Burlington, deputy collectors.

The number of students at the Agricultural and Mechanical College is said to have reached 475.

There are now 390 convicts at work in Mitchell county, grading the South Carolina and Georgia Extension Railroad, 50 are at Doyce, cutting timber and 40 are at Wilkesboro.

The State charters the Carolina Devising Company, of Wilmington, capital \$50,000. W. Woodrow, of Portsmouth, being the largest stockholder. It will deal in lands and timber and has extensive powers.

Principal John E. Ray, of the institutions for the white blind and the negro deaf mutes and blind, says there will be over 300 pupils present at the opening, September 17th. There are 12 new names, there will be 50 more pupils than there were last term.

## Rodgers Out of Massachusetts.

Boston, Special.—James M. Rodgers, the colored man wanted in North Carolina on a charge of setting fire to a dwelling house, is beyond the jurisdiction of any court in this State. After Judge Hammond, of the Supreme Court, refused a petition for a writ of habeas corpus having for its object the release of the prisoner, an officer from North Carolina hustled the young negro out of the State. While the prisoner was being taken away his lawyer was applying to the Federal Court for a writ of habeas corpus.

## LIVE ITEMS OF NEWS.

### Many Matters of General Interest in Short Paragraphs.

## The Sunny South.

The plant of the Phoenix Feed Milling Company in Petersburg was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The loss was \$20,000, with small insurance.

While handling a gun at Great Capron, W. Va., last night Charles Thompson accidentally shot and killed his little sister.

Mrs. Greene, wife of Martin Green, Baltimore and Ohio train dispatcher, is dead at Grifton, N. C.

Millie C. Clark, a well-known West Virginia teacher, died at Rowlesburg, W. Va.

## At The National Capital.

Secretary Shaw has discovered that Treasury clerks use two hats to enable them to slip out of the building in working hours.

Official figures show that the battleship Maine did not come up to her contract speed of 18 knots on her official trial trip.

The War Department has decided to reduce the force of medical officers in the Philippines.

School authorities of Washington are considering the question of burning soft coal in the public schools the coming winter.

## At The North.

A mob of several hundred persons bombarded with eggs and other missiles Rev. Edward F. Miller, a Chicago revivalist; Revs. A. M. Bullock, pastor of the Methodist Church of this city, and Henry Bens, pastor of the Baptist Church.

The trustees of the Iowa State Agricultural College have agreed not to select a successor to the late President William M. Bearshear until 1903. There is no doubt, if Secretary Wilson should resign, that he could hold the position.

Jay Cooke, the aged financier, in an interview at Ogontz, Pa., says he believes big combinations of capital are a good thing for the country.

Vermont has just closed the most exciting State campaign it has had for years, the election taking place tomorrow.

Five Newport millionaires have been summoned to court and will probably be tried for fast automobiles.

The school trustees of Summit Hill, Pa., have elected as a director one Jack Bonner, a middle-weight prize fighter. He has many admirers in the town, and the school trustees declare he will make a satisfactory director of the educational affairs of the district.

William Gould Barkaw, a New York native, is spending \$25,000 to put a small Spanish garden in his estate near Great Neck. Under a French gardener he is employing seventy skilled men on the plot, which is to be only 200 feet square. It will contain all of the rare trees, shrubs and flowers native to Algeria and the landscape design will be after the Japanese models. There will be little, but expensive, summer houses, tea pagodas and shelters. The walks and lanes will be winding, but all in an exact system. Mr. Barkaw expects to have the garden completed in the early fall.

## From Across The Sea.

Mount Pelee, Martinique, is again in violent eruption and there are fears for the city of Fort de France.

Many troops have been sent to Florence, Italy, on account of the general strike there.

The Columbian Government is sending troops to help General Bertli, who is besieged by rebels at Azua Dulce.

Venezuelan gunboats will again bombard Ciudad Bolivar, which is held by insurgents.

King Victor Emmanuel left Berlin for Italy.

## Miscellaneous Matters.

A. H. Jackson, the Republican candidate for Congress in the 13th Ohio district, was a polyglot in his youth, and then became a street auctioneer, and finally settling down as a manufacturer of bustles. To this business he added all sorts of women's underwear and has become wealthy and ambitious of political distinction. He is liberal with his money and very popular.

The Right Rev. Dr. Nevill, the Anglican Bishop of Dunedin, New Zealand, is reported to be forming a syndicate, largely composed of clergymen and church members, for the purchase of saloons and the building of "reformed" hotels in that place.

Sir Edmund Barton, prime minister of New South Wales, says: "We in Australia are very much in advance of your country (the United States) in the matter of dealing with industrial conditions. By the terms of our arbitration law great strikes are made practically impossible. Arbitration is compulsory, and when disputes arise between employer and employee, both parties are required to submit the issue to a board under Government control."

## SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

### Third New Mill.

Another large mill is announced as to be established at Anderson, S. C., and is the third one projected there this year. The other two are under construction at present. The new company has applied for incorporation under the title of the Toxaway Mills, with capital stock placed at \$225,000, the incorporators being Messrs. D. P. McBrayer, J. A. Brock, F. G. Brown, E. A. Ledbetter and T. C. Jackson. Immediate arrangements will be made for the erection of buildings and the installation in due time of an equipment for the production of brown sheetings. The textile machinery will include about 10,000 spindles and 300 looms. Messrs. McBrayer and Brock are already presidents of successful mills at Anderson. Mr. McBrayer has promoted this latest enterprise, and that he proposes organizing another company was mentioned June 12 by the Manufacturers' Record.

## Textile Notes.

Randleman Manufacturing Co., of Randleman, N. C., has decided to add 2,500 spindles and complement of carding machinery. Contract has been signed for the machinery, and an additional decision of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line railways, in a section that produces large quantities of cotton. It is said there is no cotton mill at present in Northampton county, in which Gaysburg is located.

It is proposed to organize a company at Gaysburg, N. C., for the establishment of a cotton mill. A capital stock of \$50,000 is contemplated, and about one-third of this amount has been subscribed by local investors. W. T. Joyner is promoting the enterprise, and will endeavor to interest outside capitalists. Gaysburg is located at a junction of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line railways, in a section that produces large quantities of cotton. It is said there is no cotton mill at present in Northampton county, in which Gaysburg is located.

Jas. P. Gossett, president William Mills of Williamston, S. C., has returned from New England, where he placed contract for machinery to double his company's present equipment of 5376 spindles and 150 looms. The improvements will about double the investment. Announcement of the decision of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line railways, in a section that produces large quantities of cotton. It is said there is no cotton mill at present in Northampton county, in which Gaysburg is located.

President Roosevelt was the guest of Secretary Shaw and Dr. W. Seward Webb in Vermont.

The war game of the New York and New England coast was suspended while the Duchess of Marlborough visited the flag-ship Kearsarge.

Jay Cooke, the aged financier, in an interview at Ogontz, Pa., says he believes big combinations of capital are a good thing for the country.

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## Mount Pelee at its Worst.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, E. W. I., Special.—The zone of destruction of Saturday night's eruption of Mount Pelee, Island of Martinique, paralleled that which destroyed the town of St. Pierre in May last, but it spread some five miles eastward. The projection of destructive matter southward from Mount Pelee was almost identical with that of last May. The inhabitants were removed from this area and also from the villages of Lorrain and Basse Pointe, at the base of Mount Pelee, after the May catastrophe, but they were sent back by the government last week. The general marks of Martinique officially report that 1,050 persons were killed and 159 injured by the latest showers of fiery ball, warships and steamers are ferrying the inhabitants from the coast villages, where people from inland places have also gathered for safety. Survivors who have reached Fort-Fredere describe the eruption as being the most violent yet experienced. The detonations were heard at the island of St. Kitts. The St. Vincent volcano, the Soufriere, was in eruption simultaneously. Aerial detonations were heard along the southern islands of Trinidad.

## Lumber Notes.

The Hardware Novelty Co., of Sanderson, Miss., has been incorporated, with a capital of \$25,000. The incorporators are W. J. Bailey, W. L. Williams, and W. H. Reon.

The Kerlin Lumber Co., of Kerlin, Ark., has been incorporated, with a capital of \$10,000. The incorporators are J. T. Kerlin, T. J. Kerlin, J. F. Floyd and E. F. Kane.

The Southern Furniture Co., of Washington, N. C., has been chartered, with a capital stock of \$10,000. The incorporators are John W. Ogden, Frank C. Kugler, H. Susman and Stephen Bragaw.

It is understood that the Mengel Company of Louisville, Ky., will build a large veneering plant and two saw-mills at Hickman, Ky., for which it has purchased fifty acres of ground. The plant when completed will employ 150 to 200 men.

A fire occurred last week in the ship-ping shed of the Hazelhurst Lumber Co., about one mile north of Hazelhurst, Miss., which destroyed an immense quantity of lumber ready for shipment. The loss to the company is estimated at \$25,000; partly insured.

## 200 Lives Lost.

Vienna, Special.—News has been received here from Thriss, Trans-Caucasus, Russia, of a landslide which occurred August 17 in the vicinity of Mount Kasbek, and which resulted in the destruction of some twenty villages and the loss of nearly 700 lives. Seismic disturbances seem to have started a glacier, which swept down a valley and destroyed everything in its path.

## SHOT FOURTEEN MEN

### Bold Crime of a Bad Pair of Colored People.

## MAN AND WIFE FIRED ON OFFICERS

### After Shooting a Trespasser, Negro Resisted Arrest, But Was Finally Captured.

New York, Special.—Jerry Hunter, the negro, who shot a number of policemen and set fire to his house in Queensborough, in an effort to escape, was captured Tuesday and locked up in the Astoria jail. In the fight between Hunter and those who tried to arrest him eleven policemen, three citizens and Hunter and his wife were injured. Hunter's wife, who was helping her husband in his efforts to escape, was taken to his house, where it was said that she was in bad condition. Her husband was badly beaten in the struggle when he was caught. John McKenna, a patrolman, was shot in the head and face. Both his eyes were destroyed and the wounds in his head are so serious that his recovery is doubtful. The injured were men who had been called upon by the police to aid in subduing Hunter.

A list of the wounded follows: John O'Neill, New York, shot in the back and shoulder; Wm. Ortman, Corona, N. Y., shot in the shoulder; Wm. Thorpe, printer, New York, gunshot wounds in face; John McKenna, policeman, both eyes shot out, lips shot off, head filled with buckshot, wounds likely fatal; Arthur Brill, policeman, one eye shot out, head, face and arms full of buckshot; Thos. Cassidy, policeman, cut on head and shoulders by sabre wielded by Hunter's wife; Police Captain Thos. Darch, slight gunshot wound in ear; Police Sergeant Dowey, face filled with buckshot; Thos. Grogan, policeman, shot in the leg and head; Policeman Healy, shot in right leg; Thomas Riggall, policeman, shot in right leg and thigh; M. J. Ward, policeman, shot in left leg; Josiah Hunter, aged 70, negro, beaten about the head and face by policemen; wife of Hunter, shot in head, scalp wounds and body bruised while resisting arrest.

Hunter was employed as caretaker of a large tract of land near North Beach, L. I. Yesterday he saw a man digging sand worms on the property and he shot at the intruder, who ran away from the spot. Policeman McKenna, who Hunter had done, McKenna ran to Hunter's home, and was shot by the negro. The police reserves were called out then and a siege was begun which lasted until after 2 o'clock this morning. Every time a policeman moved from cover a shot would be fired. Fortunately for the police Hunter is said to have had only a shot-gun. Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning Hunter set fire to the house and tried to escape. His wife carried an old cavalry sabre and with this she fought until overpowered, inflicting severe wounds on Patrolman Cassidy. Hunter ran for a patch of woods near the house, but was caught and subdued after a severe struggle in which he was badly wounded.

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