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## ATTENDS HIS WEDDING WITHOUT A FURLOUGH

**Concord Soldier Returns for Church Ceremony and Was Duly Arrested, Ready for Punishment.**

Salisbury, Aug. 30.—If you were a soldier at Camp Glenn expecting to be ordered to the border and your wife back home to write an appealing letter to you to come back and marry her again after the custom of her religion, and the officials would not issue a furlough, what would you do? A soldier boy from Concord had that question to decide and he went home without the furlough. In order to better get away from camp he laid aside his uniform and traveled as far as Salisbury in citizen's clothes. But he did not want to be seen back in his home town without his uniform so he applied at the Salisbury recruiting station for the use of a suit. When he told his story it was apparent that he was a deserter and the local officer took him in charge.

The man had married a Catholic girl and the ceremony had not been performed by a priest. After he had to war the wife became anxious and fearful that her people would disinherit her. The letter she wrote her husband was full of pleadings that he come back and allow a priest to marry them. He asked to get off but refused. He showed the letter to comrades and they advised him to go home, and he came.

The local military officers have hearts and they could not send him back to camp from here. Accordingly he was supplied with a uniform and accompanied by one of the local men as a guard he was sent home yesterday afternoon to marry his wife and will then be sent back to Camp Glenn to receive his punishment for leaving without leave which punishment he full well expects and will take gladly.

## STRONG IN THE FAITH

In a letter to The New York Tribune James C. Jenkins gives a good estimate of the two candidates.

Mr. Hughes is invariably voted the national Republican ticket and am now stronger in the faith than ever.

It will be my privilege and pleasure to vote for Mr. Hughes, the progressive, and Mr. Fairbanks, the steadfast Republican, for the following reasons:

The Republican party is the party of efficiency and execution. It is a party of intellectuality and integrity. It is the party of Lincoln, liberty and loyalty. It is the party of manhood and magnanimity. It is the party of performance, peace prestige and pride. It is the party of patriotism, principles and progress. It is the party of protection, preparedness and prosperity. It is the party of reform, regeneration and reunion. It is the party of stability, statesmanship and steadfastness. It is the party of sound money and safety.

Mr. Hughes its present leader is bold brainy, brave, brilliant and broadminded. He is calm, calculating, cautious and capable. He is dignified and democratic. He is liberal, liberty loving, loyal and logical. He is safe, sound, steadfast and statesmanlike. He is patient, patriotic and practical. He is profound, prudent and progressive.

The Democratic party is non-progressive party. It is the party of disaster and danger. It is the party of insincerity and inconsistency. It is the party of inefficiency and ineptitude. It is the party of negation, non-preparedness and nullification. It is the party of reaction and retrogression. It is the party of stagnation and starvation.

Its present titular head is egotistical and enigmatical. He is indecisive and incapable. He is insincere and illogical. He is narrow, non-practical and non-progressive. He is unsound and unsafe. He is verbose, visionary and vacillating. He is too theoretical, too psychological, talks too much, is too much of a note writer and is too proud to fight.

**JAMES C. JENKINS:**  
New York, Aug. 27, 1916.

The members of Mt. Hermon church will hold a lawn party on the church lawn Friday evening Sept. 8th from 5 to 10 o'clock. Supper, ice cream and cake will be served. Proceeds to buy more burying grounds. The public is cordially invited to come and spend a pleasant evening with us. Comit.

Mr. Wilson now learns how it feels to be held to strict accountability.

## CHARLOTTE DOCTOR ON TRIAL; MURDER CHARGE

**Alleged That He Performed Illegal Operation, Killing Patient—Beattie Held.**

Charlotte, Aug. 30.—Dr. J. W. Summers, charged with having performed an illegal operation, the patient dying, was placed on trial this morning before Judge M. H. Justice, the warrant being amended so that the state seeks a conviction for "second degree murder or a less offense as the facts may justify." The courtroom was packed.

The victim of the alleged illegal operation was Miss Annie Jones, who came to Charlotte about June 26, from Greensboro. The young lady before her death made a declaration in which she claimed that Dr. Summers had performed an illegal operation; she lived about two weeks after the alleged operation, dying at St. Peter's hospital, whither she was taken from her room at the Selwyn hotel, after having called in Drs. A. M. Herron and Parks M. King.

Witnesses examined today were Chief of Police Horace Moore, Miss Mary Evans, a trained nurse, who attended the young woman; Dr. Parks King and Dr. A. M. Herron, who were called in after the alleged operation. The state's contention was that the young woman had died as the result of an operation performed by Dr. Summers. Defense was directed to prove that death was due to failure of kidneys to act, obtaining from nurse a statement to the effect that the physician had said this to patient. Defense also argued that declaration accredited to patient as dying declaration, was not such and the court ruled the statement out for present.

On cross-examination Dr. King admitted that patient had taken spirits of turpentine and also quoted patient as saying that she had taken some drugs, but none after June 1. The evidence continued throughout the afternoon. Character witnesses were S. M. Rumpass, C. A. Hines J. P. Sanders, J. A. Long and others of Greensboro and Rev. R. D. Sherrill, of Horthorn Lane Methodist church.

A true bill was returned today by the grand jury against Robert A. Beattie charged with the murder of his wife Dixie Beattie, Monday morning. Beattie will be tried in November.

## COLE BLEASE LEADS IN SOUTH CAROLINA RACE

**Early Returns Gave Him Long Lead Over Both Opponents—Second Primary Necessary.**

Columbia, S. C. Aug. 29.—With about 60 per cent. of the total vote in the Democratic primary tabulated unofficially here at midnight indications that former Governor Cole L. Blease will run a second race for the nomination with Governor Richard I. Manning. Latest figures gave Manning a good lead over Robert A. Cooper, who outran the present governor in the earlier returns. Blease's margin over the field apparently will not be sufficient to insure his nomination in the present primary. If a second race is necessary it will be run September 12.

The vote at midnight gives Blease 38,918; Manning 25,927, and Cooper, 20,695.

## BLEASE LEADING RACE BY NEARLY 20,000 VOTES

**Governor Manning Will Be His Opponent in Second Primary—Cooper Is Out.**

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 30.—Nearly complete returns from yesterday's statewide Democratic primary tonight show that former Governor Cole L. Blease will run in second primary for the gubernatorial nomination September 12 with Governor Richard I. Manning. Figures compiled here tonight gave Blease 57,610; Manning 37,750, and Robert A. Cooper, 28,203.

Of the six congressmen who had opposition five have been renominated in the first primary. In the third district Representative Wyatt Aiken will make the race with F. H. Dominick, in a second primary. Representative A. F. Lever, in the seventh district was without opposition.

The most dangerous humidity during a heat wave is the kind that you buy a bottle.

Announcement of an increased programme in Japan follows significantly upon the completion of the naval appropriation bill in Congress.

## READY TO JAM EIGHT HOUR LAW THROUGH LOWER HOUSE

**Think By That Means They May Be Able to Pacify Brotherhoods—Instant Action is what is Needed.**

Washington, Aug. 30.—Majority Leader Claude Kitchin and Representative Adamson, chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce today drafted a compromise bill to meet the railroad strike crisis. When Congress gets down to simple brass tacks it is believed the house will pass this bill and pass it within the next 48 hours.

The Kitchin-Adamson measure, as now drawn, provides simply for an eight hour day and appointment of a commission of three to investigate its proration and to report their findings to Congress. There is also a tentative provision that the trainmen shall be paid time and half time for overtime, although should opposition making this a law at this time develop the house leaders are inclined to believe the brotherhoods will accept a straight eight-hour proposition.

The bill as drawn today is in line with suggestions Mr. Kitchin made to the President last night at the conference held in Speaker Clark's room at the capitol. Those who should know say that the majority leader intimated strongly to the President last night that his entire program as outlined in his message to Congress yesterday could not be put through Congress in time to prevent a strike next week or even the week after. He is said to have told Mr. Wilson, however that practically every one was willing to legislate for the eight-hour day if this would prevent the strike and to make provisions for the appointment of a commission to make an impartial investigation. This is what the House now intends to do.

The remainder of the legislative program suggested in the President's message is slated for the legislative discard, at least until next session of Congress.

It is understood that Messrs. Kitchin and Adamson have informed Senator Newlands and Senator Robinson, members of the senate interstate commerce committee, that a modified program containing the above mentioned provisions only is likely to be passed by the huse.

There is a general feeling here tonight that President Wilson will eventually be compelled to agree to the house agreement as outlined by Leader Kitchin and Chairman Adamson.

## House Anxious for Peace.

The North Carolina member conferred today with members of the house which included in the "labor group." They practically promised the Democratic leader that the substitute proposal would meet the approval of the trainmen. This promise was made following a conference between the labor members and representatives of the trainmen.

There are no men or set of men more anxious to prevent a strike than the house. They are, therefore, first of all, for immediate action. They are impatient over the senate delay incident to the holding of hearings on the strike situation. It can be stated that the present intention of Mr. Kitchin, and his Democratic following is to wait only two days on the senate. At the end of that time if the senate has not acted upon anti-strike legislation the house leader and Representative Adamson are prepared to rush their substitute through the lower branch without delay and regardless of the status of legislation in the senate.

Mr. Kitchin, it is believed, is proceeding on the assumption that something must be done before September 4 to avert a strike. It is conceivable, he contends, that the trainmen will walk out on that date in the event even one body of the house has gone on record for the eight-hour day.

If a strike should take place despite this contemplated action of the house, it would alienate the house leaders say, whatever sentiment there may be in Congress for the cause of the brotherhoods. In fact, Leader Kitchin and Representative Adamson boldly asserted late today that they would abandon the strike situation if the brotherhoods precipitate a strike in the midst of efforts of Congress to relieve them.

Mr. Kitchin pointed out that the brotherhoods have been fighting for an eight-hour day for 25 years. If either branch of Congress goes so far as to grant this far-reaching legislation on a few days notice, he argued,

## MINISTER DENOUNCES PRESS FOR SENSATION

**Durham Pastor Raps Some Newspapers for Unduly Alarmning Public Over Infantile Paralysis.**

Durham, Aug. 29.—Criticising news papers in New York, North Carolina and especially in Durham, for displaying prominently news concerning infantile paralysis, Rev. C. C. Smith pastor of the Edgemont Baptist Church in this city, Sunday night denounced such a policy, as a prelude to his regular sermon. Declaring that newspapers should publish only reports given out by health authorities Mr. Smith charged that a local newspaper had caused a great decrease in attendance at his Sunday school by printing infantile paralysis stories. "When the devil and carnion newspapers get hold of a thing like this maledy a whole Nation can be frightened out of its wits," he declared. Mr. Smith's subject was, "The Devil, Infantile Paralysis and the Carnion Newspaper."

"Mr. Smith described a carnion newspaper, as the class of newspapers that find a cess pool, or a dead carcass or some other stench and displays it in big head lines on the front pages, and in the news columns and editorials, written about in such manner as to play unilly upon the emotions of the public.

Now the flaw picking season is upon us, and the political orators are harvesting a bumper crop of flaws.

What has become of the old fashioned man who, had brainstorm at the mention of dollar wheat,

it would be incumbent upon the trainmen to accept this act as being in good faith and withhold their strike order. Any other course, he said would react against the employes.

## No Compulsory Arbitration.

The house membership continued to hold aloof today from the President's proposal for compulsory arbitration, patterned after the Canadian law, and the suggestion that Congress ask the Interstate Commerce commission to take up the question of freight rate increase. Mr. Adamson informed the senate that so comprehensive legislative program would meet strong opposition on both sides of the house.

The present crisis can be met he contended, by a bill embodying two of the President's recommendations. If a strike is averted, he said, there will not be any necessity even for authority that the railroads may be operated by the President for military purposes.

Several "labor members" of the house today constituted a voluntary committee that called upon representatives of the brotherhoods here. These members are understood to have been parties to a tacit understanding as follows:

That the house shall not attempt to enact compulsory arbitration legislation.

That the strike may be averted by legislation for an eight-hour day and an inquiry into the wage question and the effect of the change upon the carriers.

Preparing a substitute, Majority Leader Kitchin and Representative Adamson lifted substantially the first two sections of the Senate bill, said to have been prepared by Senator Newlands, which establishes an eight-hour day on railroads and provides for a wage commission of three. The house leaders object, however, to the word "wage" before commission and propose to call it simply "a commission."

To the section relating to the eight-hour day Representative Kitchin with the approval of Representative Adamson, inserted the following: "Provided, that such employes shall receive as compensation 50 per centum increase in wages for each hour of service in excess of eight hours."

This is substantially the original proposal made by the President to the brotherhoods and which received their approval. The railroads rejected it. It is now proposed to give the employes this concession in the form of legislation.

With the strike averted house leaders say that Congress may take up in December the other proposals contained in the President's message. The emergency they say, demands effective, succinct and immediate legislation, but does not require so comprehensive a bill as that outlined by the President and framed by Senator Newlands.

## MOB SEEKS LIFE OF YOUNG NEGRO

**Removed From Nashville Jail to Raleigh for Safe Keeping—Assaulted White Planter.**

Rocky Mount, Aug. 29.—Prompt action by the authorities and a speedy removal of Larry Hooks a young negro from Nashville jail at an early hour Sunday afternoon to Louisburg and thence to Raleigh later probably averted serious trouble for the negro was being sought by a mob and posse of several hundred citizens for the serious crime of murderous assault on Clarence T. Short and for entering his home and making himself objectionable to Mr. Short's wife and mother. Mr. Short, who is a prosperous planter of the Nashville section, had trouble with Hooks at a tobacco barn about 2 o'clock Sunday morning and the negro went on off, but a short time later went to Mr. Short's house and demanding entrance on a plea that he wanted to know about his account aroused Mrs. Short and her mother and he was talking very boisterously and disrespectful when Mr. Short arrived. A fight followed the negro's declining to leave the house when told to do so by Mr. Short and the negro brought a knife and razor into play giving Mr. Short a number of stabs about the body, two entering his lungs. The injured man was brought to the Rocky Mount Sanatorium and a report of his condition today indicates that it is extreme.

Following the alteration the negro fled and was making his way toward Wilson County when bloodhounds were placed on his trail and he was found within a few miles of the city of Wilson. He was returned to Nashville about the noon hour yesterday and by that time a great number of citizens from the vicinity in which the trouble had occurred had gathered about the jail and it was thought best to remove him to the Franklin County jail. This was done, but developments during the afternoon, as the report of the injured man's condition was received indicated that it was advisable that the prisoner be removed to Raleigh and this was done.

## TYPHOID GIVEN BATTLE IN COUNTY OF STANLY

**Dr. C. C. Mangum Succeeds in Task of Vaccinating Fully 25 Per Cent. of Residents.**

Albemarle Aug. 28.—Dr. C. S. Mangum, who has for the past four weeks been conducting the anti-typhoid campaign in Stanly county, left today for Chapel Hill. Dr. Mangum is highly pleased with the manner in which the campaign has been received and the cooperation he has received from the medical fraternity in the county and the leading people in general. The state authorities gave Dr. Mangum to understand that his work would be credited with success if 3,000 people in the county were vaccinated.

During this campaign the number predicted has been more than doubled. Counting the number which has gone on Dr. Mangum's official records, the number who have been vaccinated during the campaign by local physicians in the various parts of the county, the number Dr. Raney has vaccinated at Badin, and the number who will complete their third treatment during this week, reports of which will be made to Dr. Mangum by the local physician, a conservative estimate places the number in the county at 6,500.

## SALISBURY RECOVERING FROM MONDAY'S STORM

Salisbury, Aug. 29.—The power and telephone companies imported men to assist their local forces in repairing damage done by the storm of Monday afternoon. By working all night the power company had their street cars running next morning and were furnishing power to patrons. About 400 telephones were put out of commission. The city and many individuals have had forces of men removing the many trees that were blown down and in a few days the city will resume its natural appearance with the exception of the absence of many of the beautiful shade trees.

The funeral of William Calloway, the only one killed by the storm, was held this afternoon. Mrs. David Klutz who wash so seriously hurt in East Spencer, is at a Salisbury hospital and her condition is still alarming.

In order to reduce his weight, the average man is willing to take almost anything except exercise.

## BROTHERHOOD CHIEFS PLEAS-ED BY ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT

**Should Pass an Eight-Hour Law Strike would Be Automatically Headed Off.**

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Garretson, Stone, Carter and Lee, of the four railroad brotherhoods, were eminently pleased by the tone of President Wilson's message to Congress and his legislative recommendations.

That the President's message should be particularly pleased that the President, in suggesting an arbitration commission, made no reference to the Canadian disputes act, and did not ask Congress to pass a law modeled after that act. The Canadian disputes act is one which will be bitterly fought by organized labor if any attempt to put it into operation in this country is made.

The railroad brotherhood chiefs also were pleased that the President, in recommending the draft in case of emergency, suggested that conscription be resorted to only for military purposes.

The President's suggestion that arbitration words be made a matter of court record to be interpreted by the court and not by the railroads was one of the suggestions made to him by the railroad brotherhood's chiefs.

The brotherhood leaders will issue an official statement outlining their position after they study the text of the President's message.

Garretson also said the brotherhoods would accept it and eight-hour legislation would find less opposition from the men from the railroads.

"If the eight-hour day is provided by law it will affect the 80 per cent. of unorganized railroad workers as well as the brotherhoods," Mr. Garretson said. "We expect to find the railroad executives much less solicitous for this unorganized 80 per cent. when the eight-hour question comes up."

President Garretson's attention called to the fact that the resolution adopted by the 640 chairmen before they left Washington Sunday called for a strike September 4th unless the railroads before that time accept the President's proposal for an eight-hour basis day. He asked if anything short of conscription by the railroads could avert a strike.

"An eight-hour law by congress will head off a strike," Mr. Garretson said.

Railroad brotherhood leaders take the position that in adopting an eight-hour day affecting railroad workers, Congress will be compelled to draft a measure of such elasticity as to allow trainmen to work longer than eight hours.

In the operation of railroads it will be impossible, the men say, to arrange schedules so that all work shall be limited to eight hours. The question of overtime for work beyond the eight hour period will still remain for settlement but this could be settled by the proposed commission sought by the President.

It was apparent from a statement to day by the brotherhood leaders that if Congress attempts to pass legislation along lines of the Canadian law it will meet the solid opposition of organized labor and will be fought by members of Congress friendly to labor.

## LAWYER IS CONVICTED AGAIN FOR SELLING

**Attorney James H. Johnson of Cumberland County Found Guilty Second Time of Selling Liquor.**

Fayetteville, Aug. 29.—James H. Johnson, a member of the Cumberland County bar, who was pardoned by Governor Craig in May, after being convicted for selling wine in unlawful quantities and sentenced to three months on the roads, was found guilty of the same offense in Superior Court here today. Judge Winston continued prayer for judgment until next term, but announced that if any reliable evidence was brought before him on his return to prove that Johnson had violated the prohibition law in the meantime, he would send the lawyer to the roads for two years. The offense for which he was convicted today was committed in 1915.

Proceedings to disbar Johnson, which have been pending for some time, were set for the first day of the next civil term.