

The Albemarle Enterprise.

J. D. BIVINS, Managing Editor

Established 1880

\$1.00 per year, in advance

VOLUME XXIV.

ALBEMARLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916

NUMBER 31

PRESIDENT WILSON CALLS OUT ALL MILITIA IN U. S.

30,000 More Regular Troops to Be Made Available as Invaders of Mexico.

Washington.—Virtually the entire mobile strength of the National Guard of all the States and the District of Columbia was ordered mustered into the Federal service Sunday night by President Wilson. About 100,000 men are expected to respond to the call. They will be mobilized immediately for such service on the Mexican border as may later be assigned to them.

General Frederick Funston, commanding the border forces will designate the time and place for movements of guardsmen to the international line as the occasion shall require.

In announcing the orders Secretary Baker said the State forces would be employed only to guard the border and that no additional troop movements into Mexico were contemplated except in pursuit of the raiders.

Simultaneously with the National Guard call Secretary Daniels of the Navy Department ordered additional war vessels to Mexican waters on both coasts to safeguard American lives.

At the War, Navy and State Departments it was stated that no new advices as to the situation in Mexico had come to precipitate the new orders.

Tension Steadily Increased.

Within the last two weeks, however, tension has been increasing steadily. The crisis presented by General Carranza's note demanding the recall of General Pershing's expeditionary force has been followed by a virtual ultimatum served on the American officer by General Trevino, Mexican commander in Chihuahua. To this was added yesterday the possibility that American and Mexican troops had clashed across the border from San Benito, Texas.

Administration officials made no attempt to conceal their relief over the safe return of Major Anderson's cavalry squadron to Brownsville, after their successful bandit chase. The troopers crossed in pursuit of bandits in the face of intimations that they would be attacked if they did so. General Funston himself reported that he anticipated fighting presumably with Carranza troops.

The mobilization of the National Guardsmen to support General Funston's line will pave the way for releasing some 30,000 regulars for immediate service in Mexico in the event of open hostilities with the Carranza Government. The guardsmen themselves could not be used beyond the line without authority of Congress and until they had volunteered for that duty, as they are called out under the old militia law. The new law, which would make them available for any duty under the Federal Government goes into effect July 1.

COUNT VON MOLTKE DEAD FROM APOPLEXY

Amsterdam, June 18, via London.—Lieut. Gen. Count Helmuth von Moltke, chief of the supplementary General Staff of the Army, died of heart apoplexy this afternoon during a service of mourning in the Reichstag for the late Field Marshal von Der Goltz, says a Berlin telegram tonight.

Lieutenant General Count von Moltke was a nephew of the late Field Marshal von Moltke, the great strategist, who directed the victorious movements of the German armies in the Franco-Prussian War of 1870. At the time of his uncle's death in 1891 he was a major, and in 1902 was made chief of the General Staff, in which office he has been credited with having perfected the splendid organization of the German Army. In December, 1914, he retired from the post, his failing health, it was said, preventing his return to the front.

A Doctor's Remedy For Coughs.

As a cure for coughs and colds these remedies in just the right proportion to do the most good for summer coughs or colds. A trial will prove the value of this splendid cough medicine. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey soothes the irritation, stops your cough, kills the cold germs and does you a world of good. A 25c bottle will more than reimburse you—it will stop your cough. At druggists. ADV 3

WILSON AND MARSHALL RENAMED BY DEMOCRATS

Roll Call Dispensed With and Vote is Made by Acclamation—Bryan Addresses Great Crowd 45 Minutes.

Washington.—President Wilson was notified by Secretary Tumulty that he and Vice President Marshall had been nominated by acclamation at the St. Louis Convention. His only comment was: "I am very grateful to my generous friends."

Coliseum, St. Louis.—President Wilson and Vice President Marshall were nominated by acclamation by the Democratic National Convention, the ticket being completed four minutes before Friday.

President Wilson's own plank charging conspiracy among some foreign-born citizens for the benefit of foreign powers and denouncing any political party which benefits and not repudiating such a situation was incorporated in the platform, just as the President had sent it from Washington. It was understood that the President insisted that the plank should be put in the platform in the way he had drawn it.

Marshall Opposition Melted.

There never was any doubt of President Wilson's nomination tonight but there was a possibility that some vice presidential booms might be brought out in opposition to Vice President Marshall. They melted away, however, when the convention got in session and as soon as President Wilson's nomination had been made by a rousing chorus of acclamation, Senator Kern, who renominated Mr. Marshall, cast aside a long prepared speech and simply declared: "I nominate Thomas Riley Marshall of Indiana for Vice President."

To President Wilson's nomination there was only one dissenting vote, Robert Emmett Burke of Illinois, who came to the convention announcing that he was opposed to the President. His vote technically made the President's nomination 1,091 to 1.

PROGRESSIVE MEASURES FOR BADIN AND ALBEMARLE

It is of interest to citizens here to know that a number of houses of the bungalow type are to be constructed at Badin. The houses constructed there by the French company are picturesque as to appearance, but were seemingly not constructed for durability. Everything now being erected by the Aluminum Company of America has all the marks of beauty and permanency.

Work has already begun on the large brick graded school building at Badin. The school is to be run for the employees' children at Badin, and will contain in addition to the primary and grammar grades a complete high school department. Manager Marshall in a talk with Superintendent Eddins said that nothing but skilled laborers are to be used in the Aluminum Company's plant, and that skilled laborers as a rule were drawn from those who had received a good English education. Sound reasoning this.

It has been known to a comparative few that manufacturing has been carried on for several weeks at Badin.

The work being done is an initiatory step to the manufacture of aluminum. In the main it has been the preparation of carbon, or charcoal, so that it may be used in the electrolyzing process employed in the manufacture of aluminum.

Convict Labor vs. Free Labor.

Since January 1, when the prohibition law went into effect, hundreds of prisoners in the state penitentiary of Washington have been set at liberty through the termination of their sentences. Few have come to take their places. Mr. George F. Cotterell, highway commissioner and ex-mayor of Seattle, says there are not enough to do the necessary work of construction on the state highways. In an address in Vancouver, B. C., he declared that the dry law had cut off the supply of fresh convicts and that the state must perforce seek free labor for the construction and maintenance of its highways. And Washington is not the only dry state which because of the growing dearth of convicts is compelled to employ free labor and is thus removing one of the grievances of the labor world.

Justice Hughes has done everything to stop his boom except the things that would stop it.

Program of the Albemarle, N. C. Chautauqua

Superintendent—L. Alvadore Downey, P. D.
Captain of Tent Crew—Walter W. Mauls.
Junior Leader—Florence Miller.

FRIDAY, JUNE 23. AFTERNOON. Admission 35 Cents.
2:30 Greetings by Chairman appointed by Chautauqua Committee.
2:45 Address—Dr. I. Alvadore Downey.
3:30 Concert—Brookline Choir Boys, "The Angelus" and American Boy Songs.

EVENING. Admission, 50 Cents.
7:30 Concert—Brookline Choir Boys.
8:15 Lecture—Dr. Lincoln Wirt, "The Conquest of the Arctic."
Chronophotographs—Robert E. Carrels.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24. AFTERNOON. Admission, 35 Cents.
2:30 Series Lecture—Dr. I. Alvadore Downey, "Eugenics."
3:15 Concert—Victor's Band and Venetian Troubadours.

EVENING. Admission, 50 Cents.
7:30 Concert—Victor's Band.
8:30 Entertainment—Rosani, Prince of Jugglers.

SUNDAY, JUNE 25. AFTERNOON.
3:00 Sacred Concert—Victor's Band.
Devotional Exercises conducted by Members of the Albemarle Ministerial Association.

MONDAY, JUNE 26. AFTERNOON. Admission, 35 Cents.
2:30 Series Lecture—Dr. I. Alvadore Downey, "The Culture Epochs Theory—Why?"
3:15 Concert—Schubert's String Quartet.

EVENING. Admission, 50 Cents.
7:30 Concert—Schubert's String Quartet.
8:15 Lecture—Dr. Thomas E. Green, "The Burden of the Nations."
Discussion.

TUESDAY, JUNE 27. AFTERNOON. Admission, 35 Cents.
2:30 Series Lecture—Dr. Alvadore Downey, "The Culture Epochs Theory—How?"
3:15 Concert—Strollers Male Quartet and Hand Bell Ringers.

EVENING. Admission, 50 Cents.
7:30 Concert—Strollers Male Quartet.
8:15 Entertainment—The College Players, "Happiness."

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28. AFTERNOON. Admission, 35 Cents.
2:30 Series Lecture—Dr. I. Alvadore Downey, "The Culture Epochs Theory—Why?"
3:15 Concert—The Bijou Trio, Opera and Neapolitan Songs.

EVENING. Admission, 50 Cents.
7:30 Concert—The Bijou Trio.
8:15 Lecture—Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, "Makers of America."

THURSDAY, JUNE 29. AFTERNOON. Admission, 50 Cents.
2:30 "Uncle Sam's Experiment," presented by Junior Chautauquas.
3:00 Concert—The "Mikado" Company.
3:45 Lecture—Prof. Walter Rauschenbusch, "Christianity and the Social Crisis."

EVENING. Admission, 75 Cents.
7:30 Opera—The "Mikado," with Full Cast, and Orchestra.

Children, from 6 to 14 inclusive, admission for any session, 25 cents.

CHILDREN—For the good of all concerned, we will insist this year on the following rule: Children unaccompanied will not be allowed to sit nearer the front than the eighth or ninth row. Adults unaccompanied by children (except in the case of the aged or infirm) will not be allowed to sit on the front seats. It may be reasonably expected that one adult will accompany not more than three or four children.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE AUSTRIAN STRONGHOLD

Petrograd, June 18.—Via London.—The capture by the Russians of Czernowitz was officially announced today by the Russian War Office.

Vienna, June 18.—Via London.—The evacuation of Czernowitz by the Austrians after the Russians had forced the passage of the Pruth and penetrated the city was announced by the War Office today.

"Yesterday," says the official statement, "the garrison of the bridgehead at Czernowitz withdrew before superior enemy fire. During the night the enemy at several points forced a passage of the Pruth and penetrated Czernowitz, which we evacuated."

THE PRESIDENT HEADS PARADE

Washington.—On Flag Day President Wilson marched afoot at the head of the combination preparedness and flag day parade down Pennsylvania avenue, the first time in history that a president performed a like feat. This one broke local parade records, covering a mile and a half, requiring fifteen minutes to pass a given point. Cabinet officers, department officials, White House employees, and a delegation of correspondents, representing a thousand cities marched immediately behind. The women's party was well represented.

LIKES THE ENTERPRISE.

Albemarle Enterprise,
Albemarle, N. C.
Enclosed, please find money order for \$1.00, to keep my paper coming. I am taking 12 papers, but can't do without The Enterprise. It is like a letter from home. Wishing your paper great success, I remain
Yours very truly,
A. E. PINION,
Bedford, Va., Route 3,
June 12, 1916.

EXCITEMENT IN CHARLOTTE.

(Charlotte Observer, June 19.)
No announcement in recent years excited so much comment and discussion in Charlotte as that of the War Department's order to the several Governors of the various States calling out the National Guard, coming on Sunday night, when the bulletin was posted on the Observer board, churchgoers stopped to read and talk and very soon the telephone wires were busy. The Observer office answered not less than 300 telephone calls last night by those who desired accurate news on the situation.

The news recalled to many the days immediately preceding the Spanish-American War. Then the same general procedure was followed although the channels through which the orders came were different.

There was much comment in the city last night as to the steps that would follow the War Department's order last night. This order would be addressed to Governor Craig as the commanding officer of the North Carolina National Guard and would be handled by Adj. Gen. Lawrence W. Young. It was regarded as certain that immediately upon General Young's reception of orders he would transmit them to the commanding officers of the three regiments, namely Col. J. F. Gardner of Shelby, First Regiment; Col. W. C. Rodman of Washington, N. C., Second Regiment, and Col. S. W. Minor of Durham, Third Regiment, and they in turn would notify the company commanders of each regiment. These orders will probably be received today for it is a well-known fact that everything has been in readiness for days and only the word is needed to start the machinery in action. These orders will be to the company commanders instructing them to rendezvous their men and await orders, which will simply be to entrain and proceed to camp, which in this case will be Camp Glenn at Morehead City. This will bring the three regi-

BLUE SUNDAY FOR MANY VIRGINIA CITIES

Taste Afforded of What It Means to Put the Lid on Tight.

Richmond, Va., June 18.—Virginia cities experienced a mildly "blue Sunday" under the new oyster law. Soft drink stands were closed in many places, gasoline sales prohibited in some, cigar and tobacco sales were greatly curtailed and in Newport News and Norfolk the law has resulted in the abolishment of the segregated districts. A score or more of arrests were made in various cities, mostly in the nature of test cases.

The oyster law, designed by the Legislature to insure rigid enforcement of the prohibition and anti-vice laws has also had the effect of resurrecting ancient Sunday laws that for years have been ignored. The one prohibiting "unnecessary" labor on the Sabbath was responsible for the situation today. Various commonwealth attorneys have put numerous constructions on the word "unnecessary."

As an example, Norfolk's county attorney ruled today that soft drinks and tobacco, telegraph and telephone operations, street car service, were things of necessity, but Norfolk county policemen descended on Ocean View, a beach resort and served 10 warrants on proprietors of concessions and arrested 20 employees. They were released on bond, however, and the concessions resumed pending court action in the cases.

In the smaller towns of the State the law is said to have been more rigidly enforced and in many places even drug stores were closed.

Expectations that Sunday recreations, such as golf, tennis and automobile driving would be stopped were not realized.

J. D. HANCOCK LOSES HIS LIFE IN AUTO ACCIDENT

(Wadesboro Ansonian, 14th.)

Mr. James D. Hancock of Ansonville died here at 8:30 Sunday night as a result of injuries received when his automobile turned over on the Ansonville - Wadesboro road Sunday afternoon. In the car with him at the time were Misses Emma and Lottie Turner, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Turner, two daughters of Mr. Pete Braswell, and Steve Hancock, a nephew of the dead man. All of the young ladies were injured to some extent, but Miss Lottie Turner is now in a very serious condition, with one or more ribs broken. She was able to go to her home Sunday afternoon, after the accident, but has been very ill since she was thrown from the car. Mr. Hancock was brought to Wadesboro by Messrs. Frank Dunlap and H. P. Taylor in the former's car and Mr. P. A. Wood of Morven brought the young ladies here.

The accident occurred about three miles from Wadesboro. From what can be learned, it seems that Mr. Hancock, who was driving the car, was under the influence of some kind of drink. He was driving fast when he met a team and turning to divide the road, lost control of his machine, and when he attempted to get back in the road, the turn was so sudden the car turned completely over. It is believed that the steering wheel pressing down on his stomach, injured him and that he bled to death from internal wounds. He was unconscious almost all the time until his death and was not able to tell much about the accident. He is reported to have said that he got something to drink at Will G. Huneyutt's store and the others with him will, it is said, also testify to the same. It is said that the young ladies plead with Huneyutt not to sell him anything more, as the party had been there once during the afternoon and Hancock was then very much under the influence of drink.

ments, of approximately 2,500 men, with two troops of cavalry, at Lincoln and Asheville and three infantry corps, Rutherfordton, New Bern and Reidsville, into camp at Morehead City, where they will await further instructions. Here they will be mustered in, will be examined by the physicians and accepted by the Federal officer who will be detailed here for this special duty. Then the War Department will order such regiments as desired to the Mexican border for active service while the balance will be held in reserve awaiting further orders.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS VERY OPTIMISTIC

Raleigh, N. C., June 20.—Democratic party leaders here and from various sections of the State (who are always in evidence at the State Capital) are giving expression to the most optimistic feeling of hope and confidence since the National Convention renominated Wilson and Marshall.

There is prevalent already a strong belief that the true American spirit will actuate the real patriotic voters to easily select Wilson in preference to Hughes as the best representative of American thought and action—the man whose brand of patriotism is as intense as that of the most mouthy of Roosevelt jingoes and twice as safe, and whose followers will not brook or tolerate the possibility of placing in the White House a person like Hughes, tainted with hypenism, and who could not be depended upon to fully measure up to requirements in a crisis that may any day soon strike the hour of this country's destiny.

Contrast of Candidates.

Instead of a man courting the hyphenated vote of the foreign born (whose representatives unquestionably were most potent in effecting Hughes' nomination and the defeat of Roosevelt) and who therefore kept his mouth locked to all demands for a declaration of his principles and position on the greatest issues of the day, the people are apt to lean toward the man whose official conduct in the great office leaves no doubt of his position in the future.

With his intense patriotism and love of country, tempered and guided by the learning, wisdom and experience of the great statesman he is; with a knowledge of statecraft that has kept us, so far, from the undesirable and uncalled for "entangling alliance" with the quarrels and contentions of the Old World—and accomplished it with honor to ourselves and the American flag—Wilson would rise to the heights of any occasion that may arise, and if necessary would readily warm to the point of "America first and against all the world," if need be. No one could expect anything like this from the man through whose veins ice water is said to course, in lieu of warm and red American blood, or his running mate—that interesting campaign tonic of ice and whiskers, otherwise yelet Hughes and Fairbanks.

Who's Satisfied With Wilson.

This paragraph and the whole speech of Governor Glynn, of New York, delivered as temporary chairman of the Democratic National Convention last week, should be read by every man, woman and child in this country. Referring to President Wilson's foreign policy, Governor Glynn said:

"It may not satisfy the fire-eater and swashbuckler, but it does satisfy the mothers of the land at whose hearth and fireside jingoistic war has not placed an empty chair. It does satisfy the daughters of this land from whom bluster and brag have not sent a loving brother to the dissolution of the grave. It does satisfy the fathers of this land and the sons of this land who will fight for our flag and die for our flag when reason primes the rifle, when honor draws the sword and when justice breathes a blessing on the standard they uphold!"

Do you blame the delegates for demanding that the beautifully worded sentiment be repeated, after the storm of applause had died away?

LLEWYAM.

Rowan Woman Bitten by a Weasel.

Woodleaf, June 18.—A very rare thing took place at the home of J. K. Culbertson when he was aroused by a commotion among the chickens.

He went out to investigate, followed by Mrs. C. Fryers. One chicken ran close to Mrs. Fryers who picked up the chicken, when all at once she began to cry out and call for help, saying, Oh, it's got me! Oh, it's got me! She was told to "choke it," which she did. On going to the light it was found that she had a weasel, which she had caught up with the chicken, and which, when it found out that it was caught, turned the chicken loose, and fastened his teeth in Mrs. Fryers' hand.

The weasel was killed by hitting it on the head several times with a hair brush, while the lady still held her grip on his throat.

Political orators ought to begin laying in their supplies of gas bombs.