

THE BEAUFORT NEWS

THE HOME PAPER

READING TO THE MIND IS WHAT EXERCISE IS TO THE BODY

EVERY THURSDAY

VOL. XI

THE BEAUFORT NEWS THURSDAY, AUG 10 1922

NUMBER TWENTY SIX

COUNTY BOARD FIXES TAX LEVY

Levy Made for County Purposes and Also for Schools Rates Vary in Townships

Beaufort, N. C. August 7, 1922—The Honorable Board of County Commissioners met this the 7th day of August, 1922, at their regular meeting place in the court house at Beaufort, N. C. with all members present to-wit: C. R. Wheatley, Chairman; Geo. G. Taylor; J. L. Edwards; Henry O. Piner and B. F. Small.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Will Jones came before the Board and asked for a reduction in his valuation of his property. The matter was referred to County Auditor.

Mr. Charlie Hancock came before the Board and presented a petition requesting the Board of County Commissioners to establish a Ferry Boat line between Gloucester, N. C. and Harkers Island, N. C. The matter was deferred to a later date and petition ordered filed.

Mr. J. L. Murphy presented a petition to the Board signed by citizens of the following townships, respectively, Beaufort, Straits and Smyrna, requesting that the old Straits township lines be established. The matter was deferred to a later date and the petition ordered filed.

Mr. Richard Gillikin came before the Board and presented a petition signed by a majority of the citizens of Otway and Bettie, requesting that Otway and Bettie remain in Beaufort township. The matter was deferred to a later date and the petition ordered filed.

Mr. W. W. Chadwick came before the Board and asked that E. G. Bell be relieved of his taxes. The request was granted.

Ordered by the Board that B. B. Lawrence be allowed \$20.00 for grubbing land on the South side of his field, same being used for the construction of the public road.

Mr. John Day came before the Board and presented a petition signed by a majority of the free holders of Cedar Island Township requesting that a road be built connecting Cedar Island with the Atlantic Highway. The matter was referred to the County Engineer, and the County Engineer was instructed to make a survey as early as possible and submit same to the Board. Petition was ordered filed.

Mr. Wm. H. Bell came before the Board and asked that the value of his father and brother's oyster bed be reduced. The Board was of the opinion that it had no jurisdiction in the matter.

Dr. C. S. Maxwell came before the Board and presented a petition signed by the President and Secretary of Carteret County Medical Society, requesting that a "Whole Time" Health Officer be employed, and that they include in their budget a sufficient amount to provide for the employment of such officer.

Ordered by the Board that the County Commissioners furnish half the expense of a whole time health officer provided that the Board of Education of Carteret County furnish the other half.

No other business appearing the Board took recess to meet again at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

The Board reconvened at 2:15 o'clock P. M. with all members present.

Judge Bragaw representing the Interstate Cooperaage Company came before the Board and asked that the value of the property belonging to the Interstate Cooperaage in Carteret County be reduced.

Moved, seconded and carried that the values remain on the Interstate Cooperaage Company's property as placed upon it at the July, 1922 meeting.

Mr. W. H. Hendricks came before the Board and asked to be relieved of part of his taxes. The matter was deferred to a later date.

Mr. Henry Noe came before the Board and asked for permission to paint the roof of the County Home as per his former contract. The request was granted.

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COUNTY PRISONERS WILL WORK IN CRAVEN COUNTY

The men who plead guilty here at the June term of court to violations of the prohibition laws and some convicted of other offenses will have to serve their terms on the Craven county roads. Governor Morrison in a recent letter addressed to County Auditor Stancill stated that he had no authority to make any change in the court's sentence and that it would have to be executed as directed.

The Board of County Commissioners of Carteret county some weeks ago decided to create a road working force for the county and desired to keep the prisoners here for that purpose. Judge Cranmer's order issued just before leaving was that the men must not under any circumstances be worked in Carteret county. A request was made by the commissioners to Governor Morrison to change this order with the result noted above. The authorities of Craven have been notified to come and get the men and they are expected to send here in a day or two for that purpose.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETS.

The County Board of Education met Monday in Beaufort with all members present.

It was decided that the children of R. C. Morris, W. C. Kirkman and B. W. Willis living near Calico Creek should be transferred to the Morehead City school.

The committee from Core Creek asked for a new school building to replace the one that burned down two years ago. The request was granted. The school building will either be a new structure or repaired one already built and now at Mill Creek.

The budget for the coming year was approved and sent to the board of county commissioners for the tax levy.

Elmo Wade and Harvey Davis were appointed to go over the books of Smyrna township and get the line established between Mars Hillberg school district and the Smyrna consolidated schools district.

It was decided to employ next year a high school teacher for the Smyrna district to be located either at Smyrna or Williston.

It was decided to buy two Ford trucks, one to be used in Hunting Quarter township and the other to be used in Smyrna township to transport children to school. Children who live two miles and less from a school will not have the use of the trucks.

HIT WITH BRICK.

F. R. Bouyer, working on a derrick car on the yards of the Carteret Lumber Company was struck on the head with a brick thrown by a negro laborer who was working under him. Bouyer was knocked unconscious and the negro beating a hasty retreat escaped the other workmen who set out after him. He has not yet been captured. It is reported that a dispute occurred the day before between the two. Bouyer was able to walk around that afternoon.

MRS. MASON PASSES AWAY.

Mrs. Minnie Mason died last Sunday afternoon at one o'clock. She had been suffering from a cancer and her death came after a long period of sickness during which she had been confined to her bed.

She is survived by her husband Mr. Richard Mason and six children, and three brothers David Arthur, William Arthur, and Bryan Arthur, and by a sister, Mrs. Ansel Chapin. She was 38 years of age at her death. The funeral services were conducted at the home by Reverend E. B. Craven of the Methodist church here.

DEATH OF CHILD.

The three weeks old child of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pittman was laid to rest in Ocean View Cemetery yesterday. The death of the child came after a period of sickness. Reverend E. B. Craven conducted the funeral services.

BANKERS MEETING HERE YESTERDAY

The Meeting of Group 3 Bankers' Association Successful In Spite of Rain

A special summer meeting of the bankers of Groupe 3 of the North Carolina Bankers Association met today in the ball room of the Inlet Hotel here. The session lasted from 8 o'clock until after 5. During which time various addresses were given by the various bankers.

Before six the party left for Atlantic View where those who wished to do so took dips in the surf. At eight o'clock the visitors were given a dinner at the beach hotel by the town of Beaufort and local banks.

An address by Allen T. Bowler, Secretary of the N. C. Bankers' Association, on "The State Program" followed the meal after which came the business session. Immediately following the adjournment the boats left Beaufort.

Most of the delegates arrived on the morning train and were met by automobiles at the station.

Rain fell the first part of the afternoon but by six o'clock the winds were blowing the clouds away and the sun once more shone through.

Twenty-five years have passed since the time when as Mr. Bowler said the twenty-five bankers met in Morehead City and formed the North Carolina Bankers' Association on July 24 1897. Twenty-five years have passed and now once more the bankers, this time representing only a part of the State have met a few miles distant from the Association's birth place.

The speakers of the afternoon dealt mostly with the question of the bankers relation to the farmer. "The success of the farms" said W. W. Griffin of the National Bank of New Bern. "Makes either bad or good times in the country at large."

The need of a diversification in farm crops was noted especially. And the way to make the banks in to paying concerns, according to M. G. Mann of the National Bank of Tarboro is to show the farmer how to make money so that he will have some to law up.

The program of the afternoon was as follows: Call to order by Chairman U. E. Swann of the Beaufort Banking and Trust Co. Address of Welcome by J. A. Hornaday Jr. of the Bank of Beaufort. Response to address of Welcome by F. R. Foy of New Bern.

Remarks by Chairman Swann. "Better Farming" an address delivered by W. W. Griffin, cashier of the National Bank of New Bern. "How to Keep North Carolina Money at Home" address of O. W. Lane president of the New Bern Banking and Trust Co. "Some Problems of the Country Banker" address by J. S. Weskett, cashier of the Bank of Pamlico at Bayboro.

"Relations That should Exist between Banker and Farmer" address by Vice-President of First National Bank of Tarboro.

Mr. Hornaday opened the session with the welcoming address saying that Beaufort was honored to have the bankers as visitors. It was a red letter day, he said, in the two hundred years of Beaufort's history. The hearts of the town were open to them all.

Mr. Foy replying to the first speaker said that the more he saw of the country along the coast the more he saw the wonderful possibilities of it. Beaufort, he went on makes a fine summer resort but opportunities for a winter resort here are too great to be overlooked. A hotel should be put up here which can fittingly accommodate visitors who are willing to pay big prices. Every yacht which comes into Beaufort Harbor should bring its share of boarders. For a hundred miles along the coast of North Carolina, from Beaufort to Wilmington he said the climate in winter equaled that of Florida.

Mr. Swann in his remarks noted that conditions are fast improving, bankers are taking an interest in the farmer and promoting intelligent farming, a great building boom is taking place, the period of reckless spending is past. But also taxes are increasing while property is decreasing.

COOPERATIVE IS A GREAT SUCCESS

Orderly Marketing and Cash Advances of T. G. C. A. Pleases Members

FLORENCE, S. C. Aug. 7th—The organized tobacco growers of South Carolina ate their cake and kept it too at forty receiving points of the Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association today when close to two million pounds of the weed were handled by the most orderly system of marketing ever seen in this section and the member growers received their first cash advances.

On the cooperative markets at many places in South Carolina tobacco farmers were heard to say "I got more for my first advance today than my whole crop averaged last year."

With advances on wrappers running from \$22.75 to \$17.50 per hundred, with \$15.05 to \$7.00 advances for cutting leaf, with from \$15.75 to \$7.70 for cutters, from 6.30 to \$1.05 for smoking lugs and from \$5.60 to \$1.05 for primings the growers were highly elated over their first cash receipts as they left the warehouses with their first payments and the participation receipts which assure them future cash payments and immediate loan values.

Many places brought cash advances of \$15.75 at Lake City today where close to three hundred thousand pounds were on the floor, but the most remarkable feature of the day was the complete uniformity of grading on various markets where all the growers received equal consideration.

Never was there a more orderly opening of tobacco markets than took place today. With the precision of clockwork the machinery of the big cooperative association moved into action without a hitch, and orderly marketing was attained at the first day's trial.

In contrast to the shouts of buyers, the tramping of tobacco, the shifting of piles and the hurried inspection of the grower's product, a golden stream moved continuously today from wagons to graders, from graders to weighers and on to the ever accumulating piles of the weed in the storage rooms of the association.

Posted conspicuously in every warehouse were the advance cash payments to be made for each grade, and as the tobacco passed by the weigher's windows it paid tribute to the growers in the form of checks and participation receipts, which were made out according to the weight and grade of his tobacco for each grower member.

Richard R. Patterson, general manager of the leaf department; T. C. Watkins, manager of warehouses for the association; A. R. Breedlove and C. B. Cheatham, assistant managers of the leaf department, and other officials of the Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association visited the cooperative warehouses at Lake City, Timmonsville, Kingstree, Hartington, Olanita and Lamar personally assisting the graders in their work.

Complete satisfaction was expressed by the great majority of growers, who were impressed by the orderly system of marketing and the first cash advances paid today.

S. D. Frissell.

OLD COLORED CITIZEN RETURNS.

Cesar Donnell a colored citizen who left Beaufort some forty years ago returned this week on a visit. He is now seventy two years of age. He has made his home in Hartford, Connecticut for many years and it is said that he has succeeded in accumulating considerable property there.

CAR ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Roland Davis of Beaufort while spending Sunday at Davis was painfully hurt while out riding with Miss Inez Davis who took Mrs. Davis and little son Robert Lane out for a ride. The car was working badly and skidded in a near by ditch and turned over. Mrs. Davis sustained a very bad sprain in her arm but the others escaped without injury.

JULY WEATHER WAS ABOUT AS USUAL

The weather in July seems to have been the same it is usually is in this region. According to Weather Observer Chas. Hatsell there was 20 clear days and 11 cloudy ones. The rainfall for the month was 5.68 inches. The hottest day was the 11th when the thermometer reached 89 degrees. In July southwest winds usually prevail and they did so this year, for 24 days out of the month the wind blew from that direction and their coolness added very greatly to the pleasure of living in this locality. The temperature figures day by day follows:

	Max	Min.
1.	87	78
2.	87	80
3.	86	80
4.	87	80
5.	82	71
6.	79	69
7.	81	68
8.	86	77
9.	85	78
10.	88	74
11.	89	79
12.	86	77
13.	84	73
14.	84	70
15.	83	71
16.	85	75
17.	87	77
18.	87	79
19.	87	78
20.	83	74
21.	81	72
22.	85	72
23.	85	77
24.	85	79
25.	86	78
26.	87	72
27.	87	74
28.	86	77
29.	88	72
30.	86	77
31.	89	71

ODD FELLOWS ENCAMPMENT.

The annual session of the Grand Encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of North Carolina will be held at Wrightsville Beach next Tuesday. Election of officers is to take place and other important business transacted. Several members of the order in and around Beaufort are expected to attend the gathering.

SEVERAL ORDINANCES REPEALED BY BOARD

There were no indications whatever of a storm at the meeting of the board of town commissioners that took place Monday. Every thing that came up was discussed in the quietest manner imaginable and the voting while not unanimous on the auto stopping ordinance was so on other questions.

Instead of making new ordinances the board occupied itself mostly in repealing or changing old ones. Mr. S. K. Scott came before the board and asked that the dog muzzling law be repealed or changed. After a short discussion it was decided to repeal section 8 of ordinance 37 and this permits well behaved dogs to go about their affairs without the humiliation of wearing a muzzle. Victorious dogs must be muzzled or they may be shot.

Mr. D. G. Godwin asked that the ordinance as to keeping chickens confined should be repealed as to certain territory bounded by Broad Cedar and Fulford streets to the town limits. A motion was passed granting Mr. Godwin's request.

At the afternoon session of the board the question of auto stops came up for discussion. Commissioner Ford made a motion which was seconded by Dr. Maxwell that the stop signs be taken down and slow signs put up instead. The motion was carried 3 to 2. Ford, Huntley and Maxwell voting for Duncan and Lewis against.

Mr. W. H. Hendricks came before the board and asked to be relieved of \$20.16 taxes on account of feeble health of himself and wife. The board directed that he be relieved of all above \$15. A number of bills were audited by the board and ordered paid.

Do not destroy this issue of the News. Keep it and let some friend read the first installment of Miss Lulu Bett.

WILLIS DEFENDS WOOL SCHEDULE

Ohio Senator Says Tariff Must Protect Farmers' As Well as Manufactured Products

(Special Correspondence)

WASHINGTON AUG.—Branding

the opposition to the wool schedule as "the most unfair, the most deceptive, the best calculated to misrepresent, of any propaganda that I have ever seen in the country", Senator Willis of Ohio, in the recent tariff debate on wool made a thundering attack on those who are more interested in maintaining their particular profits than they are in the building up of the industries of the country and the general prosperity of the American people.

"I may say here," said the Senator, "that I think one of the things which enters into the propaganda is the influence of certain international bankers in the country, who, because of their investments, are more interested in foreign countries and in foreign bonds than they are in the prosperity of this country. They are willing to stand behind this propaganda of misrepresentation in order to build up somewhere else and make their bond holdings more secure, not caring particularly what happens in this country. Starting out with that sort of idea, they make these misrepresentations. I have here letters from manufacturers in my own State protesting against the protection for the farmers products, and I have in another folder letters from the same men asking for protection on their own products. Well, either we shall have a protective tariff to take care of every legitimate industry in the country, including agriculture and wool-growing, or else there will not be any protective tariff for anybody. If legitimate protection is to be denied to the American farmer, in my judgement the American farmer will see to it that if he has to sell in a free-trade market, others are to sell in a free-trade market."

Senator Willis again paid his respects to the statement which has been spread broadcast that a duty of 33 cents a pound on scoured wool (11 cents on raw wool) would add \$5 or more to the cost of a suit of clothes, and showed how utterly reprehensible that falsehood is. As a matter of fact the 33 cent duty is 12 cents below the House rate. "If" said Senator Willis "these propagandists are to increase the price of a suit of clothes \$5 because we decrease the rate of duty 12 cents a pound, I wonder how much they would increase the price if we took the tariff off altogether?" He then showed that the bill as reported by the Senate Finance Committee is based upon the plan which the tariff Commission has thoroughly examined and most explicitly recommended.

Following Senator Willis' speech, Senator Lodge showed that our production of sheep had decreased from 62,000,000 (in 1902) to about 45,000,000 today, and remarked that there are many countries crowded in point of population which nevertheless raise large numbers of sheep and produce a great deal of wool.

That is true of Great Britain to a very high degree. There is no reason of climate or pasture to prevent the existence of large numbers of these small flocks kept by farmers throughout all the Northern States, at least, of the Union, but for some reason is not done," Senator Lodge probably recalls the saying that the three worst enemies of sheep are "death, dogs, and Democrats," and that if we could have permanent protection of the wool industry, and fewer sheep-killing dogs, our farmers could overcome losses and find profit in raising small flocks of sheep. The necessity for independence of foreign sources of wool supply on the part of the United States is keenly appreciated by those who stand for "America First" and consequently for adequate protection to the wool industry.

Alaska has 1,000 automobiles. 3 years ago there were only 201.