

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

Items for this column should reach the News office each Tuesday. If your community is not represented write us for our names and supplies.

MERRIMON

Mr. L. A. Nelson and family have moved to Goldsboro. Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Salter motored to Harlowe Sunday to see Mrs. Mary E. Ball who is very sick. Mrs. W. E. Ball of Newport News, Va., Mr. Artist Taylor and son Lewis of Oak Grove were visiting in the neighborhood Monday. Mrs. T. P. Smith spent Friday night in Beaufort. Mr. Stanley Griffin of Morehead City spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. John Durham.

RUSSELL CREEK

Rev. R. Hydam of Wilson held services at the Free Will Baptist church Sunday morning and Sunday night. Miss Daisy Springle spent Sunday in the community visiting friends. Miss Minnie Harvey of Wire Grass, spent Sunday afternoon in this community visiting friends. Mrs. C. S. Rogers and children spent Sunday afternoon here visiting relatives. Miss Lucie Dail is on the sick list. We all hope she will soon be well. Mr. Leon Merritt left Saturday for a trip up the State, where he is hoping to be employed. Quite a few of the people of this community are killing hogs this week.

CORE CREEK

Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Whitley and son Charles and Miss Hilda Sabiston motored to Fayetteville Sunday to see their son Hubert who is at Fort Bragg. Mr. and Mrs. Doy Dickinson and children of Bridgeton, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Dickinson. Miss Dry, county demonstration agent, met with our club Thursday afternoon. Had a goodly number out, and all seemed to enjoy the meeting. We had the first snow of the season Friday night. Not very much stuck on the ground on account of it having rained first. Mrs. Kate Gooding was a visitor at Beaufort Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dickinson and daughters attended church at Harlowe Sunday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Dickinson and sister Miss Madie spent awhile Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Sabiston. Mrs. D. W. Bell of Harlowe spent Wednesday with her mother Mrs. G. M. Sabiston. Mrs. E. C. Dickinson and little daughter Lula Bell, were at Beaufort and Morehead City Thursday shopping. Miss Marie Dickinson motored to Beaufort and Morehead City Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Bell. Rev. Mr. Brandenburg was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dickinson Thursday.

SMYRNA

Mr. Guy Willis of Porto Rico, arrived Monday, December 3rd to be here with his brothers and sisters until December 26th when he will leave to return to Porto Rico. Mr. Willis reported a very stormy voyage over. His folks folks and many friends are so glad to have him with them again this Christmas time. The family reunion was at his sisters home, Mrs. Maggie Hancock, Sunday. The brothers Mr. C. S. Willis and wife of Marshallberg, and Mr. Grady Willis and wife and children of Atlantic, sisters Mrs. Bessie Webb and daughter Virginia, of Morehead City, Mrs. Harry Chadwick, a niece and son Bobbie of Washington, D. C., Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Chadwick, a niece and daughter Eloise, all enjoyed the day so much with Guy home with them once more. Mr. and Mrs. Guion Simpson of New Bern spent one day last week here with Mr. Simpson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. R. Simpson. Mrs. Martha Willis who has been sick for some time is better at this time. Mr. and Mrs. Tom Potter of Morehead City visited friends here Sunday. Mr. James Chadwick of Gloucester and Mr. George Whitehurst of Straits were visitors at the home of Mr. Herbert Hancock Sunday afternoon. The first fall of snow for many years visited us Friday night. The Baptist society met with Mrs. H. R. Chadwick Monday afternoon. Mrs. Monroe Gillikin and daughter Hilda of Beaufort spent Friday with Mrs. V. A. Chadwick.

BROAD CREEK

Mr. Halse Smith of Morehead City visited her sisters Mrs. Leo Dixon and Mrs. Manly Morton Sunday. Miss Lula Nixon and Miss Kathleen Adams visited Mrs. Willie Rowe

Tuesday. Mr. Joe Lewis was a visitor here Sunday. Mr. E. Post Tooper is spending this week at the club house. Mr. A. J. Dixon was a visitor at West Beaufort Tuesday. Rev. Wade Bustle will fill his regular appointment at the M. E. church Saturday night and Sunday. Dear Santa please come to see all of the little boys and girls in this community. They are so happy because Christmas is so near, so please bring them lots of toys, fruits, candy and nuts.

TIMELY FARM QUESTIONS ANSWERED AT STATE COLLEGE

Raleigh, Dec. 10— Q. How can the size of eggs be increased? Ans. The size of eggs, while some what influenced by feeding, is an inherited characteristic. The selection of standard eggs for hatching will gradually increase the size, but, if the flock is laying small or sub-standard eggs, the quickest way to increase the size, is to get rid of the present flock and buy chicks that come from hers producing large eggs. Careful records should be kept on all breeding birds and only the eggs from those that produce standard eggs should be used for hatching purposes. Q. What seasoning should be used in making sausage at home? Ans. Only salt, black pepper, and sage are used in home-made sausage. The amount to use depends on how much sausage is to be made. For 50 pounds of meat one pound of table salt, two and one-half ounces of ground black pepper, and two ounces of sage make a good seasoning. These ingredients should be thoroughly mixed with the meat before it is ground. The amount of this seasoning may be increased or decreased so as to conform to the amount of meat used. Q. What causes dairy cows to chew wood or bones and eat dirt? Ans. This shows that the dairy ration is deficient in mineral matter, which should be corrected at once. Examine the ration carefully and add those feeds that are high in minerals. Legume hays, such as soybean, soybean, clover, and alfalfa are rich in calcium and will supply a sufficient amount of this mineral for the average cow. Phosphorus is supplied by wheat bran, cottonseed meal, and soybean meal. These feeds contain about 30 per cent of this mineral. It might be well to add two pounds of a mineral mixture composed of equal parts of finely ground limestone and steamed bone meal to each 100 pounds of the concentrate ration.

Gives Curing Hints For Home Pork Supply

Raleigh, Dec. 10—Meat curing is a race between the growth of bacteria and the penetration of salt into the meat, says Earl H. Hostetler, in charge of livestock research for the North Carolina Experiment Station. By keeping the meat chilled to check the growth of bacteria, farmers may materially aid salt in winning the race, he added. A temperature of 37 degrees should be maintained throughout the curing period. Meat can be cured at higher temperatures, he said, but the losses are greater. A temperature lower than 37 degrees will retard curing. A little sugar and saltpeter added to the curing mixture will add flavor and color to the meat. Eight pounds of salt, two pounds of sugar, and two ounces of saltpeter is a standard recipe for curing 100 pounds of pork, Hostetler continued. The cure may be applied either as a brine or a dry mixture. The brine cure is made by dissolving the salt, sugar, and saltpeter in four and a half gallons of water and submerging the meat in this solution. In the dry method, about one-third of the mixture is rubbed on when the meat is put in cure, another third, three to five days later, and the remainder, about 10 days after the first application.

MUTT AND JEFF—It Looks As Though Jeff Is Kidnapped



By BUD FISHER

In the dry cure, the time required for bacon strips and other thin cuts is about one day per pound; loins about one and a half days per pound; joint meat, hams, or shoulders, two to three days per pound. A mild brine cure for loins, bacon strips, and spare ribs is made by dissolving the mixture, given above, in five and a half gallons of water. Spare ribs should brine cure in five to seven days, and average weight bellies and loins in two or three weeks.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND

Under and by virtue of the authority conferred by Deed of Trust executed by James Rumley and wife, Annie Rumley, dated the 1st day of March, 1929, and recorded in Book 63, Page C-21, in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Carteret County, Jefferson E. Owens, Substituted Trustee, will, at twelve o'clock Noon on MONDAY, JANUARY 14th, 1935 at the Court House Door of Carteret County, in Beaufort, North Carolina, sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, the following land, to-wit: Part Lot No. 49, Old Town, Beaufort, N. C., according to map of said town; beginning at the Southeast corner of lands of David Ireland heirs on West side of Queen Street; thence Southwardly with Queen Street 48 feet; thence Westwardly parallel with Front Street 132 feet to H. D. Norcom's line; thence with Norcom line and parallel with Queen Street Northwardly 48 feet to line of David Ireland heirs; thence with Ireland line and parallel with Front Street Eastwardly 132 feet to the beginning; same conveyed to Jas. Rumley by trustees of Ann Street M. E. Church S. Beaufort, N. C., February 26, 1927, see book 50, Page 502, Register of Deeds Office. This sale is made on account of default in payment of the indebtedness secured by said Deed of Trust. Five percent (5per cent) Cash Deposit will be required of the highest bidder at the sale. This the 8th day of December, 1934 JEFFERSON E. OWENS, Jan. 3 Substituted Trustee.

SHALL THE BANKHEAD ACT BE CONTINUED THROUGH 1935

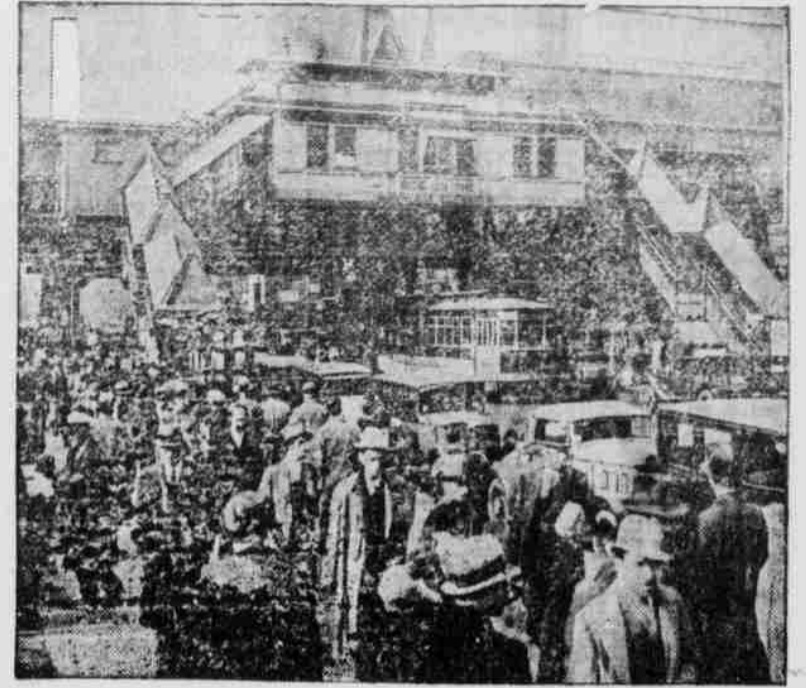
By H. A. Wallace Secretary of Agriculture Washington, D. C.—If the Bankhead Act is to continue in operation in the next crop year the Secretary of Agriculture must first find that two-thirds of the persons who have the legal or equitable right as owner, tenant, or share-cropper, or otherwise to produce cotton on any cotton farm, or part thereof in the United States for such crop year, favors a levy of a tax on ginning cotton in excess of an allotment made to meet the probable market requirements. Cotton farmers are being asked to express their opinion as to whether the Bankhead Cotton Control Act should be made effective for the 1935-36 crop year. In submitting this question, it is the desire of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration that cotton producers shall have possession of all available facts to guide

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them in reaching a decision. The choice is theirs and the Adjustment Administration is in no sense seeking to impose its views upon farmers to influence their decision. Cotton farmers must decide whether, in their opinion, the adjustment of cotton production under the voluntary contracts is sufficient to meet the requirements of the present emergency. Will the effort of a small minority of noncooperators, the tendency toward more intensive cultivation, and the possibility of new lands coming into cotton production combine to increase total production above the point which seems desirable? That, it appears, is the central question involved in a decision on continuing the Bankhead Act for next year. Or, stated in another way; DO cotton producers want the mechanism afforded in the Bankhead Act as a supplementary control to the current efforts under the Agricultural Adjustment Act? Cotton farmers have had one season's experience with the type of control embodied in the Bankhead Act. Numerous difficulties, obviously, have been encountered. It is reasonable to expect that, with more latitude in the act for the coming year, many of these difficulties can be avoided. But it is for the cotton farmer to choose. It is my hope that cotton producers will examine carefully all the facts and reach a decision based upon considered judgment as to whether the Bankhead Act is needed to assure the attainment of the objectives of the cotton adjustment program. In Chatham county, lespedeza growers report a surplus of seed for sale this winter. Indications are that eastern Carolina cotton growers will vote almost unanimously for a continuance of the Bankhead cotton control Act.

New York's Most Dangerous Crossing



HERE is a view of the most dangerous crossing in New York city, the intersection of Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street. A police survey has given it its bad reputation, showing that during 1933 forty-six persons were injured and one killed in traffic accidents there.

WHAT Mrs. A. J. COLLINS OF ASHEVILLE NORTH CAROLINA SAYS ABOUT RATS

Tried preparations that killed rats but BEST-YET the only one that prevents disagreeable odors after killing. Also like BEST-YET because it comes in powder form no mixing with other food, ready to use just the way you get it, you don't have to dirty your hands. The best for household use as it kills rats and mice only, will not hurt your cat, dog or chickens. Comes in two sizes 2 oz. size for the home 25c, 6 oz size for the farm 50c. Sold and guaranteed by C. D. JONES CO, "Everything to Eat" Phones 45 and 46. Beaufort.

Gifts for The Whole Family AT SMITHS DRY GOODS COMPANY

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Men's Classy Models in Soft Kid, novelty contrasted with patented open sides \$1.-\$1.95

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Ties men go for, Silks and Satins in new modern patterns 25c-55c-\$1.00 Half a dozen of these snappy beauties for Christmas will get his cheery "O. K."

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Which does he favor? Neck and Collar attached or collar to match? They are all here. Snappy patterned Shirts of rich Madras or Broadcloth, nifty dots, all overs, stripes, pre-shrunk and colorfast some values at this low price \$1.00 to \$1.50.



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