

# Church Directory

**T PAUL CHURCH**  
October 9.  
Holy Communion and Sermon, 1:00 a. m.; Y. P. S. L., 7:00 p. m.; Confirmation Instruction 7:30 p. m.

October 16.  
Holy Communion, 8:00 a. m.; Confirmation Sermon by Bishop Arst, 11:00 a. m.; Y. P. S. L., 7:00 p. m.

October 23.  
Morning Prayer and Sermon, 1:00 a. m.; Y. P. S. L., 7:30 p. m.

October 30.  
Morning Prayer and Sermon, 1:00 a. m.; Y. P. S. L., 7:00 p. m.

**FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH**  
Rev. Ben Gehring, Pastor  
9:45 A. M.—Bible School  
G. M. Paul, Supt.  
11:00 A. M.—Morning Worship.  
4:30 P. M.—B.T.U. Meetings, U. E. Swann, Director.  
7:30 P. M.—Evening Worsip.  
**ANN STREET METHODIST**  
L. D. Hayman, Pastor  
Church School every Sunday morning at 9:45.  
Morning Services at 11 o'clock

**Young People's Hour:**  
Intermediates at 7:15 P. M.  
Senior Group 7:15 P. M.  
Evening Prelude each Sunday evening begins at 7:15. This is a 15-minute program of Organ Numbers played by Mrs. Virginia Hassell.  
Evening Worship at 7:30  
Wednesday evening services 8:00  
Choir meets for practice session every Thursday evening at 7:30.

**NORTH RIVER CHURCH**  
Church School first and third Sundays at 2 P. M., with preaching at 3 o'clock on these Sundays.  
Church School, only, on second and fourth Sundays at 10 A. M.

**PENTECOSTAL HOLINESS**  
Highland Park, Beaufort  
Rev. T. O. Todd, Minister  
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M., Bible Study, Wednesday, 7:30 P. M.; Prayer Service Sunday 7:30 P. M.; Preaching by Pastor on First Sundays; Saturday 7:30 P. M., Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.  
"Prove All Things," 1 Thess. 5:21

## MOREHEAD CITY WORKING TO ERADICATE RAGWEED

(Reprint From The N. C. Health Bulletin)

Some of the physicians of Morehead City, working with the Rotary Club, the Twin City Times, and the Junior Chamber of Commerce of that place, are endeavoring to destroy every vestige of ragweed in Morehead City and Beaufort territory. If they succeed, it will mean sufferers from hay fever caused by ragweed pollen will find a haven during the months of August and September, when infection from this source everywhere causes a great deal of suffering. They claim that about three-fourths of the area is already free from ragweed. Of course, the half of the area which the Atlantic Ocean and channel covers, surely, is a ready free.

The problem they have is to eliminate all sources of the weed far enough west to afford full protection when the winds in August and September blow strongly from the west. Ragweed pollen on strong winds and in dry seasons is carried a long distance. These people should have every encouragement from the whole State. Probably as many letters have come to the State Board of Health office during the last twenty years from all over the country inquiring of the possibility of a place free from hay fever than any one other subject. Certainly, this has been the source of more out-of-State inquiries than anything else.

There are two or three places in the mountains with sufficient effort could be made reasonably free from the weed, but such has not been done so far. There is a point near Wadesville and another area in the vicinity of Blowing Rock which sufferers have reported to be partially free from the infection, but not totally so. A well known manufacturer of Lurington, acting on our advice, five or six years ago, to try Nags Head during August, reported that he had found complete protection. The prevailing winds for that month, however, happened to be from the ocean side. All the reports from Nags Head down to Southport afford freedom so long as the winds are completely from the ocean. None of these places

however, have so far been free from the infection during the time the prevailing winds were from the land.

In connection with the above described efforts, the Beaufort News in a recent issue has an interesting editorial on the subject and also mentions the desirability of the Morehead-Beaufort area Gulf Stream climate. We are herewith quoting the editorial:

"Morehead City's Rotary Club, with the able support of the Twin City Times and the Junior Chamber of Commerce, are making favorable strides in telling the world that this section, especially the vicinity of Morehead City, is a fine place for hay fever sufferers to get relief. Ragweed is one of the principal causes of hay fever. In the Morehead City area there is practically no ragweed a visitor from out-of-town discovers. An eradication campaign for any ragweed that remains has been started by the Rotary Club. The Morehead City newspaper is doing an excellent campaign, and on Tuesday night the Junior Chamber of Commerce joined the fight to eliminate the weed, and on top of that tell the world that anyone who is a victim of hay fever can gain relief by coming to this section."

"The coast of Carteret has long been known as a splendid health resort, as well as a resort of many convalescents. Many persons who have suffered from ailments elsewhere, find a cure here to regain their health. Many of these persons were not suffering from hay fever, but other ailments. The climate here has a tendency to make sick persons well. And in telling the world about our beautiful life in the Gulf Stream climate."

NOTE: The Editor would like to add one note of warning for our Carteret friends, and that is, their coastal resorts are about as well developed as they may be with safety until they organize a county-wide health department. Luck has been with them so far, but complaints of housefly breeding at one popular resort the past summer have been numerous, etc.

**Conference Held On railroad Lease**  
Raleigh, Oct. 19. — Governor Roy held preliminary conferences with officials of the Southern Railway system this week on plans for possible operation by the Southern of the state controlled Atlantic and North Carolina railroad.

The governor said no definite suggestion as to what the Southern might be able to do was made. However, he now plans to confer with representatives of two different groups who have made proposals to lease it.

Vice President John B. Hyde, of the Southern, along with R. H. DeLoats, Jr., general traffic manager and F. S. Collins, chairman of a committee which made a thorough survey of the A. and N. C. from Goldsboro to Morehead City, talked with the governor.

It was made clear, Hoey said, that operations costs must go up if the Southern takes over, and the A. and N. C. would lose at once \$15,000 a year if now gets in mail revenues, as it would receive less as a part of the Southern than it does as an independent line.

**Smyrna 4-H Club Holds Meeting**  
The Smyrna 4-H club held its first meeting of the year in the Home Economics room of the high school on Wednesday, October 12, at the noon hour.

An explanation of projects to be taken by members this year was given by Miss Clark, home agent. From the group of 18 girls who were present the following officers were elected:

President—Vivian Chadwick  
Vice-pres.—Eleanor Willis.  
Sec.—Treas.—Lois Chadwick,  
Leader—Bernice Conleton.

**Hog Cholera**  
When hog cholera appeared in three sections of Wilson county last week, the farm agent had to vaccinate 225 animals to get the dread disease under control.

**Works The Farm**  
While his father abhors in a furniture factory at Hickory, Eeard Townsend, 14-year old 4-H club member of the St. Stephens section, Catawba County, cultivates the small farm. He has a flock of chickens, some pigs, two good cows and one of the best gardens in his section. He has an acre of corn grown from registered seed in addition to other crops.

## Improved Uniform International SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D.  
Dean of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago  
Western Newspaper Union.

### Lesson for October 23

OUR DAY OF REST

**GOLDEN TEXT**—Exodus 20:8-11; Luke 13:10-17  
**GOLDEN TEXT**—Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy.—Exodus 20:8.

Rest—how full of meaning that little word is when we recall that it means quiet for the struggling one, calm for the troubled, repose for the weary, tranquility for the disturbed, cessation of labor for the worn-out one. God in His infinite wisdom saw that without rest man would soon destroy himself, and He made provision for one day in seven when labor should cease and man should be free for that re-creation of soul and body which should fit him for the labor of the week. Men in their greed have coveted the time God gave for rest and have used it for themselves, and the ragged nerves and broken bodies, to say nothing of the impoverished spirits of our day, testify that it can be done only at our peril.

Our study centers around Scripture passages which have to do with the Jewish Sabbath, but since it was essentially a day of rest, and afforded an opportunity for the worship of God, the principles surrounding it are applicable to our day of rest—the first day of the week, the Lord's Day.

**I. Why We Keep a Day of Rest** (Exod. 20:8-11).

1. God commanded that there should be a day of rest—one out of seven—and that should be sufficient to cause His people to "remember" the day "to keep it holy." It is cause for grave concern that Sunday has become a day of swimming, hiking, auto-driving, golfing, and one might go on with the list almost indefinitely. Many men or women who have had built into their characters the stalwart virtues nurtured by family attendance at the house of God, have not only forgotten their own need and responsibility but are destroying every vestige of interest in divine worship in the hearts of their children. It is serious business to go astray oneself, but infinitely more serious to mislead one's own children.

Notice that the day of rest was to be not only for the family but also for servants and for visitors. The employer who operates his factory or office on Sunday violates this commandment. Note also that the man who is to rest on the seventh day is supposed to work on the six days. Some folk neglect to do both.

2. God's command is strengthened by the divine example (v. 11). We are not able to do all things that God does, but here we are privileged to follow His example.

**II. How We Keep the Day of Rest** (Luke 13:10-17).

The incident recorded by Luke does not give us an exhaustive list of things to be done with our day of rest, but it is interesting to note that our Lord was:

1. In the house of God (v. 10). Jesus was in the synagogue. The distinction of papists Paul never became too great or too good to attend divine worship. We all need to go to church if it is at all possible for us to do so to fellowship with others in the things of Christ. Let us have a revival of church attendance, and not only on Sunday mornings, but also on Sunday night and for midweek prayer meetings.

2. Alert to the needs of others (vv. 11, 12). It is not indicated that the woman asked to be healed. Jesus saw her need and met it. We can not do what He did, but there are needs that we can meet if we are but alert to see them and willing to help.

3. Active in service (v. 13). In spite of the criticism which He knew would come from the lazy and helpless standers-by, Jesus did the work of God. We may glorify God by being ready—yes anxious—to serve in the church. Our daily work is set aside on the Lord's Day not so that we should be indolent, but that we should be free to do the Lord's work.

4. Contending for the faith (vv. 14-17). Jesus met the unjust criticism (which, by the way, was leveled at the poor woman because the critic feared Jesus) by a masterly appeal to the law of the Pharisees (vv. 15, 16). But He did more than that, for He ably defended the rights of humanity as superior to the formalities of man-made law. The law is always supreme until the Lawgiver comes, and no law can hinder Him by its letter, as He fulfills its spirit.

We may not speak as Jesus did, that is to declare what the law is, but we may in His name, and by His grace and power declare the full counsel of God, defend it against its critics and withstand those who while bearing the name of Christian leaders only hinder the work of Christ (compare III John 9, 10). For such service we need His guidance, His wisdom, His power, and His grace.

**God Sees the Heart**  
Neither is there any creature that is not manifest in his sight; but all things are naked and opened unto the eyes of him with whom we have to do.—Hebrews 4:13.

## Notes On Practical Farming

By John A. Morrison

Most of us do not fully appreciate the wonderful natural advantages of this coastal section, and the unusual opportunity which it holds for general and specialized farming. Our proximity to the Gulf Stream, and being surrounded by many hundred square miles of inland salt and fresh water which laps our sun drenched shores contributes much to our advantage. Few places in the whole world are so favored with the combined natural advantages of location, pleasant and healthful climate, a long growing season, abundant rainfall, and a variety of rich soils. In addition to this—the land lays well and is easy to cultivate. There are no rocks to contend with, and most of the land is too flat to wash into gullies, so the expense of terracing is eliminated. We have plenty of pure water, timber, game, and seafoods to supplement our other numerous advantages, and we are within fifteen hours haul of the nation's largest centers of population and the best markets. When we seriously consider these facts we are convinced that nature has smiled upon us, and that this section has more to offer the farmer than any other in the entire nation. IT HAS EVERYTHING.

The writer wishes to stress the fact that regardless of whether you are doing general or specialized farming—IT IS A FULL YEAR'S JOB. There is always something to be done if you push your work and do a good quality of farming, and that usually means the difference between success and failure. ALL cultivated land which is not planted in cover crops or permanent pasture should be flat broken or thoroughly disced before January 1, and before the heavy winter rains come if the land is flat enough that it will not

wash or gully. Keep PLENTY of water furrows open and the ditches and banks clean so they will be ready to carry off the surplus water. There are several very good reasons for early plowing. You will recall that we frequently have a drought about planting time in the spring, and IF BROKEN EARLY—the soil is in condition to take and hold enough moisture to start your crops with a good stand. Soil-building crops, stalks, grass, weeds, etc., must have time to decay. Few places in the whole world are so favored with the combined natural advantages of location, pleasant and healthful climate, a long growing season, abundant rainfall, and a variety of rich soils. In addition to this—the land lays well and is easy to cultivate. There are no rocks to contend with, and most of the land is too flat to wash into gullies, so the expense of terracing is eliminated. We have plenty of pure water, timber, game, and seafoods to supplement our other numerous advantages, and we are within fifteen hours haul of the nation's largest centers of population and the best markets. When we seriously consider these facts we are convinced that nature has smiled upon us, and that this section has more to offer the farmer than any other in the entire nation. IT HAS EVERYTHING.

### Low Lands of Eastern North Carolina Now Winter Home For Migratory Fowl

Washington, Oct. 19.—The low lands of eastern North Carolina will be home to various species of migratory waterfowl during the cold winter months in the north. Mallards, swans, sandpipers, green-winged teal and terns will find havens provided for them by the federal government.

Three wintering places are maintained by Uncle Sam in the coastal counties of North Carolina. Outstanding is the Mattamuskeet refuge in Hyde county, a vast area containing more than 50,000 acres.

It is an important wintering area for geese and swan. Other birds also using the area include mallard, black duck, wood duck, loons, grebes, cormorants, egrets, herons, terns, bitterns, sandpipers, gulls and quail.

Comparatively new is the Pea Island refuge in Dare county, approximately 4,300 acres of its 6,000 acres having been acquired during the 1938 fiscal year.

Pea Island is an important wintering place for brant and redhead ducks, but it also is used by snow geese, pintails, black ducks, mallards, scups, goldeneyes, buffleheads, black crowned herons, lesser yellowlegs, red-breasted mergansers and Canada geese.

The third refuge is Swan Quarter in Hyde county, a haven for swans, redheads, laughing gulls, American bitterns, ospreys and many other species of winged creatures.

### Newport School To Present Play Friday Night

The Newport School faculty will present a play, "Here Comes Charlie," in the Newport School auditorium on Friday night, October 28, 8 o'clock.

The cast is as follows:  
Nora Malone—The cook—Miss Pake.  
Officer Tim McGill—Nora's sweetheart—Mr. Pruitt.  
Mrs. Fanny Farnham—Larry's aunt—Miss Johnston.  
Larry Elliott—A young business man—Tom Garner.  
Ted Hartley—His old-time college pal—Ed Howard.  
Vivian Smythe-Kersey—Larry's fiancée—Miss Parker.  
Uncle Aleck Twigg—In charge of Charlie—Mr. Richards.  
Charlie Hopps—Larry's Ward—Miss Humphrey.  
Mrs. Caroline Smythe-Kersey—Vivian's mother—Miss Guthrie.  
Mortimer Smythe-Kersey—Vivian's brother—Harry Simmons.

### Answers To Timely Farm Questions

Question: Would it pay to seed oats as a nurse crop with the pasture seed mixture?

Answer: While it is true that you would get some earlier grazing, the injury from livestock trampling on the young seedlings and other factors would more than offset the benefits. The pasture would also be harmed by the excess use of plant food and moisture. In the long run it would be best to seed the pasture without a nurse crop. From two to four hundred pounds of a 4-12-4 fertilizer mixture should be used on the pasture to the acre with about two thousand pounds of limestone if

the land has not been limed.


Question: What can I do for my chickens that have the mites?

Answer: There is little that can be done for the extreme cases. All birds in this class should be destroyed and those that are just coming down should be isolated and treated with carbolated vasoline or iodine applied to the sore spots. Rigid sanitation of the house should be carried out and the entire flock watched for new cases. All young stock, if any, should be vaccinated for prevention when from ten to twelve weeks of age.

Question: How can I rid my calves of stomach worms?

Answer: Infected animals should be treated with a solution of coppersulphate and nicotine sulphate. One-quarter pound of each blue crystals of copper sulphate should be dissolved in one pint of boiling water and then cold water added to make three gallons of the solution. One ounce of forty percent nicotine sulphate is then added to each gallon. Calves should receive from 3 to 4 ounces of the solution; yearlings 6 ounces and animals two years old or older should be drenched with 10 to 12 fluid ounces. Animals to be treated should not receive any food or water for twelve to fourteen hours before they are treated and no water for three to four hours after the treatment.

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