

EFIRDS

# AFTER INVENTORY SALE

## Offers a Cloud-Burst of Bargains for Friday and All Week

EFIRDS

### After-Inventory SPECIALS

**Dress Gingham**  
Fine quality Dress Gingham, 33c value, all this season's newest patterns, and solid colors, at **17c**

**Spindale Gingham**  
Spindale finest quality mrecerized Dress Gingham made in this country, selling in many stores as high as 60c per yard. Sale price **35c**

**Apron Gingham**  
Best quality southern made Apron Gingham. After-inventory sale price **10c**

**Fine Gingham**  
32-inch very fine quality Dress Gingham, selling regularly as high as 39c yard, solid colors to match, at **25c**

**Fine Dress Gingham**  
One table of Dress Gingham, width 37 and 32 inches, values up to 20c per yard, at **14c**

**32-inch Dress Gingham**  
32-inch Dress Gingham, in all the season's new plaids, check and stripes; value up to 18c per yard. After-inventory sale **10c**

**Dimity Quilts**  
Full two-yard wide double bed size Dimity Quilts; \$2.25 value. Sale price **\$1.45**

**A Great Good White Goods Table**  
Going through our stock and taking inventory, we have gotten together a good table of White Voile, Organdine, Long Cloth, etc.; values worth up to 35c per yard **14c**

**Towels, 5c**  
Small Face Towels **5c**

**Huck Towels**  
White and Red Border Towels **10c**

**32-inch Romper Cloth** **19c**

**New Colored Voiles, 14c**  
New Voile in a pretty range of patterns. To close out at the yard **14c**

### Follow the Crowd—After Inventory Clothing Sale

HERE ARE PRICES THAT WILL SEND COMPETITION TUMBLING TO THE EARTH

**PALM BEACH SUITS, \$8.75**  
On the opening hour we will knock them loose at the rate of one suit to a customer as long as they last, each **\$8.75**

**MEN'S SUITS, \$7.95**  
Men's and young men's styles in a big assortment of natty patterns. We will limit one suit to a customer, and none to merchants. Choice **\$7.95**

**MEN'S SUITS, \$16.50**  
\$25.00 Tropical Worsteds Suits, Each **\$16.50**

**Monroe Suits** **\$22.50** and **\$25.00**

**MEN'S SOCKS, 5 FOR \$1.00**  
Men! We will sell genuine first quality Knox-Knit or Buster Brown Socks, 5 pairs for **\$1.00**

**MEN'S SHIRTS, \$1.00**  
These are odd and ends, broken sizes, soiled and rumpled found in our stock when taking inventory. Come early for the best selection. You get them at your choice, each **\$1.00**

**Men's 85c Athletic Union Suits, Each 44c**

**Boys' Athletic Union Suits, Each 39c**

**"Arrow" Brand Stiff Collars 15c**

**MEN'S SHIRTS, 75c**  
Here is another lot of Men's Shirts and you couldn't go wrong to buy half a dozen at the price. Choice **75c**

**MEN'S SILK SOCKS, 33c**  
We limit these 3 pairs to a customer, and they will sell while the lot lasts at per pair **33c**

### A Dress Clearance After Inventory That Will Startle the Carolinas

**RACK NO. 1**  
The biggest Dress sensation the Carolinas has ever known. On this Rack, we will sell our finest cotton and linen garments. Listen! Linens, Ratine, French Voile, Normandy. A big selection of styles, ladies' and misses' sizes. Come early for these. Choice **\$5.00**

**VOILE AND GINGHAM DRESSES, \$1.00**  
Here is an After Inventory Bargain that will appeal to every woman in the Carolinas. These Dresses are full cut, well made and well finished. Choice, each **\$1.00**

**FRENCH GINGHAM DRESSES, \$2.65**  
A big assortment of Ladies' and Misses' styles in this lot. These dresses were made to sell for \$5. To clean up After Inventory, Choice **\$2.65**

**BUNGALOW APRONS, 2 FOR \$1.60**  
Never again will you be able to invest \$1.60 so advantageously. A staple, standard made Bungalow Apron. Two for **\$1.60**

**\$10.00 SILK DRESS RACK**  
Here is an assemblage of really fine silk Dresses selected from here and there all over our Ready-to-Wear stock. All good styles, and the season's newest and best colors and materials, etc. No doubt you are about ready now to fill in with one or two Silk Dresses to finish the season with. Choice of this rack **\$10.00**

**FRENCH VOILE WAISTS, \$1.00**  
These are slightly soiled and rumpled, but good run sizes and styles. To close out in After Inventory Sale. Each **\$1.00**

### SHOES

Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars to Be Thrown Out After Inventory

**READ THESE PRICES—COMPARE**

**LADIES' OXFORDS**  
Black and Tan Oxfords, with or without straps. Very special. Sale prices **\$1.85**

**MEN'S SHOES**  
Men's Elk Outing Shoes, very fine quality **\$1.85**

**CHILDREN'S SHOES**  
One table Misses' and Children's Oxfords, real \$1.50 values. Sale price **98c**

**LOW SHOES**  
Ladies' Oxfords and Strap Black and Tan Shoes. Values up to \$4.00. Sale price **\$2.85**

**PULLMAN DRESS SHOES**  
Oxfords in newest Bal and Blucher last \$5.00 value **\$3.35**

**Men's \$6.00 Oxfords, Pullman \$4.50**

**LADIES' LOW SHOES**  
Ladies' Black and Tan Oxfords and Straps, Pullman and Craddock-Terry, values up to \$4.50, sale price

### SPECIAL

**HIGH GRADE LOW SHOES**  
Ladies' high-grade Oxfords, and Straps, values up to \$6.00, all sizes for **\$3.85**

### HOSIERY

By the Thousands of Pairs We Never Worry About Our Competitors—We Let Them Worry

**\$2.00 Silk Hose, \$1.10**  
Ladies' black thread silk full fashion Silk Hose **\$1.10**

**Ladies' back seam, \$1.50 full fashion Silk Hose 90c**

**Ladies' pure thread silk, full fashion Hose in black and all the newest colors for \$1.65**

**Counter No. 1, 40c**  
Ladies' Silk Hose with seam up the back. Per pair **40c**

**Children's Sox, 17c**  
Odds and ends found around in our Hosiery Department. Some rumpled and soiled. Values up to 48c in the lot. To close out. Per pair **17c**

**Sheeting 7c**  
33-inch Sheetting, yard **7c**  
24c fine Pajama Checks, yard **17c**

**Fresh New Voiles, 22c**  
Light colors, summery, fine finish Voiles. To close out—After Inventory at the yard **22c**

**8 yards standard Dress Gingham, for \$1.00**

**10-Yard Bolt Long Cloth 98c**

**Corset**  
Odds and Ends **85c**

## EFIRD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Corner Trade and College Sts. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

### MILLS PLAN WAGE CUTTING

(Continued From Page One.)  
whatever the employers hand them. It is not too late now, although the time is short in which to get all preparations made to enter an emphatic and effective protest against wage-cutting.

Textile workers everywhere should immediately enroll in the union—for it is the only way this side of high heaven that they can prevent another wage-cut.

It is reported that a wage-cut has already been made at Lowell. That is the place where Mr. Ross invested \$1,200 ten years ago, and has received on that small investment 70 additional shares of stock, and cash dividends amounting to \$3,290, and is now suing some of his associates for an accounting of another profit of \$792,000.

It is simply up to the textile workers themselves whether or not they will have to accept more wage reductions.

If some of the mills hereabouts cut wages, it will mean that the workers will have to pay the employers for letting them work for their bosses, as the wages in some of the mills are so low now they could not be cut, and have anything left at all. The problem is yours, textile workers. There is a way to help yourselves. Other workers have done it—and you can, too.

There is but ONE way, however, that way is to ORGANIZE!

### HIGH POINT MEN BATTLING C. C.

(Continued From Page One.)  
last legislature authorized cities so desiring to give one-tenth of one per cent of taxes to this cause. High Point, of course, was the first city to undertake execution of the fool provisions of the fool law. The Unions of High Point entered suit against the city officials, in an effort to stop them from giving this public funds to such purpose. Hon. J. Frank Flowers, Charlotte attorney, was employed to handle the case. A hearing was had, and the case was sent on to the State Supreme court. It is to bear the expenses of fighting this law in the Supreme court that the High Point unionists are asking financial aid. Already, Mr. Kerr reports, much money has been sent in. It is safe to say other locals and individuals will contribute to this most worthy cause, and help in defeating this plan to give tax money to an organization like a Chamber of Commerce.

Following is Mr. Kerr's letter of appeal, and it is rich information.

Read it:  
The last Legislature passed an act authorizing the governing body of the City of High Point to appropriate one-tenth of one per cent of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property, for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Chamber of Commerce.

As I understand it—it is expected that if this is permitted to be done approximately \$22,000 of the tax payers money in the City of High Point will be taken for this private purpose and all of this without any vote of the people. This Local has assumed the responsibility of bringing an action in Court to test the constitutionality of this procedure and there will be considerable expense incurred in the premises and as the matter is of state-wide importance and will effect very vitally each and every tax payer in the State of North Carolina for the reason that other cities are expecting to do the same thing if the Court decides such a procedure can legally be adopted.

You can readily see the danger of permitting such a course to be adopted. For if the tax payers money can be taken for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Chamber of Commerce then of course the Rotary Club, the Kiwanis Club, the Y. M. C. A., and all other private institutions which claim to be engaged in a work which is beneficial to the public can take the public funds for their expense and continue their efforts in opposition to the workers of the country.

I hope, therefore, that your local will pass a resolution approving our course in the matter and condemning this effort on the part of a few people to take the tax money of the people for private purposes and to beat down the standards and conditions which the workers of the State are undertaking to establish; that you will also have your Local either take a collection or make an appropriation out of its treasury for the purpose of assisting us in paying these expenses. This effort is being made as much for the benefit of your community as for the people of our own and is one of State wide importance and in addition to making a contribution and passing a resolution of support I wish you would pass a resolution to be sent to the meeting of the State Council so that the Council may go on record in the meeting.

When you understand that the Chamber of Commerce all over the country, with a very few exceptions and only one exception in this State so far as we know, are engaged in efforts in opposition to the rights and claims of the workers you can see the danger that this condition threatens the workers of the State. Hoping therefore that you will

### TOOK 20 YEARS TO SEE LIGHT

(Continued From Page One.)  
national scale."

Here is a confession that 20 years' campaign of "education" within the unions has failed, and that recriminations, libels and accusations have had absolutely no effect on trade unionists.

It is hardly possible to present a clearer statement on the collapse of the efforts of the Socialist party, which now, after years of turmoil inside the unions, says: "Can't or can't we admit" that "comparatively few of the great unions are interested in a national labor party.

The Socialist party now indicates that it is at last awake to public opinion and changed public policy. Their own party—or what is left of it—is now adopting the A. F. of L. policy in certain localities. The new position of the Socialist party almost makes a unanimous thought in this country that the day of political parties, rigidly bound by dogma and iron discipline, has disappeared.

For years the trade union movement urged an independent ballot when other forces, blinded by partisanship, would lure voters to their various political camps.

Today no intelligent voter professes unyielding allegiance to a political party. The A. F. of L. policy, scorned up to within a few years ago, is now recognized as a national characteristic that will become more marked with time.

And even the propaganda methods of the A. F. of L. are being adopted. Railroad and other corporations that charged organized labor with "attempting to coerce lawmakers" are now urging their stockholders to write these lawmakers to favor certain legislation.

On every side is a loosening of party discipline—the first essential for party success. And in this breaking down of the party spirit, and the resultant weakening of political parties, is seen the establishment of an independence and an intelligence that mean a higher standard of citizenship.

The tendency of the times vindicates the non-partisan political policy of the A. F. of L. The Socialist party has finally accepted what has long been apparent to observing citizens.

**METAL WORKERS GAIN.**  
Portland, Me., July 18.—Sheet metal workers have secured a union-shop agreement that continues for one year.

### FEDERATION HAS DONE LOTS

(Continued From Page One.)  
want the skilled worker organized, or to have a voice in his working conditions.

In no other state of the importance of North Carolina industrially, is there to be found as little organization among the building craftsmen as in this state. The same applies to the printers, the pressmen, the bookkeepers and stenographers, and all other craftsmen. It is the inevitable result of any community where the dominant industry is unorganized. Give to the employers absolute control of the dominant industry, and the whole labor force is placed in the hands of the same employers. Organize the dominant industry, and there is no trouble whatever in the organization of all other groups of workers. This is an economic fact that no one can dispute.

No builder would start the erection of a building at the top, and work down. He lays his foundation and then builds up. No labor movement can be built from the top down. The foundation is the dominant industry, and when that dominant industry is organized, then the work of building upward is easy and certain.

So long as the government of the United States makes the rank discrimination in pay to the workers of the North and South as it does, that long will all labor in the South suffer discrimination at the hands of private employers.

The navy announces pay for common labor in the Boston navy yards at 50 cents an hour. The same navy announces the pay of common labor in Charleston, S. C., navy yard, doing the same work, at 31 cents an hour. Common labor in Boston, is organized.

Common labor in the South is unorganized, and there has been but little attention given them by local unions, state federations of labor, or any one else. So the government evidently believes it has a perfect right to work common labor 19 cents an hour cheaper than the same government pays the same kind of labor in Boston.

Then no one has raised a voice in protest. This action on the part of the government enables the private employers of the south to pay the same kind of small wages.

It encourages the textile manufacturers to continue their policy of low wages and long hours.

And the tobacco manufacturers, and furniture manufacturers as well. So when this is all summed up, one finds the reason for the lower wages of the building mechanics, the print-

### ers, and so on.

Then, too, the squabbling within the ranks of organized labor is solely responsible for the fact that no workmen's compensation bill is on the books of North Carolina.

Boys all over the state are working seven days a week at soda fountains. Men and women in the biggest industry are being fired, right here in North Carolina, for no other purpose than that of joining a labor union.

Troops are sent to places where strikes are in progress, even upon the announcement by the manufacturer that he wants to re-open his mills.

Teachers and preachers are fired when they teach or preach in any manner not entirely satisfactory to employers of a community. Yes, the State Federation of Labor has done some wonderful work, but the task is only begun. There is an opportunity for the North Carolina State Federation of Labor to render a service to this state that will be of tremendous value to the entire commonwealth, and overflow the boundary lines of the state, and have good effects throughout the entire southland.

Each and every delegate to past conventions of the State Federation of Labor, and all members of organized labor in the state, should feel great pride in the past accomplishments of this body.

All should realize the work has only begun—that the big, big things, the big opportunities, lie in the future.

All the future work, however, depends upon the foundation laid by the Federation. That solid foundation is the organization of the dominant industries first—the others will follow, naturally.

### BIBLES TEN CENTS A COPY.

The new publishing plant established at Kingsport, Tenn., by the interests that control J. J. Little & Ives, of New York, will turn out a popular-priced grade of books on a scale not heretofore attempted in this country, according to reports emanating from the management. From the tree to the finished book at the rate of 250,000 copies a day is the program at present mapped out. The New Testament and books by a dozen or more of the best known and popular authors are to be placed on the counters of chain stores throughout the country at prices heretofore unheard of. A paper mill adjoining the printing plant and cloth also made in the South, with machinery which is the last word in efficiency and rapid work, the management claims, will enable the concern to produce books in enormous quantities at a price never before believed possible. If the scheme is a success it will prove to be a revolu-

### INSURANCE MEN VISIT CHARLOTTE

Robert E. Lee, president, and O. L. Clark, vice president, of the Lafayette Life Insurance company of Lumberton, N. C., were in the city over the week-end, on business. This home insurance company has had a wonderful growth, and some time ago the industrial feature was adopted by the Lafayette company, making this the only home company with the industrial insurance feature. The officers reported to The Herald, where they were visitors, that the working people of the state are responding well to the industrial feature.

**WOMEN LAWMAKERS LEAD.**  
San Francisco, July 18.—According to a tabulation by officers of the state federation of labor, two women members of the last state legislature were the best labor members of the session. The women are Grace S. Dorris, of Bakersfield, and Esto B. Broughton, of Modesto.

Los Angeles supplied the bitterest opponent of human legislation. He is Senator Harry A. Chamberlain, spokesman for the anti-union organization known as the Better American federation. On 24 roll calls on selected labor measures Chamberlain failed to see any good in any one, and in every instance voted "No."

### HUGE STEEL PROFITS.

New York, July 19.—In advertising the sale of \$40,000,000 gold bonds, bearing 6 per cent, the Youngstown sheet and tube company states that profits for the last 10 years amounted to \$10,132,000.

The president of this company, James A. Campbell, signed the recent Gary report which declared that if the 12-hour day in the steel industry is abandoned prices would have to

## The Bitterness Of Poor Quality

Remains long after the sweetness of low price is forgotten.

Everything we sell in our store—the Quality remains long after the price is forgotten.

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