

LATE NEWS.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Revenue to-day \$468,000. It is stated that Gen. Beckenridge, has engaged rooms here for the winter. It is officially denied that either American or Spanish fleets are concentrating at New York. The Mantoloking, was merely sent there on a trial trip. In consequence of an interview of the committee of the bolters of the Virginia Republican Convention, with the President, it is said that the objection to the early admission of the State is removed. WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The Committee on Ways and Means are in session, preparing a tariff report which by resolution, the House requires on the 2nd Monday of the Session. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Eastern Terminal at Richmond, Western at Big Sandy, is completed to the White Sulphur Springs; 225 miles to be built. The two hundred miles of the present road cost \$125,000,000. Gold has advanced a cent to \$125,000,000. Estimated cost of completion \$10,000,000; amount to be furnished by contractors \$16,000,000. The vote of the Stockholders was 56,000 for, and 5,000 against the contract.

TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 27.—Three field hands attacked a planter named Johnston, in Johnston county Arkansas, to-day, with knives. Johnston killed two and mortally wounded the third, resisting himself more than twenty wounds, but will recover.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—Within three days 15,000 people signed a petition to Congress to acknowledge the belligerent rights of Cuba and recognize her independence.

FOREIGN.

MEXICO, Nov. 27.—The government announces its intention to restore the constitutional guarantees. Philippine island advisers report a formidable conspiracy has been discovered. Many arrests have been made. The chief of the conspirators committed suicide when he found the conspiracy was frustrated. PARIS, Nov. 27.—Leseep, Chief Engineer of the Suez Canal, publicly denies the unfavorable reports regarding the success of the great enterprise. Fifty vessels have arrived through the canal and returned.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—The defalcations of Paymaster, W. G. Marcy, are estimated at \$140,000. Joe Colburn challenges Tom Allen for a \$10,000 fight.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Revenue to-day nearly \$1,000,000. Gen. Fremont is here attending his son's wedding, who marries the daughter of ex-Senator Johnston of Arkansas. McFarland who shot Richardson, has been dismissed from his Assessor'ship. No new contract is pending for carrying the mail between the United States and France, in place of the present contract which expires at the end of the present year. France having refused to accede to the terms proposed.

The National Intelligence, has passed into the hands of Alex. Delmarter, formerly Director of Statistics. Counterfeit Coupons, of first series of \$100, issued by the Treasury, are being detected here to-day; they are very dangerous.

In the Supreme Court, J. W. Lane, who was authorized by the Treasury to purchase Cotton on Chowan River, N. C. and had his Cotton and vessel seized by the Federal Navy, but finally restored to him, but while held from him, Cotton declined, and the Court of Claims awarded him \$31,000, the defendant appealed to the Supreme Court, which reversed the award holding that it was not the intention of the act of Congress to authorize such a traffic as that engaged in between the enemies, and that it cannot be upheld.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 29.—A bill was introduced in the House to-day to pay interest and principal of the State bond, in coin; also a resolution by Elliott, (colored) favoring the recognition of Cuba and pledging the aid of the State to the General Government in case of a war with Spain, which was made the special order for Wednesday.

TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 30.—The whites and blacks are fighting in West Mississippi; thirteen negroes are reported killed in Sun Flower county. Trouble is imminent at Grenada, Water Valley and Wesson.

COOPERATIVE COOKERY.—Prof. Blot, having despaired of the attempt of making the American people a nation of epicures by teaching the ladies how to cook, now proposes to reach the same end by a system of great cooperative kitchens, from which, if we may trust his promises, he is to send out breakfasts, dinners, and suppers, cooked in the perfection of the gastronomic art, and yet costing less than the ill-prepared meals which we are accustomed to bolt. At a meeting held in Brooklyn the Professor developed his plans. He intends to have an extensive central kitchen, where food of every description will be prepared and sent to families in any part of the city. Families will be supplied with bills of fare from which to order what they please for every meal. The food would be carried in tin pails, enclosed in wooden boxes lined with felt, so arranged that the food would remain hot for hours. Food at the central kitchen would be prepared more economically and more scientifically than by ordinary family cooks.

Baltimore American.

A curious phenomenon is frequently taking place at Machiasport, Me. in the harbor opposite the wharves. It is an upheaval, by some power altogether unknown, of vast quantities of water, mud, and stones, to the distance of many feet, and with a furious, rushing noise. This phenomenon has occurred quite a number of times during the summer, and once as late as a month ago.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

VOLUME 3. CHARLOTTE, N. C. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1869. NO. 82.

WEEKLY NEWS. CHARLOTTE: Tuesday, December 7, 1869. R. H. ALDRICH & CO., PROPRIETORS. R. P. WARING, Editor. Office on Trade-Street, Springs' Building. RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION: One Year \$2.50, Six Months \$1.50, Three Months \$1.00. ADVERTISEMENTS: One Square (12 lines or less), for each insertion 10c. For more than two months, by special contract, at less rates.

Here, the Alleged Accomplice of Burke—the murderer, Begging in London.

The London Echo of November 8 publishes the following extraordinary revelations: A venerable old man is now perambulating Regent street and its vicinity soliciting those ready alms which an enlightened English public is ever disposed to drop into the extended palm of age and indigence. The features of this interesting mendicant have probably been somewhat altered during the forty years which has elapsed since he adorned a public station in the dock at Edinburgh, or he must have been more generally recognized by the thousands who have beheld his effigy at Mine, Tus-saud's. In that famous Chamber, of Horrors, which has been so wickedly called England's Walhalla, and which certainly holds out the most formidable threat of earthly immortality with which we are acquainted, there stand in an obscure corner two mean little Jewish figures, represented as if in eager consultation. The visitor, on turning to his catalogue, finds that they are respectively the hkenesses of the notorious Burke and Here—the former of whom was hanged at Edinburgh on the 28th of January, 1829. If the visitor be not cold enough to remember the public excitement of that distant period, may he not even remember the names of Burke and Here? His penalty, it seems, must have been more like that of the Wandering Jew; for, as we have said, there he is to this day, begging in Regent street.

Another Revolt of a Coolie Ship.—A Havana letter to the New York World gives an account of the arrival at that place, recently, of the French bark Tamaris, with sixty-eight coolies on board, out of 300 originally shipped at Macao, on the 5th of February last. When the vessel was within 270 miles of Java, the coolies revolted and killed the captain, (Rennie,) whereupon the crew took to the boats and succeeded in reaching Java. A Dutch war vessel was sent out, and after a thirty days' cruise overtook and recaptured the Tamaris. The coolies, finding they were really to be taken to Cuba, became desperate, and jumped overboard at every opportunity, and some even starved themselves to death. Of the original number, fifty-five perished in the mutiny and in resisting the Dutch war vessel, and 177 committed suicide, leaving only sixty-eight on board when the vessel arrived at Havana.

Being a Violent Committee.—Two men in Kentucky who were hanged by a vigilance committee, but upon whom the work was not done very effectually, have come to life and are using a dozen members of the committee for sixty thousand dollars damages. This is a very unusual case. Vigilance committee is now a common name for a sort of organization that commits murder and does other violence in the name of law and order; but of course the murder and violence must be the same before the law, whatever names they are done in, so that if the half-hanged litigants get a verdict in their favor there will be clear case for the criminal against the vigilants.

The Nation accounts for Horace Greeley's defeat upon the supposition that the New York farmers had not yet forgiven him for signing Jefferson Davis' bail bond. Is it possible that the New York farmers are not yet aware of the war being over, or have they been left by it in such a blood-thirsty condition that they cannot forgive any act bearing the slightest resemblance to generosity? In either event, it would appear that the school-master and political leader is more needed at home than he is down South.

The Legislature of North Carolina. SENATE.

MONDAY, Nov. 29th, 1869. The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock. The President presented a communication from one Phillip A. Krise, of Lynchburg, Va., relating to the financial condition of this State. Mr. Lassiter said this was a question in which the people of this State are greatly interested, and when strangers, citizens of other States interested themselves in our behalf, he hoped that it would receive a proper consideration from this body; and in order to accomplish this end, he moved that a special Committee of three Senators be appointed to take the whole matter into consideration.

The motion prevailed, and the President designated Messrs. Lassiter, Murphy and Richardson, as the Committee.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Ross: A bill requiring the Superintendent of Public Works to suspend the work on the Marion and Asheville turnpike road and all of its branches. Referred to the Committee on Proprietary and Grievances.

A message was received from the House transmitting the following bills, &c., to wit: Bill to incorporate the Valley Railroad Company. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Bill to amend an act to incorporate the town of Hickory Tavern. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Resolution requesting the Representatives of this State in Congress to use their influence to have the direct tax on real estate in this State abolished. Adopted.

CALENDAR.

A joint resolution proposing to adjourn on Monday the 21st of December to meet again on the 3rd of January, 1870, came up.

Mr. Lindsay moved to amend as follows: "provided that no member of either House shall receive per diem or mileage during the recess. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, moved to amend by striking out the 3rd of January and insert the 1st. Mr. Beaman moved to strike out the 3rd and insert the 11th. Mr. White moved to lay the whole bill to rest.

Mr. Shoffner called the previous question. The amendments were voted down and the resolution was adopted. Yeas 23, Nays 19.

Resolution protesting against any further increase of the State debt. On motion of Mr. Respass it was referred to the special Committee on that subject.

Resolution relating to the removal of the political disabilities of the citizens of this State came up. Mr. Ehrbridge offered a substitute which was adopted and passed by a vote of 35 yeas to 2 nays, Messrs. Davis and Hyman, colored, voted in the negative.

Resolution instructing the Representatives of this State in Congress to use their influence to have the special tax on brandy and tobacco reduced, came up and was adopted. Bill to provide for the funding of the public debt. Passed its second reading.

Bill relating to the duties of the Judges of the Superior Courts, was taken up and a substitute from the Judiciary Committee was adopted and passed its second reading.

Bill to amend the Code of Civil procedure in relation to the fees of Superior Court Clerks. On motion of Mr. Love, it was indefinitely postponed.

Bill to require the old banks of the State to receive their own bills in payment of judgment obtained, passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Bill to require township Clerks and Treasurers to give bond. Was amended, and passed its second reading.

Bill to extend the power of Coroner to the Commissioners of Wrecks in certain cases, passed its second reading.

Pending its consideration the Senate adjourned.

TUESDAY, Nov. 30th. The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock. Henry Eppes, colored, was allowed the privilege of recording his vote on the resolution relating to the removal of political disabilities; he voted in the negative.

Mr. Lassiter, from the special Committee, to whom was referred several Communications and resolutions relating to the credit of the State, reported a substitute for the whole.

Mr. Ehrbridge moved a suspension of the rules in order to put the resolution on its passage. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Graham said he could not vote for the resolutions, because a part of them was not true, and, moreover, they were simply paper declarations that would amount to nothing—making mere empty promises when there is no arrangement being made to meet those promises. If Republican Senators really meant anything by the resolutions, they would put the Constitution into effect and make adequate arrangements to

meet this interest by taxation. He did not believe that this General Assembly intended to pursue any such policy during this session. Mess. Ehrbridge and Sweet urged the adoption of the resolutions.

Mr. Lindsay, (Republican,) said he regretted that the consideration of these resolutions and been forced upon the Senate to-day. He was constrained to believe that the Senate had no idea of carrying out in good faith the declarations of these resolutions; they are not willing to vote for the tax to meet the requirement of the resolutions; he looked upon the whole thing as a mere farce. Some of the Senators who have spoken before me in favor of these resolutions, who have hoisted at the idea of repudiation, talked about the dishonor who sing that song, have by their own conduct, already indicated upon North Carolina the disgrace of repudiation. It would have been well for them to have thought about it then. They repudiated bonds at their last session amounting to \$100,000? Why? on the charge of fraud? He would not say it was so, but if a thorough investigation into the numerous charges in relation to certain railroads Presidents, had been admitted here as proposed by the Senator from Orange, more fraud and a great deal of it might have been detected. You can repudiate North Carolina debts, but you hold up your hands in holy horror, when anything is said about repudiating debts due the Wall Street brokers. These resolutions are an assertion that we pledge ourselves to pursue a course of economy. How can you vote for that clause when a proposition to reduce the per diem and in lounge of the members of the General Assembly was voted down? That looks like beginning to economize; you make your paper about economy and pass your paper resolutions, but the people will require something more substantial.

He noticed in a certain report (meaning the Treasurer's) that the entire receipt of the enormous tax laid on the people this year, is just sufficient to meet the expenses of the State Government? Even this tax is more than the people can bear now, double it, and what will be the consequence? This kind of legislation drawing the people into repudiation, whether they desire it or not. You put this tax on the people. You have taxed them repudiation, and then Wall street will win.

The resolution was nothing more nor less than a farce, and it was this kind of legislation the General Assembly had been engaged in ever since its return and the effect has been that the bonds have gone down, down. He would vote against the resolutions, or any tax bill to increase the present burthen of his people.

Mr. Lassiter urged the adoption of the resolutions.

Mr. Jones, of Mecklenburg, opposed the resolutions in a speech of some length, able and replete with argument. We shall publish his remarks in full at another time.

Mr. Winstead, (Republican,) said North Carolina was his home and he felt a deep interest in her welfare, but it would do no good to disguise the fact that our State credit is now tottering. Why it was so, was a subject that he did not intend to investigate at the present time; the only question should be what course must be pursued to sustain and build up the credit of the State and make her strong as she once was. He was not so sanguine as the Senator who introduced the resolution, that this was the proper method to pursue to accomplish that end; but it could do no harm and he should vote for it. If the credit of the State can be built up in this harmless, cheap way, he thought that no Senator should hesitate to vote for the proposition.

Mr. Moore of Carteret called the previous question, the motion prevailed, and the substitute was finally adopted and passed. Yeas 29, Nays 8.

The President presented a communication from J. B. Eaves, Senator from 38th District, tendering his resignation. Mr. Foraker moved that the resignation be accepted.

Mr. Graham, raised the point of order in reference to the motion, that a Senator had the right to resign his seat, and there was no further action necessary.

The President ruled that the motion to accept the resignation was in order. The motion was put and prevailed.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1869.

Mr. POU in the Chair. COMMITTEES OF THE WHOLE.

Mr. Durham moved that the clerk address a note to the Public Treasurer, D. A. Jenkins, requesting him to appear before this committee at half past one o'clock.

After the lapse of a few moments Mr. Treasurer Jenkins appeared before the bar of the House. The resolution going into the committee of the whole was read. The Chairman then stated the information wished, was the amount of bonds issued under appropriations of this Legislature, since July 1st 1868 and to whom issued.

Mr. Durham said if the Treasurer wished time to refer to his books, he moved he be allowed it.

Mr. Treasurer said that all the details would be found in his report and the Chief Clerk would prepare a list of the appropriations, and he could not give the Committee more information if he should stay here until to-morrow night.

Mr. Durham moved that the Chairman propose such questions he saw fit and the clerk take down his answers. Carried.

The Chairman said as was customary he would administer the usual oath.

Question by Chairman. What amount of bonds have been issued to various Railroads by act of this Legislature since July 1st, 1868? Answer: \$12,500,000.

On motion, the Treasurer was allowed to read from a tabular statement, drawn up by the Chief Clerk of the Treasury. To the Tarboro' and Williamston, R. R. \$300,000, delivered to President Stubbs; Western Division of the Western N. C. R. R., amount authorized, \$6,656,909, amount issued \$6,367,000, amount in Treasury \$299,000, delivered to G. W. Swenson or order; Eastern Division, amount authorized \$333,400, issued \$273,000, in Treasury \$60,000, delivered either to Dr. Mott or Mr. Tate, the report would show; W. C. & R. R. R. authorized \$1,000,000 issued \$1,500,000, \$2,500,000 yet to be delivered, \$1,000,000 to Col. Cowan, \$500,000 to Dr. Sloan; North Western N. C. R. R., amount required by certificate \$1,440,000 as so much per section, \$1,080,000 delivered, \$360,000 in the Treasury. Western R. R. amount authorized \$1,500,000, amount issued \$1,320,000, in Treasury \$180,000, delivered to A. J. Jones.

The Treasurer said that they could consider all the bonds as issued as the law required him to keep a certain amount to secure the payment of the interest.

A. T. & O. R. R. amount authorized \$2,000,000, (exchange of bonds) amount delivered \$1,760,000, in Treasury \$240,000 delivered to Col. Johnston, or under his order to Mr. McAden.

These amounts constituted the valid appropriations in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court. Question by Mr. Durham, Has any interest been paid on any of these bonds, if so, to whom and to what amount?

Treasurer, I can hardly answer the question, I can only say that the country Commissioners shall fix the compensation not to exceed 2 1/2 per cent on moneys received and paid out.

Mr. Moore raised the same objection. Mr. Moore moved to refer the whole matter to the Committee on Salaries and Fees. Carried.

Mr. Downer moved to refer the bill to change the fees of witnesses, was taken up and referred to the Committee on Salaries and Fees. A message was received from the Senate transmitting a substitute passed by that body, for the House resolution in reference to petitioning Congress to remove political disabilities imposed by the 14th Article, and the repeal of the test oath act; also, notifying the House of the passage of the House resolutions in regard to the death of Gov. Worth, the removal of the tax on brandy and tobacco, and the resolution requesting the Secretary of State to report the amount expended for stationery under existing laws since the adoption of the new Constitution.

Mr. Justice moved to concur in the Senate's substitute for the "punition resolution" of the House. After some debate the question of concurrence was put to a vote and adopted by a vote of yeas 43, nays 36. On motion the House then adjourned.

NOTE. In the proceedings of Saturday, Mr. Grier, of Mecklenburg, was erroneously reported as having voted against Mr. Jarvis' substitute for the resolution referring the question of the tenure of office of members of the General Assembly to the Supreme Court.

Agricultural Meeting.

In pursuance to adjournment, a portion of the citizens of the county met in the Court House on Tuesday, the 20th inst.

Chairman, T. L. Vail, Esq., called the meeting to order.

On motion, the Committee appointed at a previous meeting was called on to report, whereupon the Chairman of the committee, J. L. Morehead, Esq., submitted the following:

The following members of the Committee appointed at public meeting, held on the 23rd inst., in the Court House in the city of Charlotte, viz: J. L. Morehead, W. J. Yates, E. C. Grier, R. P. Waring and M. L. Wriston, met in the office of R. P. Waring in accordance with previous announcement.

Mr. Morehead, the chairman, called the meeting to order, and on motion, M. L. Wriston was appointed Secretary. The subject of the formation of an Agricultural Society being one of great interest to the public generally, it was freely discussed by the Committee, and the

following recommendations made, viz: The name of the Society shall be "Mecklenburg, Yadkin, and Catawba Agricultural and Mechanical Society."

The meetings of the Society and all Fairs and Exhibitions to be held in or near Charlotte.

Its officers to consist of President and one Vice-President from each of the following counties in North and South Carolina, viz: Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Rowan, Iredell, Catawba, Burke, Caldwell, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleveland, Union, Stanly and Anson, in North Carolina; York, Lancaster, Chester, Union and Spartanburg, in South Carolina. Recording Secretary, Corresponding Secretary, Treasurer and Executive Committee.

Your Committee recommend for President, M. L. Wriston; Vice-Presidents, E. C. Grier, of Mecklenburg; Dr. Columbus Mills, of Cabarrus; Thos. E. Brown, of Rowan, E. B. Drake, of Iredell, W. P. Rhinehart, of Catawba, J. J. Erwin, of Burke, W. H. Malone, of Caldwell, Maj. W. A. Graham, of Lincoln, W. T. Shipp, of Gaston, Wm. Love, of Cleveland, C. Austin, of Union, S. W. Cole, of Anson, Lafayette Green, of Stanly.

In South Carolina, A. B. Springs, of York, Wm. Stephens, of Lancaster, James Pagon, of Chester, Dr. B. F. Kigore, of Spartanburg, and Hill, of Union.

Executive Committee, W. R. Myers, A. A. N. M. Taylor, J. L. Brown, J. T. Butler, W. F. Little, J. M. Potts, J. M. Davis, D. A. Caldwell, J. W. Morrow, of Mecklenburg, J. Locke Phifer, of Cabarrus, M. L. Holmes, of Rowan, Robert L. McDowell, of Iredell, M. L. McCordle, of Catawba, Dr. John McDowell, of Burke, Col. Edward Jones, of Caldwell, W. H. Michael, of Lincoln, J. Springs Davidson, of Gaston, Dr. W. J. T. Miller, of Cleveland, II. M. Houston, of Union, W. O. Bennett, of Anson, R. J. Carter, of Stanly.

In South Carolina, Col. J. M. White, of York, J. S. Cretton, of Lancaster, Maj. Melton, of Chester, W. K. Blaka, of Spartanburg. Recording Secretary, R. H. Aldrich, Corresponding Secretary, J. Watson Reid, Treasurer, Thos. Grier. Your Committee would also recommend that a committee be appointed by the Society, and also recommend that the President appoint all sub-committees.

Your Committee would also recommend that the President of the Society be ex-officio chairman of the Executive committee.

Chairman and 3 members of Executive committee to constitute a quorum.

J. L. MOREHEAD, Chairman. M. L. WRISTON, Sec'y.

On motion of the Hon. John Walker, the report was received and unanimously adopted.

On motion, the Secretary was requested to notify all officers of their election, and request their acceptance of the same.

On motion of Jno. L. Morehead, Esq., the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to report a Constitution and By-Laws for the government of the Society, and to report at a subsequent meeting, Committee, J. L. Morehead, Col. Jno. E. Brown, A. A. N. M. Taylor, R. P. Waring and M. L. Wriston. At the request of the temporary Chairman, the President, elect, came forward and took his seat, and after a few appropriate remarks called the Society to order.

On motion of Col. Jno. E. Brown, it was Resolved, That the President was appointed a committee of three persons in each township in the County to solicit members and funds for the Society, the names of the Committees to be announced through the newspapers of the city at the earliest day practicable.

On motion of W. J. Yates, the following preamble and resolution was unanimously adopted. Whereas, it is a well established fact that whatever benefits the trade and business of a city or town, also benefits the Agricultural interests of the surrounding country, therefore, Resolved, That Rufus Barringer, R. M. Oates, R. Y. McAden, Thos. W. Dewey, J. Y. Bryce, Allen Macaulay, W. J. Black, L. S. Williams, John L. Brown, B. Koopmann and W. R. Myers, be appointed a special Committee to propose inducements and adopt such measures as they may deem necessary to increase the trade of the city of Charlotte.

Whereupon, on motion, W. J. Yates was added to the committee.

On motion it was resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to issue an address to the citizens, urging upon them the great necessity of their engaging in the formation of this Society, and the fostering of all enterprises tending toward the development of the country both in the science of Agriculture and the Mechanic arts. Committee, Gen. Rufus Barringer, James F. Johnston and T. L. Vail.

On motion the meeting adjourned, subject to the call of the President. M. L. WRISTON, Pres't. JOE GRAHAM, Sec'y.

Mr. Vest, was opposed to the passage of the bill.

Messrs. Vestal, Stevens and Carey advocated the bill.

Mr. Hodnett said that neither Cotton nor Wheat were taxed in the hands of purchasers but tobacco was, and it was a most unjust discrimination.

Mr. Barnett also advocated the bill.

The bill passed its second reading. J. Leary, col. moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Finance.

W. Cawthorne, col. opposed any reference.

Messrs. Moore, of Chowan, and Stillely, favored the motion.

After some debate the motion to refer was put to a vote adopted.

Mr. Gartin submitted a report from the special Committee appointed last session to examine into the affairs of the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal. The report was ordered to be printed.

On motion of B. W. Morris, colored, the bill to amend chapter 134, section 19 of the school laws, was taken up and referred to the Committee on Education.

CALENDAR. The bill to extend the time for the Sheriff's setting with the Treasurer, was taken up and referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Stillely the rules were suspended and the bill to amend the act in reference to the Western Turnpike Road, was taken up and referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the rules were suspended, and the bill authorizing the County Commissioners of Craven to levy a special tax, was taken up and passed a second reading by a vote of yeas 61, nays 2.

By Mr. Malone: A bill to authorize committees of investigation to enforce the attendance of witnesses and fixing penalties for perjury.

Mr. Malone moved to suspend the rules and put the bill on its passage.

Mr. Downer moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Judiciary—carried.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House of the passage of the bill incorporating the Granite R. R. Co.

The bill was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

CALENDAR (CONTINUED.) The bill fixing the compensation of county Treasurers—gave a per cent. on moneys received and paid out, was taken up.

Mr. Downer moved to refer the whole matter to the Committee on Salaries and Fees. Carried.

Bill to change the fees of witnesses, was taken up and referred to the Committee on Salaries and Fees.

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