PINEAPPLE PUDDING.—Butter a pud ding-dish and line the bottom and side ding-dish and line the bottom and sides with slices of stale cake, sponge-cake is best; pare and slice thin a large pine-apple (be sure to leave out the core), place in the dish first a layer of pine-apple, then strew in the sugar, then more pineapple, and so on until all is used; pour over a small teacup of water, and cover with slices of cake which have been dipped in cold water, cover the whole with a buttered plate and bake slowly for two hours.

Sand Hearrs.—Two pounds of flour.

the whole with a buttered plate and bake slowly for two hours.

SAND HEARTS.—Two pounds of flour, two pounds of sugar, one pound of butter, three eggs Make up into a dough, and work till the ingredients are well incorporated. After rolling cut and cutting into heart-shape, place the cakes on a pan, and beat up one egg, spread some of it over them with a feather, and then sprinkle with granulated sugar. If a little coarse-grained, all the better, mixing with it a little finely powdered cinnamon.

PEA SOUP.—Take a quart of shelled peas; boil the pods in a gallon of cold water until all the substance is boiled out of them; then skim them out and put two pounds of beef into the pot. After the meat is boiled to shreds skim the soup well, strain and return it to the pot; add the peas, with a little parsley, and let it simmer until the peas are quite tender; season with pepper and all: thicken with a little butter and

the pot; add the peas, with a little paraley, and let it simmer until the peas are quite tender; season with pepper and salt; thicken with a little butter and flour, let it boil.up once and serve.

QUAKER OMELET.—A Quaker omelet is a handsome and sure dish when care is taken in the preparation. Three eggs, half a cup of milk, one and a half table-spoonfuls of corn starch, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of butter, put the omelet pan, and a cover that will fit close on, to heat; beat the yolks, of the eggs; the corn starch and the salt very well together; beat the whites to a stiff froth, add to the well-beaten yolks and corn starch; sit all together very thoroughly, then add the milk: now put the butter in the hot pan, and when melted pour in the mixture, cover and place on the stove, where it will brown, but not burn; cook about seven minutes, fold, turn on a hot dish, and serve with the cream sauce poured around it. If the yolks and corn starch are thorougly, beaten, and when the stiff whites are added they are well are thorougly beaten, and when the stiff whites are added they are well mixed, and the pan and cover are very hot, there can be no failure.

Waterproof Haystacks

Waterproof Haystacks.

I find that farmers encounter the greatest difficulty in making waterproof haystacks. Unless one makes a careful study of this matter, with a determination to succeed, he will never stack hay so that it will keep. It will pay any farmer, who from lack of barns or sheds is compelled to stack his hay outside, and who is uncertain as to his sheds is competed to stack his hay outside, and who is uncertain as to his ability to do a good job, to hire a thoroughly competent stacker to do it. for him. A few practical lessons under such a person will enable any man of ordinary skill and judgment to build a symmetrical haystack. symmetrical haystack.

The stack must be built from bottom

to top. A foundation of rails is the best to begin on. I mark the corners of the stack by setting poles straight up about one foot outside of where I wish to build. These are my guides. I begin in the middle of the stack and

to build. These are my guides. I begin in the middle of the stack and build it up three or four feet, tramping down very solid. Next, I lay a course down on each side and across the ends, then fill the middle again, always keeping it two or three feet higher than the sides, and tramped as solid as possible. Never walk along the outer edge of the stack. Do all building from as near the middle as possible. The whole secret of building a waterproof haystack consists in keeping the middle solid and highest from bottom to top, and the outside as low and light as possible. Many farmers build a stack flat until they begin to top out, but such a stack will take water nine times out of ten. Make the stack look as though you were topping it out from the beginning.

I always allow a stack of hay to settle a day or two, before putting on the last load. When there are indications of rain, I spreed over it a canyas stack-cover made for the purpose. The last load I m. on when only about two-thirds curved. It soon curves on the top of the stack, and settles down as solid as a board, making a cover nearly impervious to water. The stack is raked down perfectly smooth, pieces of fence wire with blocks attached to the ends thrown across it to hold the top on, and with the exception of a thin cover, I find my hay as good and bright the following spring as when stacked. the following spring as when stacked.

Won the Wager.

Won the Wager.

Says the Detroit Free Press: Fred
Flasher and Miss Florentia Flounce
were discussing the mental power of
controlling thought. Said Flasher:

"I will give you a pair of gloves if
you can think of positively nothing for
five minutes, and still be awake."

"Done." she responded.

Five minutes passed.

"I've won the gloves!" she exclaimed.

"How did you manage to think of

claimed.
"How did you manage to think of nothing for the whole five minutes?" he asked, eagerly.

asked, eagerly.

"I fastened my mind firmly on your mustache and kept it there," she replied, triumphantly.

The referee awarded her the gloves.

The Methodist ministers of Provi-The Methodist ministers of Providence, R. I., recently discussed the question of ordering women to be ministry. The presiding elder, Rev. Dr. Talbott, said he did not object to women preaching, but there were some of the duties of a minister they could not perform—baptism by immersion, for instance.

of both sexes employed in making hadiliments and decorations for pet dogs. The yearly trade done by them is estimated to be between five and six million frances.

Many a man is not satisfied to live on the face of the earth. He tries to live on his own face.

FACTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Alligator fat is now used for cooking purposes in some parts of Florida. Two harnessed crocodiles tamly drew

wagon into Atlanta.

Taxable valuation of the 537 churches in Philadelphia, \$16,742,971.

Three thousand five hundred pounds of whalebone have been obtained from one whale.

The proboscis of the mosquito consists of a flexible sheath, containing six distinct surgical instruments.

The Greenland whale possesses no teeth in an adult state, though before birth teeth are found in the gum

It is said that the steam power actually in use throughout the world is equal to 13,500,000 horse power.

Sir Sabuel Baker says that no pet animals are to be found among African tribes, even where there are children.

The collector of Baltimore recently drew a check for one cent in favor of a New York firm, this being the amount of overpaid duty.

During the late storm in Indiana a waterspout is said to have chased a railroad train, which made the best time possible to get out of its reach and succeeded.

The body of every spider is furnished with four little lumps, pierced with tiny holes, from each of which issues a single thread, and, when a thousand of these from each lump are joined together they make the silk line of which the spider cpins its web, and which we call a spider's thread.

There is in Brazil a common poisonous snake, the surucueu, respecting which the following facts are related:
The natives say that such is the antipathy of the reptile to fire that they will rush into it, scattering it with their tails till it is extinguished, even becoming half roasted in the attempt.

A Precious Stone Found in Georgia.

Tre Atlanta Constitution says: Near Norcross there resides an old German geologist, who loves to live among the Notross there resides an old German geologist, who loves to live among the peculiar specimens of mineral and vegetable matter which he has unearthed and housed. He is an elderly gentle man of little sociability, but of great mental acquirements. His physical endurance is simply astronishing. For days at a time he wanders over the hills and through the dales near his home, collecting rocks and stones, limbs and roots, the properties of which are unknown to all but himself.

The room in which his collection is, is wonderful. In one receptacle are ranged a number of stones whose bright rays remind the observer of diamonds. In the center of this room there rests a stone half the size of a hen's egg, which was picked up by the owner months and months ago. It was found by its owner one rainy afternoon. For nearly a week he had been on a tramp through the hills and dales near his

through the hills and dales near his home, and weary with his ceaseless toil he was wending his way home when his eyes fell upon something from which the rays of the sun were scattered in a thousand directions.

With little thought of the back of the scattered in a second se

the rays of the sin were scattered in a thousand directions.

With little thought of what he was doing, the geologist stooped down and picked up the object. It was nearly the size of a hen's egg, and of an irregular shape. It was covered in many places with thick, heavy clay, which was removed with greatcare.

It was found to be exceedinly hard, and whenever struck with a hard substance gave forth little sound. It was almost colorless with a hue and tinge of green. Its form was that of an octahedron, but some of the faces or sides were inclined to be convex, while the edges were surved.

It was subjected to acids and elkalies without experiencing any perceptible change.

change.

Some friends induced him to place it on the market, and only a day or two ago he received a letter from a diamond dealer in New York offering him \$46,-

The Costliest Chess Table in the World, The Costilest Chess Table in the World.

At the Hamilton sale, in London, a square chess table of cinque-cento work in damascened iron was sold. The table is inlaid with panels and cartouches of elaborate gold and silver damascene work, and with slabs of lapis lazuli; every part of the column supporting the table is covered with arabesque of exquisite design in gold and silver and relievo ornaments in gilt bronze, with figures in the round; Milanese work, circa 1540, reputed to have been presented by a duke of Milan to a been presented by a duke of Milan to a prince of Savoy, from the Soltykoff and Debruge-Dumenil collection. A great contest occurred for this extraordinary table between Mr. Loewenstein and Mr. Denison, the latter gentleman being the purchaser at £3,150, about \$16,000.

A Singular Invention. A Singular Invention.

Albert Fearnaught, of Indianapolis, has secured letters patent for a singular invention. It consists of providing a signal by means of which any person who has been buried under the false impression that he was dead can, upon returning to consciousness, inform the person in charge of the cemetery of the fact. The invention is so constructed that the buried person can exist, after coming to life, until help comes, by means of a free air circulating back and forth while under ground.

There are over 1,800 people in Paris

There are over 1,800 people in Paris of both sexes employed in making habiliments and decorations for pet dogs. The yearly trade done by them is estimated to be between five and six million francs.

FOR THE FAIR SEX.

A present fancy is painted lace.

Brocade and printed silks show fruit

Twine lace is quite a novel style of trimming; it is effective, and used on cotton and silk toilets.

Powdered hair is stylish for ceremonious occasion this season, but it is rarely becoming to any but brunettes.

A bonnet has actually been trimmed with a bunch of artificial artichokes ornamented by caterpillars.

A novel precess is announced in France by which the wool on sheep skins may be transformed into velvet.

Millions of people are putting hap-iness away off in the future, when they might enjoy it to-day just as well. Resolve to be happy now.

The present simple and becoming style of hairdressing is made to look charming by the addition of diamond pins stuck here and there in the tow chignon and amid the fluted waves.

Summer hats are fashionably trimmed with white silk muslin arranged in full, soft folds about the crown of the hat. This trimming is especially adapted to the seashore, where feathers soon lose their freshness.

Silk and lisle thread mits and gloves come in all the new shades of terra cotts, shrimp pink, buzzer gray or gray blue, ficelle cream and olive; but after all, more black and ivory white ones are worn than all the rest put together.

Veilings and cashmeres in the sesthetic shades of color, with "plumetis" embroidery in contrasting color to the grouds, are used in combination with rich silken velvet stuffs for the handsomest seaside ball trilets.

Wives Wanted.

In the far West, says an exchange, women are in great demand, not only as cooks, but for wives. It is said that the first couragnous young lady who accompanied her family to the Black Hills received not less than fifteen offers of marriage in three weeks in Deadwood.

At Court Court

At Castle Garden, New York, the superintendent is constantly receiving letters from Western men, asking him to send them wives. They say there are almost no marriageable women in the forlorn regions where their lot is cast. Many of these men are already wealthy.

Many of these men are already wealthy.

All can support wives in comfort. In one requirement the letters of these sturdy bachelors agree with an unanimity that is remarkable. They invariably want wives that can keep house. This swings us round the circle again and back to the fact that there is plenty of work and pay in the world for all women who are good housekeepers. Each lone, lorn Western man, in stating his wishes, hints directly or individually at the pivotal point around which the happiness of the average man revolves—good cookery. Some plainly state their wishes on this point, others hint at their meaning in a delicate manner.

One man wants a wife who can do "housework and appear well in company." Another, who likewise had some cravings for the sethetic, asked, as usual, for a woman who could do housework, but who was also not a feel.

The Fastest Trotting Horses.

The Fastest Trotting Horses.

Down to the close of 1881 the records show that there are fifteen trotters in the United States with a record of 2:20—Annie W., Belle Brasfield, Captain Emmons, Elaine, Frank, Little Fred, Fleety Golddust, Mambrino Gift, Orange Girl, Nancy Hackett, Humboldt, Ettie Jones, John H., Prospero and May Queen. Nine have made a mile in 2:194, viz.: Adelaide, Clingstone, Camors, John S. Clark, Daisydale, Josephus, Flora Temple, Deck Wright, Fannie Witherspoon. Four have done it in 2:194—Will Cody, Moose, Troubadour and Thomas L. Young. Seven in 2:194—Bodina, Comet, Croxie, Driver, Keene J., George Palmer and Parans. Nine in 2:199—Albemarle, Alley, Francis Alexander. Kitty Bates, Bonesetter, Cozette, Edwards, Graves, Wedgewood. Nine in 2:184—Monarch Chief, Slow Go. Lucy, Lady Mande, Midnight, Nutwood, Patchen, Lady Thorne and J. B. Thomas. Nine have a record of 2:18—Red Cloud, Great Eastern, Edwin Forrest, Judge Pullerton, Robert McGregor, Nettie, Proteine, Kate Sprague, Dick Swiveller. One a record of 2:174, Hanness; two, Santa Claus and Edwin Thorne, 2:174; three, Dexter, Piedmont and Santa Claus, three, Dexter, Piedmont and Santa Claus three, Dexter, Piedmont and Santa Claus, 2:17‡; one, Gloster, 2:16‡; two, Charlie Ford and Occident, 2:16‡; two, Charlie Ford and Occident, 2:16‡; one, Lucille Golddust, 2:16‡; one, Hattie Woodward, 2:15‡; one, Bonggler, 2:15‡; one, Lula, 2:15‡; one, Hopeful, 2:14‡; two, Goldsmith Maid and Trinket, 2:14, and one, Rarus, 2:18‡. St. Julian crowded his record down to 2:11‡; and finally Maus B. takes the lead of this long line of eighty-three trotters who have made 2:20 or better, with the unequaled record of 2:10‡.—[Chicago Inter Ocean.

Says the Brooklyn Eagle: Mr. R. C. Moore, of Messrs. Vernam & Co., 34
New street, New York, was almost a stantly relieved by St. Jacobs Oil of severe pain following an attack of pleurisy. The remedy acted like magic.

An lowa man tried to raise \$15 by giving a chattel mortgage on his wife, but no capitalist would advance more than \$7.

The art connecteur and exhibitor, Prof. Cromwell, was cured of rheumatian by St. Jacobs Oil.—Norfolk Virginian

Twin Atlments That Vex Us.

Those hateful twins, constipation ar
lioueness, have a capacity for producin
and nervous distress rivalled by but a liquaness, have a capacity for producing local and nervous distress rivalled by but a few allments that vex us. Vertigo, pain in the region of the liver, flatulence, foul breath, violent headaches and constantly recurring indigestion are among those detestable progeny. Any or all of these may be aggravated by neglect or bad medicines to a degree unsupportable by the veriest Spartan. They receive their quietus with greater celerity and thoroughness from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters than from any remedy known to materia medica. The medicine, happily, unlike some drugs, is eminently salutary in its after effects upon the general health. It is also a reliable specific for and preventive of fever and ague and other maladies.

Aimee is coming back to America in the fall. Her voice is not as well proportioned as it used to be, but what is better, her ankle re-tains all its old-time sweetness, compass and power.

"Do you believe in signs?" asked the shop keeper. "Well, yes, I used to," said Fogg but since you placed in the window, 'selling for less than cost,' I have weakened consider-ably."

GREATEST DISCOVERY SINCE GREATEST DISCOVERY SINCE 1492.

For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, laryngitis, and consumption in its early stages, nothing equals Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." It is also a great blood-purifier and strength-restorer or tonic, and for liver complaint and costive conditions of the bowels it has no equal. Sold by druggists.

They don't have rains out west. A cloud just saunters up and examines a town and then collapses right over it. Nobody escapes but the newspaper reporters and the book agents.

Young, middle-aged, or old men, suffering from nervous debility or kindred affections, should address, with two stamps, for large treaties, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, New York.

It is said that paper can be compressed in to a substance so hard that only diamond can scratch it. That will be the boss pape on which to print election tickets.

WHAT'S SAVED IS GAINED.

Workingmen will economize by employing Dr. Pierce's Medicines. His "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" an I "Golden Medical Discovery" cleanse the blood and system thus preventing fevers and other serious diseases, and curing all scrottlous and other humors. Sold by druggists.

Said a fond husband to his wife: "My dear, I think I'll buy you a little dog." "Oh, no!" the replied, "do not! I prefer giving you all my affections!"

FOR DYSPERSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a proventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisava," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Women Should Not Suffer.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 10, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: Sirs—A member of my family was cared of a complication of female diseases by your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

WILLIAM H. GRAY.

a Treatise upon the Horse and his Diseases.
Book of 100 pages. Valuable to every owner of horses. Fostage stamps taken. Sent post-paid by Baltimore Newspaper Union, 28 to 32 N. Holliday St., Baltimore, Md.

Files, roaches, ants, bedbugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Let it be understood once for all that Carbo-line, a deodorized extract of petroleum, will positively restore hair to bald heads, and there is no other preparation under the face of the sun that can accomplish this work.

The Panama upon our brow
Lies airily and flat;
Oh, who, oh, who respects thee now,
O ebon Derby hat?

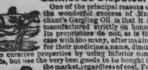
Time Testers and Burden Bearers

From time immemorial the horse has been man's best friend. But a few years back we can all remember the comparatively little attention spaid to this most indispensable of animals. We say comparatively little attention, for the horse was as well groomed, and certainly as well fed, as now; and at those great gatherings—agricultural shows—you would see the pride of the county and State stables and farms assembled. But here was a conspicuous want of noble draught horses, and as for speeders—well, 2:30 was the great ultimate limit that owhers in these days desired to strive for. But now a 2:40 animal is esteemed a fair roadster, and fine animals only



draught capacity of the humbler, but really more useful, work horse. Many things have conspired to effectable desirable end, chief among which have been the intelligent care and consideration bestowed upon the minual in his every relation—in a word, upon the breeding. And this has not failed upon the minual in his every relation—in a word, upon the breeding. And this has not failed to include a very serious modification of the old methods of treatment, doing away, in many cases, with the fintnman and really-savage plans pursued in the eradication of even simple disorders and nilments, and stubstituther rational measures of relief instead. A prominent factor of this reform, and role indirectly owner, breeders, farmers and stockmen the countraister, is ST. Jacons o'll, recentlized by all with have used it as an exceptionally good remerly for the diments of the horse and stock generally, meeting more indications for its use and edgesting far better results than my article a curative or remedial nature over ratroduced. Such breeders and horsemen as Aristicles Worth, Esq., of Erdenbeim, near Philadelphia; Mich. Esq., defended and many table in the fooding. Esq., selections and the contrained of the property of the p

NGINES, NEW AND SECOND BAND



and external use, and tell you Con't fail to follow directions. Keep the bottle

CURES B

01,000 REWARD for proof of the exisence of a better liniment that "Merchaut's Gargling Oil," or ence of a better liniment tha
"Merchant's Gargling Oli," or
better worm medicine tha
"Merchant's Worm Tablets," Mar
ufactured by M. G. O. Co., Lock
port, N. Y., U. S. A.
JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

B N U 31

FENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MISSES & SCHOOL OF ENGLISH WILLIAM BRANCHES LANGUAGES ARTS.ELOCUTION & PHYSICAL CULTU SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED

IN THE HEART OF BOSTON RARE ADVANTAGES LOW RATES
SEND FOR CIRCULAR E.TOURJEE

GOOD NEWS

Get up Clubs for our Cki.z-BRATED TEAS, and secure a bacutrint "Mart Eree of Cki Band Fas Set," (44 piccas,) our own importation. One and the Set of Cki.z-pa his Esta. S. Bearant of the seculid-re being advertised—they are dangerous being advertised—they are dangerous te the party sending a Club. "CHEAP TEAS." that are be

cet variety.—Pleases everybody.—Oldes Tu-to In America.—No chromes.—No lumbes.— get business.—Value for money. TWELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. T., F.O. Bex 1982.



AGENTS WANTED FOR THE HISTORY ## U. S BY ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

It contains nearly 300 Fine Portrait- and gravings of Butles and other Historie Scene, and is the most complete and valuable Scene, and is the most complete and valuable to the property of the subscription on the subscription of the subscription

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