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THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. VIII.

CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1890.

No. 12.

ATTENTION. Will it pay you to advertise in THE CAUCASIAN? Look at our advertising columns, and you will see how many are profiting by it. LISTEN—800 subscribers in 1888; 1,669 to-day.

THE EDITOR'S CHAIR.

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM OUR STAND POINT.

The Opinion of The Caucasian and the Opinion of others which we Can Endorse on the Various Topics of the Day.

1890—a happy and prosperous year to all.

A book called "The Life and Death of Jefferson Davis," edited by A. C. Bancroft and published by J. S. Oxlivie, is being widely circulated. While many complimentary things are said of Mr. Davis to blind the unsuspecting reader, yet the covert object of the book is to damage and belittle the majestic fallen chieftain and the great principles for which he ever contended. The book is a failure and a farce. Let no Southern man give it recognition.

The author of this book is not the historian Bancroft.

We see the following sentence in one of the best weeklies in the State: "We send out this week to each one of our subscribers a statement of their account," etc. The editor of the paper is a man of ability and well educated. We have heard one of the best ministers in the State make the same grammatical error more than a dozen times. The fact that such men almost invariably use the plural in such constructions is the best evidence of the necessity for a new pronoun of the singular number, common gender.

There is nothing more helpful to a community than a judiciously managed local Building and Loan Association. Taylorsville has one and will find inside of six months that she was wise in organized it. Statesville has one that is now nearly three years old and it is the most beneficial institution in the community. Many worthy people have, through it, been enabled to build and buy homes, others have been enabled to lift mortgages from their property, and to others still, non-borrowers, it has been an invaluable savings institution. It has improved the town, added to its taxable wealth, made "floaters" permanent citizens, taught people the habit of saving and been beneficial every way.—Statesville Landmark.

Christmas, 1889, was phenomenal—an accident of the season, the warmest 25th of December on record. The time of evergreens and icicles gave way for balmy weather and spring time. The good cheer that usually abounds around the cheerful fireside gave way for a sun bath and an outdoor romp. The astonished mercury rushed up to 65 degrees and grumbled with the calendar that it had things mixed up; the calendar protested that it was right, but that the clerk of the weather had lost his grip on "Old Sol's" throttle valve. But old Santa Clause was in great luck. Instead of facing the driving snow and pelting rain and sleet on Christmas eve, he had a delightful moonlight, summer night's ride and no smoking chimneys to blind him in his descent.

The weather bureau was so partial to us during the Sampson Fair that we are disposed not to grumble at any of its eccentricities, but we must admit that the novelty of this weather amounts to an innovation on one time honored custom, and one that is to be deplored, if Longfellow was right when he said that winter never rots in the skies. For if the usual amount is to come from not out it means a cold late spring, with the chances in favor of another poor crop year.

Let us hope that we are no prophet and that providence has a kinder fate in store for us.

DAVIS' LAST LETTER.

Written to the Committee of the Fayetteville Centennial, on Noble Sentiments and High Praise to North Carolinians.

BEAUFORT, Miss., Oct. 20th '89. Messrs. Wharton J. Green, James C. McRee, C. W. Brockton, N. W. Rye, W. C. McDuffie, Com.

GENTLEMEN:—Your letter inviting me to attend North Carolina's Centennial, to be held at Fayetteville on the 21st of November next, was duly received, but this acknowledgment has been delayed under the hope that an improvement in my health would enable me to be present as invited. As the time approaches I find that cherished hope unrealized and that I must regretfully confess my inability to join you in the commemorative celebration. It has been my sincere wish to meet with the people of the "Old North State" on the occasion which will naturally cause them with just pride to trace the historic river of their years to its source in the colony of Albemarle.

All along that river stand monuments of fidelity to the inalienable rights of the people even when an infant resisting successfully executive usurpation and in the defence of the privileges guaranteed by charter boldly defying king, lords and commons. Always self-reliant, yet not vainly self-assertive, she provided for her own defence while giving material aid to her neighbors, as she regarded all the British colonies of America. Thus she sent troops armed and equipped for service in both Virginia and South Carolina; also dispatched a ship from the port of Wilmington with food for the sufferers in Boston after the closing of that port by Great Britain.

In her declaration that the cause of Boston was the cause of all there was not only the assertion of a community of rights and a purpose to defend them, but self-abnegation of the commercial advantages which would probably accrue from the closing of a rival port. Without diminution of regard for the great and good men of other colonies, I have been led to special veneration of the men of North Carolina, as the first to distinctly declare for state independence and from first to last to uphold the right of a people to govern themselves. I do not propose to discuss the vexed question of the Mecklenburg resolutions of May, 1775, which, from the similarity of expression to the great Declaration of Independence of July, 1776, have created much contention, because the claim of North Carolina rests on a broader foundation than the resolve of the meeting at Mecklenburg, which deserves to be preserved as the outburst of a brave, liberty loving people, on the receipt of news of the combat at Concord between British and citizens of Massachusetts.

The broader foundations referred to are the records of events preceding and succeeding the meeting at Mecklenburg and the proceedings of the provincial Congress which met at Hillsboro in August, 1775. Before the Congress convened North Carolina in disregard of opposition by the Gov. had sent delegates to represent her in the General Congress to be held in Philadelphia, and had denounced the attack on Boston and had appointed committees of safety with such far reaching functions as belong to revolutionary times only. The famous Stamp Act of Parliament was openly resisted by men of the highest reputation, a vessel bringing the stamps was seized and the commander bound not to permit them to be landed. These things were done in open day by men who were not dissuaded and shunned no question.

Before the Congress of the province had assembled the last royal Governor of North Carolina had fled to escape the indignation of a people who, burdened but not bent by oppression, had resolved to live or die as free men. The Congress at Hillsboro went earnestly to work not merely to declare independence, but to provide the means of maintaining it. The Congress feeling quite equal to the occasion, proceeded to make laws for raising and organizing troops, for supplying money and to meet the contingency of a blockade of her seaports, and offered bounties to stimulate to production of articles most useful in time of war.

[To be Continued.]

THE WORLD'S RECORD.

FOR THE YEAR THAT IS GONE.

Flood, Fire, Wind and Steam has Put in its Work.

THE YEAR 1889 AN EVENTFUL ONE

Death's Shining Marks.

The most striking feature of the year 1889 is the record of disasters by fire and flood, and the list of financial crimes; the most interesting feature of 1888 was the record of politics; of 1887, deaths of eminent persons, of 1886, strikes. While the hand of death has not been laid upon so many of our distinguished persons, yet the prominence of the few—the transcendent nobility and greatness of one will forever make it memorable.

JANUARY. The Carolina Vener Works, Clinton, N. C., one of the large pioneer enterprises of the South, completed and the machinery put in motion.

The Nicaragua Canal Company incorporated by the U. S. Senate. The Germans attack the natives of Samoa and American vessels are sent to protect our interests. Owen Brown the sole survivor of the Harper's Ferry raid dies in his 74th year. Terrible wind storms in the North West, in Pennsylvania and New York and off the New England coast, destroying much property and killing many people—the suspension bridge over Niagara blown down. Many lives lost by boiler explosions including the terrible boiler explosion in Clinton, N. C.

FEBRUARY. The British reject the U. S. Extradition Treaty. \$3,000,000 fire in Buffalo and a \$1,000,000 in Philadelphia. Japan produces a constitution. A Commercial treaty between the United States and Japan signed. The bill creating the states of North and South Dakota, Montana, and Washington signed by Cleveland.

MARCH. Death claimed John Ericsson, the great engineer, in his 85th year, Justice Stanly Matthews in his 64th year; and John Bright, the great English statesman, in his 68th year. Six thousand weavers strike at Fall River, Mass. Harrison inaugurated President. F. W. Dawson, editor Charleston News & Courier, murdered. Terrible storm at Samoa destroying three American vessels with 52 men and two German vessels with 107 men. King Milan of Serbia abdicates. Boulanger flees from France.

APRIL. Congress adjourned, \$2,000,000 prairie fire in Minnesota and Dakota. \$1,000,000 fire in Savannah, Ga. \$3,000,000 fire in New York. Oklahoma thrown open for settlers, disturbances and bloodshed follow. Centennial Celebration of the inauguration of George Washington as 1st President of the U. S. The Parnell commission case opened. Samoan Conference at Berlin begun. W. H. Barnum, Chm. of the National Democratic Committee died in his 70th year. Smithfield, N. C., burned.

MAY. Dr. Cronin murdered. Centennial Celebration of the French Revolution. Paris Exposition opened. Allen Thordice Rice, editor of the North American Review and U. S. Minister to Russia, died in his 38th year. The horrors of flood and fire at ill-fated Johnstown on the 31st. One thousand miners strike in Germany.

JUNE. A \$7,000,000 fire in Seattle, Washington. 21.60 knots speed made by dynamite cruiser Veuveus. Writ of habeas corpus granted Kemmler, the first man sentenced to suffer electrocution under the laws of New York. Calvin S. Brice succeeds

W. H. Barnum. Tornado in N. Y. The Holyoke Mills destroyed. \$45,000,000 worth of property destroyed in Pennsylvania by floods. Big floods in Arkansas and the Ohio Valley. Death of Mrs. R. B. Hayes.

JULY.

The barbaric and beastly fight between Sullivan and Kilrain. Mrs. Tyler, widow of the President, died. Earthquake in Japan destroys a whole town. Heavy and destructive floods in all quarters of the United States causing much loss of life and property and especially of truck in transit from the South Eastern States. Trustees of Trinity College N. C., vote to move the institution to Raleigh. Prof. R. H. Graves of the University of N. C., one of the ablest mathematicians in the country, died. The famous investigation of the N. C. Insane Asylum.

AUGUST.

\$10,000,000 fire at Spokane Falls, Washington. Judge Terry killed at Lathrop, Cal., by Deputy U. S. Marshal Nagle, while about to assault Justice Field. Prof. Loomis, the mathematician, died in his 78th year. Terrible floods in Nebraska and thousands made homeless. Ten thousand people buried in a land slide in Japan. One hundred and thirty people killed by an earthquake in Russia. Strike of 150,000 dock laborers in London. British Parliament prorogued.

SEPTEMBER.

Republicans win in the French elections. Landslide in Quebec and many people killed. S. S. Cox and Wilkie Collins both aged 65 died this month, the former in New York and the latter in London. Tanner resigns. The N. C. Agricultural and Mechanical College opened for students.

OCTOBER.

The Pan-American delegates start on their excursion to the United States. Talmage's Brooklyn Tabernacle destroyed by fire, rebuilding commenced in fifteen days. Thirty-four ocean vessels wrecked by a cyclone.

NOVEMBER.

North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington admitted in the Union by proclamation of the President. Sir John Macdonald resigned as President of the Council of Ministers of Canada. Emperor Dom Pedro de Brazil, named the United States of Brazil, with General Fonseca elected President. \$10,000,000 fires in Boston and Lynn, Mass. \$500,000 fire in Petersburg, Va. Paris Exposition closed. M. Floquet elected President of the French Chamber of Deputies. The Centennial of the adoption of the United States Constitution by North Carolina at Fayetteville, N. C. News of the death of Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, received from Wpawa, Africa. Severe snow storm in New Mexico, men, cattle and sheep frozen to death. Hon. Wm. T. Dortch died at Goldsboro. Chief Justice Smith died at Raleigh.

DECEMBER.

The whole South thrown into mourning over the death of Hon. Jefferson Davis, on the 8th, in his 82nd year. The Sampson County (N. C.) Fair an unprecedented success. Governors Fowle and Lea, and ex-Congressmen Green and Kitchen make speeches. Fifty-first session of Congress convened, T. B. Read elected Speaker. New York, Chicago, St. Louis and Washington contesting for the honor of the Worlds Fair of 1892. Warmest Christmas on record. Race conflict at Jessup, Ga., several killed on both sides. Henry W. Grady, editor Atlanta Constitution, the brilliant and famous orator, died on the 23rd.

The Alliances and Wheels of America consolidate under the name of the National Farmers' and Laborers' Union of America. Gol. Polk of Raleigh elected President. The C F & Y V extension being completed from Fayetteville to Wilmington.

During the year absconders defaulters and forgers have made way with about \$10,000,000 in cash. Such is a brief record of the leading events of an eventful year; already we are wheeling through 1890, grinding out more history. What shall it be?

SOCIETY PREMIUMS.

PREMIUMS AWARDED BY THE SAMPSON COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY AT THE FAIR,

December 4th, 5th, and 6th, 1889.

Best bale cotton, "Carolina Pride," E. C. Herring, \$1.00. Seed cotton, E. C. Herring, 50c. Best variety field peas, J. M. Powell, \$1.00. Best half bushel seed corn, S. A. Howard, 50 cents. Best half bushel White Globe turnips, J. C. Hobbs, 50 cents. Best bread corn, F. M. Carroll, 50 cents. Best half bushel Fulcaster Wheat, T. A. Hobbs, 50 cents. Best bushel Oats, R. F. Boykin, 50 cents. Best bushel Rye, R. F. Boykin, 50 cents. Best bushel Pinders, J. L. Pigford, 50 cents. Best Lady-finger table peas, R. F. Herring, 50 cents. Best half bushel stock corn, M. M. Killitt, 50 cents. Best Irish potatoes (second crop), J. E. Royal, 50 cents. Best half bushel rice, (seed) J. W. Wright, 50 cents. Best one bushel Norton Yams, J. W. Wright, 50 cents. Best two gourds, (second premium) T. D. Smith, 25 cents. Best two stalks cotton, (Peerless) Abner Robinson, 25 cents. Best Kaffa corn, J. W. Wright, 25 cents.

For best watermelon, J. W. Wright, 25 cents. For the best Yam Potatoes, J. W. Wright, 25 cents. For best Kershaw, T. J. H. Peterson, 25 cents. Best gourd, G. W. Rackley, 25 cents. Best champion squash, Giles M. Martin, 25 cents. Best pop corn, James Kerr, 25 cents. Best plow line-ring, (improved back-band) J. C. Hobbs, diploma. Best mowing machine, R. C. Holmes, diploma. Best hay rake, R. C. Holmes, diploma. Best dining table, O. L. Chesnut, \$1.00. Best spirit cask, W. M. Powell, diploma. Best pair plow lines, Alvin Royal, 25 cents. Best dozen brick, C. T. Butler, 50 cents. Best panel door, Arthur Vann, \$1.00. Best open buggy, W. T. Williamson, \$2.00. Best ox yoke, (single) E. W. Boney, \$1.00. Best fruit and vegetable crates, T. B. Ashford, diploma. Best ox yoke, (double) W. T. Williamson, \$1.00. Best patent single-tree, W. T. Williamson, diploma. Grape vines, (20 kinds) R. F. Boykin, 50 cents. Peach trees, (12 kinds) R. F. Boykin, 50 cents. Best package Shookly apples, R. F. Herring, 50 cents. Best package Johnson crab apples, R. F. Herring, 50 cents. Short horn Durham heifer, (18 months old) P. F. Stevens, \$2.00. Short horn Durham bull, (19 months old) P. F. Stevens, \$2.00. Devon bull, (Don Pedro) six years old, W. A. Faison, \$3.00. Devon cow, (Tina) six yrs, W. A. Faison, \$3.00. Devon cow, (Lottie) three yrs, W. A. Faison, \$1.00. Short horn Durham bull, (four years) C. Patrick, \$3.00. Short horn Durham cow, (four years) C. Patrick, \$3.00. Jersey bull (Cotana of Fair View) Mrs. J. C. Pass, \$3.00. Jersey heifer, (two years old) Mrs. J. C. Pass, \$1.00. Holsteins cow, (five years) H. E. Faison, \$3.00. Holstein heifer, (two years old) H. E. Faison, \$2.00. Holston bull, (six years old) D. L. Farrior, \$3.00. Jersey cow, D. L. Farrior, \$3.00. Jersey heifer, (18 months old) E. W. Kerr, \$2.00. Jersey bull, (three years old) E. W. Kerr, \$2.00. Gernsey bull, (4 years) I. R. Faison, \$3.00. Grade Jersey heifer, (eighteen months old) B. S. Peterson, \$2.00. Grade heifer (two years) V. J. McArthur, \$1.00. Grade bull, (three years) V. J. McArthur, \$2.00. Grade bull, (four years) L. A. Powell, \$2.00. Grade heifer, (five years) L. A. Powell, \$2.00. Grade cow and calf, J. L. Boykin, \$2.00. Native cow, (two years old) O. L. Chesnut, \$1.00. Native bull, (three years old) O. L. Chesnut, \$1.00. Native cow, (three years) B. S. Peterson, \$1.00.

[Continued on Fourth Page.]

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

Something Interesting to Young Readers of The Caucasian.

(Prepared each week by A. Johnson, to whom all communications intended for this column should be addressed.)

SOME THINGS THAT BOYS SHOULD KNOW.

That a true lady may be found in calico quite as frequently as in velvet. That a common school education, with common sense, is better than a college education is about all. That the good, honest trade is worth a dozen professions. That "thriftiness" is the best policy—that it is better to be poor than rich on profits of crooked whiskey. That as they expect to be men some day they cannot too soon learn to protect the weak and helpless.

DON'T.

Don't judge a man by the clothes he wears. God made one and the tailor the other. Don't judge him by his family connections, for Cain belonged to a very good family. Don't judge a man by his failure in life, for many a man fails because he is too honest to succeed. Don't judge him by his speech, for the parrot talks, and the tongue is not an instrument of sound. Don't judge a man by the house he lives in, for the lizard and rat often inhabit the grandest structures. Don't judge him by his activity in church affairs, for that is not unselfishness inspired by hypocritical and selfish motives. Don't judge him by his lack of display, for the long-eared beast is the humblest of animals, but when aroused is terrible to behold. Don't take it for granted that because he carries the contribution box he is liberal; he often pays the Lord in that way; and keeps the currency. Neither judge an envelope without knowing its contents, for I have seen lizzards secreted therein.

Some Questions for Our Young Friends to Answer.

Answers to Questions and Enigmas in Last Issue. 1. The first bird sent out of the ark was the Raven. 2. In the arctic regions the day and night are the same length—six months long. 3. Washington Irving wrote Rip Van Winkle. 4. Senators Matt. W. Ransom and Z. B. Vance. Representatives C. W. McClammy, Alfred Rowland, B. H. Bunn, J. W. Henderson, Brower, Ewart, Chestham, Latham. 5. Gov. Dudley was the first Governor of this State elected by the people. 6. The present Constitution of North Carolina was adopted in 1835.

Who Does He Belong To?

Probably very few people know it, but it is an interesting fact that there is a boy in the State penitentiary who was born there. His mother and father were both serving out terms in the penitentiary at the time of his birth, and they are both there still, and so is the boy. Somebody has raised the question as to who the boy belongs to, and the opinion has been expressed that he belongs to the State. The question is an interesting one.—News and Observer.

Nervous Derangement and Constipation.

After years of suffering from nervous derangement and constipation, and after being treated by several leading physicians, from whom I obtained no relief, I was induced to try S. S. S. Soon after commencing its use, I found my appetite much improved, and at times could not get any sleep, which I had taken almost daily for twelve months, was no longer necessary. Since childhood I have been subject to a slight degree of nervousness, and since December 1, 1888, at which time I commenced taking S. S. S., I have had only one attack, and that was when I neglected to take the Specific. I do not now have to take purgative medicine. J. E. RAND, Boling, Ala.

Tormenting Skin Diseases.

For twenty years I was troubled with a tormenting itching skin disease, which at times caused me great annoyance and loss of sleep. I was treated by the best local physicians, but received no relief from them. I finally concluded to take Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), a half dozen bottles of which effected what I consider a permanent cure, as I have felt no symptoms of the disease for over a year. W. T. COWLES, Terrell, Texas.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC CO.

Drawers 3, Atlanta, Georgia.

SCHOOL ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SCHOOL For Boys and girls.

I will open a School in Clinton the SECOND MONDAY IN JANUARY next. Tuition from \$1.00 a month up. All the branches of English, Latin, Music and Art will be taught. For further particulars address dec19-1t MISS MARY C. FERRELL, Clinton, N. C.

Clinton School FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

REV. J. W. TURNER, A. M., Principal. MRS. J. W. TURNER, Assistant. Spring Term Opens Monday December 30th, 1889.

This School is divided into five grades: Primary, Advanced Primary, Junior, Intermediate and Senior. Tuition rates according to the grades. Latin, Greek and French are taught without extra charge. No contingent fee is charged. Where expedient, Country Produce will be received in settlement of bills. For Rates of Tuition and further information address, aug8-1t REV. J. W. TURNER, Clinton, N. C.

Salem High School, ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

MARION BUTLER A. B., Supt. A Boarding School for Both Sexes. Spring Term of the Session of '89 and '90 Opens January 6th.

RATES OF TUITION.

PRIMARY, per month \$1 00. INTERMEDIATE, 1st Grade, per month \$1 50. 2nd Grade, per month \$1 50. ACADEMIC, 1st Grade, per month \$2 25. 2nd Grade, per month \$2 25. PREPARATORY COLLEGIATE, 8 25. The Business course is especially for young men. The course of study is Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Business Law, with the requisite amount of time filled up with studies selected. Tuition per month \$3.50. Latin or French, in addition to the studies in any of the above departments, 25 cents extra per month.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

In this department instructions are given in both Vocal and Instrumental Music. Tuition per month \$2.75 each. When the Vocal and Instrumental are combined, the pupil gets twice the amount of time for practice, with a reduction of \$1.50 per month on the regular tuition rates, i. e. \$4.00 per month. No extra charge for instrument. A class of girls in ELOCUTION will be started at the opening of the term. Special training in Reading and in Recitations. Tuition 75 cents per month extra. The Athenaeum Lit. Club and Philotechnic Lit. Society, separate organizations for the girls and boys respectively, are an attractive feature of the School.

BOARD.

Good Board, including washing, lights, etc. can be obtained in good families, convenient to the school, at from \$6.00 to \$7.00 per month. For further particulars address, G. E. BUTLER, (U. N. C.) Principal, Huntley, N. C. jy4-1t

CLINTON FEMALE INSTITUTE!

This School, organized three years ago, under the present management, has steadily grown in numbers and reputation. The Spring Session will begin

JANUARY 6th, 1890.

Thorough instruction given by competent and experienced teachers in all of the departments, Collegiate, Music and Art. TERMS REASONABLE. Boarding Department under the supervision of the Principal. For further information apply for Catalogue. dec6-1t MISS MARY ANDERSON, Principal.

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, made in the case of J. H. Burlington vs. Arthur Vann, the same being a proceeding for the partition of personal property, for the purpose of making said partition, the undersigned, commissioner of said court, will sell, by public auction, for cash, at the Courthouse in Clinton, N. C., on Friday, the 3rd day of January, 1890, the property described in the petition in said case, consisting of one steam engine and boiler, 18 horse power, Talbot make; saws, saws and log carriage, cut off saw and all the belt, shafting, apparatus and appliances usually connected therewith. Also one cotton gin, 40 saw, belt and wire rope used or connected therewith. Also one cotton press, Brook's make. Also one grist mill, rocks and all the gearing, belts, fixtures, &c., connected therewith. All of which is in Honeycutts township, Sampson county. F. R. COOPER, Commissioner. This Dec. 12th, 1889.—4t

NOTICE!

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED as administrator upon the estate of S. O. Sutton, deceased, notice is hereby given all the creditors of said estate to present their claims, duly proved, on or before the 12th day of November, 1890, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make prompt settlement. E. B. DAUGHTRY, Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING qualified as executor to the last will and testament of Jas. H. Lamb, decd, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against the estate of said testator, to present them within twelve months from the date hereof, duly authenticated, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make immediate payment. J. C. LAMB, Executor. W. S. THOMSON, Attorney. December 18th, 1889.—19-6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Long Pole Wain At Last Supplied. Read the following testimonials, which are a sample of the hundreds we have received: J. C. HARRIS, Hobton, N. C.—I used a pair of your Pole Line Rings last year. I find they are easier for the horse, convenient and a great protection to plow lines, and would not be without them. Can recommend them to every farmer. J. H. PACKER, Keener, N. C. Hobton. J. C. Hobbs, Eq.—I have been using your Rim Rings and am well pleased with them. W. R. WEEKS. Address, J. C. HOBBS, Hobton, N. C. dec5-1t