

THE CAUCASIAN

Entered according to Act of Congress at Clinton, N. C., in second class mail matter.

CLINTON, N. C., JAN. 15 1919.

STATE CAPITAL

[Continued from First Page.]

THE SENATE

FIFTH DAY, MONDAY, JAN. 12TH.

After reports on bills by the different committees, the following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. McLarty, a bill to amend the Constitution Judiciary.

Mr. Butler, a bill to prevent unnecessary delay in the trial of criminal cases.

This bill is along the line of one of the demands of the Farmers' Alliance with reference to securing speedy justice and to prevent the prolongation of trials on purely technical grounds, which so often makes delayed justice so dear.

One section of the bill incorporates one of the suggestions made by the Attorney General in his last report, and which was referred to editorially by the Chronicle a few days since.

Mr. Turner, a bill to pay Solicitors an annual salary. This bill provides a scale of costs in criminal cases and that Solicitors shall be paid an annual salary of \$1,800 as full compensation.

Mr. Holloway, a bill to license the dealing in futures in North Carolina. This bill provides that all dealers in futures shall pay a tax of \$10,000 annually.

Mr. Bellamy, a bill to authorize the Treasurer of the State to pay mileage and per diem to persons examined before the Railroad Investigating Committee.

Finance.

Mr. Butler then moved that the similar resolutions which were not in the hands of committee be taken from that committee and placed upon the table.

On motion of Mr. Butler, the rules were suspended and House resolution 41, in regard to instructions to our members of Congress on a national financial policy and adopting the principles as laid down in the Ocala National Alliance Convention was taken from the calendar and read.

Mr. Butler accepted them in lieu of his resolutions of last Saturday which were still in the hands of the committee on Federal Relations.

The question then occurred upon its passage.

Mr. Williams wanted some information about the resolution. He wished the platform and resolutions of the Ocala meeting read.

Mr. Butler would say for the information of the Senator that he would accept pleasure in presenting them with the platform if he would come to his room.

Though it seemed to him that every one, at least a State Senator, should be informed about a matter that had been so fully discussed.

The call for the previous question was made by Mr. Aycock and sustained.

Mr. Butler called for the yeas and nays. The following is the vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Allen of Bladen, Allen of G. Anville, Alston, Ardrey, Atwater, Avery, Aycock, Bellamy, Bishop, Bowers, Bryan, Butler, Chesson, Courts, Cutbert, Davis of Franklin, Davis of Haywood, Durham Freeman, Galloway, Gilman, Green of Harrett, Green of Wake, Grigsby, Hobson, Lucas, McLean, McLarty, Mitchell, Morcan, Paine, Parker, Reid, Reynolds, Ros, Russell, Shankie, Skinner, Speight, Sprinkle, Stanford, Tarne, Twitty, Walsler, White, Wilcox, Williams. Total 46.

Many Senators took occasion as their name was called to explain their vote.

The bill to prevent the use of language calculated to create a breach of peace was reported favorably, passed second and third reading and was ordered engrossed and sent to the House.

The House resolution of thanks to the State Chronicle was adopted.

NOTES

Rev. Daniel Culbreth of the North Carolina Conference and a native of Sampson county, died here on the 7th instant, at the advanced age of 83. See fuller particulars in a special communication. The deceased is a uncle of Senator Culbreth of Columbus, who is now representing the 15th district. Senator Culbreth is also a native of Sampson county, and will make a useful and efficient member of this body.

At the Democratic caucus Monday night Senator Vance was put in nomination for his own success or by Col. Pickett, of Anson, who was in the Legislature 36 years ago with Vance then a member of the House from Lenoire. The nomination was seconded by the Senator from Sampson and other members of the General Assembly. Vance was nominated by acclamation and great enthusiasm. When the venerable statesman appeared in the hall to accept the nomination, enthusiasm was wild. His speech was touching and masterly.

FIFTH DAY, MONDAY, JAN. 12TH.

Mr. Sutton, chairman judiciary committee, reported favorably.

S. B. 59. Authorizing removal of Trinity College, and for other purposes. H. B. 27. To amend chapter 90.

Mr. Bryan of Wayne, relating to the cancellation of mortgages, deeds of trust and other instruments. Finance committee.

Mr. Sutton of Cumberland, to amend section 32 of The Code, Judiciary committee.

Mr. Franck of Onslow, amending Section 1690 of The Code, relating to the registration of lands. Judiciary.

Mr. Ray of Onslow, to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in certain localities. Propositions and grievances.

Mr. Cox, of Pitt, amending chapter 44, laws of 1889, relating to obtaining advances under false pretences. Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Henry, of Rockingham, relating to mortgaged property. Judiciary. Another relating to the prompt payment of all monies collected by law.

Mr. Houck, of Burke, incorporating the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Corporations.

Mr. Sutton, of Cumberland, authorizing the sale of land in certain contingent cases. Judiciary.

Upon motion of Mr. Henry, of Rockingham, the resolution requesting an investigation of the public school system, was taken from the calendar and put upon its passage. Mr. Henry speaking of the resolution, said he only wanted a careful investigation by both houses, regarding the reduction of salaries and the working of the present system. The resolution was adopted and ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

[Regular Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.

Mr. Harrison now fully realizes the ancient adage. "There's many a slip" etc. It would be hard to find a more disgruntled man. Just as he thought the pins were all set up for the passage of the Force bill, by which he expects to obtain another term in the White House, presto, change, and his hobby gress glimmering and is replaced by a financial measure which will probably, I might safely say certainly include what Mr. Harrison is a strongly opposed to as he can be to anything—the free and unlimited coinage of silver. To say that the radical republican Senators were dazed by the side tracking of the Force bill but mildly express the situation; they were completely demoralized, and are still in that condition, in spite of constant consultations with Mr. Harrison and Speaker Reed.

The charge that the result was brought about by a bargain between the democrats and the silver republicans was too silly to need the denials which prominent gentlemen on both sides have given to it. The democrats entered the fight against the Force bill determined to take advantage of any opportunity that might offer to defend it, and they were fortunate enough not only to succeed in having the most noxious measure ever before Congress laid aside, it is to be hoped permanently, but in getting up a bill, which, when amended, will afford the country a much needed financial relief.

It is hoped that the financial bill may be disposed of in the Senate in a few days, and it will be, unless the republicans can succeed in whipping enough of their Senators into agreeing to take up the Force bill again, or the anti-silver republicans, who are now hatching up some mischief, unless all signs fail, shall resort to filibustering to prevent a vote. If it passes the Senate Speaker Reed and Mr. Harrison will have a hard time to stop it in the House, and it is extremely doubtful whether Mr. Harrison, in view of his candidacy for a renomination, will dare to vote it, as he would otherwise like to do. Democrats are feeling very jubilant over their victory, as they have a right to do; it was fairly earned by vigilance and constant attendance upon the sessions of the Senate, no matter what the inconvenience might be to individual Senators.

The administration seems to be making as big a mess of Indian matters as it has of everything else it has touched. A resolution, offered by Representative McAdoo, has been adopted by the House, providing for an investigation of the killing of Sitting Bull, and it is believed that the investigation will expose a shameful state of affairs.

The House is still hammering away on the Shipping bill, and its friends claim that its passage is assured, but this is not conceded by its opponents, who are numerous and energetic.

The Democratic members of the Senate Census committee have made a minority report on the Apportionment bill, favoring an amendment giving Arkansas, Minnesota and New York one member each additional, because of the large fraction each of those Senate

has after dividing the population by the number required per Representative. This, if adopted, would make the total Membership of the House 359.

The two new Senators from Idaho, who cast their maiden votes to lay aside the Force bill, have according to custom drawn lots to decide upon their respective terms. Mr. Shoup got the long term which expires March 4, 1895, and Mr. McConnell the short term, which ends with the present Congress.

It never looked more like an extra session of the Fifty-second Congress than it does now.

Alliance Department.

ALLIANCE NOTES, DISCUSSIONS AND THE DOINGS OF THE VARIOUS LODGES.

The Sampson County Farmers' Alliance was called to order in regular quarterly session by R. M. Crumpler, Vice President. President W. K. Pigford, being absent, on Friday, Jan. 9, 1891, at 10:30 a. m. Prayer by Rev. J. O. Tew, Chaplain, W. K. Pigford's resignation as President was read and accepted. The meeting thereupon went into the election for President. C. H. Williams was duly elected. Forty-three Sub-Alliances were represented showing a membership of 1800 in the forty-three Sub-Alliances. Six Sub-Alliances were not represented.

A great deal of business was transacted of a private nature.

C. H. WILLIAMS, Pres.

O. F. HERRING, Sec'y.

OAK RIDGE ALLIANCE.

Mr. Editor: You will please allow space in your paper for a short sketch of the proceedings of the Union Alliance held at Oak Ridge school house Jan. 3 d 1891. The meeting was largely attended by brethren and sisters and friends from surrounding neighborhood; all with baskets of provisions and set a fine dinner which very much added to the pleasure and interest of the occasion. There were six sub alliances represented. R. M. Crumpler called the union together, and stated in a few brief remarks, the object of assembly. Several queries were discussed, and able speeches were made by brethren of the different lodges. Among the most interesting proceedings of the following resolutions were adopted and ordered to be presented to the County Alliance.

Resolved 1st. That we the farmers' alliance in Union meeting at Oak Ridge lodge the 3rd day of Jan. 1891. Do resolve that the present expensive system under which our public schools are run, should be abolished and do recommend that our county alliance demands of our present legislature to change the law in such a way, as to run the schools in a more equitable basis, and have the money to come more directly to the children to whom it belongs.

Resolved 2. Whereas the State and National Farmers' Alliance, have made certain demands, and claiming as we do, those demands to be reassembled. Be it resolved that the county alliance instruct our present representatives not to support for the United States Senate any man that will not pledge himself to go for them.

W. J. WATSON, acting Sec'y.

[Progressive Farmer please copy.]

A Forum of Public Opinion.

THE OPINION OF OUR READERS ON THE VARIOUS TOPICS OF THE DAY.

We offer this column to our readers in which to discuss topics of interest and profit to them.—Ed.

OLD TIME FREESCHOOL THE BEST.

Mr. Editor: Now that the General Assembly has convened, the readers of THE CAUCASIAN may expect to hear of all sorts of legislative bills favoring free education. While many people advocate increased appropriations for the present school system, there are others who want "a higher education" at the expense of the State, and still a few who demand compulsory education. But we are glad to believe that a large majority of the taxpayers of Sampson county take no stock in the "ama-goozes, cranks and fanatics, who are howling to have their children educated at other people's expense. If we must have free education for the taxpayers of Sampson prefer the old-time system which worked well for our fathers, and has not been improved upon by these latter-day theorists.

The old-time, old field free school undertook only to teach children "the three R's" when a boy could read, write and cipher, he was supposed to be qualified for the duties of every day life, and the old field school graduated him. If he wanted any more education he got it himself. The old field school

had furnished the means of doing so, and the boy who had the brains and the grit and wanted a higher education, went to the seminary or college at his own expense, while the duller boys turned their attention to other pursuits. Utility being the test and measure of education, it must be admitted that the old system was a good one, for it turned out many intelligent successful and useful men and women and few cranks. The very paternal theory of government that the State should liberally educate its children had not been introduced in our Southern politics. Apart from the impossibility of training all minds up to the same standard, there is no more reason why the State should furnish a good education to its citizens than that it should furnish them with food and clothing, or "forty acres and a mule." The old field drill made good readers, first-rate writers and accurate accountants, and was sufficient to develop the powers of the young mind; if there fore sought the good of the greatest number, and consequently satisfied the requirements of the State. But these latter-day cranks are demanding a wider range of studies. And they are not content to stop here, but are howling for a law to force parents to send their children to school. Of all the blessings say these cranks and lunatics, there's nothing like education, but, does education necessarily make a man a better citizen than he otherwise would be? Statistics show the contrary, rather. Let's see. Out of 85,049 arrests in New York city the past year, only 4,033 were set down as "without education." No, fellow citizens, the biggest rascals and worst criminals in America to day are your educated fellows. And the records of crime here in North Carolina show that some of the wickedest men (and women, too) are highly educated,—college graduates. The criminal statistics of Raleigh, the Capital of the State, for the past two years verifies the assertion. Read the court and other records of Wake county and you will see that her worst adulterers, biggest thieves and forgers, and vilest rapists were all cultured men, and nearly all high State and Church officials. True there is an education that may improve morals, but it is a moral education; but even this is not a certain cure. "Nothing," says a distinguished writer on ethics, "can improve morals but the Gospel of Christ, and that, not as law, but as grace, because it gives man pardon for the past and help to do better in the future." It is generally your highly educated—cultured ladies and gentlemen who seek divorces and get mixed up in crim. con. suits, and the like, but what's the use of enlarging on this (and we beg the readers of THE CAUCASIAN to stick a pin here): North Carolina needs the Gospel more than she needs school houses.

them, but along in Nov. and Dec. here they come back. Look at him, loafing around Clinton with fine suit of clothes on, big overcoat, gauntlet gloves, round top hat, fine gaiter shoes, watch and shiny chain dangling, drinking whiskey, talking his big talk about his Georgia trip. Right then his wife and child are in a little log cabin out on your plantation, cracks not stopped, chimney about to fall down, sitting over a little fire, made from rails off of your fence, and probably hungry. He loaf around, eating what little his fat wife has made with the little Bob Tail Ball, until Jan. 1st, when he goes out. Then he skips for Georgia, most of them skipping the tax collector. Then say, double my tax for the education of their children, when he has not contributed one cent, not even paid his tax; no, sair, E. Tax me for my people, tax them for theirs. It this can't be done, then I say abolish free education altogether. On election day, do they cooperate with you? No, you support your man, and they support theirs. Then let it be in the matter of schools. Look out ye Representatives, claiming to be Democrats, and elected as Democrats, to this present Legislature, now in session. No. 10 of our is overwhelmingly Democratic. That great Mass, want Z. B. Vance, that great and good man, that beloved man, for U. S. Senator, should be thrown overboard, those that do it, or assist in doing it, will reap the condemnation and deep damnation of the best element of the people of North Carolina. Mind how you make laws for extravagant appropriations, calling for increased taxation. It was the last straw that broke the cammell's back, don't pile on that last straw now, for we have enough. Bring home a clear record, for, if you can't head with extravagance you may expect to reap the whirlwind two years hence, let's have retrenchment. Come B. O. Farmer let's hear you on free education.

FARMER & LITTLE TAX PAYER.

Send Will the State Chronicle please copy the above?

Many Persons

Are broken down from overwork or household

chore. Brody's Iron Bitters

rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKE BOTANIC BLOOD BALM FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

The Best Household Medicine.

Once or twice each year the system needs purging of the impurities which clog the blood. From childhood to old age, no remedy meets all cases with the same certainty of good results as

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

W. C. McCaskey, Webb City, Ark., writes:

"B. B. B. has done me more good and for less money than any other blood purifier I ever used. I love the comfort of my life to it."

P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 30, 1888, writes: "I depend on B. B. B. for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor."

Write for illustrated "Book of wonders." BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sent free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOBACCO SEED!

Ragland's varieties are standards of excellence in all classes and types of tobacco, and particularly for Extra FINE BROWN MAHOGANIES, and SWEET FILLERS, for which his collection is unsurpassed and that produce the best paying crops.

His new Catalogue, free, will convince planters of the advantages in using his superior varieties. Write for one, order the best and raise crops that pay.

R. L. RAGLAND, Hyes, Va.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS — NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hardware!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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The Caucasian is at the Head

Of local papers in North Carolina and never at the tail in anything. No paper will keep you better posted on what

CONGRESS IN THE LEGISLATURE

Are doing than THE CAUCASIAN. Subscribe now and keep an

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THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, COMMITTEE

Some duly appointed by an order of the Superior Court of Sampson county, in the case of Isaac Williams, executor of B. Lee, deceased, against the heirs-at-law of the said B. Lee, will, on the 9th day of February, 1891, at the court house door in Clinton, N. C., at public auction, sell the lands of the said B. Lee, deceased lying and being in Sampson county, Newton Grove township, and known as the "Cole place."

TERMS OF SALE—20 per cent. cash, and the balance in two equal payments, payable in six and twelve months, with 8 per cent. interest from day of sale, with good and approved security. Title reserved until the purchase money is paid in full.

ISAAC WILLIAMS, Executor and Commissioner.

January 1st, 1890.—8-1

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His new Catalogue, free, will convince planters of the advantages in using his superior varieties. Write for one, order the best and raise crops that pay.

R. L. RAGLAND, Hyes, Va.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS — NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hardware!

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