

THE CAUCASIAN.
 PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
 By MARION BUTLER,
 Editor and Proprietor.
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THE CAUCASIAN.

Fare Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. X.

CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1891.

No. 7.

IF YOU WOULD
 To communicate with about ten
 thousand of the best country
 people in this section of North
 Carolina then do it through the
 columns of THE CAUCASIAN. No
 other paper in the Third Con-
 gressional District has as large
 a circulation.

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PAPEES.

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton; Progressive Farmer, Raleigh; Rural Home, Wilson; Farmer's Advocate, Feltner, Salisbury; Watchman, Salisbury; Alliance Sentinel, Goldsboro; Hickory Mercury, Hickory; The Rattler, Whitakers; Country Life, Trinity College; Mountain Home Journal, Asheville; Agricultural Review, Goldsboro; Columbus News, Whiteville.

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN.

W. R. ALLEN, W. T. DORTCH, A. LLEN & DORTCH, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Goldsboro, N. C. Will practice in Sampson county. Feb 27-41

M. LEE, M. D., Physician, Surgeon and Dentist, Office in Lee's Drug Store. Je 7-19

H. E. FAISON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office on Main Street, will practice in courts of Sampson and adjoining counties. Also in Supreme Court. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention. Je 7-19

E. W. KERR, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office on Wall Street. Will practice in Sampson, Bladen, Pender, Harnett and Duplin Counties. Also in Supreme Court. Prompt personal attention will be given to all legal business. Je 7-19

FRANK BOYETTE, D. B.S., DENTISTRY, Office on Main Street. Will offer his services to the people of Clinton and vicinity. Everything in the line of Dentistry done in the best style. Satisfaction guaranteed. My terms are strictly cash. Don't ask me to vary from this rule.

REMOVAL!

J. T. GREGORY, Has removed his Tailoring Establishment from his old stand in the M. E. Church.

The great and original leader in low prices for men's clothes. Economy in cloth and money will force you to give him a call.

Latest Fashion plates always on hand. June 7th. 1 yr.

A First-Class BARBER SHOP.

If you wish a first-class shave, Hair Cut, Shampoo or Mustache cleaned, call at my place of business on Wall Street, three doors from the corner of M. Hanstein's, there you will find me at all hours.

RAZORS SHARP, SHEARS KEEN!

If you want a good job don't fail to call on me. J. H. SIMMONS, Barber. April 4-14

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

Known Indications: Biliousness, Hypertension, Headache, Nervousness, and General Debility. Medical experts remark that all ailments of the digestive tract can be cured and all diseases wrapped.

PRESIDENT POLK is Unanimously Re-Elected.

Newspaper Exaggerated Reports of the Alliance Split Corrected—by a Delegate.

The great National Convention of the Farmers' Alliance have just closed a very important meeting at Indianapolis. The latest news we have not been able to get in this issue, on account of the letter from Hon. Marion Butler, editor of this paper, being lost, but we will give full accounts next week.

FALSE REPORTS.

We interviewed Mr. G. A. Clute, who attended the meeting, in regards to the much talked of and exaggerated reports of "the Big Alliance Split," which some have been so vehemently gloating over, and Mr. Clute says that the meeting was harmonious and much enthusiasm was shown by those who attended the Convention. That the misapprehension of so disastrous result exist principally in flaming headlines of the press, and in the cock and bull reports of a few newspaper publishers, who possibly heard a little and made up the rest. This was as we expected and we are not much troubled. Wait and hear from only those who know.

PIES, POLK RE-ELECTED.

The following telegram explains itself:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 19.

Col. L. L. Polk was today unanimously re-elected as President of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union by the Supreme Council. The vote in his favor was absolutely unanimous. No other nomination was made for the office of President, and when the vote came it was amid by one great acclamation and the wildest enthusiasm and most tumultuous applause. Tonight at the Hotel English President Polk was presented by the California delegation with choice fruits from California soil. The lobbies of the hotel were packed with people and the presentation was followed by short addresses from speakers representing every section of the country. All spoke on the line of general and absolute fraternalism. Sectionalism was buried with its face downward to scratch its way down to its merited home.

ALARMING STATISTICS AS TO BUSINESS FAILURES DURING THE PAST NINE MONTHS.

Bradstreet reports the failures for the past nine months at \$366; for the corresponding nine months of last year, \$258, an increase of 1,228. Total liabilities for nine months this year, \$138,811,549; last year for same period, \$92,541,950, an increase of \$46,269,599. These figures seem to indicate a condition of prosperity with a vengeance. It should be remembered that these figures apply only to business failures, and only a part of them. Mortgage failures, deeds of trust failures, chattel mortgage and bond failures are not considered in this statement. There has doubtless been 20,000 or more absolute failures during the time named, with liabilities more than double the amount given. This statement is enough to fill every honest man with alarm. Who is safe under financial conditions that have driven nearly 9,000 business men to bankruptcy and destroyed values to the amount of \$138,800,000? Whose turn will come next, and what kind of business enterprise will stand the shock?

How a Methodist Preacher Accounts for the Different Types in the Human Family.

Rev. T. P. Ricard, in his lecture last night, took the position—and backed up his statements and arguments by scriptural quotations—that the inferior races of mankind did not originate with Adam, and that some races were in existence prior to and contemporaneous with him; that the fossil, contrary to the generally received opinion, did not extend over the whole world; that three races did not therefore become extinct but that their descendants are inhabitants of the world to day, and the separate origin of their city accounts for the vast differences now manifested in the various types of the human family to day.—New Berne Journal.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "I find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine made." "I feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at R. H. HOLLIDAY'S Drugstore, Clinton, N. C., and JOHN H. SMITH, drugist, Mt. Olive, N. C.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Speakership Contest—Secretary Foster—Sherman—Foraker—Harrison—Pow-Wow—'Uncle Jerry'—as a Politician—Other News.

(Regular Correspondent.)
 WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.
 The coming session of Congress promises to be one of the most interesting, particularly to Democrats and opponents of the present high tariff, we have had for years. Notwithstanding the Republican majority in the Senate, there is a probability that some of the worst features of the McKinley law may be modified, if not repealed, and the Democratic House will see that the appropriations are kept within reasonable bounds. The people have had enough of billion dollar Congresses.

The Speakership contest is now in a very interesting stage, and, in spite of the nearness of the assembling of Congress, it is still in doubt. It had been considered previous to this week that Mr. Mills was slightly in the lead, although lacking considerable of enough votes to nominate him, with Mr. Crisp a close second. It is now thought that this is reversed, owing to the announcement that the Democratic members from New York city would support Mr. Crisp. These members are all connected with Tammany Hall, and there is a disposition among some of the opponents of Mr. Crisp to call him the Tammany candidate, but remembering the fate with which Mr. Fassett met for calling Governor-elect Flower a Tammany candidate, they speak softly. It is the belief of many who observe that neither Mills nor Crisp will be elected, but that the honor will go to some of the other candidates—McMillan, Springer, Bynum, Hatch or Wilson.

Considerable amusement was created here by Secretary Foster's attempt, in his financial speech before the New York Chamber of Commerce this week, to catch both free coinage and anti-free coinage men in the same net. It will not add to his fame as a financier, but as a juggling feat it is worthy of his author and in keeping with the policy he has followed from the first day he took charge of the country finances.

The Sherman Foraker fight in Ohio may result in disrupting the case at before Mr. Blaine's Presidential aspiration does it. It is no secret in Washington that Blaine dislikes Sherman and that the feeling is cordily returned, nor is it that Mr. Harrison has long shown a fiery Orion; he took himself off in a huff, and went to Mr. Blaine, his friend, for consolation. This week Secretary Foster raised a big row in the Ohio Republican Association, which contains many friends of Foraker, by making a speech in favor of the re-election of Sherman. Mr. Blaine doesn't like this and it is believed that he is bringing all the personal influence he can command in Ohio to Foraker's aid, and that Foraker is to reciprocate next year.

THE IMAGE AND SUPERScription OF CASH.

Rockefeller & Co. say how much all America and the whole world shall pay for the oil they burn in their lamps.
 Wendell Phillips once said he was ashamed of civilization that made five thousand men depend on one man.
 What would he think of the Standard Oil Monopoly?
 Armour & Co. say how much we shall have for our cattle and hogs, and how much every one shall pay for their meat.
 A few speculators set the prices on the vast grain product of the world, and Gould & Co. do our hauling at their own sweet will, and the sweet will is "all the traffic will bear."
 Kansas.

How is This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 16 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
 WEST & TRIAX, Wholesale Drugists, Toledo, O.
 W. H. KINNA & M. W. IN, Wholesale Drugists, Toledo, O.
 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by J. R. Smith, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C., and Dr. B. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C.

THE SOUTH'S PRODUCT.

The following are the figures of the products of the soil for 1890:
 Cotton, \$300,000,000
 Tobacco, 33,000,000
 Sugar and Molasses, 18,000,000
 Corn, 350,000,000
 Wheat, 48,000,000
 Dates, 30,000,000
 Fruits, 25,000,000
 Forest products, 110,000,000
 Rice, hay, cereals and cat-tle products, 100,000,000
 Total, \$1,049,000,000
 Genl. Holt's Address in Raleigh.

J. W. Yates, Tallahoma, Tenn., writes:

"It does me good to praise Botanic Blood Balm. It cured me of an abscess on the lungs and asthma that troubled me two years and that other remedies failed to benefit."

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

A COLUMN FOR THOSE WHO WILL READ AND THINK.

As the farmer is the great fountain head of all national and individual wealth, why not legislate wisely in the interests of rings, combines, pools and trusts and against his interest? Is there any good reason why those who create the wealth should not be entitled to all the rights and immunities that other people receive?
 More money, less debt or bankruptcy for the masses. Take your choice.
 Are you a member of the Alliance? If so show by your acts. Don't be ashamed of it. Don't borrow opinion. Think for yourself, act for yourself. Be a man—be an Alliance man.

It is not because the Alliance does not know what it wants, but because it does know, that is bringing out such a tirade of abuse from the cesspool of corruption against it.—The Western Call.

In a recent speech Senator Gorman, of Maryland, one of the foremost of living Democrats, said that the protest of the Farmers' Alliance against the force bill did more to defeat it than all other causes put together. He declared that that declaration of the Alliance was of greater importance than any other made in America since the Declaration of Independence, because it was the declaration of a great independent organization representing all parties and all sections of this great country.

The Bible says that he "that hath taken usury shall not live." But times have changed, and the man who takes the most usury lives better than anybody. He may squeeze the very life out of some poor devil, and then turn his hypocritical eyes toward heaven and ask the Lord to be kind to the poor and afflicted.—Ex.

"Liberally can not long endure in a country where the tendency of legislation is to concentrate wealth in the hands of a few."—Daniel Webster.

What then are we to expect will be the out come of our Republic? Never before in the history of the world has wealth concentrated with such rapidity in the hands of a few as it has in this country in the past thirty years. Industry is staggering beneath the load of debt imposed by class legislation. Every avocation is made to pay tribute to the money power. The insatiate greed of avarice has fastened itself upon every avenue of human employment and is draining out the life-blood of all industry. In the great cities wealth rears its head and in insolence masters the wants of man. Faster and faster the humanity strikes in the hopeless effort to supply human want.

Larger and larger grows the stream of wealth that flows away from the fields of industry to the fields of idleness. How long can our civil institutions stand the strain?—The Critic.

The Dangerous Classes.

The market place was the center of social and political life, and it was there where people went to talk and hear the news. Booths and banners were set up for merchandise of all kinds, except meat; but everything must be sold for cash, and there must be no lying about the value of commodities, and the Agoronomi who ruled the place could inflict severe punishment upon offenders. The different schools of thinkers had distinct places apart for convocation. The Platons must meet at the cheese market, the Deceitians at the barber shop, the sellers of perfumes at the frankincense headquarters.

La Grippe Again.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved, but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble. Trial bottles free at Dr. R. H. Holliday's Drugstore, Clinton, and Mr. John R. Smith's Drugstore, Mt. Olive, N. C.

The Arkansas Farmer (Little Rock) says:

"Don't think because your little sub-Alliance is puny and wanting in energy and life that the Order is going down. Read up and see that it is going ahead with all steam on. It grows at the rate of two or three thousand a day. Thirty-eight States have been organized! and all will join the column. Nothing can stop the great march of the people. Take hope, take courage, and the victory will be yours. Right will in the end be your victor."

The German War Department,

after experimenting with American guns, has decided to recommend the use by the army of bread made of equal proportions of corn and rye.

Mrs. Diaz, wife of the President of Mexico, will probably be chosen leader of the women of Mexico who will take part in the Columbian Exhibition.

The Prince of Wales was fifty years of age Monday. Among the presents he received was a gold cigar box, weighing one hundred ounces, from the dramatic profession in London.

Human life is like a game of chess—each piece holds its place upon the chess board—king, queen, bishop and pawn. Death comes, the game is up, and all are thrown, without distraction, pell-mell in the same bag.—A Tyro's idea of this life.

LAW.

Captions of Some Acts Passed by Last Legislature, With Synopsis of Contents.

Cigarettes—Unlawful to sell or give away cigarettes, or cut tobacco which may be used for cigarettes, to any person under seventeen years of age; any person assisting a minor under seventeen to buy or procure cigarettes is guilty of misdemeanor; Jurisdiction to Superior Court.

Protect Seed-Buyers—An Act to protect seed-buyers in North Carolina. Unlawful to sell seed unless year in which grown marked on the package; Act to take effect September 1st, 1891.

Holiday Birth-day of R. E. Lee, January 19th, made a public holiday. Concealed Weapons—Penalty for carrying concealed weapons not more than \$50 nor less than \$20, or imprisonment not over thirty days; Chapter 68 of laws 1887 amended.

Cruelty to Animals—Penalty for cruelty to animals in the Code Sections 2432, 2434, 6, 7, 8, and 9, reduced to the jurisdiction of a Justice of the peace. Chapt. 12, vol. 2 of Code of 1887 amended.

Gambling at Fairs—All games of chance, wheels of fortune, etc., forbidden. It is now thought that this is reversed, owing to the announcement that the Democratic members from New York city would support Mr. Crisp. These members are all connected with Tammany Hall, and there is a disposition among some of the opponents of Mr. Crisp to call him the Tammany candidate, but remembering the fate with which Mr. Fassett met for calling Governor-elect Flower a Tammany candidate, they speak softly. It is the belief of many who observe that neither Mills nor Crisp will be elected, but that the honor will go to some of the other candidates—McMillan, Springer, Bynum, Hatch or Wilson.

Suppress Gambling—An Act to suppress gambling. Made a misdemeanor to play any game of chance at which money or property or thing of value is bet.

Hog Cholera—Swine with cholera not to have access to ditch or water-course; bodies of dead hogs not to be thrown in water-courses; made applicable to all counties. Chapter 173, Laws '89 amended.

False Pretence—Punishment for obtaining advance upon false promise to begin or complete work, reduced by selling or conveying. Chapter 414, Laws '89 amended.

Tenant—Notice to quit, to terminate a tenancy from year to year, may be one month (instead of three) and from month to month, seven days (instead of fourteen). Sec. 1750 of Code amended.

Lumber Inspector—Lumber inspector to be appointed in counties named by county commissioners; to measure and inspect logs and timber; five cents per 1,000 feet, to be paid equally by seller and buyer. For the following counties: Onslow, Jones, Craven, Carteret, Bertie, Cumberland, Harnett, Northampton, Pender, Pitt, Sampson and Swain.

Registering Cattle, &c.—Obtaining false registration of breed of animal, fowl, etc., made a misdemeanor; obtaining money by representing the breed of animal a misdemeanor.

To Change Name—Persons for false registration of breed of animal, at courthouse door, may apply by petition to change his or her name; proof of good character; order by clerk; can only be done once. See Article 2, Sec. 11 of Constitution.

The Athenian Market Place.

The market place was the center of social and political life, and it was there where people went to talk and hear the news. Booths and banners were set up for merchandise of all kinds, except meat; but everything must be sold for cash, and there must be no lying about the value of commodities, and the Agoronomi who ruled the place could inflict severe punishment upon offenders. The different schools of thinkers had distinct places apart for convocation. The Platons must meet at the cheese market, the Deceitians at the barber shop, the sellers of perfumes at the frankincense headquarters.

Misereva Is Full Armor.

Here is the colossal statue of Misereva in full armor, eyes of gray color, stone, figure of a Sphinx, on her head, griffin by her side (which are lions with eagle's beak), spear in one hand, statue of Liberty in the other, a shield carved with battle scenes, and even the slippers sculptured and tied on with things of gold. Far out at sea the sailors saw this statue of Misereva, riding high above all the temples, glittering in the sun. Here are statues of equestrians, statue of a lioness, and there are the Graces and yonder a horse in bronze.

There is a statue said in the time of Augustus to have of his own accord turned around from east to west and spit blood; statues made out of shields conquered in battle; statue of Apollo, the expeller of locusts; statue of Anacreon, drunk and singing; statue of Olympiodorus, a Greek, memorable for the fact that he was cheerful when all other men were cast down, a trait worthy of sculpture. But walk on round around the Acropolis, and yonder you see a statue of Hygieia, and the statue of Theseus fighting the Minotaur, and the statue of Hercules slaying serpents.

No wonder that Petronius said it was easier to find a god than a man in Athens. Oh, the Acropolis, the mother of its temples and statues made from the marble quarries of Mount Pentelicon, a little way from the city.

I have here on my table a block of the Parthenon made out of this marble, and on it is the sculpture of Phidias. I brought it from the Acropolis. This specimen has on its front of ages, and the marks of explosion and battle, but you can get from it some idea of the delicate luster of the Acropolis when it was covered with a mountain of this marble cut into all the exquisite shapes that genius could contrive and strip with silver and flame with gold. The Acropolis in the morning light of those ancient times must have shone as though it were an aerolite cast off from the noonday sun. The temples must have looked like petrified foam.

THE WONDROUS ACROPOLIS.

We come now to the Acropolis. It is a rock about two miles in circumference at the base and a thousand feet in circumference at the top, and has been crowded more elaborately architecture and sculpture than in any other place under the whole heavens. Originally a fortress, afterward a congregation of temples and statues and pillars, which an earthquake from which no other city ever breaks. No wonder that Aristotle thought it the center of all things—Greece, the center of the world, Attica, the center of Greece; Athens, the center of Attica, and the Acropolis the center of Athens. Earthquakes have shaken it; Verres plundered it.

Lord Elgin, the English ambassador at Constantinople, got permission of the sultan to remove from the Acropolis fallen pieces of the building, but he took from the building to England the finest statues, removing them at an expense of eight hundred thousand dollars. A storm overthrew many of the statues of the Acropolis. Moreosini, the general, attempted to remove from a pediment the sculptured carnal horns of Victory, but the cutting machinery dropped it, and all was lost.

The Turks turned the building into a powder magazine where the Venetian guns dropped a fire that by explosion sent the columns flying in the air and falling cracked and splintered. But after all that time and storm and war and iconoclasm, the Acropolis is the monarch of all ruins, and before it bow the learning, the genius, the poetry, the art, the history of the ages. I saw it as it was thousands of years ago. I had read so much about it and I dreamed so much about it, that I needed no magician's wand to transport me.

At one wave of my hand on that clear morning in 1829 I rose before me in the glory it had when Pericles ordered it and Ictinus planned it and Phidias chiseled it and Protogenes painted it and Pausanias described it. Its gates, which were carefully guarded by the athenians, open to let you in, and you ascend by fifty marble steps to the propylea, which Epaminondas wanted to transfer to Thebes, but permission, I am glad to say, could not be granted for the removal of this architectural miracle.

Given Up to Idolatry.

REV. DR. TALMAGE PREACHES ABOUT PAUL IN THE CITY OF ATHENS.

Our God, our help in ages past,
 Our hope for years to come,
 Our confidence for ever stands,
 Our crown and glory all the same.

The sermon, which was on the Acropolis, is the sixth of the series Dr. Talmage is preaching on the subjects suggested by his tour in Bible lands. His text was taken from Acts xvii, 16, "While Paul waited for them at Athens his spirit was stirred in him, when he saw the city wholly given to idolatry."

It seemed as if morning would never come. We had arrived after dark in Athens, Greece, and the night was sleep with expectation, and we waked slowly unexpecting to me one and two and three and four o'clock, and at the first ray of dawn I called our party to look out of the window upon that city to which Paul said he was a debtor, and to which the whole earth is debtor for Greek architecture, Greek sculpture, Greek poetry, Greek eloquence, Greek progress and Greek history.

The morning in Athens was sunshined forth armed with most generous and lovely letters from the president of the United States and his secretary of state, and during all our stay in that city those letters caused every door and every gate and every temple and every palace to swing open before us. The highest geographical name on earth today is America. The signature of the American president and secretary of state will take a man where an army could not.

Those names brought us into the presence of a most gracious and beautiful sovereign, the queen of Greece, and her coronation was more like that of a sister than the occupant of a throne. No formal bow, as when monarchs are approached, but a cordial shake of the hand and earnest questions about our personal welfare and our beloved country far away. But this morning we pass through where stood the Agorai, an ancient market place, the locality where philosophers used to meet their disciples, walking while they talked, and where Paul, the Christian logician, flung many a proud stone, and took the laugh on many an impertinent Epicurean.

THE ATHENIAN MARKET PLACE.
 The market place was the center of social and political life, and it was there where people went to talk and hear the news. Booths and banners were set up for merchandise of all kinds, except meat; but everything must be sold for cash, and there must be no lying about the value of commodities, and the Agoronomi who ruled the place could inflict severe punishment upon offenders. The different schools of thinkers had distinct places apart for convocation. The Platons must meet at the cheese market, the Deceitians at the barber shop, the sellers of perfumes at the frankincense headquarters.

The market place was a space three hundred and fifty yards long and two hundred and fifty wide, and it was given up to gossip and merchandise and lounging and philosophizing. All this you need to know in order to understand the Bible when it says of Paul, "Therefore disputed he in the market daily with them that met him." You see it was the best place to get an audience, and if a man feels himself called to preach he wants people to preach to. But before we make our chief visits of today we must take a turn at the Stadium. It is a little way out, but go we must. The Stadium was the place where the foot races occurred.

Paul had been out there no doubt, for he frequently uses the scenes of that place as figures when he tells us, "Let us run the race that is set before us," and again, "They do it to obtain a corruptible garland, but we are an incorruptible." The marble and the gliding have been removed, but the high mounds against which the seats were piled are still there. The Stadium is six hundred and eighty feet long, one hundred and thirty feet wide and held forty thousand spectators.

There is today the very tunnel through which the defeated racer departed from the Stadium and from the houses of the people, and there are the stairs upon which the victor went to the top of the hill to be crowned with the laurel. In this place contests with wild beasts sometimes took place, and while Hadrian, the emperor, sat on yonder height, one thousand beasts were slain in one celebration.

But I was chiefly for foot racing, and so I proposed to my friend that day while we were in the Stadium that we try which of us could run the sooner from end to end of this historical ground, and so at the word given by the lookers on we started side by side,