

SUBSCRIBE!

Show this Paper to your neighbor and advise him to subscribe.

Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Alliance Directory.

NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION. President—L. L. Polk, North Carolina. Address, 344 D Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Executive Board. C. W. Macune, Washington, D. C. Alonzo Wardall, Furon, South Dakota. J. F. Tillman, Fayetteville, Arkansas.

NORTH CAROLINA FARMERS' STATE ALLIANCE. President—Marion Butler, Clinton, North Carolina.

Secretary—W. S. Barnes, Raleigh, N. C. Lecturer—J. S. Bell, Brasstown, N. C. Stewart—C. C. Wright, Glass, N. C.

Executive Committee of the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance. Chairman—J. M. Meowhorne, Kingston, N. C.

North Carolina Reform Press Association. Officers—J. L. Ramsey, President; Marion Butler, Vice-President; W. S. Barnes, Secretary.

The Caucasians, Clinton; Progressive Farmer, Raleigh; Rural Home, Wilson; Farmer's Advocate, Tarboro; Salisbury Watchman, Salisbury; Alliance Sentinel, Goldsboro; Hickory Mercury, Hickory; The Battler, Whitakers; Country Life, Trinity College; Mountain Home Journal, Asheville; Agricultural Bee, Goldsboro; Columbus News, Whiteville, J. C.; The Business Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Each of the above-named papers are requested to keep the list standing on the first page and add others, provided they are duly elected. Any paper failing to do so will be dropped from the list.

Professional Column. DR. CHAS. S. BOYETTE, DENTIST. Offers his services to the public. Charges moderate and work guaranteed. Office at Dr. Flowers' old stand. my 28-1f

T. M. LEE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clinton, N. C. Office over Stetson's, opposite The Caucasians Office. me 17-1f

W. R. ALLEN, W. T. DORTCH, ALLEN & DORTCH, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Goldsboro, N. C. Will practice in Sampson county. Feb 27-1f

A. M. REE, M. D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND DENTIST, Office in Lee's Drug Store. je 7-1y

H. E. FAISON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office on Main Street, will practice in courts of Sampson and adjoining counties. Also in Supreme Court. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention. je 7-1y

W. KERR, E. ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office on Wall Street, will practice in Sampson, Bladen, Pender, Harnett and Duplin Counties. Also in Supreme Court. Prompt personal attention will be given to all legal business. je 7-1y

FRANK BOYETTE, D.D.S., DENTISTRY, Office on Main Street, offers his services to the people of Clinton and vicinity. Everything in the line of Dentistry done in the best style. Satisfaction guaranteed. My terms are strictly cash. Don't ask me to vary from this rule.

L. J. MERRIMAN, 232 Washington Street, N. Y., COMMISSION MERCHANT, In Vegetables, Produce, Fruits, Berries, etc. Travelling Agents employed. Shipments solicited. me 17-1f

Neuralgic Persons. And those troubled with nervousness resulting from any or over-excitation of the system. Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine. This trade mark and colored red lines on wrapper.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. X.

CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1892.

No. 32.

IF YOU WOULD LIKE

To communicate with about ten thousand of the best country people in this section of North Carolina then do it through the columns of THE CAUCASIAN. No other paper in the Third Congressional District has as large a circulation.

THE WORLD'S NEWS.

SINCE LAST THURSDAY, CAREFULLY ASSORTED AND CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

State. The Supreme Court has adjourned until the fall term.

No less than \$15,000 worth of truck left New Bern one day last week.

The city of Wilmington has funded its bonds and thus saved \$10,000.

Grading began Monday on the railroad from Southport to Wilmington.

Senator Vance estimates that there will be 40,000 strangers at Charlotte May 20th.

There are now 47 young ladies in the senior class at Greensboro Female College.

The total loss by the fire at New Bern Thursday night was \$25,000. The total insurance was \$8,100.

Rockingham has subscribed \$100,000 to a new cotton factory. The location was selected Wednesday.

Several ladies are under treatment at the Keeley Institute, Greensboro, for the morphine and opium habit.

The stockholders of the broken National Bank of Wilmington have been called on to pay an assessment of 100 per cent.

Two hundred convicts will be employed in constructing the tracks and foundations of the Coast Line shops at Rocky Mount.

Jim Epps, colored, was jailed at Shelby, Monday, charged with criminally assaulting a young white woman, Mary Davis.

Capt. J. A. Richardson, a prominent citizen of New Bern, died Monday afternoon. He was collector of customs at the port of New Bern.

Owing to the scarcity of peaches and possible shortness of other fruit crops, no Fruit Fair will be held in Western North Carolina this year.

The Concord hospital has closed its doors for lack of support. The hospital was established by the ladies of that town about a year ago.

The appeal for a new trial in the Wythe bigamy case, of Greensboro, has been dismissed and the defendant will have to serve his sentence.

James Bradshaw, a young fireman on the Western N. C. road, committed suicide at Salisbury Friday night by drinking three bottles of laudanum.

The prospects are that Hon. A. Leazer, or some one else, will give Hon. Jno. S. Henderson a close race for the nomination for Congress this year.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the State, which met at Wilmington, elected John D. Bellamy Grand Master. The next session of the Grand Lodge will be held at Winston, the second Wednesday in May next.

There are 10,518 Masons in North Carolina, and the Odd Fellows have increased their membership about 1,000 during the past year and built and opened an Orphan's Home at Goldsboro.

The number of students in the University is 248. The trustees have ordered the erection of a building for the Department of Agriculture, Chemistry, of which Prof. Venable will be in charge.

National. One thousand pleasure-seekers sailed from New York for Europe last Saturday.

An inmate of the Scott county poor house, in Illinois, aged 70 years, has just fallen here to about \$5,000, 000 left him in England.

A comet has been discovered in the heavens having a dozen different illuminated tails. One day last week one of its tails disappeared.

There were 1,002 deaths in New York City last week, 201 of which were caused by pneumonia, an increase of 52 over the previous week.

The German carp sent out to California by the Fish Commission have driven out all game fish and aquatic birds from the waters they occupy.

The railroad accidents in this country in March included seven fifty-five collisions, one hundred and seven derailments and one hundred and twenty other accidents, in which forty persons were killed and one hundred and ninety-three injured.

A negro uprising is reported from Trine, Tenn., a town thirty miles from Nashville. The news of the lynching of Eph. Grizzard caused the negroes to band together. They are said to be in complete possession of the town.

Foreign. If Mr. Gladstone's party should win at the coming election throughout Great Britain he proposes to take time in presenting his home rule, an evil he is doing so will sound every section of his supporters in framing the measure.

Dr. Welterhold, director of the hospital for nervous diseases at Cassel, Hesse-Nassau, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for whipping a patient, who was suffering from hysteria. His defense was that the punishment was the best treatment for her ailment.

In the days when wigs and powdered hair were fashionable, ladies are said to have paid as much as \$10,000 for having their hair dressed for special or State occasions.

Idaho has one citizen for every square mile of her territory. Or, to speak accurately, there are 84,200 square miles of land in the State and 84,355 people.

Worse still. Miss G.—How torturing the thought must be for a great singer to know that she has lost her voice.

Mr. P.—It's much more torturing when she doesn't know it's life.

Truckman—Is the hired girl in the house—No. She's gone for water.

Truckman—Then who's going to tell me where to put this piano?—Brooklyn Life.

Truckman—Is the hired girl in the house—No. She's gone for water.

Truckman—Then who's going to tell me where to put this piano?—Brooklyn Life.

Truckman—Is the hired girl in the house—No. She's gone for water.

Truckman—Then who's going to tell me where to put this piano?—Brooklyn Life.

EDITOR'S CHAIR.

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM OUR STAND POINT.

The Opinion of The Editor and the Opinion of Others which we Can Endorse on the Various Topics of the Day.

It is the duty of honest men—true citizens—to eliminate professional politicians from the management of our government affairs and substitute business principles and common sense instead.

What about over-production now? Who will have the check and boss to tell you about it, when to day there are from 10,000 to 20,000 people actually starving in the Great State of Texas.

The President of the New Jersey State Board of Agriculture favors the Government's adopting the county free mail delivery, believing that the mounted carriers could take, not only the mails, but weather reports.

God gave the fruitful earth to his children for homes, to hold in fee while Time endures. He did not give it to a preferred few and condemn the remainder to wander, strangers in the land of their Father, says the Democrat.

Mr. Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court, and Hon. John Morgan, United States Senator from Alabama, have been selected by the President as arbitrators on the part of the United States in the Behring sea arbitration.

The Chicago Sentinel says, "don't spend any more breath howling about trusts till after you have tried some practical method of getting rid of them." That is one of the objects the Alliance has in view, and one that it will accomplish if every good citizen will lend their help.

Selling themselves to the highest bidder, says the Columbian Dragon of some of the politicians, the leader in our national dishonor have become millionaires, who purchase their re-election in the open and most shameless manner, to launch again upon the vortex of social excesses, shameless debauches and political treachery.

The programme of the commencement exercises at the University this year is very interesting. The oration will be delivered by Senator Carlisle, of Ky. Addresses will also be made by Col. A. M. Waddell and Prof. Chas. D. McIver. The reception and Glee Club entertainment will add very much to the pleasure of both students and visitors.

What answer do you make when a story is told by pointing you to a 9,000,000 mortgaged homes, \$30,000,000,000 of mortgaged and bonded indebtedness, and the thousands of homeless wanderers starving in this land of plenty and prosperity.

We need no bonds, says the Herald, on which to base an issue of money. The property of a nation is good enough security. If there are bonds they should bear no interest. It is too much to ask a people to pay interest on borrowed money, and then ask them to pay interest on bonds that secure it.

U. S. Senate Barbour died suddenly at Washington, D. C., last Saturday. He was sick only a few minutes. Heart failure being the cause of his death. Senator Barbour represented Virginia in the Senate. Was a man highly esteemed by all, and his death is a great loss to the Senate.

This subject is not attracting the careful study and attention which its importance demands. Our proposed reform is to have a free delivery in country towns and rural districts as is now had in the larger cities. The Richmond Dispatch with its proverbial accuracy on such subjects, and its deep interest in the improvements of the country well says in favor of this proposed reform: "It must be recalled that the city merchants and other city people will derive as much benefit from the free delivery of mail matter in the country towns as will the inhabitants of those towns. It is, therefore, not a scheme for city people to characterize as extravagant or wasteful because it will not pay from the start as the present system of free delivery has paid."

Don't Take Our Word, But call your druggist to one side and ask him privately which of all the remedies advertised to cure Rheumatism he would recommend. If he is paid, and he is, he will tell you that Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy is the only one that offers a reward of \$500 for a case it will not cure, and in ordinary cases the money is returned when one bottle does not cure. With sensible people this is the strongest recommendation. Price \$5 per bottle. Sent in any amount prepaid on receipt of price. Drummond Medicine Co., 45 50 Maiden Lane, New York.

It is almost impossible for one to become excessively rich without making many others correspondingly poor.—Adam Smith.

WHAT IS THE CAUSE?

The Citizen presents the following sad figures, which should awaken every true man of our country, and make them seek the cause, and demand the remedy for it: "Twenty years ago it was estimated that the producing classes owned three-fourths of the wealth of the nation; to-day only about one-fourth of the nation's wealth is in the hands of the producing classes, yet the wealth of the nation has been doubled in the same period. They have, in consequence, been able to increase their wealth, two-thirds of their wealth in the last twenty years."

We hear a great deal just now being said about "honest money." The Republicans are as loud mouthed about it as any one else. But they give us no idea what they mean. The true test for honest money is, how many dollars will a day's work purchase, or how much interest or principle will its products buy? If it will purchase less dollars to-day than one year ago, or if its products will pay less interest or debt principle, then labor has decreased in value or money has increased, and is therefore dishonest. But if they stand the same there the dollar is honest. Now how many of those politicians and plutocratic newspapers who have been howling about the "honest money" want that kind of money? That is the kind of money the Alliance wants. That is the kind that plutocracy does not want.

The House concurred in the conference report on the Chinese exclusion bill by a vote of 185 to 78, and then took up the river and harbor appropriation bill. The House also adopted a resolution calling on the Attorney-General for information as to whether the sugar trust has violated the anti-trust law, and, if so, whether prosecutions have been instituted for such violation.

Up to the present time not a single public building bill has been passed by the House contrary to the experience of all previous Congresses in late years.

The United States Senate held a brief and uninteresting session. It passed a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the erection of a public building at Charlottesville, Va.

In the pension investigation, Representative Enloe charged that Secretary Noble was withholding important papers.

The democratic members of the ways and means committee held a conference on the subject of free iron ores, refined sugars and lumber.

The House was again in committee of the whole on the civil sanitary appropriation bill, and by a close vote struck out an appropriation of \$620,500 for the purchase of a site for the proposed new mint in Philadelphia. Mr. Reed presented the report of the minority of the ways and means committee opposing the passage of the bill to admit silver lead-ore free of duty.

The Senate today confirmed the nominations of T. Jefferson Coolidge, of Massachusetts, to be Minister to France.

In the United States Senate the river and harbor bill was reported back from the committee on commerce with amendments. Consideration of the naval bill was resumed and an interesting debate took place on the subject of government expenditures. Mr. Gorman made a speech in which he said he did not see how they could be reduced under existing conditions. Mr. Miller made an earnest plea in favor of economy. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

The colored Baptist Convention adjourned until the President and present in his resolution about outrages on negroes in the South.

Secretary Foster, in answer to a House resolution, has admitted that Treasury amounting to \$5,655,866 were presented during February and "held up" until March. He pleads in extenuation "press of other business." This charge which was made by democratic members of the House and by others has been persistently denied by republicans in and out of the Treasury department. The Secretary's statement shows how much dependence can be placed upon republican denials.

The President signed the Chinese exclusion bill last Thursday and it is now a law.

The House has passed the river and harbor appropriation bill by a vote of 183 to 47—three Democrats voting against the bill and two Republicans for it.

Representative Pierce, of Tennessee, a strong free coinage man, claims to have secured the signatures of 108 Democrats to a resolution to request for a cloture rule on the Bland silver bill, leaving but eight more to be secured for the required majority. If the necessary signatures are secured the bill will come up again.

News from Washington.

NOTES AND ITEMS FROM CONGRESS AND WHAT IT IS DOING.

Chairman Holman declares himself as well satisfied with the progress the House has made on the appropriation bills, and he expresses the opinion that Congress will adjourn by August.

A bill was introduced in the Senate providing for another grade of letter-carriers, and a bill for the encouragement of silk culture in the United States was discussed and made the special order for Monday next.

The House concurred in the conference report on the Chinese exclusion bill by a vote of 185 to 78, and then took up the river and harbor appropriation bill. The House also adopted a resolution calling on the Attorney-General for information as to whether the sugar trust has violated the anti-trust law, and, if so, whether prosecutions have been instituted for such violation.

Up to the present time not a single public building bill has been passed by the House contrary to the experience of all previous Congresses in late years.

The United States Senate held a brief and uninteresting session. It passed a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the erection of a public building at Charlottesville, Va.

In the pension investigation, Representative Enloe charged that Secretary Noble was withholding important papers.

The democratic members of the ways and means committee held a conference on the subject of free iron ores, refined sugars and lumber.

The House was again in committee of the whole on the civil sanitary appropriation bill, and by a close vote struck out an appropriation of \$620,500 for the purchase of a site for the proposed new mint in Philadelphia. Mr. Reed presented the report of the minority of the ways and means committee opposing the passage of the bill to admit silver lead-ore free of duty.

The Senate today confirmed the nominations of T. Jefferson Coolidge, of Massachusetts, to be Minister to France.

In the United States Senate the river and harbor bill was reported back from the committee on commerce with amendments. Consideration of the naval bill was resumed and an interesting debate took place on the subject of government expenditures. Mr. Gorman made a speech in which he said he did not see how they could be reduced under existing conditions. Mr. Miller made an earnest plea in favor of economy. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

The colored Baptist Convention adjourned until the President and present in his resolution about outrages on negroes in the South.

Secretary Foster, in answer to a House resolution, has admitted that Treasury amounting to \$5,655,866 were presented during February and "held up" until March. He pleads in extenuation "press of other business." This charge which was made by democratic members of the House and by others has been persistently denied by republicans in and out of the Treasury department. The Secretary's statement shows how much dependence can be placed upon republican denials.

The President signed the Chinese exclusion bill last Thursday and it is now a law.

The House has passed the river and harbor appropriation bill by a vote of 183 to 47—three Democrats voting against the bill and two Republicans for it.

THE SOLDIERS OF GEN. LEE.

Why Did They Desert Him?

(Special Correspondent.) Sometime early in the month of March, 1865, our Brigade (known as Iverson's Brigade) was detached from the main Army of Gen. Lee and marched down into North Carolina to the Roanoke River and destroyed on the south bank of the stream for the purpose of preventing as far as possible any further desertion from the army, as they would have to cross that River on their way to the South, also to catch those who might attempt to do so, and send them back to the Army.

Subsequently we were recalled, for on the evening of 22nd of that month we received marching orders for an early hour the next morning to rejoin the army at Petersburg, Va. It being at that time very closely besieged by the army of Gen. Grant, so by forced marches we reached the camp of the main army late in the evening of the 24th.

We then took a little rest and ate our supper, which we carried in our haversacks. Then under cover of the darkness we were marched close up to Gen. Lee's line of defenses; we then knew that trouble was at hand, and sure enough the next morning we were ordered to picket the Yankee pickets, which they did with so much surprise and precision, that they either killed or captured nearly every one to a man; our line of pickets were quickly broken up and the Yankees were seen to be in the works—these works could be crossed only by narrow defiles at intervals, just wide enough to pass through single file. At one of these passes—the one through which our portion of the line had to pass, stood one or two officers of rank, one of them was Gen. Walker, of Va., about half drunk with a file of bayonets with carbines and bayonets, and a file of bayonets with sabres and bayonets as they would pass, inflicting some bloody wounds—an old veteran who had championed many a battle field, and won glory after glory in many bloody struggles—brave men who had shouted victory on the fields of Cold Harbor, Manassas, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, and suffered defeat at Gettysburg, where the heavy guns and the small armies roared, then dashed and rattled day and night for three days; and again at the Wilderness where men met and grappled with each other like tigers in a hand to hand struggle.

Soldiers, whose valor had made a name for Gen. Lee and Jackson's Army that was world wide, then to be treated thus was more than brave men like to bear, for that night over the line we left the army. Had Gen. Lee seen this treatment, he would have sent Gen. Walker to the rear with the stamp of shame upon his name. Many is the time when these brave soldiers had gladdened the hearts of their beloved commanders.

W. A. PETERSON.

A DAY OF RECKONING COMING.

Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, in an address in a saloon-keepers, closes with this strong paragraph: "I tell you plainly that you will meet your customers one day when there will be no counter between you. When your work is done on earth and you enter the reward of your business, you will see the men whom you have destroyed will crowd around you and pour their bitterness in your cup. They will show you their wounds and say, 'You made them'; and point to the graves of the children and say, 'You kindled it'; and rattle their chains, and say, 'You forged it.' Then their united groans will smite your ear, and with the hands out of which you once picked the sixpences and the pennies, you will see the verge of great precipices; while rolling up from beneath, and breaking among the crags of death, will thunder, 'Woe to him that giveth his neighbor drink!'"—Ex.

In Her Sleep. Helen—aged four, has a new baby sister to whom she is devotedly attached and over whom she watches with all the care and attention of a mother. The other day Helen was hovering over the crib in which the baby was sleeping and saw her mouth open and close as babies' mouths do in their slumbers. Helen became excited and called out, "Papa, see, Marg's got swallowed a dream!"

To Fill the Crime. "Mr. Newcombe" inquired the city editor, "did you write this article in which the statement is made that 'K. E. Perkins snickered yesterday afternoon?'"

Woman and Burglar. Mrs. Winks (looking up from the paper)—Here is a woman shot a burglar and killed him. Mr. Winks—Well what was she aiming at?—New York Weekly.

This May Explain It. Patson—Another million dollars for the Chicago University! Lucky institution! Kaws—Mr. Rockefeller knew the university would need it to pay its gas bills.—Chicago Tribune.

Ma and Pa. First Small Boy—What does your ma do when you lie to her? Second Small Boy—She tells you I take after him.—Good News.

The Modern Way. In days of old the husband roared, and naughtily words he spoke, then look him to his match and string when his suspenders broke. But what a mighty change is wrought to countless troubled lives. For when suspenders break, the man now buttons the wife's.

A Predicament. Truckman—Is the hired girl in the house—No. She's gone for water. Lady of the House—No. She's gone for water. Truckman—Then who's going to tell me where to put this piano?—Brooklyn Life.

Worse still. Miss G.—How torturing the thought must be for a great singer to know that she has lost her voice. Mr. P.—It's much more torturing when she doesn't know it's life.

DROP A NICKEL IN THE SLOT.

Where automatic indication lies in wait for agitation. To weigh you up and record it on the spot. To no use to hedge or bludge, for the pointer will not waver. Unless you drop a nickel in the slot.

If you want from hotel waiter tender steak and good potato. And he hasn't mistaken that he's got. He will surely entertain you with the best that's on the menu. If you only drop a nickel in the slot.

In a "parlor car" or "diner," in a "diner" or a "creeper." For the porter for the cheapest chair or cot. If you always drop a nickel in the slot.

For a weary, wobbly sinner, who, returning late from dinner. With uncertain step seeks home—"dearest" spot? "Twould I had my 'Equine Paradox' to ride home on a letter box. Having but to drop a nickel in the slot.

If you love some pretty daughter, and she let's you know you've caught her. But her loving father thinks he'd rather not. Don't you argue with the "incom," just show up a handsome income. This the way to drop a nickel in the slot.

You will find the same variety in all grades of good society. For money is the basis of the plot; you can raise in invitations, with the entrance to most stations. If you only drop a nickel in the slot.

So through life in all your settings, fortune, fun and all her kind. That go to keep a hollow in the pot. It's the coin that has the charm to start up the mechanism. You must always drop a nickel in the slot. —Harry Steadman.

A Little Boy's Fun. American Mother—Where in the world have you been all this time? I've been worried to death. Little Son—Only down street a little ways, down to the dock. "Horror! I told you not to go on that dock."

"Oh, I didn't go on the dock. I went down alongside of it to throw stones on the ice. It was great fun." "Oh!" "Yes, and the stones didn't go through, the ice was so thick." "It has been melting for some days." "Oh, there's plenty of ice there yet. It was so thick I walked out a little way, and it didn't crack hardly at all."

"And when I walked it didn't wobble up and down scarcely any. So I put on my skates to see if it was further." "Skates! You told me your skates were at a shop being sharpened." "Yes, I just got 'em. They're awfully nice and sharp. I skated all over the river with 'em." "Horror!" "What?" "What's that you said. And the doctor did something. I don't know what for. Two hours, they said. I was asleep. I guess I got sleepy 'cause I sat up so late last night studying. Then the nurses dried my clothes, and when I woke up they sent me home in a queer wagon all full of cushions. It was awful nice."—Good News.

Where do children get their poetry?—St. Louis Republic.

Mr. Newcombe inquired the city editor, "did you write this article in which the statement is made that 'K. E. Perkins snickered yesterday afternoon?'"

Woman and Burglar. Mrs. Winks (looking up from the paper)—Here is a woman shot a burglar and killed him. Mr. Winks—Well what was she aiming at?—New York Weekly.

This May Explain It. Patson—Another million dollars for the Chicago University! Lucky institution! Kaws—Mr. Rockefeller knew the university would need it to pay its gas bills.—Chicago Tribune.

Ma and Pa. First Small Boy—What does your ma do when you lie to her? Second Small Boy—She tells you I take after him.—Good News.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Of Some Prominent People of This State.

President Geo. T. Winston, of the State University, delivered an able address in the graded school building in Wilson last Friday night.

Senator Vance is at his country home near Asheville. He will be at Charlotte 20th, and has promised to attend the Teachers' Assembly at Morehead this season.

It is whispered that Eaves is to be the Republican candidate for Governor. He will have the pleasure of putting himself up, since it appears that he and his committee are to do the nominating.

Thomas R. Pepper, one of Winston's prominent young business men, who was sued for breach of promise by Miss Emma Smith, of that city, for \$5,000 damages, has compromised the case for \$500.

Col. E. G. Harral, of Raleigh, has been to Wrightsville to make arrangements for the encampment of the State Guard. He says there will be an abundant supply of excellent water.

Hon. F. M. Simmons has moved from Winston to New Bern. Prof. T. J. Simmons, formerly of Wake Forest, now of Georgia, will spend the summer in Germany.

Rev. Dr. Hume, Professor of English literature in the State University, has been engaged to lecture on English literature before Glass Falls summer school.

</