THE CAUCASIAN
State Library
...ING WEEKLY IN NORTH CAROLINA.

THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XII. GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1894. NO. 49.

EDITOR'S CHAIR.

A JOHN'S MANHOOD

...manhood revolted against ... deception and false pre... the renunciation of the ... party he has simply been ... own manhood. He has ... the Democratic party ... compelled to do and what its ... never intended it should do ... version of his convictions has ... the most sweeping and vic... and ridicule. But it was ... short years ago when the ... News-Observer paid this ... tribute to his worth as a man ... Democrat:

...pt. Kitchin errs more in the ... of his manhood than in ... policy. When we ... of him we are reminded of ... "Calpurnia's Page:"

... A man like this delman ... hands, great hearts, true faith and ... Labile,
... opinions and a will,
... backbone—men who will not lie ... to stand before a demagogue ... treacherous flatterie without ...
... crowned, who live above the ...
... day and in private thinking!
... the rabble with their thumbworn ...
... professions, and their little desks,
... office-fetiche, lo! freedom weeps,
... the land and waiting justice ...

This manly North Carolinian is ... the butt of Democratic ridicule. This taunts who now control the ... organ of "the machine" ... at this brave man. In democratic estimation he has committed the unpardonable sin. He thinks for himself.

DECEPTION EXPOSED.

A Washington Post staff correspondent writes from Raleigh under date of Sept. 24th, as follows:

"Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 24.—Five thousand silver dollars were shipped into this city a few days ago from Washington. They have been placed in the banks, and are being paid out in conjunction with paper money, to tobacco planters, who are now disposing of their crops, and to the negro workmen who help to pick and bale the snowy staple. All the dollars are of the vintage of 1891, and each one of them is an unanswerable proof that the Democratic administration has not entirely ceased the coining of silver. It is needless to say that this is one of the methods by which the Democratic campaign committee of this State is solidifying the silver-loving element in the party."

We understand this silver found its way to Raleigh through the agency of the Democratic Congressional campaign committee. This explains the visit of the committee's secretary, Mr. Lawrence Gardener, to Raleigh last week. Ostensibly he was there as Col. Carr's guest and for the purpose of peddling the Democratic campaign text-book. The Post's correspondent has not given all the facts, but has let out enough to expose the deception.

For the President of a great country like this to betray his people into the hands of the gold bugs and then to have a few silver dollars peddled out during the campaign to fool the people with is the lowest and most contemptible trickery that has ever disgraced this country. How long long will the people submit to these things? How long will they consent to be duped and deceived? Until they become political vassals and slaves?

MR. WILSON IN THE HANDS OF HIS BRITISH FRIENDS.

Congressman Wilson of shady tariff fame has just made a speech and was much applauded. Where do you suppose he made his speech? Before the British Chamber of Commerce. Why did he at once run to England to make a speech as soon as congress adjourned? Because the British invited him to go. They were pleased at his course in the Congress of the United States and wanted to wine and dine him, to hear him speak and tell what he had done and to applaud him.

Who did the London Chamber of Commerce invite to go with Mr. Wilson? Congressman Isidor Straus of New York, a goldbug Jew, and a great friend of the Rothchilds in England; and J. Sterling Morton, Cleveland goldbug secretary of agriculture. These are all strong administration men. These are the kind of men that London Rothchilds are interested and pleased with. These men manage affairs in the United States Congress to the pleasure and profit of the London goldbugs. These men are all Democrats and those are the kind of men who are running the Democratic party. If the Democratic machine can again carry North Carolina it will strengthen the hands of these men and help to give them the power to continue to legislate in the interest of the foreign money power.

THE CAUCASIAN is very much gratified at the many kind letters that we receive every day. Our friends are kind enough to say that THE CAUCASIAN is the best paper ever published in the State and that it grows better with each issue.

THE ENEMY IS HARD UP.

HON. JOHN DAVIS SCORES THE SOUTHERN POLITICIANS WHO ARE ALLIES OF THE MONEY POWER.

HE WRITES THE CAUCASIAN A LETTER THAT HITS THE BULL'S EYE.

He Takes up Their Lying Statements Against Populist Congressmen and Answers Them One by One—Senator Ransom and Joe Daniels Shut UP.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 21, '94.

To the Editor of THE CAUCASIAN.—Yours of Sept. 15th received. The charges which the tools of the money power are making against the People's party in your State are practically the same that are being extensively circulated in Texas, Arkansas, and other places where the rapid growth of the Populist party is proving very inconvenient, and, very dangerous to the existence of the old parties. I will quote them, one at a time, as I make short replies:

"Mr. Davis, who is also from Kansas, has a bill in the House which provides that the 'mortgage debt of any mortgaged real estate owned as a home or support, shall be paid by the United States where an appraisement board finds the estate to be worth the full amount of the mortgage, and the debtor shall be allowed to redeem his property from the United States within twenty years by paying an interest of 1 per cent. per annum.' It would cost the Government $17,000,000,000 to meet the provisions of the bill, which would make a pauper of every farmer in the country."

In reply to that statement it may be said that to carry out the provision of this bill it will not be necessary to tax the people a single cent. The bill provides that the necessary appropriations shall be in the form of new greenbacks, especially issued for that purpose. And it further provides that when the paper circulation of the country reaches the sum of $50 per capita, then this law shall no longer be in force. It is a bankrupt bill designed to aid men in distress, loaning them money on the same terms that the national banks have been getting money from the Government during the past thirty years. It will not cost the people one cent in the form of taxation. It makes the people independent of the banks, and that is what the plutocrats object to.

"Another of his [Davis'] bills grants a pension of $100 to $25 a month to every soldier and sailor who served in the Union army, and also to widows and minors; this bill being independent of all pension laws now in existence. Such a law would wring from the Treasury $400,000,000 a year."

This bill provides that the entire fund shall be raised from a graduated tax on large incomes, large inheritances and large land estates. It is designed to tax the thirty thousand millionaires who own more than half of the great wealth of the United States. It is designed to help the common people and not to tax them a single cent. It will not touch an income, or legacy, or landed estate, that is less than $10,000. And even that amount will be taxed lightly. The object of the bill is to cease taxing soldiers, and other poor men, to pay pensions; and, hereafter, to tax only those large fortunes whose foundations were laid during the war; or, by class laws or the violations of law since that time. It is designed to relieve the common people almost entirely from taxation on account of pensions.

"The latest Populist scheme, and a bill for the purpose is pending in the House, authorizing the enlistment of 500,000 men, to be paid and provided for the same as the regular army, to be worked on canals, rivers, public highways, etc. It would cost not less than $474,000,000 to carry on this scheme."

This bill is designed as an emergency law. If the first bill herein mentioned should become a law, the country would be relieved from the present distresses and dangers, and this bill would be withdrawn. And, if this bill should become a law first, then the other one becomes unnecessary and would be withdrawn. Both are relief measures, temporary in their nature and by their terms. The first is to cease when the paper circulation reaches $50 per capita, the latter is to cease at the end of twelve months.

"If these Populist bills were to be enacted into law it would require an annual disbursement by the Government of $14,454,000,000, which is more than forty times the entire income of the United States. The entire amount of gold, silver and paper money circulation of the world is only $10,037,658,000, which is $4,420,342,000 less than what these Populists propose to expend in this country."

The enlistment of idol labor into an industrial army is not to tax the people a single cent, but the cost is to be defrayed by new money issued by the Treasury department for that special purpose, and pensions should be paid by the rich millionaires only.

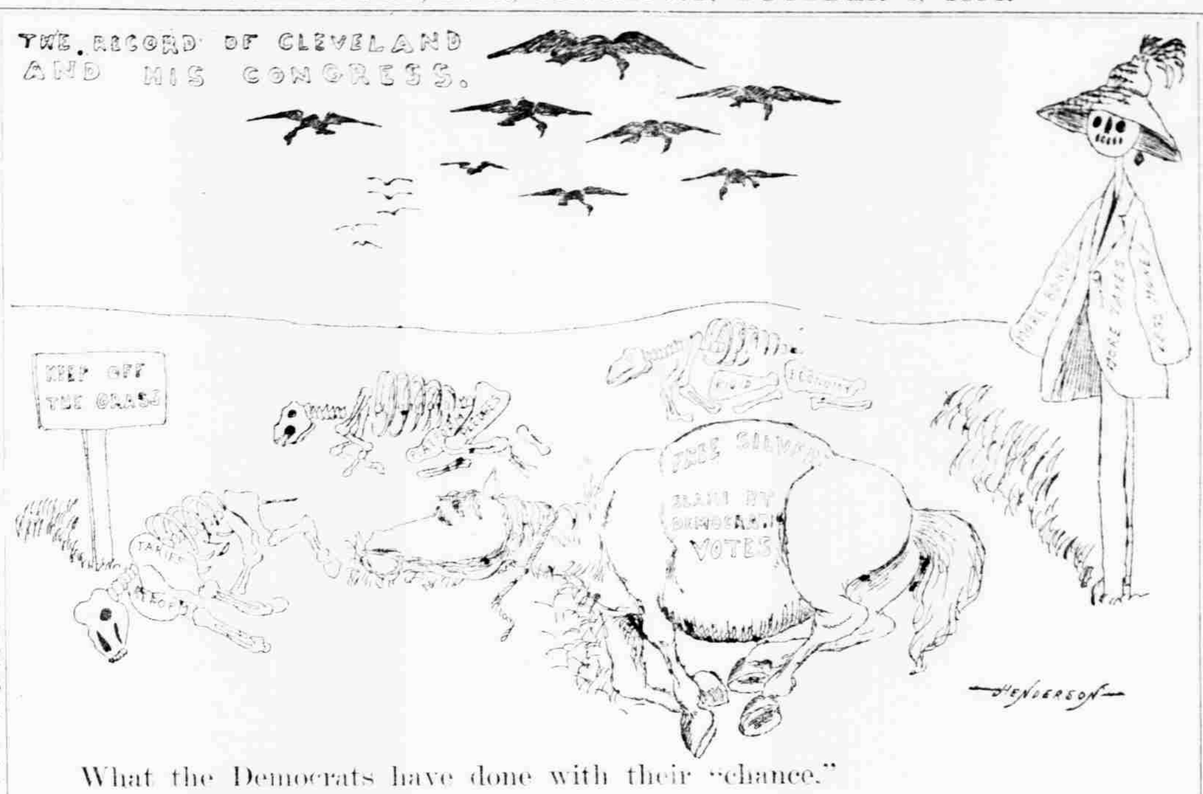
After the statement of the above facts, further discussion of the subject is scarcely necessary. Yet, by way of showing the spirit and necessities of our enemies, I call attention to the following from one of the great leaders of the plutocratic party:

"Hon. Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama, in reviewing these visionary schemes in a speech delivered in the House, exposed the motives of their authors and pointed out the evils that would follow the enactment of such bills into law. If such measures should pass a Congress and be approved by a President, their enforcement would require the confiscation of nearly all the property of every farmer in the United States. There could be only one way of raising those enormous sums of money, and that would be by taxation, and the sum that Arkansas would be compelled to contribute would exceed $200,000,000. When the people of this country grow tired of a government administered in their interests, and desire to become bankrupts and paupers, they will elect Populist governors of States, a rattle-brained idiot for President, and send cranks and anarchists to the Senate and Congress of the United States. Arkansas, it is certain, will not set the example as long as the farmers and law-abiding citizens of the State remain as sensible as they now are, and the Democracy continues to nominate such men as James P. Clarke for Governor."—Gazette.

How vapid and foolish such stuff appears when the actual facts have been stated. What are we to say as to the "motives" of a party and its leaders that must resort to such mendacity in order to save their sinking ship?

Populists have usually taken care to screen poor people and small property holders as far as possible from taxation. They have promised (?) that small wealth shall be taxed little or nothing, while (?) great wealth shall be taxed more, in geometrical proportion as the wealth increases, as advocated by Mr. Jefferson in 1875. And (3) it has been the object of the Populists to increase the currency of the country as the people and the transactions of men increase. They believe it is better to increase the money as the people increase, than it is to decrease the people as the money decreases. And, it is, surely, better to enlist an industrial army for one year, than it is to raise a permanent military army to shoot men who are in the delirium of starvation from enforced idleness through currency transaction. It is surely better to employ men on necessary public works than it is to shoot them to keep them quiet, and then, to erect a military despotism on the grave of American liberty. And when men thus intent on the starvation and destruction of the human race call better men "cranks and anarchists," they but repeat history. Men usually charge others with the crimes they themselves are guilty of. The plutocrats and their agents, who are noted for the disregard of every law that stands in their way, are the readiest of all men to cry out anarchist. The Populists believe in just laws, and are opposed to bad laws and the violations of law.

JOHN DAVIS.



What the Democrats have done with their "chance." Will you give them another chance?

WHO PAYS THE TAXES

Garbled Records to Prove a Falsehood.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 27, '94.

Editor THE CAUCASIAN:—

"The Democratic Hand-Book 1884 prepared by the State Democratic Ex. Com." is a masterpiece of its kind, and a more glaring effort at deception has seldom been attempted in this State. To show how reckless they are in their statements, and what credulous fools they must think the people are, we quote from page 7:

"There was collected in 1893, from all subjects of taxation, for State school, and pension purposes $1,395,889,63

of which was collected lands outside towns	285,820,63	
Horses	18,749,68	
Mules	16,127,44	
Cattle	12,263,34	
Hogs	3,746,10	
Sheep	,922,89	
Farming interests	33,048,98	
Household Furniture and other personal Property	51,679,06	

"Total paid by our agricultural classes $422,594,65

"Leaving collected from other sources $993,405,08

It is then repeated in substance again with this additional

"Of this latter sum there was expended for education $830,690,81
for Pensions 95,860,15
$926,550,96

See how the figures are arranged, and you will discover the object, that is that the farmers pay about one-third of the taxes, really not half as much as the State pays for educational purposes to say nothing of the pensions. Their cross road stump speakers will no doubt blate this all over the State, thinking that as the State Auditor has shut down on the People's party and will allow no member of it to have a copy of his report that the truth will not be known and the falsehood will do its work undetected and undisputed. We happened to get a copy of the Auditor's report when it was first published to which we referred when reading the Hand-Book or we should not have made the discovery. And we find on page 98 part 2nd same report the identical figures used in the hand-book as quoted above. But the figures quoted are not all the figures found in the report, but just a few selected, and used as if they were all.

The census reports of 1890 gave North Carolida a population of 1,617,947 and we find that there were 217,366 people living in towns 1400,581 of over 300, leaving more than 87 per cent. rural population. Now if you drop the 7 out of each 87 you leave at least 80 per cent. engaged in agriculture as their principle occupation. Is it not reasonable to suppose that these 80 people out of every 100 of population had some hand in paying the following:

"White polls	$240,912.44
Colored polls	92,870,26
General property white	354,214,57
General property col.	12,275,62
From other sources	115,00
Public ferries &c	321,77
Marriage licenses	13,145,67
Subjects enlisted	122,16
Delinquients	334,07
Arrears for insolvents	219,32
Double taxes	6,915,31
A total of	$721,443,19

We insist that our agricultural classes paid their proportionate part of all these that is 80 per cent. $577,154,55

Nor is this all, we find other items in which we know "our agricultural classes" have but little if any interest such as paid on

"Money on hand or deposit	10,015,08
"Solvent credits	50,527,13
"Stock incorporated Co's	8,615,69
"Net incomes and properties	931,43
A total of	$70,089,33

With no proof at hand we will be liberal and say, may it not be possible that 80 per cent. of our population are at least interested 50 per cent. in these figures? If so they credit to "our agricultural classes" another $35,044,66

We do not know that "our agricultural classes" have any bank stock. But we never fail to hear one cry out when there is a bank failure. Suppose you give them credit for 10 per cent. of taxes from this source $447, 52 more

Now we'll run 'em up and see how "our agricultural classes" stand.

The hand-Book credits them	422,494 65
Add of polls &c. 80 per ct.	577,154,55
Add of money on hand &c. 50 per cent	447,52
Add of bank stock 10 per cent.	447,52
Total from "our agricultural classes"	$1,035,141,38
Total taxes collected	1,395,899,73
from all other sources"	$360,758,35

This Hand-Book is intended to post the Democratic speakers and workers in the campaign. Such of them as are not supposed to be posted, and it purports to give facts, and should deal in only facts, for when the committee endorsed the book and sent it out, it was understood that every speaker and worker should swear every word of it was true. Then what a wrong they have perpetrated up on their faithful but ignorant workers. This is but a sample page of the 80 pages of the book. It is full from beginning to end with as glaring falsehoods and misrepresentations as we have exposed above, yet closing the article upon which we comment, it says: "We submit these facts, taken from the official records, with the fullest confidence, believing our people will continue that party in power, which has so faithfully and honestly and justly administered their affairs" &c.

Let our people beware of those who have in their lead men who will not scruple to deceive them that they may use them as tools in deceiving others. This whole book is a chain of falsehoods all the way through as the one exposed above. It is gotten up upon the supposition that, as heretofore, our people will gulp down anything from headquarters and swear its good. But "our agricultural classes" want the facts, unvarnished, ungarbled now, and they have a place for all who attempt to deceive them and lead them wrong.

J. W. Denmark.

PEOPLE'S PARTY HAND-BOOK.

These two Columns will be Used as a People's Party Hand Book Every Week Till the Election.

THOSE "AWFUL" PEOPLE'S PARTY BILLS.

The Democratic State Ex-Committee has issued a hand-book. It is teeming with baseless claims, misleading statements and false charges against the People's party. The State Ex. Com. will not issue a hand book in pamphlet form, but THE CAUCASIAN will make a People's party hand-book of these two columns each week from now till the election.

We will deal with National affairs first and then come to State matters

The Democratic National Committee, on opening the campaign, discovered that there was not a solitary thing that they could attack the Populists on. The Force bill was dead and it was killed by Senator Stewart and others who did not belong to the Democratic party.

The "give us a chance" cry which they resorted to in 1892 would not work this time. So what did they do, they got one Gen. Wheeler who took so much tody that he had to ask on the floor of the House "where he was at" and one J. Pusillanimous Piggott to get some speeches into the Congressional Record which they never delivered in Congress. These speeches had but one object, and that was to distort and misrepresent bills introduced by People's party men in congress They got them printed in the Congressional Record after congress had adjourned so that it could be sent out as part of the Congressional at the expense of the tax payers. Take notice that these speeches were never delivered in congress and were not published till congress adjourned. If they had, some People's party congressmen would have replied and then his reply would have been in the Congressional Record and it could have been sent out free also in answer to the misrepresentations. This conduct was very little and unmanly, but what can we say of a great party that endorses such methods? The National Committee has not only endorsed these speeches and are now sending them out free as part of the Congressional Record, but the State Democratic Committee has endorsed them by copying from the speeches in their hand book.

On page 19 it charged that the bills introduced by Populists call for more money than there is in the world. We clip the following out as it is published in the Hand-Book.

"The following will show the sum total of appropriations required to meet the bills named below, which were introduced by Populists:

Representative Davis' bill (No. 3490) providing for the loan to certain mortgage debtors is estimated to require not less than the sum of	$10,000,000,000
Representative Clover's bill (No. 6251) to loan to States, etc., 50 per cent. of assessed valuation of property is estimated to require exceeding	12,000,000,000
Representative Clover's bill (No. 2669) is variously estimated to require the sum of from $8,000,000,000 to $15,000,000,000, say	10,000,000,000
Senator Peffer's bill, No. 676, to loan not exceeding $2,500 to any individual applying having real estate security, provides for an immediate issue of not less than $700,000,000, and an ultimate issue of much more, being similar in principle to House bill 3490 above quoted.	
Representative Kern's bill, No. 5446, where not included in previous estimates, would require an issue of not less than	1,000,000,000
Representative Watson's various bills are not estimated, being included in their principles in previous estimates	
Representative Hudson's pension bill, No. 3186, would require the immediate issue of	1,500,000,000
Representative Davis' industrial army bill, No. 6767, would require an annual expenditure of	500,000,000
Senator Peffer's charity bill, No. 1299, appropriates	6,300,000
Representative Boen's bill, No. 708, for internal improvements appropriates	500,000,000
With an annual appropriation in addition.	
Representative Boen's bill, No. 5745, to exterminate the Russian thistle appropriates	1,000,000
Senator Peffer's rain-water bill No. 7886, appropriates	20,000,000
Total	$35,307,300,000

The Democrats howl about these bills and call them wild and crazy. They say that these bills would have bankrupted the country. Now what are the facts? Not a single one of the above bills call d for one cent of taxation. They were intended to relieve distress and put money into circulation. Every one of these bills provide that when the money of the country reaches $50 per capita that no more money shall be issued, only a sufficient amount each year to keep the circulation up to $50 per capita, as business and population increases. Any thing wild about this? Any thing to bankrupt the country in this? We challenge any Democrat in the State to say that he is opposed to increasing the money of the country to $50 per capita. The editor of the CAUCASIAN feels the need of more money every day. Every business man feels it and every laboring man feel it.

The bills that are bankrupting the country are the bills establishing a National Banking system, striking down silver, contracting the currency, issuing gold bonds, and increasing the debt of the people. These bills were offered by anarchists, they were voted for by anarchists. Who is responsible for this accursed legislation that is ruining the country? The Democrats passed every one of those bills or helped to pass them. Senator Ransom is the only Democrat from this State who has been in Congress while all of these measures were being passed and he voted for every one of them. Then who are the anarchists who are ruining the country? Ransom is the chief anarchist of them all.

We have just received a letter from Congressman Davis answering the Democratic charges and explaining the above bills. We sent him a copy of the charges that the Democrats are making. Read his letter in another column headed "The enemy hard up". After you have read this letter, if there is still any doubt in your mind we will ask you to read something else. We have just gotten an official statement from Hon. J. H. Turner, the Secretary of the National Peoples Party Committee, and publish it in another column. It is headed "Democratic Hypocrisy Show Up." Turn and read it now.

You will see from the facts which he quotes from the record that the Democrats have been "wilder and more crazy" than the Populist Party were. You will see that the sum total of the appropriations called for by Democratic bills is over ten times as much as the Peoples Party were. You will see that one Democrat, Senator Palmer, introduced one bill that called for a larger oppropriation than all the Peoples Party bills combined. The bill was introduced by Senator Palmer on April 17th, 1894, and is numbered 1917. It calls for $33,685,908,904. This is $3,078,168,904 more than all the Peoples Party bills combined.

Senator Ransom, Senator Jarvis, and other Democratic speakers who are making such unjust statements about the Peoples Party must be ignorant of these facts. If they knew the facts, surely the most common sense of decency and self respect would force them to stop making such misrepresentations.

Is it possible that they know better? If so, this explains why they have refused to meet our speakers on the stump.

PEFFER'S LAND TAX RESOLUTION.

The Democratic Hand-Book lays much stress on a Resolution, not a Bill, introduced by Senator Peffer

Continued on fourth page.

PERNICIOUS PARTISANS.

SIMMONS, GLENN, AND AYCOCK.

VIOLATE THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW AGAINST PERNICIOUS ACTIVITY OF FEDERAL OFFICE HOLDERS AND IT MAY COST THEM THEIR DISMISSAL FROM OFFICE.

But it may be Excused on Ransom's Account—The Administration Exhausting Every Expedient to Secure His Re-election—Five Thousand Democratic Campaign Silver Dollars Sent to North Carolina Upon the Assumption That all the Fools are not yet Dead.—The Panic Condition of Trade Clearly Demonstrated by a North Carolina Banker.

(Special to THE CAUCASIAN.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—A shipment of FIVE THOUSAND SILVER DOLLARS of the mintage of 1894 was made from Washington to Raleigh last week. The report here is that the silver was sent at the suggestion of the Democratic Congressional campaign committee and was delivered by its secretary, Mr. Lawrence Gardener. This is the policy of the committee in its treatment of

THE SILVER QUESTION

in the Southern States. Faulkner, chairman of the committee, is a Gorman gold bug, and with the exception of its Southern membership every man on the committee is anti-free silver man. The purpose of the committee is to get the '94 silver dollars in circulation among the people before the election. The attempt to deceive the people into the belief that the administration favors the coinage of silver is based upon the assumption that the common people are

HOPELESSLY IGNORANT.

Vance told Ransom when he voted for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law that he was either a "knave or a fool." It will be remembered that Ransom made no reply. The condemnation was accepted by him. If Vance were alive to-day he would tell the people that the party managers who are putting '94 silver dollars are *both knaves and fools*. Following the repeal of the Sherman law—forced by the most outrageous abuse of federal patronage—was the veto of the seignioage bill. The Democratic campaign dollar will hardly deceive anybody who does not lie awake at night expecting a surprise of some sort. There is much boasting at Democratic headquarters over proposed Democratic conquest in

NORTH CAROLINA.

Black, Mansur, and Gardener have all had their say and what they have said has been supplemented by Col. Henry G. Williams, who claims a voting residence in Wilson county. "The State is absolutely safe to the Democratic party and Ransom's re-election is assurred," they all say. Asked for a single fact upon which that opinion is based, the reply is: "Oh! well fusion is going all to pieces. The best Republicans and the best Populists wont fuse. The only trouble is the silver question. That will disappear before the election. The free silver plank in the Democratic State platform has won thousands over who might have voted the Populist ticket. And—Oh! the devil, why talk about it? Who supposes that a little matter of 20,000 votes will be allowed to stand in the way of democratic success."

This is about the

DRIFT AT HEADQUARTERS

and the committee, with this basis, confidently calculates on a solid democratic congressional delegation. The committee is deeply interested in Ransom's campaign. Chairman Faulkner and Ransom are Gorman's "heavenly twins." They are both experienced and trusted "whips" of the Democratic protection coterie in the Senate that converted the Wilson free trade bill into a measure of "party perfidy and dishonor."

Faulkner knows the importance of Ransom's re-election and his instructions from Gorman and the National committee is to exhaust every expedient to secure it. Special effort is made by the committee to get the most reliable news from Ransom's canvass. The success of the State campaign all depends upon Ransom, from the committee's standpoint. Not only has he the active and zealous support of the congressional committee, but every concession is made in his interest by

THE ADMINISTRATION.

The active participation by Collector Simmons and District Attorney Glenn and Aycock, in the campaign is without precedent. Such "pernicious activity" is clearly in violation of the civil service laws and has been condemned and punished by dismissal from office by President Cleveland. Simmons, Glenn and Aycock, it is assumed, are acting under permission or with the assent of the Departmental officials here. When inquiry was made of Internal Revenue Commissioner Miller in reference to

SIMMONS' CAMPAIGN

he declined any official information on the subject. He said it was very uncommon and that he could not imagine an exigency that would excuse the infraction of the rule in the President's estimation. It is understood that Glenn secured permission from the Attorney General for himself and Aycock to enter the campaign. Ransom and the congressional committee are both between the "pernicious partisans" and the President's wrath.

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

DEMOCRATIC HYPOCRISY SHOWN UP.

ONE BILL INTRODUCED BY A DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN CALLS FOR

AN APPROPRIATION OF $38,685,908,904.

This is Three Billions More than all the Bills of the People's Party Congressmen and Senators Combined.—The Populist Bills did not call for Taxation, but the Democratic Bills do.—The Populist Bills put Money into Circulation, the Democratic bills Take Money out of Circulation.—The Facts from the Record.

An Official Statement.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 28, '94.

In the Congressional Record of June 23, 1894, is to be found a speech which claims to have been delivered by Joseph Wheeler, a so-called Democrat, who pretends to represent the Eighth Alabama district. The said speech, by the privilege granted by the House, was printed in the Record without being delivered at all. In this undelivered speech he undertakes to review the record of our Populist Congressmen in the most partial and partisan manner. He left nothing undone to ridicule every act and wilfully distort every fact connected with the Populist's record. He gathers together bills introduced by Populists in the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Congresses, regardless of whether they were by request or not, and after wilfully or ignorantly perverting the facts, figures that these bills, when all added together, would call for appropriating $35,000,000,000, which he claims would have to be taxed from the people. If Mr. Wheeler had been capable, and had taken the pains to inform himself, he would have found that these bills introduced by Populists did not call for a single dollar of taxation, but, on the other hand, proposed a plan for relieving the people of the burdens of taxation that have been heaped upon them by Democrats and Republicans for the last thirty years. The Populist platform demands that our circulating medium shall be increased to $50 per capita. The bills introduced by Populists were intended to accomplish this object by the free coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the issue of legal-tender greenbacks. The passage of one or two of these bills would have accomplished this, and at once done away with the necessity for the passage of the other bills. Mr. Wheeler well knows, if he knows anything, that the Populist party has never advocated or demanded that our currency should be increased to more than $50 per capita. The Secretary of the Treasury claims that we now have about $25 per capita in circulation. The Populists demand that this amount shall be increased to $50 per capita (about the amount we had in circulation in 1866,) which would require that silver be coined and legal-tender greenbacks be issued to the amount of $1,750,000,000. The bills introduced by Populist Congressmen, referred to by Mr. Wheeler, only contemplated the issue of the above amount instead of the $35,000,000,000, as conceived only by the shriveled brain of Mr. Wheeler. These old mossback politicians realize the fact that they are totally unable to depend on their own treacherous records, and meet the Populists in the discussion of the living issues of the day, hence they are circulating this imaginary and foolish twaddle, called a speech by Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama.

Lately quite a number of people have written us, asking us to send them the bills introduced by our Populist Congressmen. Endeavoring to comply with this request, we applied to the clerk of the House document-room at the Capitol, and he informed us that the files had been exhausted. They have been taken out by the Democratic and Republican Congressmen to use on the stump in ridiculing and slandering our party in their usual way. Failing to find any Populist bills on file, I concluded to investigate the files of the bills introduced by the two old parties, and behold I found something rich. The $35,000,000,000 which Mr. Wheeler claims for the Populist bills is not in it at all. It is not a drop in the bucket when compared with the amount proposed to be appropriated by the thousands of bills introduced by Democrats and Republicans.

During the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Congresses the Democrats and Republicans introduced something over 26,000 bills. The record shows that more than half of these bills called for appropriations. Without knowing what amount any particular bill called for, we selected the numbers of eight bills now on the calender, and then procured these bills from the document-rooms of the House and Senate. This was impartially done to ascertain the average appropriation called for by the 13,000 or more bills introduced by Democrats and Republicans, calling for appropriations. The following figures show the average:

H. R. No. 2167. A bill by Stone of Kentucky (Dem.)	$2,936
H. R. No. 722. A bill by Enloe of Tennessee (Dem.)	13,378
H. R. No. 1309. A bill by Pendleton of Texas (Dem.)	4,780
H. R. No. 7784. A bill by Hooker of Mississippi (Dem.)	19,445
H. R. No. 397. A bill by McGann of Illinois (Dem.)	4,000,000
H. R. No. 6715. A bill by Crain of Texas (Dem.)	60,000
H. R. No. 1172. A bill by Stallings of Alabama (Dem.)	50,000

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.