

WE ADVOCATE THE RESTORATION OF SILVER AS PRIMARY MONEY AND THE FREE AND UNLIMITED COINAGE OF SILVER AND GOLD AT THE RATIO OF 16 TO 1.

VOL. XIII.

THE GREAT TEN DAYS DEBATE

Between the Author of "Coin's Financial School" and Ex-Congressman Roswell G. Horr.

SILVER AND GOLD FIGHT.

Mr. H. H. Harney, a Republican, Champion of the Gold Standard, and Mr. W. H. Harvey, a Populist, Champion of the Silver Standard, have been discussing the merits of the gold and silver standards for ten days.

The debate opened at Chicago on July 15th and will continue for three hours a day for ten days. Messrs. Harney and Harvey made brief statements of the points which they proposed to bring in the debate. The debate proper began on July 16th.

Mr. Harney's opponent to tell plainly if there was ever any such school held as that described in the book "Coin's Financial School."

Mr. Harvey—The "school" is an allegory; it marshals the opinions of the two sides of this controversy, so that in imagination can see the conflict of opinions and the contest as it proceeds.

Mr. Harney—Now, I come to the motto of the book, which is this: "I thank Thee, Oh, Father, Lord of Heaven and earth because Thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent and hast revealed them unto babes."

Mr. Harvey—Mr. Harney misinterprets the meaning of that verse. The word "hidden" is intended to mean the pure of mind and unselfish. It is in that sense that it is used in the Bible.

Mr. Harney—I submit that that motto does not give an excuse for a boy because he is in the breach of not telling the truth. It does not give the boy any right to misrepresent facts.

At this point the contestants discussed at some length the money system of the United States. Mr. Harney said: "The first law that was passed in the United States on the subject of money was in July 6, 1787, and it was passed after the subject had been discussed in every shape and form by the people and press of the United States."

Mr. Harvey, replying, declared that the silver dollar was the unit of value and the record showed that he had been right in everything he said back into the discussion by which he was believed as saying one thing yesterday and something else today.

Mr. Harney, replying, declared that the silver dollar was the unit of value and the record showed that he had been right in everything he said back into the discussion by which he was believed as saying one thing yesterday and something else today.

Mr. Harney said: "Mr. Harvey and his free silver friends identify property and the progress of man with the lot of the feudal nobility of Europe and not with that of the toilers."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Some Startling Figures and Strong Facts Concerning Property Values.

"MARYANN" MADE INROADS

And Observed the Field—Woke up News and Captured the Told Where You Stand—Another Defender of the Franchise—Who is the Thief A.C.

Mr. Harney, following on this subject, said: "I propose to show you during this debate the metals ever been passed by the American Congress which was more completely and fully understood than the law of 1873."

Mr. Harney asserted that all such laws have, in the brains of experts, the question of coinage, mintage, is a most intricate one.

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

Mr. Harney—Mr. Harney did not mean the "mint" as it is used in an act of Congress. Mr. Harney directed (the mints being open to the free coinage of all kinds of silver coin.)

REV. SAM JONES

On the Political Situation—He Says That the People have Lost Confidence in the two old Parties—There would be no "Hard Times" if we had an Honest Government.

THE UNIT OF VALUE.

The Silver Dollar of 1795 and 1802 Have "One Dollar or Unit, Hundred Cents"—The Immutability Standard of Value Was Never Changed.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Hon. H. I. Bradford Prince, for years the governor and chief justice of New Mexico, is in the city. In an interview he said:

"A couple of months ago there was a discussion in Chicago as to what was the unit of value under the original coinage act of 1792, which embodied the views of Washington, Hamilton and Jefferson."

"Now here," said the governor, taking out of his pocket two finely preserved specimens of our early coinage, "here are two silver dollars of 1795, and one of 1802. On the obverse side of each is the word Liberty and on the reverse 'UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.'"

"The only question the average politician of to-day asks is: 'What plank and what man will capture the most votes?' The vote hunter has made appropriations wherever he could capture a vote, and every fellow who got soared at the sight of a soldier of a gun during the war or who had a bad cold or stamped his nose, has got his pension and gone to town to whittle away his time, while a few of the honest soldiers are supporting nearly a million of Uncle Sam's loafers and white pine whittlers."

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

HERE IS THE SCORCHING TRUTH

How Sand Was Thrown Into the People's Eyes—What the Schemers Did and What They Said.

EVIDENCES OF VILLAINY.

Caught and Collected From the Promoters—How the Fishing Process Was Organized—And How the Panic Was Brought on—Rascally in Public Management.

The demonization of silver in 1873 was a criminal conspiracy on the part of certain members of Congress acting for the money monopoly of Europe and America.

Between man and God. O what a voyage that! O what a sea to sail!

We believe it will not lessen the respect of any man for his religion to have some of its mystery cleared away by turning on the light.

Thus we settle the question that we can not speak of any particular religion but of religious feeling in general. Religious feeling is a reality that exists and whatever we may see its origin and force to be, it deserves our attention and highest respect as the motor of the greatest acts that have been accomplished in the moral domain.

It has a scientific basis and is not an accident. Give up the idea that religion comes by chance, by caprice, by mystery. It comes by none of these. Religion is by law; natural law if you will, or supernatural law, for all law is divine. Religion in Christianity does not come by chance. The cause is: Stand before Christ; see, believe, love; the effect is: become like Him.

We do not mean that religion is made by law.

Religion expresses law.

"Religion may be supposed paramount to law," says Burke, "and independent of its substance on any human institution; else it becomes the absurd thing in the world, an acknowledged cheat. Religion is not believed because the laws have previously established it, but it is established because the community has previously believed it."

Every fact has its explanation in a principle. What is the principle that explains the fact of religion? Examine the fact. I claim it is universal. Religion in its aspect of morals and doctrine is to be found in every tribe and nation that bears the name of man. While true that the forms of its manifestations, intellectual, moral, spiritual, aesthetic, practical, are almost countless in their variety; yet at bottom of them all is the same principle, the same instinct, the same aspiration.

If the fact to be explained is thus universal and has for its explanation one principle, then that principle must be one which is bound up with the nature of man and hence can express itself at all stages of human development.

MR. HARMONY HOAX--MYTH.

A Strange Character Who Once Advocated Free Silver and the Sub-Treasury Plan.

HOW BLINKING AT GOLD.

His Only Thought Was to Preserve Democratic Organization—And Aid Democratic Nominees—He Wrote a Platform Against Which His Paper Fought—And to Which He Was Opposed.

It is well known now that Secretary Hoke Smith, of Cleveland's clique, is coveting over the country "recreating the past standard. It was not always the case that it had been since his eyes were blinded by the flash of London Jew syndicate gold. He was once a free silver man. He was even a SUB-TREASURY MAN."

In 1890, when the people began an open and determined rebellion against the money trust and monopolies, Mr. Hoke Smith was a good Democrat because uneasy. He feared the rebellion would cause a disruption of the "dear old party."

The fact that the interview had been held became public property during the campaign of 1890, and rumor distorted some of the statements that Secretary Smith had made. To correct these he wrote a letter to the "Free Press," who was at that time the Third Party candidate for governor. As Colonel Peck was out of Atlanta and in Savannah, Secretary Smith said that he would publish his explanatory letter at once, and this he did. The letter appeared in the secretary's paper, the Atlanta Journal in September, 1890, where it will be found fully and in all the bravery of type. In that letter, referring to his talk with Col. Livingston, which rumor had somewhat distorted,

I mentioned a number of measures of proposed legislation which might rather, as a result of them, be the very best for the relief of the people that it was possible to pass.

It is not to be supposed that I was limited to only a part of the issue, but that I was free to discuss the whole. On the contrary, so remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested, and used for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation and to prevent a yearly forced contraction.

Whether Mr. Hoke Smith was instrumental in accomplishing his purpose, or not, is a matter of history. Democratic nominees were aided, and they got to Congress in an overwhelming majority.

Where, oh where is his MEASURE OF PRACTICAL BENEFIT TO THE PEOPLE? What has been done? What is the great Hoax-Myth? For the thing he is howling for gold and telling the people that the Cleveland administration is something that God created for their special benefit. For another thing he is trying to explain that letter. He says his paper was published in the Atlanta Journal, and he was personally opposed to the platform he built. But perhaps he thought it would aid Democratic nominees, &c.

Here is something which the great secretary has graciously given out to the public: WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Hoke Smith today gave out the following: "My attention has just been called to the publication of a letter written by me in September, 1890, to Hon. W. L. Peck and published in the Atlanta Journal. The Journal was then opposing the sub-treasury scheme and my personal opposition to the measure. The letter clearly excluded the idea of consulting me as to all of the seven propositions which are in the sub-treasury measure. I did favor the free coinage of silver. I was giving most of my attention to promoting the free coinage of silver, and also keeping silver and gold dollars upon a parity with equal purchasing power. Some of the people have given the subject much study, and being thoroughly satisfied that the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 would result in silver mono-metalism, I have for several years openly opposed it."

Harrah for Hoax-Myth! (Copy as March News. Washington Dispatch.) In an editorial in the Danville Star appears the two propositions alluded to in the above quotation. That the free coinage of silver will enhance the value of silver bullion 100 per cent (the silver mine owners of the West receiving the benefit of the appreciation) and that the tobacco farmers of Virginia will receive only one-half the value of their tobacco crop, because they will be paid for it in a depreciated money. This is logic sure enough! We have seen these two arguments used by the goldbugs before, but never in the same breath. And yet they are about as logical as any of the goldbug arguments we have seen put forth.

If Europe wants to "dump" her silver here let her dump. She can't produce silver enough to keep her place and govern her people.

MR. HARMONY HOAX--MYTH.

A Strange Character Who Once Advocated Free Silver and the Sub-Treasury Plan.

HOW BLINKING AT GOLD.

His Only Thought Was to Preserve Democratic Organization—And Aid Democratic Nominees—He Wrote a Platform Against Which His Paper Fought—And to Which He Was Opposed.

It is well known now that Secretary Hoke Smith, of Cleveland's clique, is coveting over the country "recreating the past standard. It was not always the case that it had been since his eyes were blinded by the flash of London Jew syndicate gold. He was once a free silver man. He was even a SUB-TREASURY MAN."

In 1890, when the people began an open and determined rebellion against the money trust and monopolies, Mr. Hoke Smith was a good Democrat because uneasy. He feared the rebellion would cause a disruption of the "dear old party."

The fact that the interview had been held became public property during the campaign of 1890, and rumor distorted some of the statements that Secretary Smith had made. To correct these he wrote a letter to the "Free Press," who was at that time the Third Party candidate for governor. As Colonel Peck was out of Atlanta and in Savannah, Secretary Smith said that he would publish his explanatory letter at once, and this he did. The letter appeared in the secretary's paper, the Atlanta Journal in September, 1890, where it will be found fully and in all the bravery of type. In that letter, referring to his talk with Col. Livingston, which rumor had somewhat distorted,

I mentioned a number of measures of proposed legislation which might rather, as a result of them, be the very best for the relief of the people that it was possible to pass.

It is not to be supposed that I was limited to only a part of the issue, but that I was free to discuss the whole. On the contrary, so remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested, and used for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation and to prevent a yearly forced contraction.

Whether Mr. Hoke Smith was instrumental in accomplishing his purpose, or not, is a matter of history. Democratic nominees were aided, and they got to Congress in an overwhelming majority.

Where, oh where is his MEASURE OF PRACTICAL BENEFIT TO THE PEOPLE? What has been done? What is the great Hoax-Myth? For the thing he is howling for gold and telling the people that the Cleveland administration is something that God created for their special benefit. For another thing he is trying to explain that letter. He says his paper was published in the Atlanta Journal, and he was personally opposed to the platform he built. But perhaps he thought it would aid Democratic nominees, &c.

Here is something which the great secretary has graciously given out to the public: WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Hoke Smith today gave out the following: "My attention has just been called to the publication of a letter written by me in September, 1890, to Hon. W. L. Peck and published in the Atlanta Journal. The Journal was then opposing the sub-treasury scheme and my personal opposition to the measure. The letter clearly excluded the idea of consulting me as to all of the seven propositions which are in the sub-treasury measure. I did favor the free coinage of silver. I was giving most of my attention to promoting the free coinage of silver, and also keeping silver and gold dollars upon a parity with equal purchasing power. Some of the people have given the subject much study, and being thoroughly satisfied that the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 would result in silver mono-metalism, I have for several years openly opposed it."

Harrah for Hoax-Myth! (Copy as March News. Washington Dispatch.) In an editorial in the Danville Star appears the two propositions alluded to in the above quotation. That the free coinage of silver will enhance the value of silver bullion 100 per cent (the silver mine owners of the West receiving the benefit of the appreciation) and that the tobacco farmers of Virginia will receive only one-half the value of their tobacco crop, because they will be paid for it in a depreciated money. This is logic sure enough! We have seen these two arguments used by the goldbugs before, but never in the same breath. And yet they are about as logical as any of the goldbug arguments we have seen put forth.

If Europe wants to "dump" her silver here let her dump. She can't produce silver enough to keep her place and govern her people.

REV. SAM JONES

On the Political Situation—He Says That the People have Lost Confidence in the two old Parties—There would be no "Hard Times" if we had an Honest Government.

THE UNIT OF VALUE.

The Silver Dollar of 1795 and 1802 Have "One Dollar or Unit, Hundred Cents"—The Immutability Standard of Value Was Never Changed.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Hon. H. I. Bradford Prince, for years the governor and chief justice of New Mexico, is in the city. In an interview he said:

"A couple of months ago there was a discussion in Chicago as to what was the unit of value under the original coinage act of 1792, which embodied the views of Washington, Hamilton and Jefferson."

"Now here," said the governor, taking out of his pocket two finely preserved specimens of our early coinage, "here are two silver dollars of 1795, and one of 1802. On the obverse side of each is the word Liberty and on the reverse 'UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.'"

The only question the average politician of to-day asks is: "What plank and what man will capture the most votes?" The vote hunter has made appropriations wherever he could capture a vote, and every fellow who got soared at the sight of a soldier of a gun during the war or who had a bad cold or stamped his nose, has got his pension and gone to town to whittle away his time, while a few of the honest soldiers are supporting nearly a million of Uncle Sam's loafers and white pine whittlers."

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.

The Atlanta Constitution's object lesson shows that the tax valuation of property in the State of New York has increased in one year \$235,883,432.