THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

BY THE CAUCASIAN PUBLISHING CO

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

IS IT POSSIBLE?

We notice in one of our exchanges the following news item:

"There was a strong effort by certain trustees of Wake Forest College, to have the college dispose of its Standard Oil stock, but the effort failed."

What does this mean? Is it possible that Wake Forest College owns stock in the Standard Oil Trust? Is a church college in copartnership with the gigantic octopus in its un-Christianlike business—in its illegal business and its infamous methods? There must be some mistake about this. Did Christ make terms with the money changers and accept some of the ill-gotten gains and justify himself on the ground that he would use the gift of the money-changers in the interest of the cause of religion? No. He rebuked the money changers and drove them from the temple. Should a church college (or any college for that matter) accept a part of the ill-gotten gains of the money changers and wink at their robbery of the people and their desecration and pollution of God's temple, or should they follow Christ's example and drive them out?

There must be some mistake about this, for surely the thousands upon thousands of good, Christian and godly people who make up the Baptist Church in North Carolina would never consider or tolerate for one moment such a monstrous proposition.

STATE DEMOCRACY RESCUED FROM "LAWLESSNESS."

The Charlotte Observer in an editorial answering the question "Where does the Observer Stand?" says:

"It stands for the National Democratic party as it was before 1896, but not for so much of its platform of that year as declared for free silver and pandered to lawlessness."

How does such a declaration as this suit the honest rank and file of the Democratic party of North Carolina who followed Bryan in the campaign of 1896? The Observer has the cheek to say that the great majority of Democratic voters in North Carolina were a lawless crowd in 1896. Is this why the Observer and the other gold and monopoly Democrats tried to reform them in 1898 by a strong and partially successful attempt to throw North Carolina into a state of anarchy in order to elect a legislature of corporation-abiding lawyers?

In the same editorial the Observer boasts of the fact that it has experienced no change of heart since 1896, and confidently predicts an early return of the time "when the National Democratic party will have sobered up and got back to base." Note that the Observer specifies "national" Democratic party. The Observer no doubt considers that under its leadership and that of the other goldbugs and monopolists, that the State Democratic party has already been rescued from "lawlessness" and "has been sobered up and brought back to base." In this the Observer is right, as witness the last campaign and the last legislature.

SOME NEEDED REFORMS.

The money question should be kept to the fore. The dear dollar is a most prolific cause of hard times. As long as the dollar continues to appreciate just so long and correspondingly will property depreciate. And until our present monetary system is changed for the better, just so long will this condition of affairs exist.

The people should own and control the railroads of the country. They not only own the valuable franchises, but they make the operation of the roads valuable by giving it the support which a public utility commands from the public generally. Under our present system the people give to private corporations the franchise, clothe the roads with protection of law, and in return must submit to any tax rates for travel or shipping that avarice and greed of a few see fit to demand. Under public control they would secure not only a cheaper but a better service.

The telegraph system of the country should also be under public control. The same arguments which apply to government ownership of the post office department, apply with greater force to the telegraph system, for the reason that the telegraph is a more rapid means of communication than the mails. If the principle of government control of the means of communication in the interest of the public is correct in the case of the post office, what argument is there against the correctness of this principle as applied to the more rapid means of communication?

Congress should pass a law providing for an income tax. If this cannot be done without a constitutional amendmendment, then the amendment should be submitted. Certainly the man who enjoys a vast income protected by the laws of the government owes the government more than the man who has no income to be thus protected.

We should also have a system of direct legislation. We are all supposed to be believers in a democratic form of government, and certainly a government granting to the people themselves the right to review and ratify or reject acts of legislatures is more democratic than a representative form, for the reason that it gives the people a more direct control over legislation. Such a system would remove the corrupting influence of wealth now so prevalent in our lawmaking bodies.

For the same reason Federal Judges and Senators should be elected by the people, and the office of the former limited to a term of years.

The People's Party is the only party pledged to these reforms.

Peace reports from the Phillipines are still being received at headquarters, but a consummation of such a happy result is being postponed for reasons of which we are not informed by Gen. Otis' dispatches. It is beginning to be an aggravated case of "hope deferred." We subjoin the following from an interview with Brig. Gen. Charles King, who has just returned from the Phillipines, as being perhaps the most intellectual explanation of the situation we have yet seen. It is as follows:

"The situation in the Phillipines is most serious. The people of those islands will keep a guerilla warfare, and there is no telling when the hostilities will cease. They retire to the fastnesses of their mountain retreats when they are whipped and hide in the jungles. Subsisting on practically nothing, they have no need for a base of supplies. It will necessitate a large force of men to subjugate them completely. Their entrenchments were works of military engineering and construction to the best that the most civilized military nations have produced. Under the Spanish regime the Filipino learned something of war, and we are receiving evidence of this every day.

There is much complaint from the truckers of Eastern North Carolina against the railroads, not only because of the exhorbitant rates which they charged for hauling truck to Northern markets, but also for the very poor service which the roads have given. The truckers say it is not an unusual thing for the roads to delay the truck enroute thus destroying its market value. And they say with truth that the high prices which they are forced to pay for transportation should command the very best and quickest service. If these roads were under government control, the object sought for would be, not to make money for the government, but to give to the public not only a very much cheaper, but the very best and quickest service possible. Thus, under public control the immense profits now pocketed by the few would be distributed among the shipping and travelling public, while the government as in the case of the transmission of mails would give to the people a service against which there could be no reasonable complaint.

In another column find a communication written and signed by Mr. W. J. Currie, of Maxton, who was a member of the North Carolina General Assembly of 1897. Mr. Currie was summonsed as a witness in the Dockery-Bellamy contest, and as a truthful man, stated facts that he saw on the day of election. This caused the editor of the Scottish Chief, one of the Red-Shirt organs, to attack Mr. Currie for telling the truth. Mr. Currie in the communication referred to, found elsewhere in the paper, in a straightforward manner, gives the facts replying to the attacks of the Scottish Chief. This communication should be read carefully. It contains some important facts for history.

Mr. Bryan in a recent speech said that it took quite as much courage to fight the trust of commerce as it did to climb a San Juan hill or swim a Phillippine river, whereupon the trust organs opened a fire of ridicule. Whether or not Mr. Bryan's statement is correct depends entirely upon the kind of fight that is made against trusts. It requires no courage whatever, as the trust organs say, merely to denounce trusts; but it does require a pretty good stock of courage of the moral sort to fight them in an affective manner—a courage to withstand temptation in which too many of our public officers have shown themselves lacking.

We are glad to see that RepresentativeBell, of the Industrial Commission, is made a member of the sub committee which will make inquiry on the subject of transportation. Mr. Bell is Populist representative from Colorado, and his knowledge of the railroad question makes him a valuable member of the Commission.

General Maximo Gomez, former Commander-in-Chief of the Cuban Army has issued his farewell address to the army. After pathetic reference to the struggle for independence, he appeals to the Islanders to support the Americans in the effort to establish a safe government. He contends that as soon as this is done the Americans can have no further excuse for remaining in the Island. The address is a very sensible and politic document, and if acted upon by the Cubans to the extent of establishing a government of law and order, the Administration will have to remove its military force in Cuba or else belie its own declarations.

Perhaps there is no man who gets a greater amount of adverse criticism from the monopoly press than does Governor Pingree, of Michigan. It is because Governor Pingree is making a fight against trusts and other illegal combinations of capital, and not only that, but is making the kind of fight which, as Mr. Bryan says, it takes courage to make. We are glad to see that he is about to win his fight for municipal ownership of street railways in Detriot and a reduction of fare to three cents.

The Republican party of Ohio, in its recent convention declared against trusts, but took pains to defeat the renomination of Attorney-General Monnett, the man who has made such a splendid record in Ohio fighting the Standard Oil Trust. A declaration against trusts to fool the people is one thing, but the election of a man who has proven himself sincere and vigorous in his fight against them is quite another, and one that is not on the programme.

The trouble in Samoa, which for a time involved Germany, England and America, is apparently at an end. The island is now under control of a Commission which has the power to establish a government with or without a king. Germany is now for the first time in months acting in accord with England and America.

NEGRO EXODUS FROM WILMINGTON.

Colored People Leaving in Droves—Two Hundred and Fifty Families Have Left Since November—Promised Good Positions by a Syndicate.

Wilmington Dispatch, 9th.

The exodus of negroes from this city still continues, with increasing rapidity.

Within the last month not less than one hundred families have left the city bound for different parts of the United States. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays are the days generally selected by those who contemplate leaving the city, and on each of these days, great crowds of negroes leave the city. Yesterday, however, was a departure from the general custom.

A gentleman informed a Dispath representative this morning that, while coming down the country road which leads out over Smith's creek, he met a large crowd of negroes, with their baggage strapped on their baks. There were nineteen in all, ten men and nine women, and when questioned as to their destination, they said they were bound for Norfolk.

The crowd was tramping to their destination, but this is not the general way they leave the city. A colored man of some pominence in his race, in conversation with the reporter, said he had intereded with the Alantic Coast Line for those who were desirons leaving the city, but as the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad would not give them rates under $8 a head, they decided, those who desired to go North, to take the Wilmington & Newbern divison of the Atlantic Coast Line and go to Newbern, which would cost them only $5, and thence proceed to Norfolk.

We are informed that a syndicate with headquarters in Washington is offering the negroes in this locality great inducements. They first promise them good jobs, and to show their good faith in the matter, appear before the United States marshall and make out sworn statements to that effect. They offer skilled labor, and, as stated above, make a sworn statement to that effect, $4 a day in the petroleum and coal fields of Pennsylvania, Alabama and Illinois, and unskilled labor, until they are familiar with and thoroughly understand the work, $1 a day. They further obligte; our informant says, to see that the negroes are comfortably located, and have good houses to reside in.

On or about the 20th of this month, about 50 colored families will leave this city, some for Pittsburg, some for New York, and some for Boston, Those who go to Pittsburg will be either employed in the petroleum or oil fields, so numerous in that vicinity. They will leave over the Wilmington & Weldon branch of the Atlantic Coast Line for Newbern, and from Newbern they will proceed to their final destination.

It has been estimated that since the November riot fully two hundred and fifty families have left this locality, some from necessty and others from desire.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever, nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's family pills are the best.

ON ELECTION DAY.

MR CURRIE REPLIES TO A RED-SHIRT EDITOR.

Some of the Doings of the Red-Shirt Gang on Election Day in Robeson County.

EDITOR CAUCASIAN,—Dear Sir:—Please allow me space in your paper to state some of the happenings and incidents of the November election of 1898. In my testimony in the Dockery-Bellamy contest case before notaries, Jowers and Skipper, among the many questions asked me were the following:

"Did you see any disorder on the streets of Maxton during the day of said election, and if so state the nature of it?"

Ans.—I did, there was a great deal of disorder from twelve o'clock on through the balance of the day. There were men and boys stationed at the street crossings who had on red shirts whose business seemed to be to turn back or run off every colored man that would be coming to town, using on them clubs, brickbats and shooting at them.

One or two did not run, but the red shirts made them all go back. They were colored men whom they ran.

Q. Did you see any of the squads of men and boys you have before referred to, turn back, attempt to turn back or assault, or attempt to assault any colored man on the day of election, held on the 8th day of November, 1898?

A. Yes.

Q. If you can give the names of the colored men referred to in your last answer and of the parties who composed the squads who turned them back?

A. There were several I did not know, but I saw Jim Campbell, Henry McPhail, Sandy McKay, Jordan McNair and others, whose names I don't just now recollect. I don't remember how many were in the squad, but I saw Henry Smith, Leak Smith, W. H. Bishop, Charles Ivey, M. G. McKenzie, J. P. Wiggings and several I don't just now recall.

Q. What were the squads of men doing to the colored men you have referred to when you saw them?

A. Some of them were just running along after them with short sticks in their hands, some were throwing brick-bats, some were striking them with boards and some were shooting.

Now on this, M. G. McKenzie, editor of the Scottish Chief in his next issue jumps on me with both feet and does me up in the following style, thusly:

"It seems from the evidence of W. J. Currie, one of the witnesses for the contestant, that they reserved the most slanderous and untruthful evidence until the last minute, so that the contestee could not offer the truthful rebuttal testimony."

Then after a long tarade of abuse he (the said McKinzie) proceeds to deliver himself thusly:

"I hereby denounce the whole evidence of W. J. Currie as to me maliciously false."

Now, as to my having slandered the good people of Maxton, I am willing to leave the whole case with them, for none knows better than they of the doings of that memorable day, (election day).

I have heard many of them say, (and good Democrats at that), that they hoped that they would never see such another day in our town.

Now as to my evidence as regards McKenzie. I herewith submit sworn statements of some of the parties thus maltreated, which speak for themselves.

Robeson county, N. C., Maxton township.—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Jordan H. McNair, who being duly sworn deposes and says that on the day of the election held in November 1898, at which said election he was a qualified voter in Maxton precinct, No 1, he came to Maxton for the purpose of voting and that he was met before he got to the polling place by a crowd of Red Shirts, led by M. G. McKenzie and ordered to leave town. That he remonstrated, telling them that he was not doing any one any harm, when said M. G. McKenzie told him to leave and that d—d quick, and that then they jerked him off of the cotton platform on which he was sitting and assaulted and ran him and shot after him twice. I also saw the same crowd assault and run my father, Jordan McNair.

JORDAN H. MCNAIR, JR.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 15th day of May 1899.

JOHN D. JOWERS, Notary Public.

Robeson county, N. C.,—Personally came before me the undersigned Notary Public in and for the above named county and State, A. L. McLean who being by me duly sworn, deposes and says as follows, viz: That he is a resident and qualified voter of Maxton precinct, No. 1, and was so at the election held in Nov. 1898. That on the day of the said election while sitting on the cotton platform in the town of Maxton, in the county and State aforesaid in company with Jordan H. McNair, Jr., Jim Davis and N. A. Mainer, they were approached by M. G. McKenzie, who was leading a crowd of Red Shirts and ordered to leave the town. That upon remonstrance that it was election day and that they were citizens, he then said M. G. McKenzie called up his crowd of Red Shirts and proceeded to assault and beat the said Jordan H. McNair, running after and shooting after him. That they forced all of the above named viz: Jordan H. McNair, Jr., Jim Davis, N. A. Mainer and himself (said A. L. McLean) to leave by cursing and threatening them with violence if they did not do so. That the said M. G. McKinzie was the spokesman of the crowd and did the most of the threatening, cursing and abusing. That he asked the said M. G. McKenzie if he was not an officer of the government and his reply was "d-n the government." That said M. G. McKenzie and all the balance of the crowd who was with him said that the reason for wishing to run us out of the town on that day was on account of the election as they "the Red Shirts were bound to carry it." That the said M. G. McKenzie was a prominent feature in the demonstrations made by the Red Shirts against the colored voters in the town of Maxton on the day of said election to prevent them from voting and in cursing and abusing them on account of their political opinions and in many instances going to the extent of assaulting them especially in the cases above referred to.

A. L. MCLEAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19th day of May, 1899.

JOHN D. JOWERS, Notary Public.

McKenzie, as tried by his own statements and admission is guilty. He says that he did not have on a red shirt on the day of election, but that he had on a piece of red flannel, a distinction without a difference.

He also says that he did not engage in any of the assaults, but that he "was along with the boys and was a well wisher." Now a man that stands by and sees murder committed and does try to prevent it, but is "a well wisher" is just as guilty in law as the man who does the killing.

He told a prominent democrat that he did not engage in running off any colored men that day, but that he saw a strange darkey, and went to him and asked what he was doing here and told him he had better leave. The man told him (McKenzie) he would leave when he got ready, so he (McKenzie) went and told "the boys" and the fellow was hustled out of town in short order, so you see by his own testimony. McKenzie was surely "along with the boys and a well wisher."

I would not stop to pay any attention to his strictures on me, but suppose a few copies of his paper going beyond Maxton and vicinity. Here it only to circulate in this community, where he and all the facts are known. I would leave the matter with the people for they know McKenzie and have repudiated him time and again. Last spring he (McKenzie) was seized with a burning consuming zeal to become Maxton's mayor so he had himself nominated, but found himself on the morning of election confronted by a ticket composed some of Maxton's bestbusiness men and best citizens. The consequence was McKenzie was badly left. But not to be relegated by one defeat. He still had his eye on the mayor's seat, so this spring he proposed the same trick and got himself nominated again and once more found himself confronted by some of Maxton's largest tax payers and best business men and when the votes were counted he found himself more heavily sat down on than before.

So if McKenzie has not the cheek of the proverbial "government mule" he will "crawl in his hole and pull the hole in after him." But will he do it? Well Falstaff says—"It is but fair to say that there was no politics in either of these contest, it was a question of good government for Maxton, pure and simple and when it comes to that McKenzie is not in it."

Mr. Editor, these are some of the happenings of election day at our place, but the after effect. A prominent Federal Judge said to a leading democrat of our section. Says he, "W— I take no stock in politics, but the way your people are conducting this campaign your people will not get over in 30 years." I see more and more the truthfulness of that statement every day.

The leaders in the last campaign on the Democratic side unsheathed, the sharpest two edged sword, this old universe ever saw when they taught the people to disregard law and carry the election by any sort of means.

Very Resp't,
W. J. CURRIE.

Maxton, N. C., May 27th, '99

WOMEN AND MEN Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. For pleasing results use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Couldn't Crow Over Him.

Boy on the Fence—"You ought to see the rabbit's foot I've got home." Boy in the Next Yard—"That ain't nothin'. My little brother's got a harelip."—Chicago Tribune.

"Like diamonds raindrps glisten." Drops of Hood's Sarsaparilla are precious jewels for the blood which glisten in their use.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Gorton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at all Drug Stores. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

ONLY ONE CURE FOR SCROFULA.

S. S. S. Is the Only Remedy Equal to this Obstinate Disease.

There are dozens of remedies recommended for Scrofula, some of them no doubt being able to afford temporary relief, but S. S. S. is absolutely the only remedy which completely cures it. Scrofula is one of the most obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases, and is beyond the reach of the many so-called purifiers and tonics because something more than a mere tonic is required. S. S. S. is equal to any blood trouble, and never fails to cure Scrofula, because it goes down to the seat of the disease, thus permanently eliminating every trace of the taint.

The serious consequences to which Scrofula surely leads should impress upon those afflicted with it the vital importance of wasting no time upon treatment which can not possibly effect a cure. In many cases where the wrong treatment has been relied upon, complicated glandular swellings have resulted, for which the doctors insist that a dangerous surgical operation is necessary.

Mr. H. E. Thompson, of Milledgeville, Ga., writes: "A bad case of Scrofula broke out on the glands of my neck, which had to be lanced and caused me much suffering. I was treated for a long while, but the physicians were unable to cure me, and my condition was as bad as when I began their treatment. Many blood remedies were used, but without effect. Some one recommended S. S. S., and I began to improve as soon as I had taken a few bottles. Continuing the remedy, I was soon cured permanently, and have never had a sign of the disease to return." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—is the only remedy which can promptly reach and cure obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases. By relying upon it, and not experimenting with the various so-called tonics, etc., all sufferers from blood troubles can be promptly cured, instead of enduring years of suffering which gradually but surely undermines the constitution. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and never fails to cure Scrofula, Eczema, Cancer, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Boils, Tetter, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, etc. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Books on blood and skin diseases will be mailed free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

A Typical "Trust" Case.

From the New York World.

Thirteen manufactories with a total capitalization of $21,580,000 have organized themselves into a trust with a capital of $8,000 000. Of this $40 000,000 is to be in preferred stock paying 7 per cent. a year, and $40,000,000 is to be in common stock paying whatever may be left after the preferred stock has paid its $2,800,000 in annual dividends.

What do these promoters propose? They go into the money market, where the rate of interest on good security is less than 4 per cent. and ask the public:

First, To lend them $40,000,000 at 7 per cent. interest, or more than 3 per cent. above the market rate when the security or collateral is sound, and they offer as security property which even at their own valuation is worth only $21 580 000.

Second, To lend them $40,000,000 more on no security whatever and with no interest on the loan until after the first $40 000,000 shall have earned 7 per cent.

The demand for the articles which these gentlemen make is limited and is not greater than the present facilities for making them can readily meet. True, prices can be put up, but surely not enough to give the huge margin of profit necessary to the success of this "trust."

This case is not isolated. It is typical of what it going on in practically every branch of American manfactures to-day.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cured guaranteed. Sold by all Druggists.

The Cost of the Filipino War.

Washington Sentinel.

The war of subjugation now in progress in the Philipines has cost so far, according to conservative estimates: The loss of 591 American soldiers killed in battle or lost by disease; the wounding of 1294 other brave fellows; $20,000,000 paid to Spair; $5,000,000 paid in salaries and wages to men; $7,500,000 for maintenance of the army; $4 500 000 for transportation of men and supplies; $3,000,000 for ammunition, etc.; for other military operations, $19 570,000, and for general expenses. $39 570 000. This makes a total of nearly $100,000,000 in cash and nearly 600 lives. It will be found that when the final bill is made up the figures will be more than double this sum. War even with "reckless and irresponsible barbarians" is expensive.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelna, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C Weak nerves have caused sore pains in the back and headache, using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all the pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidneys trouble, purifies the blood tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed only 50 cents. Sold by all Druggists.

Quite a Difference.

A newly married editor gets off the following. "What is the difference between a honeycomb, a honeymoon, and a pretty girl? A honeycomb is a small cell, a honeymoon is a big sell, and a pretty girl is a damsel."—Coest Advocate.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Money back if not cured. Sold by all Druggists.

Broken Glass or China.

A cement for mending broken glass or china is made by dissolving half an ounce of gum arabic in a wineglassful of boiling water and adding enough plaster of Paris to make a thick paste. Apply it with a brush to the edges of the broken parts. Hold the pieces carefully together until the cement has hardened sufficiently for them to adhere. If the article to be mended is broken in several places, do not attempt to cement a second place before the first has thoroughly hardened.

Mother—I gave you a shilling to be good yesterday and today you are trying to show how bad you can be.

Willie—Yes, but I'm trying to show you that you got your money's worth yesterday.—Tit-bits.

THE NEW BULL PEN ELECTION LAW

Its Provisions as Interpreted by a Leading Democratic Paper.

The recent Legislature repealed the non-partisan election laws of 1895 and 1897, which guaranteed to every party the right to be represented on election boards by election officers of their own choosing, and enacted an election law more vicious than infamous Simmons Bull-Pen Election law that was in force before 1895.

The leading provisions of this law as published by the Raleigh News & Observer are as follows:

1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7. That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

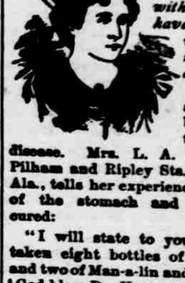
9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

CLEAN PEOPLE



Cleanliness goes with health. If we have catarrh anywhere we cannot be wholly clean.

Makes systematic efforts to be free from this disgusting disease. Mrs. L. A. Johnston, 103 Pilham and Ripley Sts., Montgomery, Ala., tells her experience with catarrh of the stomach and how she was cured:

"I will state to you that I have taken eight bottles of your Pe-ru-na and two of Man-a-lin and rejoice to say, 'God bless Dr. Hartman and Pe-ru-na.' And I earnestly assure you that it has done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken in my life. I prescribe it to every one I meet who is suffering, as the best medicine in the world, and have made many converts who are now rejoicing in the great good which they have derived from the same. I can tell you that I am almost entirely relieved of indigestion, that great foe which has tortured me so many years, and can now eat anything I desire without it is fruits or something acid."

To understand the scientific action of Pe-ru-na it is best to have Dr. Hartman's special book for women or his book on chronic catarrh. These books are mailed free by the Pe-ru-na Medicine Company, Columbus, O. All druggists sell Pe-ru-na.

Bad Reference.

"I hear you have married Bobbitt's divorced wife."

"Yes."

"How did you come to do that?"

"Bobbett recommended her highly. Said his only trouble was she snored, and you know I'm deaf."—Harlem Life.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,

be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents per bottle.

Consumer's Guano Co.

RALEIGH N. C.

W. S. BARNES, General Manager.

Our brands are "Lemon Wrapper" Guano, 'Farmers' Choice" Guano, "K." Guano and "B.B." Acid Phosphate. We sell to farmers direct and at farmers' prices. A home company and not in a trust. Our prices are low and goods not excelled.

Positions Secured . . .

We aid those who want government positions; 85,000 places under Civil Service rules; 8,000 yearly appointments. War creates a demand for 20,000 employees within 6 months.

Bureau of Civil Service Instruction 123 Fifth Street N. W. Washington, D.C.

TRY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and their prices before you purchase any other.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS. 18 Union Square, N.Y. Chicago, Ill. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga. FOR SALE BY

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this new 1899 pattern high grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest stove bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.60 less the $1.00 sent with order, or $15.60 and freight charges. This stove is size No. 8, oven is 18x18x18; made from best pig iron, extra large fire box, corners, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy top, handsome nickel plated trimmings, handles and trimmings, extra large deep panelled top, ornamented fire pot, handsome large ornamented base and heater made, and we furnish FREE an extra set of grates, making it a perfect wood burner. WE GUARANTEE 20 YEARS WITH every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove; the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Incd.) CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable—Editor.)

Young People FREE: $20.00 IN GOLD, Bicycle, Gold Watch Diamond Ring, or a Scholarship in Draughon's Practical Business College, Nashville, Tenn., or Texarkana, Tex., or a whole year's tuition, most any other reputable business college or literary school in the U. S. can be secured by earning a little work at home for the Youths' Advocate, an illustrated semi-monthly journal of interesting character, moral in tone, and containing interesting and profitable to young people, that read with interest and profit by people of all ages. Stories and other interesting matter, well illustrated. Sample copies sent free. Agents wanted. Address Youths' Advocate, Nashville, Tenn. [Mention this paper]

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

DROPSY CURED with vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases called hopeless in 10 days at least two-thirds of all symptoms removed. Testimonials and TEN DAYS treatment free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS Box K. Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM and Whiskey habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY CO. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 North Prryor St.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. **PENNYROYAL PILLS** Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

Don't Tobacco spit and smoke your life away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Attention!

The 1899 **SOUDAN** Bicycles.

A Most Attractive Wheel.

NEW FEATURES: 3 inch drop to hanger, Flat cranks, 2 pieces, Sprocket, Ball retainers, Felt washers, Thumb Screw adjuster, H. & A. perfect fitting chain, Tool steel cones.

THEY: Stand comparison, Are attractive, Are easy running, Are durable, Are a high grade, Are elegantly finished.

Wonderful value $50. We want an agent in every city or county.

THE SOUDAN MFG CO., 488 Carroll Ave., CHICAGO ILL.

Memorial Cards.

Beautifully colored Memorial Cards 14x22 inches, name of Deceased in bronze. If you have had any dear relative to die and desire one of these cards, address Southern Memorial Co., Raleigh, N. C.