POPULIST TICKET.

For Governor OYRUS THOMPSON of Onslow County.

For Lieutenant Governor

A. C. SHUFORD, of Catawba County. For Secretary of State: J. SCHULKEN, of Columbus County.

For Treasurer : W. H. WORTH. of Guilford County For Auditor:

HAL W. AYER

of Wake County. For Sup, of Public Instruction N. C. ENGLISH, of Randolph County. For Attorney-General H F. SEAWELL.

of Moore County.

A. S. PEACE. of Granville County. For Member of Cor. Commissioners

J. T. PASCHAL. of Chatham County. For Com. of Agriculture : J. M. MEWBORNE, of Leneir County.

For Com. of Labor and Printing J. Y. HAMRICK, of Cleveland County. For Judge 10th Judicial District :

L. L. WITHERSPOON, of Catawba County. For Electors at Large: R. B. DAVIS, of New Hanover Co.

W. D. MERRITT, of Person Co. What did the "rump" legislature

b nefl ted?

Don't say you can't legislate money into men's pockets. How about that "pie bill" the "rump" legislature enacted into daw.

"that the amendment will disfranchise negroes, but will not disfranchise any white man." Try him and see. If he does, then he has as for his simple statements, especially those made in 1898.

order to be fair, when it wants to his office by throwing out the votes receipt as far as voting is concerned. take the ballot from any of its civi- of illuterate white men, if they should -Statesville Mascot. zens, it should first get the National get their ballot in the wrong box. The above admits that the poll government to relieve such ones He prefers disfranchising the poor tax feature will disfranchise white be as ladies or females now are.

A friend at Raleigh writes the Gazette: "The Populists here and all over the state are very indignant at the treatment of their candidate for attorney general at Shelby. The outrage was committed not only upon Mr. Seawell, an educated Christian gentleman, but upon the good name of the state. It is sufficient to call a blush of shame to the face of every North Carolinian. We have looked for some Democratic paper to denounce it, but not one, so far as we have been able to learn, has done so, or spoken one word of criticism of it.—Asheville Gazette.

We have a letter from Hon. W. C. Douglass in which he claims our Sampson county correspondent made three misrepresentations. (1) He did not use the harsh words he i secused of. (2) He was never a candidate for Solicitor at the hards of a Populist convention, and (3) he He says these things he can establish by affidavits if necessary. We believe in fairness and hence make this statement. No political party, or politician or citizen can succeed through harshness and misreprepresentation. We hope Mr. Douglass did not in his zeal and pathos, forget himself and say what he would not knowingly say.

plain that Denny, the negro dele- proposed here. The amendment in gate of Watauga county to the Louisiana will certainly be tested Democratic State c nvention, is a in the courts, and preparations are white man. The Watauga Demo- already being made to carry up a crat, in its explanation, did not say test case. as much. R presentative Councill And in this connection we wish says that Denny has a white wife. That part of the evidence is noth- and other voters in the State, to the We publish herewith a joint rescing. Fred Douglass had a white fact that at this recent election in lution offered by Senator Butler in wife. Councill says Denny's chil- Louisiana last month less than half Congress that strikes at the root of dren go to school with white chil- of the white voters of that State the trust business, at least the great dren. So do negro children go to voted at that election. Think of it! est o all trusts-money transporta- statute was repealed is a judicial, not a the will of the people. school with white children in New In a State like Louisiana, which tion and the transmission of intelli-York State, and that too, according has two hundred and fifty thous- gence. The passage of such a resoto a law made or signed by a Dem- and men of voting age and over lution would indicate that Congress ocrat whom the Democra's of half of them white, and in that had commenced to grasp the funda North (arolina have endorsed and election last month, only seventy mental principles of self-governvoted for. If Denny is a white some-odd thousand voted! Do the ment, but Congress will not pass it. man, the Watauga Democrat people of North Carolina want this A Congress that will pass such a ought to have said so, and have to happen here? Do we want to measure as the currency bill which be something wrong about it.

The Democrats will never submit any proposition to the people to take from a man his right to vote. No Democrat of people. has ever proposed such a thing The charge is only intended to mislead, to deceive and to make political capital. It is entirely false. There is not a

The above appears on page 18 of the

If you have any doubt about the corcampaign volume in which it appears. How is it?

A DENIAL THAT DOES NOT DENY. Last Sunday's News and Observer contains a card from Hon C. B. Aycock, Democratic candidate for Governor, in which he at last pretends to deny what the Morning Post quoted him the first day of last March as saying at Snow Hill, that is, that he wanted to be elected by lawful means if he could, but if not that be was determined to be elected by fraud or force! It will be remem-

force and it could do it again.

The whole State was shocked this audacious and lawless utterance from the lips of a candidate for the high office of Governor of a great State composed of Christian and law abiding citizens. THE CAUCASIAN was loath to believe it was possible for Mr. Aycock to have given utter ance to such shocking words as this. Week after week THE CAUCASIAN stated that it did not wish to believe it and called upon Mr. Aycock for a denial. Nearly four months have passed and it was only last Sunday that he made the people an ineffec tual effort at denial. It seems clear that Mr. Avcock must have stated practically what the Post reported Aycock thought, when he made that For Chm'n Corporation Commissioners speech, that he had appealed suffisuch shocking utterances, even from

does not denv.

How much were the tax-payers lotte Observer Sunday morning, in- saying editorially, that Mr. Aycock Mr. C. B. Aycock will not swear and Mr. Simmons can't overcome law, will say to him unless you have and by stuffing ballot boxes (and this not vote." is the kind of law that Mr. Arcock wants to rule by) then they are delittle regard for his oath as he has termined to try to get the office by using force. Mr. A cock says he

must answer this question within a up by your manhood and courage.

A QUESTION AND AN ANSWER. Mr. A. M. Moore, of Saratoga, N C., sends us the following letter: SARATOGA, N. C., June 16, 1900

ED. CAUCASIAN : I am frequently asked by Democrats when in argument with them why the "grandfather clause,"

A. M. MOORE. In reply to Senator Moore's question will say that the present constitutional amendment of Louisana did not go into effect until after the general election of '98 when the present Congressmen were elected. Therefore the last general election which they had there last month, for State officers, was the first under their constitutional Amend-The Democratic papers now ex ment, which is the same as the one

to call the attention of Mr. Moore Creston (Iows) American.] stopped all this racket. There must put in power a political oligarchy and political trust that allows the

It is reported that two lawyers in Raleigh have gone around to Democratic Convention that would the bar-keepers and liquor men and not spit upon the man who might make | told them if they would vote for Broughton, they would see that he Supplement to the Democratic Hand- (Broughton) did not interfere with their b siness and that if they car rectness of our quotation we trust you ried the legislature, they would will ask F. M. Simmons, or consult the repeal all dispensary legislation. MOST DANGEROUS

Mr. Aycock says that he is opindustrial trust is his ballot. Therefore when Mr. Simmons and Avballot, his hands are tied so that anybody and everybody may rob him of his money and also of his liberty while he stands helpless. Will you vote for the head organizer and manipulator of this infamous political trust.

SWEARING TO GET OFFICE. Mr. Avcock has realized that the people do not believe what he ha been saying about the amendment him as saying. It seems that Mr. not distranchising any white man, so he has gone to swearing about it Why, Mr. Aycock is a good Christian ciently to the passions and prejudi- and as such his word ought to be as ces of the people and gotten them good as his bond or sworn stateso excited that they would not resent ment. He said once that if the people would vote for Cleveland and the lips of a candidate for the high he did not give free silver, he would office of Governor. And it now seem | leave the Democratic party. Cleve that he has waked up to the fact that | land was elected and did not giv the people condemn such revolution- free silver. Aycock did not leave ary, lawless and incendiary utteran- the Democratic party. In 1898, Ay cock said, and he would have sworn Hence the belated denial which to it, that the Democrats if they carried the election, would not sub As to further evidences to the fact mit the present amendment. Bu that Mr. Aycock did use such ex. they did. What went with Aycock's pressions and that he still is holding word and Pou's oath? He is swearto the same lawless designs, we call ing to get people to vote for him. attention to the report of Mr. Ay- While he is swearing it will not disc ck's speech at Statesville on last franchise any white man, the Lum-Saturday, as published in the Char berton (Democratic) Robesonian, is serted in quotation points. The re- is mistaken; for "every boy in the porter for the Charlotte Observer re | State now thirteen years old has, ports Mr. Aycock as saying, "If we course, eight years until he can not prevent it by ballot, we will twenty-one years of age. That prevent it by force." What does this year, 1908, the amendment to the m an? It means that if Mr. Aycock constitution, which will then be the opposition by fraudulent registration learned to read and write you can-

A COMPLETE DODGE.

"Any man who is physically una vere attack of sicknes, can g prefers to get his office by keeping before the county commissioners white men from registering who will and be released from paying pol It seems to us that any State, in not vote for him. He prefers to get tax. The certificate of release wil

from military duty and the State white man who can't pay his poll men. And a little further on, the relieve them of politax, and let them tax by the first day of May. But Mascot says men who do not pay if he can't get the office of Governor poll tax should not be allowed to by these methods of legalized fraud, vote (meaning by the 1st of March.) then he is to have it, if by stuffing Here is a case where the Mascot and inseparably connected in sub es in the election law are: ballot bexes and wholesale vote steal- admits that the amendment will disfranchise white men-and they Christian men-law abiding men ought to be disfranchised-while of North Carolina-is it best for the the Mascot's candidate for Governor State and for your libertles to have is going around pretending to swear this kind of a man for Governor? that "no white man" will be disfranand to have him get the office by chised under it. Pov swore that no such shocking methods, under the such a thing-or it was so interpreleadership of such a man as Mr. Sim | ted-as the amendment would be sabmitted to the people. Demo-Freemen of North Carolina, you cratic swearing and assertions are receiving and should receive the few weeks with your ballots, backed same consideration. In campaigns discussing this very question, says: they are just used to get in on, and afterwards called smart and shrewd

> MR. AYCOCK HAS MADE ONE VOTE. Mr. Aycock should go into the swearing business. He has made one vote by swearing and that is more than he has done by which is in operation in Louisiana speaking. In that, it seems, he de has never been tested by the courts ceived his man. Mr. Crisp, of Lewas very careful in wording it. He swear that it would not disfranchise any white man. But Mr. of an oath would be perjury if he blest judges of the State, in delivering Supreme or Superior court. and other Democrats have told the the opinion, said:

> > Butler on Trusts.

recently passed the House and will no doubt pass the Senate, is absofew to rule and ties the hands and lutely devoid of either honesty or been made to get a large crowd, but be gags the voice of the great masses principle. Senator Butler however, is doing a good thing by keeping and had the Senatorial Convention such measures before the country. met here to-day, doubtless it would The people are gradually and slowly saking up and looking into these economic questions, and while they are slow to act-history records the fact that they do act, and that they cannot be fooled all the time.

er column. Send us a club.

POLITICAL ANOTHER ATTEMP? TO POOL THE

When that wise lawyer legislaposed to trusts, but his conduct ture of 1899 submitted the amendbelies his words. Yet Mr. Sim- ment, all other lawyers who hoped mons and the whole ballot stuffing for pie, said it was constitutional machine are at work day and night and that the fifth and fourth secto organize and fasten upon the tions must stand or fall together. people of the State the most odious The Democratic convention, in all and dangerous political trust the its wisdom, endorsed the amendtrust may rob you of some dollars only issue. They nominated a state

that he boasted that the Democratic political trust strikes at the very endorsed the amendment as the made more, garbled up all the pie Machine had in the past ruled by government. It robs you of your only issue and declared it was per- in sight, and went home to see how liberties, which is more dear than fect. These candidates proceeded the people will like it. The bosses all the filthy lucre in the world, at once and canvassed the State would have arranged to keep them besides the only power that the and taught the people that it was longer if they thought a quorum citizen has with which to fight the constitutional and that if the fifth could be held and kept sober. They section is declared unconstitutional will come back July 24th to corthe whole will fall. These candi- rect the mistakes made at this sescock, by means of their political dates and the Democratic speakers sion, get what pie may accumulate trust, robs the poor man of his and papers reported every day that and change their election law and the people were endorsing it, and amendment with the hope of foolthat at least 75,000 majority of the log the people in the country. The people-white people-had endors session, from first to last, was ed it and had decided to vote for it, regular burlesque on civilization and that it was gaining recruits and below the dignity of a tenthevery day. Notwithstanding all rate-old field school debating club. this, yet when the "rump" legisla- There were some good men, but ture met last week it changed that they either feared the bosses, or re perfect (f) legal document. They alized that they were greatly in the made several changes. They put minority. It was depicted on their put the 4th and 5th sections togeth- faces, and in their sighs. er, so that if one falls, both will be sure to fall as they claim. And for what they did. They railroaded lear the court would not through twenty bills and ten resoknow how to construe they added the following section, instructing the Supreme Court how

o render its decision. adopted as one indivisible plan for the egulation of the suffrage, with the intent and purpo e to so connect the different parts, and to make them so dependent upon each oth r. that the

hole shall stand or fall together. nstructing the court, we will say that s a usurpation of its powers, and is al- In fact they said repeatedly that o a violation of the State constitution. they did not want any local meas-For by reference to section 12, Article ure considered unless there was 4, of the State constitution, we find the following:

"The General Assembly shall have o power to deprive the Judiciary Dewhich rightly belongs to it as a co or- that was not for "the good of the dinate department of the government. If the Legislature can do as they 12th, viz: "To abolish the Supreme ter of Kinston which passed the COURT"

decision rendered in 1829. Chief Jus they could not sell the bonds, beice Marshall rendered the decision of the court in that case, in which he 381d :

"If any parts of an act be unconstitutional, the provisions of that part was that perfect and fair election may be disregarded, while full effect law, and that constitutional amendwill be given to such as are not repugnant to the Constitution of the United ment, which they have said were states or to the ordinance of 1787." Judge Cooley on constitutional construction says:

"The constitutional and the uncontitutional provisions may even be conperfectly distinct and separable, so be called on to vote for, or against

tificial-but whether they are essential thing done in caucus. The changstance. If, when the unconstitutional portion is stricken out, that which remains is complete in itself and capable of that which was rejected, it must be mining whether the good and bad parts er State officers as are not named of the statute are capable of being sep- in this section. arated within the meaning of th ule. If a statute attempts to accomplish two or more objects, and is void as to one, it may still be in every respect complete and valid as to the oth

Pomeroy's Constitutional Construction, page 554, in which the author, in "It is well settled that an act may be void in part by reason of its violation of a constitutional provision, and good as to the remainder. "If any part of the act be unconstitutional," said the Supreme Court of the United States, "the provisions of that part may bdisregarded, while full effect will be given to such as are not repugnant to a few changes are made, the one re- demonstrated the fact of his political the Constitution of the United States, or of the State, or to the ordinance of

No court has ever yet permitted any never cancelled his appointments in if it is unconstitutional. Will you noir, N. C., told him if he would anywhere else in this country to thus tion officers and boards until it is swear that "the amendment would instruct them as to how they should too late for the people to prevent not disfranchise any white man," he construe a statute. The court never wholesale disfranchisement of (Crisp) "would vote for it." So Mr. looks at the declaration that a legisla-Aycock wrote out his affidavit, but ture makes, but it looks at the sub stance of what it does and renders its son, sent forward the following did not, without "equivocation." judgment accordingly. The Supreme amendments: Court of North Carolina, in the case of Robinson vs. Barfield (2 Murphy), 1gnored such a declaration on the part of one Democrat, one Populist and to pour until noon. Senator Butler on the title of the Cape Fear Dem Crisp signed it and doubtless reali- the legislature and in the decision said one Republican-each to be nomizes now that he bit at a baited that the court would allow such declasnare. Mr. Aycock will not swear rations attempting to instruct the juthat the amendment will disfran- diciary to remain "as dead letters on chise negroes, and will not disfran- the statute books." Further on in the chise "any white man" That kind opinion, Judge Daniels, one of the

> "The court can neither nibble at the legislative power nor can the legisla- in justice and fairness and for the It is useless for us to undertake to ture stride over the judicial."

AYCOCK HAS SMALL CROWD.

Not Over Sixty Democrats From This County Heard His Speech. TAYLORSVILLE, N. C., June 15, 1900.

Editor Caucasian : It had been widely advertised that Mr. Aycock, the "silver tongued orator and so called Governor," would had only sixty Democrats by actual count from this county to hear him. have been a complete failure.

Hon. R. Z Linney was present, and asked Mr. Aycock for division of time: Mr. Aycock refused. The Democrats Lere were much disapointed, because their speaker would not divide time. of their votes, but a great many boy in the S ate who is twelve years or who has confessed his guilt send you tree his latest book and self-even in the latest bo See our campaign offer in anoth- we will expect Senator Butler or Dr.

THE RUMP LEGISLATURE.

N SESSION THREE DAYS, TOOK ALL PIE IN SIGHT.

Made More Mistakes-Tried to Put up

The pie hunters were in session State ever saw. An industrial ment as it was, and made IT the from Tuesday, twelve o'clock until Thursday night at ten o'clock. They bered that the Post further quoted and cents by high prices, etc., but a ticket and the candidates each corrected some of their mistakes. In another column we publish

> it, lutions. Six or seven of them were correcting their mistakes of 1899. and one the laws of 1895. They passed four dispensary and probi (Section 5) That this Amendment bition laws. At least seven of the to the Constitution is presented and twenty bills enacted were for pie Two or three were to take pie from some Republican. They only enacted one law in favor of public schools, and Senator Smith and oth-Now as regards to the Legislature ers voted against it, because there were no political significance in it some politics that might help the great, grand party. Out of the ten resolutions passed, seven of them artment of any power or jurisdiction was for pie. Bills and resolutions order" could not receive much consideration. The first resolution wise session of 1899. It seems they

cause the Senate Journal was very defective. But what first concerned them endorsed by 75,000 majority of the people. While they say they are now perfect, yet they decided to come back on July 24th to change ained in the same section and yet be them again so that the people will hat the first may stand though the them before they will have time to "The point is not whether they are consider them. Most everything contained in the same section-for the begun in the House, and every-

Section 1, which provides for the State election on the first Thursof being executed, wholly independent day in August and each four yearsustained. The difficulty is in deter- for biennial elections for such oth-

> Section 3 is amended to provide for election of judicial district solicitors, same as clerks of Superior Courts-each four years.

Section 6 is amended slightly anent making provision for com pensation of the State hoard of not his wise party, which wanted to get

Section 10, amended so as to allow county boards to meet at "such other times" as the chairman or

any two members may direct. Section 11 of the law passed by the session of 1899 was repealed can not answer, and that is why be ran and one substituted in which only from a joint discussion, and thereby quiring the voter before he registers to prove his age by two electers, and the adding of two sections

white and black Mr. Johnson (Populist), of Samp-

1. To continue the county boards of education of three membersnated by his State chairman. 2. To require judges of election

to deposit the ballot of a voter in the proper boxes. 3. To allow summary hearing of election cases before a judge of the

Speaking to his amendments Mr Johnson said he had offered them liberty of the people of North Car give even a synopsis of the Senator's

here resorted to.

will deprive not only the negroes certainly disfranchise every whit No person who has been convicted live out of town, or cannot for any rea-

that they ought never to have been given the right to vote. Being ignorant and just freed from bondage they were unfit to exercise the right

chance.

of suffrage. I believe also that the white man has inherited the qualications that make him fit for, and capable of self-rule. Many of those who shouldered their muskets and fought in the late war for home and country-many of the best people to-day in North Cerolina-can not read and write. They have ruled and they will rule under all cir-

cumstances, and I hope to see the

day when the Anglo-Saxon race

will be supreme over all the earth.' When Mr. Johnson concluded his remarks. Representative Justice, a white Democrat, and Isaac Smith, a black Democrat, replied in bitter terms. Justice, when squalling negro ran along like a boy declaiming a firey speech, but when he came down to discuss the amendment he was as blank for words as a new born babe. His friends tried to prompt him and give him a few ideas, but it was all in vain. He then hit Butler and

Then Isaac Smith, who doubtless had been prompted, arose and spoke to the great applause of the lawyers and Democrats. He said many things he had no right to say. He said negroes helped to elect Populists to office, and hence had no right to say they should not vote and hold office. Isaac could have said the same thing about his dear white brother Dem ocrats, but he did not. The Demo crats cheered Isaac all the way through, and some went to him and congratulated him for his

(Continued next week.)

IMMONS GIVES HIMSELF THE LIE In 1898 the People's Party speakers d papers said Simmons and his machine, if they carried the Legislature would submit an amendment similar to the Loui-lana amendment." Aycock and all the peakers howled 'it was a lie." The editors wrote night and day telling how they had had the Legislature, and had not done so mean thing, and would not do so this time. Exemecratic chairman Pou took a solemn oath that they would not do any Legislature could not interpret and which was offered in the Senate, such thing. This did not seem to satpass upon all its laws and do as a gen- was to correct their Journal in ref. isfy the people. So in the Morning tleman said they came to do on the erence to the new or amended char- Post of Sep ember 26th, 1898, Chairman simmons wrote an offic al letter, pledging that his party would do no such In Bank vs. Dudley (2 Peters, 492), wanted the right to issue bonds and thing; that all reports to the contrary zette: "The Populists here and all or confessed their guilt on indict Democratic party. He stated that his party was the poor man's friend, and as such, could not do such a thing, and hat to attempt it, would be an insult to every poor white man, and ought to be. He gave the white men then to believe that negro rule could be prevented by taking the advantage of the deletter he said :

"These leaders and their claquers tnow, as every intelligent man in the State knows, that the Democratic plan to protect the white men of the East rom the horrible negro rule under which that fair section of the State now suffers and langui-hes is to take advantage of the recent decision of the Sureme Court to the effect that ore secion or county may have one system of oun'y government and another secion or county may have an entirely different system of county government; and wh le according to the white counthereafter, is amended by providing ficers, to restore the old system of Demies he r ght to elect all their local ofocratic county government in the count es having negro majorities thus lifting the ruthless heel of the negro from off the neck of the whote men who live in the negro ridden counties of the

So you see Mr. Simmons did not know what he was talking about, or he told by the firm what he knew was untrue. Why, did rid of negro rale in the negro counties. give them a government different from the white counties in the West? Why does he want the negro to vote in them, and doesn't want the poor white men in the West to vote? He has not, and

SENATOR BUTLER AND LINNEY AT MORGANTON.

in Spite of Heavy Rains They Have Large and Enthusiastic Audience. Special to the Caucasian.

MORGANTON, N. C., June 16th, 1900 had rained all night and it continued people to reach Morganton to hear him. But in spite of the terrents of arrived, every seat in the Court monstrous absurdity.

In the case of United States vs. olina. He thought the present speech, showing conclusively that Claffin (97 U. S. Reports) the court election law one of the most unfair most unjust pieces of legislation the grandfather clause of the pro-A recital in a statute that a former ever enacted in the State. He had posed amendment is unconstitutionstatute was repealed or superseded by never heard any one try to defend al, and that the courts will knock it stitution: subsequent acts is not conclusive as to its honesty or integrity. He could out, leaving the remainder to stand. subsequent acts is not conclusive as to its monosty of integration of the such repeal or supersedure. Whether a see in it but one purpose—to defeat thus disfranchi ing fifty or sixty Suffrage and Eligibility to Officethousand illiterate white men in "I am not in favor of negro rule North Carolina. He read from Suor social equality," he said. "I be- preme Court decisions, showing that lieve the white men of North Caro- the action of the adjourned session lina ought to rule, I believe they of the Legislature, in putting section will rule. I am aware that there 4 and 5 in one section, was futile and are a few counties down here in the absurd. He showed conclusively by East that are threatened with ne- these decisions that the Court will gro domination, but I doubt if the knock out one section of a law that herein otherwise provided. ends sought will justify the means is unconstitutional, and leave the other half of the same section stand- the State of North Carolina for two This is what Dr. Hathaway's treat-"The most dangerous thing in the ing. He further showed that the attempt of the Legislature to instruct in the precinct, ward or other clean."

This is what Dr. Hathaway's treatment in the precinct, ward or other clean.

We are going to carry Alexander Co. white people as well, and it was so old, and every one yet to be born, in open court upon indictment, of the blacks. who does not get an education by the intended.

"I am not here to defend the netime he is twenty-one years old. He which now is, or may thereafter be. gro race. I believe in all candor further showed that if the amend- imprisonment in the State prison, 22 1 2 D. South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga

CRITICAL PERIODS

In Woman's Life Are Made Danger ous by Pelvie Catarrh.



Mrs. Mathilde Richter, Doniphan

"I suffered from eatarrh for many years, but since I have been taking Pe | erty. ru-na I feel strong and well. I would advise all people to try Pe-ru-na. As l used Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin while I was prior thereto, entitled to passing through the change of life, I am the laws of any State positively convinced your beneficial States wherein he then re-Holton and stopped and glad of the remedies have relieved me from all my

> Perm-na has raised more women from beds of sickness and set them to work again than any other remedy. Pelvis catarrh is the bane of womankind. Pe ru-na is the bane of catarrh in all forms | Provided. He shall have and stages. Mrs. Col. Hamilton, Colum bus, O., says: "I recommend Pe-ru-na te women, believing it to be especially beneficial to them.' Send for a free book written by Dr

Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

ment was adopted, it would be the death krell to the public school system in North Carolina.

It is impossible for us to attempt o give a further report of the speech rom memory and do the speech jusice. If every voter in North Caroina could bear that speech, and at he same time hear Mr. Butler challenge Mr. Aycock and Mr. Simmons, and every other Democratic speaker in the State, to meet him in joint debate, and attempt to answer his argument, they would be convinced beyoud the shadow of a doubt.

Congressman Linney was present. and made a ringing speech for half

an hour. The amendment is losing ground in this county every day, and we will gust as sure as the day comes.

An Outrage Upon the Good Name of the

Asheville Gazette.

A friend at Raleigh writes the Ga- shall were lies and a slander on the great over the State are very indignant at ment pending, and whether sententhe treatment their candidate for At- ced or not; or under judgment sus torney General received at Shelby last pended, of any treason or felony, or Saturdar."

The outrage was o mulitted not only upon Mr Seawell, an educated chris- of the United States, or of corrupce tian gentleman, but upon the good and malpractice in office unless such name of the State. It is sufficient to person shall be restored to the rights call a blush of shame to the face of ev- of citizenship b s manner prescrib cision of the Supreme Court. In his ery North Carolinian. We have looked od by law, for some Democratic paper to denounce it, but not one, so far as we have been ab e to learn, bas done so suffrage, registration and electors

> better advice than this: "For Impure majority of the qualified voters of blod, bad stomach and weak nerves the State so declare at the next god

All liver ills are cured by Hood's

HOW'S THIS? We offer one hundred dollar's reward or any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Tole lo, Ohio, We, the undersigned, have known F . Chency for the last 15 years, and be- written or printed ballot with the lieve him perfectly honorable in all words "For Suffrage Amendment" business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations mad-

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists Toledo, Onio WALTING KINNAN & MARVIN, Whole sale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh oure is taken inter-

nally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price 75c. per buttle. Sold by all Pruggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

" A MONSTROUS ABSURDITY."

Many Good Democrats Opposed to th "Grand-son of His Grand-father" Constitutional Amendment Clause, The correspondent of the Charotte Observer, writing to that paper so certified among the permanent from Fayetteville, under date of records of his office.

The Observer correctly guages pubsentiment in throwing out a word warning against taking for grantand the carrying at the ballot box of The day dawned here with a heavy the suffrage constitutional amendand continued down pour of rain. It ment. It will require hard work from the rank and file and leaders of the party. There is certainly ne cloud was billed to speak at 12 o'clock. It ocracy to orthodoxy, but the writer did not look possible for a hundred is surprised at the number of leading Democrats whom he meets orposed to the amendment. The clause about the "grand son of his grandrain, when the hour for the speaking father" is especially decried as a

House was filled. The aisles and bar The suffrage amendment referred were packed with standing listeners. to above, which was adopted by the last Legislature, is as follows:

Section 1. That Article VI of the Constitution of North Carolina be, and the same is hereby abrogated, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following Article of Said Con-

Qualifications of an Elector. [Section 1.] Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, 21 J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, tion of the boifications set out in this Article shall the longest established up nerve, tobe entitled to vote at any election by specialist in the South. ue and muscu-

[Sec. 2.] He shall have resided in ther world is to legalize fraud, corruption and trickery—to put that they must declare the tion district, in which he offers to condition of the patient. which is not honest and of good re- amendment constitutional if votes, in which is not honest and of good re- amendment constitutional if votes. vote four months next preceding the Dr. Hathaway also treats, with the port on the statute books. I had a was also foolish and absurd. He read election: Provided, That removal same guarantee of success, Varioocele thousand times rather teach my from Supreme Court decisions to from one precinct, ward or other without operation, Stricture (by a boy to take his Winchester and de- prove that the Court not only will election district to another in the fend himself than to teach him to pay no attention to such legislative same county, shall not operate to de prive any person of the right to rote lie and steal and defraud. I tell instructions, but will resent it.

you if this election law is carried He next proceeded to show that if in a precinct, ward or other election Absolutely private out—and we have no assurance the amendment were constitutional, district from which he has removed consultation without any cost can e that it will not be carried out—it that it was dangerous, and would notil four months after such removal. had in Dr. Hatbaway's office. If you

scribed by law, for the provi Poli taxes shall be a liet on sessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same except against assessed

on January 1, 1867, or at

shall be permitted to vote sales

stored to citizenship in the manner

[Sec. 3.] Every preson offering to

vote shall be at the time a legally

registered voter as her in prescribed

A STATE STATE

STATE OF A

vided by law, and t

sembly of North Care

himself for registrat

to read and write any

Constitution in the Eng

before the first day

and, before he shall be

vote, be shall have on

the year in which he

to vote, his poll tax.

general registration | w.

[Sec.] 4. Every pers.

the said person shall be first

prescribed in section 4 of this Article in accordiance with the term

section prior to Dec. 1. 1998 The Genera! Assembly shall ride for a permanent record persons who register under a tion on or before November and all such persons shall be antito register and vote at all election by the people in this State, unless disqualified under section 2 of the Article: Provided such persons sha have paid their poll tax as required by law.

[Sec. 6.] All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be VIVA VOCE

[Sec. 7.] Every voter in North Car olina, except as in this Art. disqual fied, shall be eligible to office, he before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath. "I..... solemnly swear or affirm, that I will support and maintain the constitution and laws of the U. S. and the constitution and laws of North Caro lina, not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the

help me God." [Sec. 8.] The following classes of persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who shall the being of Almighty Second, all persons who

Section 2. That all of the proveions of the Constitution relating to or spoke: one word of criticism of it, as contained in this act, amendag the Constitution, shall go into effect Your best friend can give you no on the first day of July, 1902 if a

> eral election. See 3 This amendment small be submitted at the next general election to the qualified voters of the State in the same manner and under the same rules and regulations as is provided in the law regulating genral elections in this State, and in force May 1st, 1899 and at said election those persons desiring to vote for such amendment shall cast a thereon; and those with a contrary opinion shall cast a written or prin-

> ted ballot with the words "Against Suffrage Amendment" thereon Sec. 4. The said election shall be held, and the votes returned, compared, counted and canvassed, and the result announced, under the same rules and regulations as are in force for returning, comparing, counting and canvassing the votes for members of the General Assembly, May 1st, 1899, and if a majority of the votes east are in favor of the said amendment, it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State to certify said amendment, under the seal of the State, to the Secretary of State, who shail enroll the sad amendment

Sec. 5. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification

Astounding Success of Hathaway to Bestoring the shattered Nerves of Men to

I'r Hathaway's treatment for that terr ble condition of mental and hodiy weakness, brought about by youth ful ignorance and folly, or by excesses in later life, is unlike all others. It is

Their Original Houltby Condition

His Treatments for Other Weak-



which acts for a few days and then leaves the poor, deluded patient in worse condition than before Dr. Hathaway's treatment cures; it

the people in the State, except as lar strength, and revitalizes the whole body. The hitherto miserable victim

psinlers bome treatment) Specific Blood Poisoning and other chronic diseases of men, including all Urinary