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THE ELECTION.

The returns received by the CAUCASIAN up to the hour of going to press indicate that the Amendment and the Democratic State ticket has been carried by a good round majority. We do not admit, and we do not believe that the majority of the people of the State favored this Amendment, or wanted to vote the Democratic ticket.

The fact is, that between 30,000 and 40,000 and the figures may reach 50,000 of legally qualified voters were denied registration by the Democratic registrars under Simmons' direction. It is well known to every one that Mr. Simmons failed to provide in his Election Law that the registrars should take an oath to perform their duties, and that no penalty was provided in the law for the failure to do their duty, or for even committing any overt unlawful act connected with the registration of voters. We did not believe that this was the meaning of the law—indeed we had advised voters that under Section 17 of the election law, there was a penalty. After we had given this advice, Mr. Simmons secured a legal opinion from Judge Sheppard and Col. Argo to the effect that the penalty, named under Section 17 of the Election Law, applied to the registrars, and other election officers, in making returns, and not to the registrar while registering voters.

Therefore, every registrar, who was so wanting in conscience or common honesty as to be willing to disfranchise legally qualified voters by refusing to register them, was informed by Mr. Simmons and Democratic counsel that he had carte blanche to be as dishonest as he pleased, or rather as dishonest as he was instructed by Mr. Simmons to be. This explains how so many thousands of legally qualified voters were denied the right to register. Of course, those who were not registered could not vote.

After this wholesale disfranchisement by the Democrats, there were still left a majority of legally qualified voters, who were registered, and who were against the Amendment, and the Democratic machine. The majority, which the Democrats are to day claiming, was secured through violence, intimidation, and rascality after the registration books closed.

In many places, Winchester rifles were imported and mobs of red-shirts paraded certain sections for days before the day of election, and especially on the day and evening preceding the election. They fired off their weapons to frighten and intimidate voters from going to the polls on the day of election.

Even after this, there was no doubt a good majority against them, but on election day, they used dozens of devices and tricks, which the loopholes in the Election Law permitted, to disfranchise voters and make out the returns different from the will of the people.

The details of the returns are not sufficient to give the facts at length, but we have received sufficient information to justify the above statement.

The great majority of the voters in North Carolina of all parties, are Christian, law-abiding citizens. We cannot believe, and do not believe that they will tolerate such methods and the domination of such men, when they know all. Therefore, we believe there is a heretofore to this election, and we believe it is not far distant.

The public shall know the facts as THE CAUCASIAN receives them, and is able to substantiate them.

WHAT WILL THEY DO NOW?

Will they take the Democratic party as their word?

The proposers and advocates of the suffrage amendment have said over and over again, during the last campaign, that the adoption of the amendment would remove the negro from politics, and settle the negro question in North Carolina, that the white men of the State would thus be freed so that they

could hereafter safely divide and vote their honest convictions on all questions of public policy.

The cry of negro domination has hitherto held within the ranks of the Democratic party, many good men, who had no sympathy either with the principles or methods of the party. Such men have repeatedly voted for candidates put up by the Democratic party, whom they felt, and even knew, to be utterly unfit for public office and unworthy of public trust. Whatever was nominated, was voted for through fear of negro domination. The dose, however nauseous, was swallowed by those who felt constrained to take it, with every symptom of loathing and disgust. The real truth is that for years large elements of as good people as there are in North Carolina have voted the Democratic ticket on account of what they deemed an existing necessity, holding their noses meanwhile to exclude as much as possible of the noxious flavor, and protesting in their hearts and consciences against the political behavior and the character of some of those whom they felt compelled to support.

It is no wonder, then, that many good men in the Democratic party favored the adoption of the constitutional amendment as the one and only available means of securing their own political emancipation.

We have not believed that the Amendment would eliminate the negro from politics in North Carolina, because, for one reason, we have not believed that it was the desire and purpose of the leaders of that party to eliminate the negro from politics. It is the only issue upon which they could possibly win.

But the Democratic party, in the campaign just closed, has laid great stress upon the argument, that the adoption of the Amendment would eliminate the negro, and afford opportunity for the white people of North Carolina to divide according to their convictions; and this argument has had weight with the class of men above mentioned. From expressions that we have heard since the election, we are of the opinion that these men accepted the assurances of the Democratic party as to the effect of the Amendment upon the future political life of the State, and that these men will hereafter deem themselves at full liberty to leave the Democratic party and to oppose its high-handed and unscrupulous methods.

If any party can raise the cry of negro domination in North Carolina hereafter, it certainly cannot be raised by the Democratic party. That party is estopped from raising this cry hereafter by every speech made by its speakers during the late campaign.

If these people who have voted perforce with the Democratic party all these years, have been, and are sincere, in their expression of a desire to separate themselves from its men and measures; they now have full opportunity of making their wishes effective; if any credit is to be given to the assurances of that party in the campaign just closed. And conditions, it seems to us, invite them to show their independence and declare a genuine patriotism.

The campaign of 1898 was marked and carried by a lawless red-shirtism; the campaign of 1900 has seen an alarming growth of this same lawlessness; and thoughtful men, even in the Democratic party, have been driven to ask themselves "Where will such methods end?" There are thoughtful men in the Democratic party who felt that the fear of negro domination was bad; who felt that the fear of red-shirt domination worse. If this spirit of lawlessness has increased from 1898 to 1900, why may it not increase from 1900 to 1902, and on indefinitely; why may it not stifle all independence of action, either in the ranks of the Democratic party or outside of the Democratic party; and so intrench in power, without the possibility of rout, an arrogant, lawless, and irresponsible set of men to the overthrow of everything like free government? These are the questions that confront men in North Carolina, whether Republicans, Populists or Democrats, who love personal liberty and republican government.

If the men who deem that they are emancipated by the adoption of the suffrage amendment rest upon what they believe to be their own freedom, until the next campaign begins, they will find that the men who have engineered this campaign will engineer another along precisely the same lines that

they have followed this year:

If the white men in the Democratic party, who supported this Amendment, because they desired to be emancipated from conditions so noxious in their minds as to hold them in party thrall, and against their convictions, men who secured their freedom today, it is now time for them to declare themselves free and to show the leaders of the Democratic party in North Carolina, that they are free; and they should not wait a single month to do it.

If they love personal liberty and honesty in elections and righteous methods in government, and desire the help of good and lawful men in their purposes, there are tens of thousands of Populists who stand ready to help good men accomplish these desirable ends.

HOW DO YOU FEEL?

On the morning after the election a Democrat walked up and addressed a Populist:

"How do you feel since we whipped you?"

The Populist replied, "I feel like I haven't stolen a thing. How do you feel?"

HOW DOES NORTH CAROLINA FEEL?

On the morning after the election a Democrat walked up and addressed a Populist:

"How do you feel since we whipped you?"

The Populist replied, "I feel like I haven't stolen a thing. How do you feel?"

THE ELECTION IN RALEIGH.

It was as quiet as the Sabbath. Not a red-shirt was to be seen anywhere, and in fact, there has been none in Wake county. There were no threats nor intimidations. Every man voted as he pleased, and no one said anything to him about it. There were no crowds around the polling places, and in fact, no one except the election officers, who were as quiet and dignified as the nature of their duties could demand. Simmons' red-shirt methods were not put into operation here; they were only intended for the ignorant and the back-woods communities, although occasionally some of them have gone beyond his instructions, and flaunted their impudence and committed riot in respectable communities. Simmons knows where the people can be terrorized, and what kind of people to send his red-shirts among.

We take pleasure in letting the people of the State know the kind of election we have had in Raleigh, as it fell under our own observation. There were doubtless many other similar elections in North Carolina, and there were many disgraceful ones.

We publish these facts that the people may see what sort of community we have in the Capitol City. The only cheering that was heard on the streets during the day of election, was over a baseball victory of the Raleigh Team over the Durham Team. Mr. Simmons will not be able to get up any post-election riots here, unless he imports the necessary thugs however dressed.

READ AND DRAW YOUR OWN CONCLUSION.

The following telegrams were sent to People's Party Headquarters on Thursday and Friday:

STATESVILLE, N. C., Aug. 2. Maryann Butler, care Abe Middleton, Raleigh, N. C.

Political death warrant or meanest man in North Carolina is signed today.

PARRIS & STEAL.

TARBORO, N. C., Aug. 2. Marion Butler, Raleigh.

Edgecombe goes against the negro thirty-five hundred, by fair count. If you don't believe it come here and help us count.

H. A. GILLIAM.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 3. Marion Butler, Raleigh, N. C.

In response to call for help, can supply only two anti-amendment pall bearers for your political obsequies. Please advise place and date.

NEW HAVEN COUNTY.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., Aug. 3. Marion Butler, care Abe Middleton, DICTATOR, Raleigh, N. C.

It's a man dies shall he live again?

BIZZELL & HINES.

We forbear to comment on such assentive utterances. The public will draw its own conclusions.

The Democratic papers are slobbering all over Judge Ewart, because he gives vent to his spleen in a column of epithets against Senator Butler, Thompson and Pritchard. He is mad because, Senator Butler fought his confirmation as Judge for life. If Butler had not done so, and if Ewart had been confirmed, these same papers and speakers would be giving Butler and Pritchard and their parties particular fits for putting such an ignominious fit on such a high responsible office of trust. So you can not please this crank unless you allow them to not only run their own party, but every other party, and thereby get the offices. In that case Butler, Thompson, Pritchard and McKinley would be clever fellows.

Hon. H. G. Ewart is a very great gentleman. He carries out the doctrine of "doing good for evil." He writes a letter in which he very kindly vindicates Senator Butler against all blame for the fight the Senator made against his confirmation as Judge. For this Senator Butler and his friends are very grateful to Mr. Ewart.

BELLAMY SHOWS THE WHITE FEATHER AND CALLS FOR THE CALF HOPE.

On Tuesday Congressman Bellamy (as reported by the Democratic papers) declared in a speech in Wilmington that Senator Butler should be "forcibly expelled" from the State. On Wednesday Senator Butler sent Mr. Bellamy the following letter:

Raleigh, N. C., August 1, 1900.
Hon. J. D. Bellamy,
Wilmington, N. C.

Sir:—You are quoted in the Raleigh morning papers as saying in a speech at Wilmington yesterday that the Democrats should "forcibly expel" me from the State. Do you mean that you feel it your duty to forcibly expel me from the State, or do you mean that some one else should do it? Do you mean that you should undertake it, or that a cowardly, lawless mob should do it?

Now if you think I should be expelled from the State, I suggest that you undertake the job yourself. You are one man, and I am one man. If you mean what you say and have any courage, (except when you have a mob of red shirts behind you) I suggest that you proceed to Raleigh, and begin the expelling business at once. If you have not the courage to undertake it, or that a cowardly, lawless mob should do it?

Respectfully,
MARION BUTLER,
Chairman.

The correspondents of outside newspapers, and representatives of Raleigh papers wired Congressman Bellamy Thursday morning for a statement as to what action he would take in response to Senator Butler's challenge. These correspondents failed to get any response from the loud mouth and would be blood-thirsty Congressman. The Raleigh afternoon paper, The Times Visitor, reports him as saying, that he would ignore Marion Butler's insulting letter, and regrets exceedingly that Butler did not take him to task for what he did say.

Congressman Bellamy's bluster and his miserable and contemptible back down, reminds us of a story, which is as follows:

"A certain Irishman walked up to another one, with clinched fists, and said to him, 'Patrick O'Flanagan, I hear that ye have bin going about calling me 'an infernal liar,' an' I have cum right to ye face to ask ye if ye said it!' To which Patrick replied, with clinched fists, and looking his questioner square in the face, I did! Whereupon, the first Irishman dropped his fists, turned around and walked off, saying, 'I don't believe ye.'"

The Wilmington Star of August 2nd, attempting to apologize for Bellamy's failure to accept the challenge, says that "on frequent occasions, Mr. Butler has referred to Mr. Bellamy as a 'bloody assassin,' 'cowardly murderer,' and the like."

Why did not Bellamy call Senator Butler at that time as Butler has now called Bellamy?

Late this evening Senator Butler received the following letter from Mr. Bellamy in reply:

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 2, 1900.
Hon. Marion Butler. Your insolent letter does not deserve a reply, as I shall not debase myself by having a controversy with the most despicable and contemptible creature in this State.

JOHN D. BELLAMY.

When Senator Butler was seen this evening by several out-of-town newspaper reporters and asked what he had to say about Bellamy, he replied that he had no time or words to waste on a fellow who did not have the courage to reply to his letter in Person.

THE NEGRO CALAMITY HOWLER OUT OF A JOB.

The Raleigh Times-Visitor, in an editorial in its issue of August 3d, in an editorial headed, "The Future," says:

"The adoption of the Constitutional amendment by a decisive majority yesterday should usher in a new era for the Old North State. The Democratic party has offered the people this measure to end the race issue in this State and the election returns show that the great mass of the people have gladly accepted the privilege. White and colored had become tired of the unending cry of race against race in every election. The Democratic party devised a scheme for the emancipation of North Carolina citizenship by amending the Constitution so as to restrict the colored vote and leave the white vote as it is now. The measure has gained the approval of the people at the polls. They were tired of the race issue; they were really alarmed at the measures deemed necessary, adopted to suppress the negro vote in some sections and they clearly saw that such a course would do great harm if not checked. This fact rallied the great conservative element to the support of the amendment and now they confidently expect to be behind the dawn of a day when men can freely divide on the great issues pending and discuss them clearly without recourse to race prejudice. No party can longer boistered the negro party for the negro is now a nonentity in North Carolina politics. In a speech in Wilmington Tuesday Mayor Waddell, of Wilmington voiced the people's sentiments when he said that after the adoption of the amendment the white people could divide on political issues upon the basis of honest conviction. The amendment should be beneficial to the negro for it should remove all excuse for lawless methods, which most people thought right and necessary, by which in many counties he has already been deprived of suffrage as it is now. The measure has to cast the ballot. Let us have political freedom, law and order henceforth and forever in the Old North State."

A republic is a country where people discuss things. A despotism is a country where they cannot.

ELECTION RETURNS.

REPORTS NOT FULL ENOUGH TO GIVE RELIABLE ESTIMATE.

DEMOCRATS MAKE WILD CLAIMS

It Seems That the Democrats Have Elected (?) Not Only State Ticket, But Also The Legislature.

The following telegrams were received by the CAUCASIAN before we went to press:

ROBESON.

Few negroes vote. Democrats carry county.

SWAIN.

Our ticket elected in full. Two hundred majority.

MOORE.

Moore solid for us at least 250.

ALEXANDER.

Carried Alexander by 100 majority. Entire ticket elected.

CABARRUS.

All O. K. We carry county by safe majority.

DAVIE.

Davie goes Fusion by four hundred. Vote against amendment will run ahead of ticket.

ORANGE.

Democratic majority small in Orange. Will require official count to decide.

SWAIN AND JACKSON.

Jackson Democratic. Swain goes Fusion. Chandler elected Senator by four hundred.

COLUMBUS.

Democrats claiming large majority. Nothing definite.

RANDOLPH.

Randolph three hundred Fusion.

GUILFORD.

Guilford three hundred Democratic, with fifteen precincts unreported, likely to overcome this.

FROM THE WEST.

Blacks are close. Nothing official. Mitchell about 1500 Madison 1200 Old Port 31 for amendment. Souther, R. Campbell, for House there, has four majority.

ALAMANCE.

Amendment defeated by five hundred. Fusion ticket elected by 1000.

SAMPSON.

We think returns show about 1200 majority in Sampson. This makes Senatorial ticket also safe.

WILKES.

Amendment defeated by 1,000. Dula's majority for the legislature about the same.

HARNETT.

Everything quiet, indications are that the county is safe by a small majority.

CALDWELL.

Fusion candidate for the legislature Caldwell elected by over 100. Amendment defeated by 150.

CRAVEN.

Indications are that Basnight, Fusion candidate will be elected.

CONTESTS FOR SEAT IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Wherever elections in any county or senatorial district have been carried by fraud, intimidation, violence, or other irregularities, we advised that the candidate so debarred of his seat should confer with his friends, and make diligent inquiries, and if the proof can be had, contest ought to be made and notice given under section 2850 of the Code. The section reads as follows:

"No person shall be allowed to contest the seat of any member of the General Assembly unless he shall have given to the member thirty days' notice thereof in writing, which must state the particular grounds of such contest. If the seat is contested on account of the reception of illegal votes, the notice must set forth the number of such votes, by whom given, and the supposed qualifications; and if the same is contested on account of the rejection of legal votes, the notice must give the names of the persons whose votes were rejected. No evidence shall be admitted to show that the contestant received illegal votes, unless he shall also have been notified the same number of days, and in the same manner. The same notice of time and place required in taking depositions shall be required and proved on the investigation."

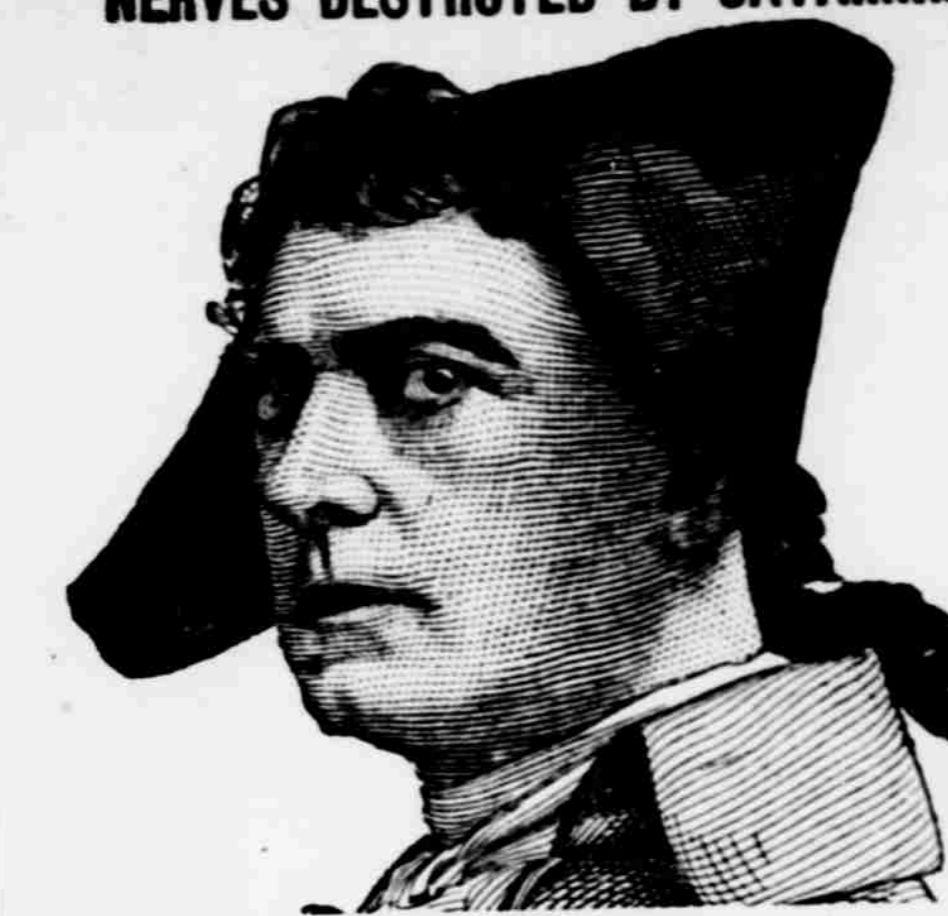
If proper investigation shows to the candidate, so fraudulently deprived of his seat, that the proof of his own election required by the said section cannot be made, then said candidate should see if proof cannot be had sufficient to show that there was in fact NO VALID ELECTION HELD and that the election pretended to be held ought to be declared void and a new election ordered.

Get copy of the poll book at every precinct, where the irregularities occurred, as these books may some times disappear from the office of the Registrar of Deeds, where section 17 of the Election Law requires them to be deposited.

As to County offices, the courts will declare all elections void where it is shown that fraud, violence, intimidation and other irregularities used were such as defeated the will of the majority of the people, as expressed at the polls, and a new election will be ordered.

A thief entered St. Peter's church on South Tryon street, yesterday, and robbed the box.—Charlotte Observer.

NERVES DESTROYED BY CATARRH.



Mr. Robert B. Mantell, the Great Romantic Actor.

Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:
Dear Sir—The bottle of Peruna at hand. It is splendid and most invigorating; refreshing to the nerves and brain. It is one of the best tonics I have ever used. It makes me feel like a new man. Yours sincerely, R. B. Mantell.

Catarrh is one of the ways in which a depressed condition of the nervous system shows itself. Catarrhal people are usually nervous. Any remedy to effect a radical cure of chronic catarrh must operate directly through the nerves, increasing the mucous circulation.

Mrs. C. C. Miller, of 134 1/2 South Fourth street, Columbus, O., writes: "For ten or fifteen years I have been subject to nervous dyspepsia. I would have spells of quivering in my stomach, with smothering feelings. I was suffering from what is called nervous prostration. I consulted several physicians, who treated me without doing me any good. I had almost given up in despair when I heard of Peruna. I found it an immediate relief to all my disagreeable symptoms." Dr. Hartman's latest book sent free. Address Columbus, Ohio.

HOW OTHERS SEE IT.

Comments From a Number of Leading Northern Papers.

Following is the comments of some of the leading papers of the country on the situation in North Carolina, just prior to the election:

To make sure of its adoption, however, hands of armed "Red Coats" have appeared in different parts of the State, forbidding speeches against it, and intimidating those who are opposed to it.—New York World.

The campaign has been made disorderly by the action of the Democratic advocates of the proposed amendment, who as early as May, in Rockingham, the county seat of Richmond county on the South Carolina border, held a "white supremacy" meeting, and hoisted on the court house a white and red flag bearing the inscription "white supremacy" in bold letters. Since then men with red and white flags, wearing red shirts, have been overawing many communities in North Carolina, inciting disturbances and threatening those who question the justice, propriety or legality of the proposed amendment.—New York Sun.

The Tribune has a cartoon showing a North Carolina red shirt holding up a campaign speaker and entitled "Democratic Constitutional Liberty." "It is only the Filipino who is entitled to liberty and free speech." The Tribune also has a long editorial entitled "Tyranny in North Carolina" and calling upon Bryan, the advocate of the Filipinos, to rebuke the red shirts.

We may assume it to be incontrovertible, therefore, that the Democrats of North Carolina are the fittest subjects imaginable for the denunciation of Mr. Bryan. Not only would they establish tyranny and substitute the methods of imperialism for those of a republic but they would revoke a constitutional grant already made in so doing, and destroy the liberties already created. They are genuine reactionaries, like the Bourbons of France and Spain.—Chicago Times-Herald.

The fifteenth amendment is already buried in North Carolina and in the same grave are the United States constitution and the declaration of independence.—Philadelphia Press.

The Knoxville Journal says that no Southern gentleman would win an election by force and fraud and scores the methods of the ring in this State.

LAWLESSNESS IN THE SOUTH.

This is an unpleasant subject for us. We dislike to hear or think about it, much less write about it. But as a journalist it is expected of us, and it is our duty to say something, and that is why we have done so at all. And to say anything, or not to say anything about it, will hurt, and hurt bad for the time being.

If we say there is and has been no lawlessness in the South, as some write, then we excuse and justify what little or much we have had; and therefore, instead of bettering it, we sanction and encourage more lawlessness in the future.

On the other hand, if we say we have or have had and reiterate all that has been done and not denied, and how it is increasing so rapidly, then it seems we join in with the despoilers to injure the South, in keeping capital and good men from settling among us, and at the same time slandering our civilization, much less our Christianity.

Now what shall we do? What horn of the dilemma shall we take? Shall we deny it, and thereby encourage it and thereby making bad worse, or shall we say it is too true, and thereby injure the fair name of our State? We have decided to take the lesser of the two evils, which is the better; because we can say so in truth, and with the hope that by condemning it, the people may become aroused upon the subject, and compel the courts and authorities to punish the criminals in

YOU WILL HAVE TO LEAVE THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY THEN.

One H. D. Paschall, of Nutbush township, more familiarly known as "Bud," wrote as a letter yesterday asking us to stop his paper as his Christianity would not permit him to patronize a paper that advocated carrying elections by fraud or bloodshed. Of course the paper will be stopped, but we wish to say that any one who says that the Record favors or advocates carrying elections by fraud or bloodshed, and we challenge said Bud Paschall to show where the Record has done so. His letter will fill it and let him hear from us again.—Chatham Record.

If the brother uphold the machine that now runs the Democratic party, he certainly "favors or advocates carrying elections by fraud or bloodshed," for that is what it is doing, and no man with any truth in his soul will have the audacity or total depravity to deny it. And the only way The Record can convince any one that it does not advocate such things, is for it to leave the present Democratic party, which is known as the party of rotten eggs and red shirts, which means anarchy and blood shed. It is the party that proposes to carry elections by shot guns, and said it proposed to carry the election if it makes the State a grave yard.

It is the party that "squalls 'nigger' and then acts 'algebraic.' It is the party that either votes the negroes, or steals their votes. It is the party that squalls negro "office-holding" and then put negroes in office. It is the party that puts negro judges of election to pass upon white men's votes, and to send white men to jail if they violate a law simply made to get men into jail. It is a party that wants to disfranchise so white men in the country and let in negroes vote.

One Good Result Should Follow.

(Asheville Gazette.)

One good result should follow from the airing of conditions in North Carolina that has been incident to the amendment campaign, and that is the emphasis which has been placed upon the need for an improved and extended school system. The extraordinary percentage of white illiteracy that has not been diminished for 30 years is a serious reproach upon the Democratic party in control during this period.

Nothing is of more importance than prompt and earnest action to remove the cause of this illiteracy. The whole State is deeply interested in the extension of its common school system. But one state in the union has a greater percentage of illiteracy, and it is doubtful if there is any state where the chances for school advantages are so meagre in certain districts as in North Carolina. While this state of affairs exists within our borders there is little need for our people to go abroad for missionary work, and for our statesmen to concern themselves with academic questions. The real and practical need of a few months' schooling for every child in the State is a live subject at our doors, and one which must be dealt with by wise and earnest action. The facts which have been made so prominent during the campaign bring the people of the state to a realization of the need for prompt and emphatic action in this direction, the agitation and disturbance the state has gone through will not be without compensation.

WORK ON CENSUS FIGURES.

Forty-Two Thousand Schedules Already

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Out of 52,000 population schedules, representing the entire population of the United States, 42,000 already have been submitted to the bureau by the enumerators, and practically all are expected to be in by Aug. 15. Of about 10 million schedules comprising the statistics of manufacturers of the country, 378,000 already are in and 4,073,265 form schedules, being the bulk of the agricultural statistics, are on file. The census of Montana has been completed and shows a substantial gain. The work of all but four of the enumerators in Alaska has been completed and forwarded to Washington. The statistics relating to each individual are punched on a separate card and with 758,000 cards punched yesterday the statistics covering 11,500,000 persons have so far been transferred from the schedules to the cards by the punching process and six millions of these verified by the machine count.

Farmers are no better, perhaps, than other people, but they are equally as good; and we believe—other things being equal, they are purer mind. They have more time for serious reflections as to God and right and the great hereafter.

6 & Pages of Solid Facts For Men, Free

A new edition of Dr. J. Newton Hathaway's famous book "Man's Greatest Enemy," by Dr. J. Newton Hathaway, M. D., is now being issued. A copy of this little book will be sent free, post-paid, in plain wrapper to any one applying to Dr. J. Newton Hathaway, M. D., 22 1/2 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

J. Newton Hathaway, most special M. D., longest established copy should be sent to the South. This is a regular of this paper. Send name and address and mention on paper J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 22 1/2 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.