

SPRINGS IN A NIGHT.

LIVID GROWTH OF A TOWN IN THE WILD AND WOOL-LEY WEST.

THE PLACE HAS POPULATION OF 10,000

A Case of Indians of 1,000 on Outside of Town—Gamblers Stealing at High-Water Mark.

Fort Hill, O. T., Aug. 2.—A town of 10,000 people, to be known as Lawton, has grown up just outside of the Fort limits, almost within a night.

Following the close of the lottery, at El Reno, thousands of home seekers, who drew blanks, started for the three points picked out by the government for town sites in the new country, namely, Anadarko, Aohart and Lawton. A majority of the people favored Lawton, which is twenty-five miles inland, and tonight thousands are camped in and about the proposed town site awaiting the sale of lots on Aug. 6th.

Already Lawton has 400 temporary business houses including a grocery firm and a newspaper, and three streets have been laid out. A national bank has been projected. Every form of gambling known on the frontier is being run wide open, side by side with fake shows of various descriptions. To add to the picturesque of the scene a thus and Comanche Indians have pitched their tents nearby.

M. C. Rich Arrested For Impersonating a United States Officer. Washington, August 1.—Chief Wilkie, of the Secret Service, has received word of the arrest of M. C. Rich at Troy, N. C., charged with impersonating a United States officer.

On July 22nd, the postoffice at Nalle, N. C., was blown up and robbed. Previously the postmaster, who is a woman, had received an anonymous note telling her that the office would be blown up and cautioning her to keep away. Soon afterward, it is said, Rich appeared and insisted upon being informed of all the facts connected with the robbery, and representing himself as a United States detective. He was arrested by the United States Marshal and Secret Service Agent Wright and held to appear before the grand jury in the sum of \$200.

A Forty Million Depot. Chicago, Aug. 2.—Plans for a central railroad station here, estimated to cost forty million dollars are being prepared to be submitted at a meeting of railway officials to be held August 15.

Eighteen of the 22 railroad companies with Chicago terminals have approved the scheme as drawn by Alderman Dixon and members of the council committee appointed to investigate the question of a single terminal, and believe the plan can be carried to a successful conclusion. The Illinois Central, Northwestern, Pennsylvania and Great Western railroads are the only ones which have thus far not given their approval.

Baltimore Boy Toggles Live Wire. Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 1.—George Ferguson, aged thirteen, of Baltimore, was instantly killed this afternoon by a live electric wire. In passing under a tree he hit an innocent-looking piece of wire hanging through the limbs. Instantly he gave a cry of pain and the wire curled itself around his body. A policeman had the boy quickly removed to a hospital, but death resulted soon afterward.

New North Carolina Postmasters. Washington, D. C., August 1.—Eight new North Carolina postmasters were appointed today. Robert Stansell at Clayton, Wm. J. Flowers at Mount Olive, Annerella King at Windsor, Seth Hill at Eure, Nathan W. Anderson at Paint Park, Jennie McR. Jessup at Starburg, Wm. O. McKeithan at Supply.

Coinage in July. Washington, August 1.—The mints of the United States executed coins of the amount of \$5,621,830 in the month of July. Of this amount \$4,225,000 was in gold, \$1,312,000 in silver, and \$4,830 in nickels and bronze pieces.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. GIBNEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, Etc. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AMONG THE MAGAZINES.

Cuba's Agricultural Resources. The island of Cuba is a gigantic farm of 28,000,000 acres of marvellously fertile soil. Thirteen million acres remain as virgin forest. Her present population is a little above one and a half millions.

Were Cuba as densely populated as Massachusetts, her census would show 11,000,000 inhabitants. An equal density with that of England would give her upward of 22,000,000. He ability to support a population per square mile equivalent to that of England, so large a percentage of which is dependent upon manufacturing interests, is somewhat doubtful, from the fact that Cuba presents little or no possibility of ever becoming a manufacturing center. In a measure, the comparison with Massachusetts is also faulty, for the same reason. Yet, in the latter case, the vastly greater fertility of Cuban soil would offset the manufacturing feature, and there is little doubt that Cuba, along the line of her particular agricultural advantages, can provide a comfortable and reasonably profitable living for a population of 10,000,000 of moderately industrious citizens.—From "Cuba's Industrial Possibilities," by Albert G. Robinson, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for August.

Old Gordon Graham's Business Philosophy. Baron Munchausen was the first traveling man, and my drummers' expense accounts still show his influence.

Adam invented all the different ways in which a young man can make a fool of himself, and the college yell at the end of them is just a trill that doesn't change essentials.

Pay day is always a month off for the spendthrift, and he is never able to realize more than sixty cents on any dollar that comes to him. But a dollar is worth one hundred and six cents to a good business man, and he never spends the dollar.

If you gave some fellows a talent wrapped in a napkin to start with in business, they would swap the talent for a gold brick and lose the napkin; and there are others that you could start out with just a napkin that would set up with it in the dry-goods business in a small way, and then coax the other fellow's talent into it.

I always lay it down as a safe proposition that the fellow who has to break open the baby's bank for care toward the last of the week isn't going to be any Russell Sage when it comes to trading with the old man's money.

From the letters of a self-made merchant to his son, now appearing in The Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia.

The fourteenth Annual Educational Number of The Outlook contains half a dozen or more notable articles relating to educational topics. It is fully illustrated, and the illustrations are especially rich in large and striking photographs of distinguished educators. Among the contents may be mentioned: "Progress in Education," an editorial survey of the educational history of the year; "The End in Education," two articles by President Aaldy of Yale, and Lyman Abbott; "Western State Universities," by President E. A. Alderman of Tulane University; "Daniel C. Gilman," by President G. Stanley Hall of Clark University; and "The Yale Bionetany," by Arthur Reed Kimball. (\$3 a year. The Outlook Company, 287 Fourth Avenue, New York.)

The Voice as a Revealer of Character. There is no greater revealer of character than the human voice. It is the first thing that strikes us in a stranger, or in a new acquaintance. It is has that spontaneous ring of truth that no training can impart. We recognize its appeal for confidence. Some voices have the jar of falsehood, and are as full of warning as the hiss of a serpent. The unconscious natural voice is to be regarded as the index of character. To speak promptly and positively is generally to act promptly and positively; to speak politely is to act politely, and to speak gruffly and rudely is a good way to make rude action easy.—Amelia E. Barr, in The Ladies' Home Journal for August.

The Meaning of a "Lady." The much abused word "Lady," is modified direct from the early Anglo-Saxon, and means "loaf-giver," for the highest ideal of woman in those days was to be a good manager of her household in every particular; bread was then the real staff of life. The Delinquent for September devotes its illustrated cookery article to the subject of bread in its various forms and every "Lady" should study the article.

Dun's Report of Failures. New York, August 1.—Reports to R. G. Dun & Company, show commercial failures in the United States during July 697, with an aggregate indebtedness of \$7,085,533. Compared with the same month last year, there appears most gratifying improvement, as failures were than 793 in number and \$9,771,775 in amount.

Half a Million For Lord Roberts. London, August 1.—The House of Lords today unanimously voted the grant of 100,000 pounds sterling for Lord Roberts recommended by King Edward, as a token of the nation's appreciation of the Field Marshal's services in South Africa.

BRYAN DEFENDS SCHLEY.

He Thinks Macley Should be Tamed Out of the Navy Yard.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 1.—In his comment on the naval controversy, Wm. J. Bryan takes the side of Rear Admiral Schley, giving him credit for the victory at Santiago and declaring it a "pith that there should be any controversy that seeks to discredit, honorable and modest sea fighter, who successfully led the American forces in one of the greatest, if not the greatest, naval battles in the history of the world." Mr. Bryan denounces the Macley history of the struggle, and thinks it strange that a historian finds it necessary "to resort to the lowest form of abuse, in dealing with a historical character," and adding, that "as a clerk in the navy yard, he should be displaced because of his outrageous assault upon a man who has been the patient victim of the most remarkable series of attacks recorded in American history."

TOBACCO SALES AT WILSON.

One Hundred and Eighty Thousand Pounds Sold on the Two Opening Days. Wilson, N. C., Aug. 3.—The Wilson tobacco market opened on Thursday with good sales at all the houses. The amount of tobacco sold on the two opening days was about one hundred and eighty thousand pounds. For the class of tobacco offered at this opening the prices were very good, being a dollar per hundred higher than for the same period last year. The tobacco offered showed more character than is usually the case with the August offerings. This is an indication for a good crop to follow. Most of the firms doing business here are strong on the market, and it is expected that the prices on tobacco will continue good.

Buller's Work in Africa.

Cape Town, Aug. 3.—The Cape Times, commenting on the announcement in the House of Commons that the government did not propose to recognize Gen. Sir Redvers Buller's services in South Africa, voices the regret which is generally felt here over the statement that there is to be no substantial recognition of Gen. Buller's work. The Times insists that Gen. Buller performed some of the hardest, perhaps the very hardest, work of the campaign.

Three Children Killed by Lightning.

Ocean City, Md., Aug. 1.—Two of Joseph Henry's children were burned to death in his barn near here, which was struck by lightning on Tuesday night, and two others were found in a thicket near by—one, a boy of eight, dead, and the other, a girl of five, unconscious. The storm was most severe on the Eastern Shore of the peninsula. A number of vessels, including the police boat Nellie Jackson, were sunk and several fishermen lost their lives.

FARMERS TO FORM A TRUST.

WASHBURNS PLAN TO UNITE COTTON PRODUCERS OF THE SOUTH.

The Only Way to Meet the Capitalists Cotton and Wheat Trust is to Organize a Bigger and Better One in Interest of Producer.

Boston, Mass., July 30.—George F. Washburn, of this city, president of the Commonwealth Club of Massachusetts, sailed for Europe today on a mission to inquire into the co-operative methods of various bodies in England, Belgium, and Switzerland, with a view to the formation of a fifty million dollar cotton combination in this country.

According to an interview, Mr. Washburn has worked out a plan to unite the cotton producers of the South into one great co-operative trust with headquarters at St. Louis and central warehouses in Memphis. He said he had been selected for this mission because of the special study he had made of co-operation from a business man's standpoint; and that in his judgment the only way to meet the capitalist cotton and wheat trust was to organize a bigger and better one in the interest of the producer.

London Women Appear in Sandals. Special to The Washington Post. London, Aug. 1.—Extraordinary scenes were witnessed in the Strand today when several well-dressed women appeared wearing sandals. Crowds were attracted, and the women were followed everywhere they went. This warm weather fashion has been sprung suddenly, and it is believed to be the result of concerted action.

Eastern Democrats carry by stealing or counting out the ignorant negro vote, yet they howl about consent of the governed.—Exchange.

The Greatest Evidence of the dangers of cholera, morbus, diarrhoea, and dysentery is the increase in the death rate during the summer months. You cannot be too careful, and particular attention should be paid to the diet. A supply of Pain-Killer should always be at hand for it can be relied on at all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary case. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis' Price 25c and 50c.

BATTLE IN COURT.

SWIFT PUNISHMENT FOR A YOUNG WHITE MAN IN TENNESSEE.

HAD ASSAULTED A YOUNG WHITE LADY.

After a Fight With the Officers he Was Dragged From the Court House and Hanged Outside the Town—No Arrests Have He a Made.

Smithville, Tenn., Aug. 2.—The first lynching in the history of DeKalb county was recorded today when Charley Davis, the man who was charged with assaulting Miss Kate Hues last Sunday evening, was taken from the court house by a mob of about twenty-five people and hanged about a quarter of a mile from town.

The assault on Miss Hues was committed last Sunday evening and Davis' trial was being held today. When the witness began to give testimony the friends and relatives of the girl arose and made for the prisoner. For a time there were wild scenes and the people were much excited. The prisoner made an effort to escape by jumping from the two-story window of the court room. Several pistol shots were fired in the confusion but Davis was captured before he could jump.

The sheriff, one of his deputies and a constable, who were trying to prevent the lynching, together with the father of the defendant, were severely injured in a clash with the mob. The wounded officers are sheriff J. T. Odum, deputy Rob Odum and constable Maney Pass.

LONG WALK FOR A PENSION. Veteran Coming Here From Boston A Week to Make Personal Appeal to President.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hill, sore-footed and wearied by three weeks' tramp from Boston, arrived here today on their way to Washington, where the husband, who is a civil war veteran, will appeal to President McKinley for a pension.

The pilgrims arrived at the city hall this morning, having set out from Bristol, Pa., a short time after midnight. Hill said that he wished to see the mayor. When told that the letter was out of the city, he called upon Supt. of Police Quirk.

"I have given nineteen years—the best part of my life—to the service of my country," he said, "I was in the civil war from its outbreak until the surrender of Gen. Lee, and then I joined the regulars. I served for fifteen years under the great Indian fighting general. I am now old without a home or penny, and I think I am entitled to a pension.

"I have spent a good deal of money in employing attorneys to fight my case, but I am through with them, and several weeks ago I determined to make a personal appeal to President McKinley, and in order to do this I and my wife started from Boston on foot to Washington. It's a long trip, but we will get there finally."

When told that President McKinley would not be in Washington probably for some time, the old fighter said he could spend a few weeks with several of his old companions in arms who live in Fredericksburg, Va.

STEERS CAUSE PANIC IN JERSEY CITY. Five Escaped and One Man Gored to Death Before They Were Killed.

Jersey City, Aug. 2.—Five big horned Texas steers escaped in this city this morning, and caused a panic among the streets and shops, doing considerable minor damage. John Curran was fatally gored by one of them.

After much difficulty the citizens and police managed to kill four steers by shooting, and badly injured the other. They were being carried to a vessel, where they were to be shipped to Europe, when they escaped.

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WHOLESALE LYNCHING.

THREE NEGROES SWUNG UP FOR THE MURDER OF A WHITE MAN IN MISS.

A RACE RIOT NEAR NEW ORLEANS.

White Men Flogged two Negroes, Shot Two Others and Would Have Lynched Another had the Sheriff not Appeared on the Scene.

New Orleans, August 1.—Three negroes, Belield McCray, his mother, Betsy McCray, and his half-sister, Ida McCray, Betsy's daughter, were taken from the jail at Carrollton, Miss., today by a mob and promptly lynched. The negroes are three of thirteen suspected of being implicated in the murder of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Talliaferro, a white couple living near McEnery, Tuesday night. The murder was thought to be due to the killing of a negro by Talliaferro in a personal difficulty.

The murder caused much excitement yesterday and especially when it was learned that the negroes in Carrollton were well armed, and as it was feared that they might resist arrest. A posse of ten white men started on the trail of a negro suspect of the murder. He was arrested and during the day twelve others were locked up, supposed to be implicated in the crime to a greater or less extent. Among those arrested were John Taylor, Belield McCray, Bill Davis, Betsy McCray and Ida McCray. There was a disposition to lynch the negroes at once, but a mass meeting was held in Carrollton in front of the court house and jail in which the negroes were confined, Judge W. E. Stevens and District Attorney W. H. Hill made such a strong appeal against lynch law, the judge promising to call the court in session at once to try the cases that the prisoners were not molested.

The advocates of a more violent course however, could not be held in restraint. Judge Stevens and District Attorney Hill began taking testimony of witnesses this afternoon, but this only inflamed the crowd as the testimony pointed strongly to the McCrays as the murderers. They broke into the jail at 5:30 p. m., and three negroes—one man and two women—were taken out, hanged and their bodies riddled with bullets. The mob announced its purpose of lynching the ten negro prisoners.

Governor Longino had been warned of the danger, and left at once to go on a fast train to Winona and then on a switch engine to Carrollton; but the negroes had been lynched before the Governor's arrival.

New Orleans, Aug. 3.—At Joe Jefferson's Island, beria parish, a mob of white men flogged two negroes, shot two others, one in the neck, the other in the right shoulder, and were about to lynch the negro wounded in the shoulder when Sheriff Henderson arrived on the scene and unassisted prevented the lynching.

The trouble originated last Wednesday in a row between whites and blacks led by Tom Brown at Delcambrie's bridge. A party of whites started last night to whip Brown. As they approached Brown opened fire on them and fled to the east of his house. The house was riddled with bullets and Brown was finally driven out with his three nephews, two of the party being badly wounded. Two of the nephews were whipped and the mob had tied a rope around Brown's neck and was hauling him up to a tree when Sheriff Henderson, who had been notified of what was going on, appeared. Most of the mob abandoned the lynching, but some persisted. The sheriff threatened to arrest them and take them to jail and they left. The sheriff knows the would-be lynchers and will try to have them arrested.

There was no lynching in Carroll county today although the mob of lynchers, about 100 strong, visited the Talliaferro neighborhood and searched high and low for several negroes whom they have threatened to lynch if they catch them. They are Sallie Layton, daughter of Betsy McCray, who was lynched, and a sister of the other two dead negroes, Henry Layton, her husband, and Henry Layton, Jr., her son. These negroes, however, left Carroll county early this morning and cannot be found.

MOB LYNCHES A NEGRO.

He Had Murdered a White Man in Alabama.

Birmingham, Aug. 2.—William Vann, while making through the country to his old home in Anniston with his wife and two children was set upon by Charley Reed, a negro, near Cedar Grove, in St. Clair county, 20 miles east of here last night. Vann died from injuries inflicted by the negro.

Justice Fordval held an inquest near the spot where the killing occurred and Reed was held for the crime. While the negro was being given a trial this afternoon in the woods a mob of citizens took from two guards, carried him to a grove back of the place where he worked, and strung him to a tree. The negro was strangled to death. A race riot reached here that a mob was on, and the sheriff and six deputies heavily armed hurried to the scene, but they were not needed.

Married the Seventh Time. An exchange says: "Gullford county has a citizen who is proud of the fact that he has been married six times and is the father of fifty-eight children. In the lot are four pairs of twins and one set of triplets. One wife was the mother of twenty-one of the children. The man is 58 years old and married his seventh wife last week."

AN EXCURSIONIST TO CHARLOTTE.

She Expected to See the Ocean and the Battle-Ship and Was Disappointed in Her View.

Man Hill Correspondence Thomasville News.

Mary Sweet is in reasonable health again after her exciting trip to the city of Charlotte. Sweet had been planning a trip to some seaport town for the last ten years and when she heard of the excursion from High Point to Charlotte she decided to see old ocean at that point and dip in the surf. Inagination got away with Sweet's better judgment at China Grove when she pulled the bell cord to stop the train, declaring that town was Charlotte, and only by hard work of friends she was prevented from jumping off the train, because, for political reasons, she did not want to be carried into South Carolina. On her arrival in Charlotte she inquired for the boat landing. She wanted to see the ocean's big gun-boat that was topped the Spanish flag, and when told that Charlotte was an inland city, without wharves and battle-ships, she declared it was some other town and not Charlotte. When shown the city hall she declared she was in Washington and that it was the United States capitol. Her greatest excitement was caused by visiting the city cemetery, where she expected to find about two acres set apart for the "loved ones gone before," and to her amazement found about 40 acres. She thought so many people had never lived in the world. The big excitement on the return trip was when she saw the Yadkin river which she failed to see that morning. She declared the river to be the ocean, that Charlotte was somewhere in that vicinity, and that she had spent the day in Havana instead of Charlotte.

She returned home greatly fatigued and swearing vengeance against the railroad.

A 5-Year-Old Boy Who Plays With a 50-Pound Weight. Charlotte Observer.

Tax Collector W. N. Peoples is prepared to make affidavit to the effect that the 21-year-old son and oldest child of Mr. J. Walter Potts, of Steele Creek, this county, stands six feet, seven inches, high and is strong in proportion to his size. And Mr. Potts' youngest son, who is barely five years old, is a prodigy of strength. Since he first gazed upon the world this young giant has been an athlete, and he, in the pride of his five years, lifts a 50-pound weight in either hand—holds it out on the muscle.

"Why Mr. Peoples! can these things be?" asked the reporter. "They are surely be—and are," ejaculated Mr. Peoples.

Not Her A Fair. Mrs. Pnoet—Why, Belinda, the piano has six weeks' dust on it! Belinda—Well, mum! I ain't to blame, I've been here only three weeks.

KILLED IN GOLD BLOOD.

BOERS MURDER NATIVES IN EMPLOY OF THE BRITISH.

Native Scouts Who Had Surrendered Were Shot After Being Made to Throw up Their Hands.

London, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says: "French reports that he has received a letter from Kritzinger, the Boer commandant, announcing the intention to shoot all natives in British employ, whether armed or unarmed. Many cases of cold-blooded murder of natives in Cape Colony have recently occurred."

Another dispatch from Lord Kitchener from Pretoria, dated today, says: "Twenty yeoman and some native scouts followed two carts and a few Boers fifteen miles from the railway at Doorn River, Orange River Colony, where they were cut off by 200 Boers. After defending themselves in a small building, they surrendered. After the surrender the Boers made the native scouts throw their hands up and shot them in cold blood. They afterward shot a wounded yeoman. The remainder were released. The Boers gave as a reason for shooting the yeoman that they thought he was a Cape 'boy.' Evidence on oath has been taken of the murders."

Military Boys Sick. Edenton, Aug. 3.—Two of the members of the Edenton military company, returned from Wightsville, are quite sick. Thirty of the boys were made quite sick by some thing they had to eat or something in the water. Arthur White and G. C. Haste are still sick, but will recover.

A DISTURBANCE IN THE HOUSE. The Speaker Expels Two Members Who Became Disorderly.

London, July 30.—There was wild uproar in the House of Commons between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning, at the conclusion of the debate on the taxation of agricultural property. The Conservatives interrupted Mr. Walton, Liberal, with cries of "Divide!" William Redmond, on a point of order, called the attention of the Speaker to the interruption, but the Speaker ruled that the point was not well taken.

Mr. Walton resumed, but quite inaudibly, owing to the persistent cries of "Divide!" Mr. Redmond shouted, "Pollock! Pollock!" The Speaker said this expression was disorderly. Mr. Redmond: "Why don't you keep order?" The Speaker directed him to leave the House, and named him. Mr. Balfour, the government leader, moved Mr. Redmond's suspension, and this was carried by a vote of 308 to 71.

Patrick O'Brien presented in the same point of order and was in turn named and suspended. The bill was adopted.

CUBA'S COTTON GOODS TRADE.

The United States Must Make Goods Suitable for That Market, or Lag Behind.

Washington, Aug. 1.—A comparative statement of the imports of cotton goods into Cuba during the calendar years of 1899 and 1900, has been prepared for publication in the division of insular affairs of the War Department. The statement shows that cotton goods to the value of \$6,079,757 were imported during 1900, as against \$6,225,057 during 1899.

The statement shows that the United Kingdom sent to Cuba in 1900, \$2,965,307 worth of cotton goods as against \$2,192,025 for 1899, an increase in favor of 1900 of \$773,282. In 1899 Cuba took from the United States \$1,337,741 worth, while in 1900 she took only \$420,142 worth, a decrease of \$917,599. The comparison for other countries presents some interesting features. In 1899 Germany's cotton trade was \$142,515 and in 1900 \$341,753; France \$403,490 in 1899, and \$651,753 in 1900; Spain's \$2,126,712 in 1899 and \$1,605,745 in 1900.

The statement says: "The unfavorable comparison in the United States trade for the years mentioned is accounted for in a great measure by the conditions prevailing during the 1899 period. The Cuban people, through long use, have come to prefer goods of European make. The close proximity of this country does not effect the situation and it is reasonable to expect that until the United States manufacturers follow the methods of other countries in making goods expressly for the Cuban market there will be no decided change in her trade relations with the United States."

NINE NEW COMPANIES. The one Hundred and Second, Captain Gardner, Stationed at Fort Caswell.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Lieutenant General Miles, commanding the army, today issued an order for the immediate organization of the additional companies of coast artillery, making the total number of such companies 126. The new companies will be stationed as follows: Ninety-eighth Company, Capt. Rowan, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Ninety-ninth company, Capt. Wm. P. Pence, Fort Morgan, Ala.; One hundred company, Capt. E. E. Aullman, Fort Totten, N. Y.; One hundred and first company, Capt. A. T. Smith, Fort Totten, N. Y.; One hundred and second company, Capt. R. F. Gardner, Fort Caswell, N. C.; One hundred and third company, Capt. John C. Gilmore, Jr., Fort Howard, Md.; One hundred and fourth company, Capt. George H. McElhinis, Fort Washington, Md.; One hundred and fifth company, Capt. L. R. Burgess, at the Presidio of San Francisco; One hundred and sixth company, Capt. Chas. P. Sumnerall, Fort Lawton, Wash.

Quartermaster's Clerk Robs a Safe. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 2.—Word was received from Victoria of the alleged delinquency of Quartermaster's Clerk John McCaul, and his disappearance from the United States transport Egbert, on which he was assigned to duty. The Egbert sailed from Seattle for Alaska, July 31. In the hurry of departure McCaul was not missed. When it was found that he was not on board, Capt. G. H. Penrose, the quartermaster in command of the Egbert, immediately made an investigation, and as he could not open the safe he had it blown open. He found that all of the bills and most of the gold, except a few stray pieces, were missing. The shortage is stated to be \$5,642. There was \$945 in silver in the safe. A certificate of deposit on a Seattle bank for \$4062 on the credit of Capt. P. H. McCaul, was found in a sealed envelope.

Passengers on a Steamer From Ponce, Fall Into Hands of Havana U-Boats. New York, July 28.—The steamship Ponce, from San Juan, P. R., July 23, docked in Brooklyn this afternoon. As she steamed up the bay the customs tug came alongside and two officers boarded the Ponce and took the passengers' declarations. As soon as the Ponce docked, custom house inspectors examined the baggage of the passengers, eighty in number. All cigars and cigarettes were seized and the owners were told to "come back to-morrow for them."

Among the passengers was J. B. Garrison, auditor of Porto Rico. He informed the inspectors that according to the President's proclamation, free trade now exists between the United States and Porto Rico. The inspectors claimed that they had no official information to that effect and Mr. Garrison complied with the order to dump the contents of his dozen trunks on the pier. The baggage of all the passengers was similarly inspected. After this general overhauling of baggage, a telephone message was received to miss only cigars in lots of 400. Passengers who did not have that quantity were let out. One, however, who had 450 cigars, was required to take them over and told to come around Monday and pay for the internal revenue stamps. The collectors claim, while they know free trade exists between this country and Porto Rico, they do not know it officially, and that it will be several days before the new order can be put in effect.

Charlotte's Public Library. Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 2.—The contract for the Carnegie Library was awarded today by the committee to Wheeler, McMichael & Co., a local firm of architects. The building will be of pressed brick, one story high, with a dome, and will cost about twenty thousand dollars. Nine firms of architects presented plans.

During the summer season stamp comes upon us unexpectedly; you should be prepared for an emergency of this kind, or otherwise you will suffer agony for hours. Keep a bottle of Pain-Killer handy and go the directions on the wrapper, it will surprise you how quickly relief will come. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis' Price 25c and 50c.

A TRAGEDY AT SHELBY.

CHIEF OF POLICE KILLED WHILE RAIDING A GAMBLING HOUSE.

NAVY OFFERS A REWARD OF \$200.

Four Blood Hounds and Over one Thousand People on the Negro's Trail—Will be Lynched if Caught.

Shelby, Aug. 4.—R. S. Jones, chief of police and tax collector, of Shelby, accompanied by Mr. S. M. Ford, night watchman, raided, this morning at 3 o'clock, a house near the South Carolina and Georgia Extension Railroad, where a crowd of negroes were gambling. One window was open where Mr. Ford stationed himself. Officer Jones opened the door, when one of the negroes, James Lowry, commenced to fire upon the chief of police and emptied two chambers of his pistol, both taking effect near the heart and stomach. Officer Jones had a tussle with the negro, after being shot, when he broke loose and escaped from the house. The chief of police shot three times at him, but to no effect, then sank and died within twenty minutes after receiving the shots.

The blood hounds owned by the deceased were at once put on the negro's trail, but the air was so dry that they could not trail him. The sheriff with a posse of seventy-five men, armed with guns and pistols, are scouring the country, and if caught, he will hardly be brought to jail.

Our citizens are very much wrought up over this dastardly deed. The negro came from South Carolina and has been here about a year. At the time of this deed he was in the employ of the South Carolina & Georgia Extension Railroad as a helper at the freight depot. The chief of police was a native of this town, and aged about 40 years. He leaves a wife and daughter, who are almost prostrated by grief.

Mayor Jennings has issued the following circular: \$200 REWARD. The town of Shelby, N. C., offers two hundred dollars reward for the capture of Jim Lowry, colored, who murdered Chief of Police R.