

LETTERS OF THE PEOPLE.

TIME FOR AN AWAKENING IN THE RANKS OF THE TOILERS.

FARMERS SHOULD DO THEIR THINKING.

The Caucasian not a Tool for the Trusts and Corporations—Gives More Truth to its readers than Any Paper Published in Old Carolina.

Editor Caucasian:—I send you herewith enclosed a dollar for which please send the CAUCASIAN for a year to W. G. Coppersmith, Weeeksville, N. C. ... Your good paper, the CAUCASIAN, strikes straight from the shoulders, and is one of the soundest sheets printed in the State of North Carolina, and many are finding this out, and will take your paper. It comes nearer of giving the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, to its readers, than any other paper, I think, that is published in Old Carolina. It caters to no rich corporation or trust, but gives salaried and sinners their portion in due season without fear or favor. The most of our papers are run in the interest of corporations and trusts, therefore are not in the interest of the farmers and workmen, but simply adds a little flattery and praise of the latter class, to fool and induce them to subscribe to their papers, and to sustain them in power, but I'm glad to learn that the common people, as we are called, are at last finding them out.

I think it's time for an awakening in the ranks of the toilers, not only for an awakening but a time to act as well. I wish every farmer and everybody else for that matter, could lay aside prejudice long enough to thoroughly investigate the situation of our country, (our state especially) from a religious as well as a political standpoint, and with such an investigation I'm persuaded they would agree with me, that a trimming up, a thorough spraying, and in many instances, an up rooting altogether is necessary among officials as well as our political organizations. Judging from the scrubby and blighted trees that are kept in them and the wormy and bitter fruit they continue to bring forth yearly, we should wake up them that sleepeth, and do some looking and some thinking for ourselves and God will give us light. THOMAS MEADS, Kuluoke, N. C., Aug. 6, 1901.

HAVE TAKEN THE CAUCASIAN EVER SINCE IT STARTED.

Please pardon me for my neglect and find enclosed one dollar for which you will please continue the paper—forever I guess, for I have been taking it ever since it first started.

B. L. SUTTON, Calypso, N. C. CAUCASIAN PUB. CO., RALEIGH, N. C. DEAR SIR:—Enclosed please find check for two dollars for which please give me credit on my account. I want you to get the paper come along as I can't get along without it, and I will try to keep paying you along as I can. Yours truly, R. B. CALWELL, Corine, N. C.

Editor Caucasian:—As a result of the last term of the United States District Court at Raleigh, there was paid into Uncle Sam's treasury something like twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000) in fines, penalties and forfeitures, say nothing of the courts at Elizabeth City, Newbern and Wilmington. This speaks well for the administration of District Attorney Bernard. A READER.

Steps to Join Kruger in Holland. Paris, Aug. 9.—It was reported on the bourse today that Mr. Steyn, the former President of the Orange Free State will shortly join Mr. Kruger in Holland, with the view of reaching a definite understanding in regard to the peace overtures.

House Which Harbored Smallpox Burned. Goldsboro, Aug. 10.—The city authorities today destroyed a house by fire from which a smallpox patient was sent to the pest house last evening.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for full testimonials. F. J. CERRY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

JAIL COULD NOT TAKE WHOLE FAMILY.

Boys Mother Claimed Board for Them All.

A special to the Raleigh Post from Greensboro says: Percy Dodson, a sorry young white man who has been wanted by the county officers for some time, has been captured and "jugged." Six months or more ago he got into a fight in one of the cotton mill settlements and was bound over to the June term of court. His mother went on his bond, but before court came on Percy took "leg bail" and departed for regions unknown. But as such characters usually do, he came back. When this fact became known Deputy Sheriff Weatherly went camping on his trail. It was ascertained that the family was preparing to move to Durham, the officer learning this after the railroad tickets had been purchased and the furniture put on board the cars. The deputy was on the spot, and going to the depot, he nabbed young Dodson just as the latter was getting on the train and carried him off to jail. The prisoner's mother took her several children from the train and followed along to the jail, where she asked to be admitted also. She argued that since her son was the family's only support, the county must feed the family if the grown son was kept in jail. As the "only support of his widowed mother" had been away from home for the past three or four months the officers did not see wherein the county was under any obligations to keep the entire family from want and starvation. The widowed mother, however, refused to look at the matter in this light and carried her children on into the jail. She swore mighty oaths when forcibly ejected from the premises by the jailer and was highly indignant when it was suggested that she make application for admission into the poor house. She did not mind staying in jail, but the poor house—perish the thought. The fact that able bodied inmates of the county home are required to work probably had something to do with the woman's view of the matter.

British Spent \$5,000,000 in Missouri and Kansas for Mules and Horses.

Kansas City, Aug. 11.—Colonel Skinner, of the British army, one of the English officers who has been stationed in the United States since the outbreak of the Boer war buying horses and mules, returned to Kansas City from New Orleans, today. With the shipments just made from Kansas City to Cape Town, the British government has spent \$1,000,000 in Kansas City for horses and mules for service in South Africa.

Colonel Skinner says that approximately 100,000 animals have been shipped from this vicinity through the port of New Orleans during the past three years. The average paid for these animals is \$50 a head, making the total expenditure \$5,000,000 in Missouri and Kansas alone.

Boers Have Signal Success.

London, Aug. 10.—The Boers seem to be having signal success in their operations against small British forces, as numerous victories of this nature have been reported during the past few weeks. General Lord Kitchener telegraphs the war office today that a British block house near Brandford, Orange River Colony, was rushed and captured by the Burghers on the night of Aug. 7. The fight was a determined one and lasted for some time, the British offering dogged resistance to the assaults. General Kitchener's dispatch gives no account of the Boer casualties.

Wine at Less Than a Cent a Gallon.

San Francisco Dispatch. French exporters propose to enter into active competition with the wine makers of this State. It is asserted that in the Perigord district of France the crop of grapes has been so enormous that wine has fallen to less than one cent a gallon. The French growers do not intend shipping wine to this country owing to the tariff, but they propose to send over condensed must. This is unfermented juice of the grape which can be quickly converted into fair wine by the addition of water. The duty on must is only 20 per cent, ad valorem.

New Labor Organization.

Washington, Aug. 9.—A new national labor order, intended to bring together all classes of machinists' helpers and laborers in the navy yards and arsenals through the country, was organized here last night. "The Navy Yard Employees Protective Association" is the name chosen, but the word "arsenal" will be added when the arsenal employees are taken in.

Lewis Council Will Have a New Hearing.

Lewis Council, the condemned negro rapist who has been hanged at Fayetteville Monday, but he was respited, for the fourth time, until this fall, when he will have a new hearing. This is the first criminal action which the Supreme court has ever considered again after having finally passed upon it.

A New Camp Organized.

A camp of Confederate Veterans was organized at Kenansville, Duplin county, Thursday, with Capt. L. H. Hicks commander. The camp is called the "William J. Houston Camp of Confederate Veterans."

A NOTED CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Gen. Richard L. Page Passes Away at the Age of 70.

Norfolk, Aug. 9.—General Richard L. Page, of this city, died at his summer home at Blad Ridge Summit, Pa., tonight in the 74th year of his age. He became a midshipman in the United States Navy in 1824 and was on the frigate Brandywine under Commodore Morris, when it conveyed General Lafayette back to France in 1825. In 1861 he resigned his commission as commander in the United States navy and joined the Confederate service. He was commissioned brigadier general in 1863. He commanded the outer defenses of Mobile Bay at Fort Morgan, and with 400 men held Farragut's fleet at bay for two weeks. General Page was a brother-in-law of Chas. Lee, Attorney General in Washington's administration and of "Light Horse" Harry Lee, the father of Robert E. Lee.

BURGLARY AT HIGH POINT.

A Gold Brick Worth \$1,100 From a Mine at Conder. News and Observer. High Point, N. C., August 9.—Burglars last night entered the High Point Hardware Company's establishment on South Main street and carried off two or three pistols, several razors and other articles. Entrance was effected by taking a glass out of the back window. The Iola Mining Company have bought land near Biscoe and will commence prospecting for gold. One or two citizens of this place have taken stock in the organization. Mr. E. M. Arnfield, cashier of the National Bank of High Point, has in his possession a gold brick of genuine quality, the value of which is \$1,100. It was taken from a mine at Conder.

To Further Reduce the Army in the Philippines.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Preparations are under way by the War Department to make a further reduction in the military forces in the Philippines. Just how much reduction will be made cannot be determined until the department hears from General Chaffee. It has already been decided, however, to bring back to this country just as soon as practicable the remaining artillery organizations in the Philippines.

Lyles Arrested in Roanoke.

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 9.—A man giving his name as Frank Jones, of Lexington, Ky., but who has been identified as Charles Lyles, was arrested here this afternoon and locked up charged with murder. Lyles, alias Jones, is wanted in Charlotte, N. C., where there is a charge against him for the murder of Newton Lanier, who was found dying last Friday evening near a railroad track, a few miles south of Charlotte. The Charlotte Observer offered a reward of \$200 for Lyles' arrest today.

UNIQUE CLUB ORGANIZED IN VA.

Called the Society for the Suppression of Spurious Titles.

The Constitution Declared that all Private Must Have Been Killed in the Civil War—The Decision of this Court is Final.

Suffolk, Va., Aug. 8.—One of the most unique clubs in the country was organized here tonight. It is called the Society for the Suppression of Spurious Titles, and its members hope its influence will be far-reaching. Its members and officers are among the most influential people in the city, including the mayor, former veterans, and prominent professional and business men. Here are some extracts from the constitution adopted: "Believing that the indiscriminate bestowal of titles, regardless of the recipient's real claim to the distinction suggested by the appellation, is being carried much too far in this and other communities, this Society for the Suppression of Spurious Titles is organized and established with a view to the elimination of such titles except in cases where the person so addressed can prove a bona fide right to have his name prefixed by a word suggesting distinction. "We believe, further, that the miscellaneous application of spurious titles is degrading to those worthy such honors and cheapens the value of such distinctions, which should be bestowed only upon those whose service, accomplishments, or attainments have justified fame's notice. "Specially all the privates were killed in the civil war, and there are left few officers with a lower rank than colonel. This society presumes that all persons should be addressed as plain 'mister' unless the contrary be shown."

The constitution is much longer, and further provides how the court of inquiry may summon witnesses to appear for or against the person whose title is questioned. The decision of the court is final, and must be so recognized by posterity. The club is causing much comment.

Following are the officers: Mayor R. L. Brewer, president; N. B. Withers, vice-president; C. J. Dennis, treasurer; P. L. Pruden, secretary; R. W. Withers, prosecuting attorney; Capt. George T. Parker, G. L. Barton, Frank T. Jones, J. H. Stewart and Capt. William J. Pettit, court of inquiry.

BEWARE OF GREEN FRUIT.

Now in the heated term people should pay attention to their diet, avoiding unripe fruit and stale vegetables which invariably bring on cramps, cholera morbus, or diarrhoea. Children are particularly subject to complaints of this kind, and no mother can feel safe without having a bottle of Pain-Killer. It is a safe, sure and speedy cure. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25 cts. and 50 cents.

Five Years for Bigamy.

New Orleans, Aug. 9.—Charles Gordon Cain, who married an estimable young lady in this city, but was subsequently found to have a wife and children living in Georgia, was today sentenced to serve five years at hard labor in the State penitentiary. Cain was a life insurance agent and traveled throughout the South.

Negro Burned at the Stake. Birmingham, Ala., August 7.—A negro named John Pennington was burned at the stake at Enterprise, Coffee county, today. Fully five hundred persons, some of whom were blacks participated in the lynching. His crime was an assault on a white woman.

ENGLANDS ULTIMATUM.

BOERS MUST SURRENDER BY SEPT. 15, OR BE BANISHED FROM THE ISLAND.

PROCLAMATION ISSUED BY KITCHENER

The Cost of Maintenance of Families Will be Charged to Burgers—German Papers say Kitchener's Proclamation is Against International Law.

London, Aug. 9.—A parliamentary paper has been issued containing the proclamation issued by Lord Kitchener August 7th, in accordance with instructions from the Imperial Government, the Governments of Cape Colony and Natal concurring. The proclamation says: "All commandants, field cornets and leaders of armed bands, being burghers of the late Republics and still engaged in resisting His Majesty's forces, whether in the Orange Colony, the Transvaal or other portion of His Majesty's South African dominions, and all members of the Governments of the late Orange Free State and Transvaal shall, unless they surrender before September 15th, be permanently banished from South Africa. The cost of the maintenance of the families of all burghers in the field who have not surrendered by September 15th shall be recoverable from such burghers and shall be a charge upon their property, removable and immovable, in the two colonies." The preliminary correspondence shows that the proclamation is based upon suggestions which the Government of Natal forwarded to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, 15th and that the date, September 15th was recommended by Lord Milner. AGAINST INTERNATIONAL LAW. Berlin, August 9.—German papers commenting upon Lord Kitchener's proclamation condemn it in the severest terms, saying that it is against international law.

MAY CLOSE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Many of These in Virginia Have Not Legal Approvals. Washington Post. Richmond, Va., Aug. 8.—Secretary Brent, of the Department of Education, is preparing a tabulated statement of the number of free schools in the state that are illegal for the reason that the attendance upon their sessions does not come up to the average required by law. These facts, it is thought, will be laid before the committee on education of the constitutional convention, with some recommendation in favor of remedying the evil.

It is understood that in one of the valley counties out of forty-four schools, white and colored, twenty-four of the white and five of the colored schools were kept open without making a legal average. It is said one-third of the schools in the state are below the average. This question was brought to the attention of an educational conference recently held in this city, and it is understood that many of the leading members favor some sweeping reforms in the public schools.

YIELDS TO SKILL.

A French Physician Discovers a Cure for St. Vitus' Dance. New York, N. Y.—The Journal's Paris cable says: "St. Vitus' dance, the most dreaded of nervous disorders, and generally looked upon as practically incurable, has at last yielded to the skill of a distinguished physician, Dr. Huyghe, who has just discovered a cure as admirable for simplicity as remarkable for effectiveness. Dr. Huyghe's method consists simply in partially chloroforming the patient and administering vigorous massage over the entire body, after which the members most affected are placed in splints, so that no movement is possible. At the end of six days the splints are removed, and if the slightest nervous twitching is observable the treatment is renewed. The method has never failed. It has restored to absolute control patients who had for twenty years despaired of relief. It is, moreover, painless, involving no risks, as the chloroform is so slight as rarely to produce anesthesia.

What the Governor Should do.

Twenty people have been killed in Wilson county within the past thirty-one months, and the good people of that county are alarmed about the rapid growth of crime that has come about in their county. Raleigh News and Observer. Gov. Aycock should resemble his "armed escort" of red shirts and go down there and discuss the law and the prophets.—Asheville Gazette.

Killed by Lightning While Asleep.

Shelby, Aug. 11.—The news reached town this morning that C. Davis, a young man, who lived in the Sharon neighborhood, about five miles from Shelby, was last night killed by lightning while he slept. His mother was shocked also, but not seriously. The lightning set his bed on fire, and the house was saved by throwing the bed into the yard.

WALTER DIMMICK ARRESTED.

Charged With the Theft of \$50,000 From United States Mint at San Francisco. Washington, August 10.—Chief Wilkie, of the Secret Service, Treasury Department, has received a telegram announcing that Walter Dimmick, former chief clerk of the San Francisco mint, has been arrested by Secret Service Agent George Haffert, charging Dimmick with the theft of \$30,000 in gold from the United States mint in San Francisco. The other charge was made by Superintendent Leach, accusing Dimmick of misappropriation of funds placed in his hands for the purchase of supplies.

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FILIPINOS COME HIGH.

AMERICANS GREATLY HAMPERED BY THEIR GUERRILLA WARFARE.

GEN. MACARTHUR'S ANNUAL REPORT.

Statistics of the Killed and Wounded, Captures and Surrenders—From May 5, 1900, to June 30, 1901, the United States Had 245 Soldiers Killed.

Washington, August 8.—The annual report of Major General MacArthur, dated July 4th, 1901, the day that he relinquished command of the division of the Philippines, has been received at the War Department. The period covered by the report is from October 1, 1900, when the last report from General MacArthur was dated. He reviews the policy of the insurgents who were hostile to the Americans, saying that their action since the practical collapse of the insurrection has been a perplexing problem. With the disbandment of the insurgent field armies, the Filipinos organized desperate resistance by banding the people together in support of the guerrillas. This was carried out by means of secret committees who collected contributions, inflicted punishments, and carried on a considerable opposition to the Americans. General MacArthur reviewed the manner in which operations were carried on against these guerrillas, and says he hopes the policy will, in time, conciliate the natives and make them friendly to the United States. The education of the people in times past made them suspicious of any governmental beneficence, and they evidently looked upon the lenient attitude of the United States as indicating weakness. General MacArthur says that the proclamation issued on December 20th firmly declaring the intention of the United States to hold the islands and to have the laws obeyed, had a good effect and the secret resistance was much abated. A considerable portion of the report is devoted to the field operations of the army, showing that on October 1, 1900, it occupied 413 stations which was, of necessity, increased to 502 stations, every command being in contact with some hostile force. He speaks of the good service of the army and says as a result of the co-operation between the people who have accepted the invitation to combine for mutual protection, the armed insurrection is almost suppressed. General MacArthur gives the following statistics from May 5th, 1900, to June 30th, 1901, (during which time there were 1,026 contacts between American troops and insurgents), which show the casualties on both sides: Americans killed 245, wounded 490, captured 118, missing 20. Insurgents killed 2,854, wounded 1,193, captured 7,752, surrendered 23,095. During the same period, the following material was captured from or surrendered by the insurgents: Rifles 15,693, rifle ammunition 296,365 rounds, revolvers 868; bolos 3,516, cannon ammunition 10,270 rounds. General MacArthur gives a brief recapitulation of the conditions in different provinces and says that at present the moiding force in the Philippine islands must be a well organized army and navy. Anything less, he says, in the immediate future, calculated to impede the activity or reduce the efficiency of these instruments, will not only be a menace to the present but put in jeopardy the entire future American possibilities in the archipelago. General MacArthur says the capture of Aguinaldo may be regarded as the most momentous single event of the year.

ENGLAND WAS READY TO HELP US.

Chaplain Jones Thinks the War With Spain was a Good Thing for the United States. New York, Aug. 11.—Chaplain H. Jones, U. S. N., spoke to-night in the Church of the Epiphany, this city, on "The Life and Work of a Chaplain of the Navy." Incidentally he told a story bearing on the relations of England toward the United States, during the Spanish-American war. He said, in this connection: "Though not being a lover of war, I think that many of us have learned to thank God that the conflict with Spain was forced upon us. It was to show the world what we are. We can also thank Him for the love of England in that matter, for although we knew of England's friendship, perhaps you have no idea of the extent of her friendship for her love. This last winter, when at Barbados, we found the West Indies-British fleet there, and invited one of the British naval officers of high rank on board our ship to dine with us. The conversation turned on the powers opposed to us during the war with Spain, and the British officer exclaimed: 'Gentlemen, perhaps you know that England was with you, but you have no idea of what England really did for you. I was on leave when the Spanish-American war broke out, and together with several other officers was immediately ordered back to duty. We had at two points sixty-three of our ships, waiting to be ordered out in case of any naval demonstration being made against the United States by the other powers. If any such demonstration had been made we would have headed them off.'"

COLD BRICK ROBBER CONFESSES.

He at Last Reveals the Hiding Place of the Gold. San Francisco, Aug. 10.—John Winters, the man under arrest on suspicion of having been connected with the gold robbery here, after undergoing an additional severe inquisition from the police and having hopes for mercy, confessed to the police yesterday afternoon that he had committed the robbery, and promised to point out the spot where the bullion had been concealed. Accordingly Winters was taken last evening to Crockett, in the vicinity of the Selby Smelting and Lead Works, and showed where the bullion had been sunk. An hour later five bars of refined gold had been recovered valued at \$70,000. They were found half a mile from the tunnel which Winters had burrowed. Other bars were recovered at another spot.

THE MECHANICIAN DYNAMITED.

Shot Dead by a Fifteen-Year-Old Boy Whose Father he was Trying to Arrest. Coeburn, Va., Aug. 8.—R. D. Hudson, chief of police for the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company, at Tom's Creek, was shot and instantly killed this evening by Magan Carty, a 16-year-old boy. During the trial of a man for carrying concealed weapons, George Carty, father of Magan Carty, took exception to some of the proceedings and challenged Hudson to fight. After court had adjourned George Carty followed the officers and abused them. The justice called on Hudson to arrest Carty. During a scuffle between Carty and the policeman, young Magan Carty walked up and shot Hudson with a shotgun. The discharge entered Hudson's neck and caused instant death. Carty was arrested.

SHOT DEAD BY A FIFTEEN-YEAR-OLD BOY.

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Another Chief of Police Killed.

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Snake Skin Industry.

The Asheville Citizen says O. D. Buckner, near Grantsville, Buncombe county, has taken up a novel business—that of tanning the skins of all the large snakes he captures and manufacturing them into belts, for which he finds a ready sale at 50 cents each. "Your wife is very forgetful, isn't she?" "Yes, but not nearly so forgetful as I'd like her to be. She's forever remembering that she's still wearing her last summer's hat." Philadelphia Press.

A METEOR FALLS IN NEW JERSEY.

It is Said to Have Weighed Nearly Three Tons.

Atlantic City, Aug. 9.—A large meteoric stone weighing nearly three tons, has fallen upon Chelton Heights. It fell upon a piece of waste land and buried itself to a depth of nearly ten feet in the soil. The shape of the mass of mineral matter is somewhat irregular, though resembling to a slight degree an egg flattened upon one side, with a corresponding protuberance upon the other. Its color is a blackish gray, streaked with bright scintillating lines which run irregularly across the upper portion. The presence of sulphur was observed from the smell which permeated the air for several feet around it. Large crowds of people viewed this strange visitor from other worlds. It is said that a local scientist has communicated with the Smithsonian Institution in Washington as to what shall be done with the meteorite.

TROUBLE IN TOWN OF LAWTON.

Wood, the Prize Winner Asks for Troops to Move Settlers From His Land. Fort Hill, O. T., August 11.—J. R. Woods, the prize-winner in the land lottery, who claimed a strip along the Lawton town site, to the injury of Miss Mattie Beals, the Kansas telephone girl, has applied to Governor Richards, who conducted the opening, to have government troops put the trespassers off his homestead. Telegraphic correspondence is said to have passed between Governor Richards and Major H. I. Scott, commanding officer at Fort Hill, but no official order has yet been received. Many are now camped on nearly every lot of the 160 acres of Woods' homestead. They have sunk wells and contracted for buildings. Woods professes to be unconcerned. His lawyers say that if his homestead rights are denied every other homestead entry is worthless and chaos will prevail.

Selling Prices of Transports.

From the Brooklyn Eagle (Ind. Dem.) Two government transports, the McPherson and Terry, were sold at auction in Brooklyn on Monday, and the difference disclosed between the buying and selling prices of these vessels was remarkable. The McPherson was bought at the beginning of the Spanish war for \$200,000. She was sold for \$18,700. It probably cost that much to take her off the rocks, after she had tried to climb overland to the Cuban tobacco plantations. The Terry, a smaller ship, but more modern, brought \$900 more. Yachts cost more than this. The ships are not unserviceable; their sale was ordered, and they were sold. The McPherson is known to some old travelers as the ocean liner Ogdan, and the Terry was a Sound steamer called the Harford. Considering, then, the market value of transports, it is suggested that the government paid too much for them. It certainly did for most of the boats that were taken into service. By right of eminent domain, which extends over ships in port, it could have taken these vessels at its own price, and could still have been generous, without being lavish.

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TILLMAN FURIOUS.

SAYS HE WOULD LIKE TO SHAKE HIS FIST IN McLAURIN'S FACE.

McLaurin, Who was Defeated by the Junior Senator, May Be Should Be Hanged—Tillman Said for Ten Thousand for Libel.

McLaurin's Face.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 9.—This was the last day of the big political rally at Union, and the heavy artillery was reserved for the final attack upon "commercial democracy." It was vehemently urged that Mc Laurin's rule would be worse than negro domination. Senator Tillman and former Governor John Gary Evans, who was defeated by McLaurin for the Senate, made the most sensational speeches. Evans added that McLaurin has Mark Hanna's money jingling in his pockets, and he ought to be hanged. He insisted that another traitor should not be put into McLaurin's shoes. Congressman Talbot, who came into prominence in Congress by blocking private pension claims, is a candidate for governor. He announced himself as opposed to using the white man's money for the education of the negro.

Former Congressman George Johnson.

Former Congressman George Johnson denounced McLaurinism. The real danger in this split he said, was the negro becoming the balance of power and debasing the white vote. He pointed out that the present franchise law was but a makeshift, and the educated negro would soon be asserting himself. Senator Tillman was fierce against McLaurin and McLaurinism. He pressed the point about the danger of negro votes. He, who had framed the disfranchisement clause in the constitution, admitted that under the property and educational qualifications the young generation of negroes would wield the power. "I would like to get in front of McLaurin and shake my fist in his face," exclaimed the senator. "The time seems to be coming," he said, "when an effort will be made to coerce voters by the mills," and he warned the mill officials not to try it, as the legislature had the power to save the masses, and they would exercise it. Alluding to McLaurin, Senator Tillman asked if the representative of the people were to sell the power given them for patronage.

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