

# THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XXI.

RALEIGH NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1903.

NO. 25.

## NORTH STATE MATTERS

News Items Gleaned From Murphy to Fayette.

The town of Reidsville was thrown into considerable excitement Monday when it was announced that a number of the operatives of the Pacolet mills, in South Carolina, had been brought there and that they had smallpox. A rigid and thorough examination was promptly made by the authorities and as a result 42 of the parties were put in the pest house. The operatives from the South Carolina cotton mills, which were destroyed by the heavy rains of a week ago went to Reidsville Sunday. There were about sixty-five of them, sent there by Mr. J. W. Manley, superintendent of the Edna Mills, of Reidsville, who was at the scene of the wrecked mills, and who furnished transportation for them. There were a hundred and twenty-five more of them ready to start when the secretary and treasurer of the Edna Mills, Mr. J. B. Pipin, notified them not to come.

The most horrible tragedy that has ever been enacted in the memory of the oldest inhabitants of Ashe county took place Sunday, at the foot of the Alleghany mountain range just inside of that county, Crick Davis, with an axe, cut to two men and his own wife, Levi, from Virginia, had stopped overnight with Davis, who had insisted upon their staying, and while they were asleep Davis attacked them, cutting them to pieces with an axe. Mrs. Davis attempted to prevent the deed and was herself struck several times with the axe, and the attending physician said she would die. Davis was probably insane. He is in jail.

Clarence Smith, son of Capt. T. T. Smith, of Charlotte, was held up in that city by three footpads Tuesday night and was given an exciting experience for a number of days. He escorted a young lady home, at the mouth of a dark alley, he encountered this harrowing episode. A sack was thrown over the young man's head and his captors began dragging him into the alley. His cries for help were loud enough, despite the cloth, to frighten them off before they could steal anything from him. The men could not be found by the police.

A charter is granted to the His Manufacturing Company, with headquarters at Charlotte. Its capital is \$200,000, authorized and this George P. Hess, John M. Rhodes and D. O. Deane own 50 shares. There is to be common and preferred stock, and the preferred is to yield 7 per cent. dividends, anything after these are paid going to holders of common stock. The company is authorized to lease, to deal in and manufacture machinery, to make and deal in textile materials; to own and develop and operate water powers and manufacturing plants.

At a meeting of the board of trustees of Greensboro Female College, held Friday afternoon, it was decided to close this institution. For some time this action has been under advisement, but not until yesterday was the matter definitely determined upon. At this meeting all but five shares of the stock were represented, the following trustees being present: Dr. Dred Peacock, C. H. Ireland, J. A. Odell, Prof. O. W. Carr, of Greensboro, J. M. and W. R. Odell, of Concord, and R. T. Gray, of Raleigh.

The Seaboard Knitting Mill, of Henderson, will resume work in a short time. The property has been purchased by New York parties and the plant will be enlarged and improved and operated on a larger scale than before. This is the same concern that went into the hands of a receiver some time ago. It employed about 150 hands before and it is said that when the plant is enlarged they will work nearly twice that number.

A charter is granted the Wampus Cotton Mill Company, at Lincolnton, capital \$160,000. The mill will spin and weave cotton goods. Of its stock J. A. Abernathy holds \$120,000, R. S. Abernathy \$25,000, and T. F. Costner, \$5,000.

The Adjutant General has been notified that the War Department had allotted \$23,350 to this State, available for equipment expenses. Some days ago the Department made a similar appropriation for purposes of equipment.

The safe in the postoffice at Pinebluff, Stokes county, was blown open Monday night and robbed of from two to three hundred dollars in cash and stamps. The burglars made their escape.

While putting in a new boiler at the seminary at Red Springs Tuesday, J. M. Hargett, a machinist for the D. A. Tompkins Company of Charlotte, fell from a ladder and was seriously injured. It is feared he is hurt internally. He was taken to Charlotte and is now at his home, at the corner of Eleventh and Caldwell streets.

The thirty-third annual convention of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, of North Carolina, convened in Wilmington Tuesday night in the splendid new hall of the three Wilkesboro lodges, in the Murchison bank building. Grand Chancellor J. L. Scott, of Graham, presided, and all other officers and about 250 representatives were present.

Gov. Aycock delivered the address before the literary societies of Vanderbilt University in the University chapel Tuesday night. His subject was "Education." Governor Aycock attended the University commencement exercises and leave for Chattanooga in the afternoon.

The executive committee of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League has called a convention in Raleigh to meet July 7th. The objects are set forth as being to unite and solidify the temperance sentiment and prepare for a vigorous campaign against the saloon. Plans will be devised and committees appointed at this meeting.

## A BLOODY CRIME IN ASHE

Two Men and a Woman Chopped to Pieces With an Axe.

Jefferson, Special.—The most horrible tragedy that has ever been enacted in the memory of the oldest inhabitants of the county took place Sunday, at the foot of the Alleghany mountain range, just inside of this county. Crick Davis, with an axe, cut to pieces two men and his own wife.

The story of the crime runs thus: Davis, who lived at the foot of the mountain, was visited by two former friends and acquaintances, Alfred Barker and son, Levi, who lived near Chatham, Va. They had stopped at his house on their way to see their relatives in this section. Davis seemed very clever and insisted on their spending the night with him. They consented and when bedtime came every one in the house retired. The two visitors occupied the same bed. Davis and his wife occupied another bed close by, possibly in the same room. Hardly had they retired when Mrs. Davis heard a noise, and on looking toward where the Barkers were sleeping, saw her husband with the axe, cutting the Barkers to pieces.

She sprang out of the bed and tried to keep her husband from killing the old man, Alfred, and immediately Davis gave her two blows that sent her to the floor. Levi had been killed by the first blow, that had split his head half open as clean as one splits a hog's head in slaughtering. Alfred had been saved apparently by Mrs. Davis, as he had time to crawl out of the bed and into a field of rye, close by. Nevertheless, he was bleeding like a hog and will die, having received the axe up to the hilt in his stomach and having his right arm cut off. Alfred says that as he lay in the field he heard the awful blows that followed on the body of Mrs. Davis, and heard her groans grow fainter and fainter. But the woman was not yet killed, and after the excitement had subsided Davis took his wife to the house, washed her wounds and washed himself. Davis' little girl, with the baby in her arms, was the one who gave the alarm, she escaping for her life at the outset.

When people came in they found Davis sitting by his wife administering to her, but the woman seemed to be in such agony she paid little attention to what was going on. Davis said: "I guess I have killed them, but I didn't know it." A surgeon summoned from Mountain City, Tenn., gave it out that all would certainly die and the rumor is current on the streets that the woman is dead.

Parties just from the scene of the tragedy say that there is blood everywhere, that ten beavers would not have left as much blood scattered around a slaughter pen. No motive can be found for the heinous deed, though many theories have been advanced. One is that Davis was insane, that he had been out of his head only six months before. Another is that Levi Barker was once a sweetheart of his wife and that his visit stirred up jealousy. It is said that it is true the man has been wrong with his mind several times, but that he was really a very mean man and had once before tried to kill a man with an axe. The theory of jealousy is not believed owing to the fact that Mrs. Davis was a woman of fine Christian character and had never given the slightest attention to Barker since her marriage.

Davis is in jail here, having been bound over to court.

**Accident at Hamlet.**  
Hamlet, Special.—J. C. Haverly, day operator at the north yard, was run over by a switch engine, here Tuesday morning at 7:20 o'clock and injured so badly that he died four hours later. There was no eye witness to the accident, but from a statement made immediately after the occurrence, it seems that he was walking the main line, going from the depot to the yard to work, and seeing passenger train No. 31 coming, he stepped off on to the side-track, and the switch engine running parallel with No. 31, and which he had not observed, struck him. His right leg and shoulder were badly mutilated.

**Shipping Cotton to New Orleans.**  
Boston, Special.—The Morgan line steamer El Monte, is due at Mystic wharf next Monday from New York to take a shipment of 8,000 square bales of cotton to New Orleans. This cotton is now being received at the terminal from the Tremont and Suffolk Mills, Lowell, and the entire consignment will be in the shed by the first of the week. This cotton, it is said, is being sent back to the South to cover the shorts in their July delivery. A Philadelphia concern is said to be the purchaser of the cotton from the mills.

**Dr. Venable Honored.**  
Philadelphia, Special.—At the commencement of the University of Pennsylvania the honorary degree of doctor was conferred upon President Venable, of the University of North Carolina.

**False Rumors.**  
False rumors of the death of Pope Leo were circulated in Vienna and elsewhere.

**State Brevities.**  
The list of books recommended for use in the rural public schools free libraries is almost prepared. There are 200 books in the list. The list which was first issued, three years ago, contained only one hundred books. Revised rules and regulations regarding the libraries are also being sent out. Under the new law the books for use in the schools must be selected from the list officially approved by the State board of education.

Applications for new lodges of Odd Fellows at East Durham, Old Fort, and South Greensboro are in the hands of Grand Secretary Poodell, and he has also an application for a Rebekah Lodge at Hot Springs.

From Plymouth comes the news of a terrible affair at the home of Mr. Whit Harrison, near that town. Two little boys went from the field to the house and one of them looked for something to eat. He found it on top of a cupboard, and taking a chair got in the latter in order to reach the food. As he got in the chair his brother took a gun and told him if he did not get down he would shoot him, and in an instant fired, the wound proving fatal. The boy who was killed was aged 16. His slayer is 12 years old.

**Call For Temperance Convention.**  
The executive committee of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League has called a convention in Raleigh to meet July 7th. The objects are set forth as being to unite and solidify the temperance sentiment and prepare for a vigorous campaign against the saloon. Plans will be devised and committees appointed at this meeting.

The Winston Tobacco Association met Tuesday night, at a central committee to act with Governor Aycock in securing delegates to a State convention to be held in Raleigh, at which of which is to arrange for a North Carolina exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition.

## SUICIDE AT GASTON

Young Man Under Indictment Takes His Own Life.

Gastonia, Special.—E. E. Caldwell, a young merchant who had been arrested for retailing whiskey, late Wednesday night, committed suicide in rear of his store near the Lorry Mills.

Usually very little attention is given by the public to the indictments and trials before magistrates of those accused by violating the whiskey laws. This was the case, when it was casually mentioned on the streets of the city that young Caldwell, who has been running for about a year a grocery store near the Lorry Mills, had been indicted for this offense, tried before a magistrate and bound over to court under a \$200 bond. Every one was thus unprepared for the startling sequel, when it became known that some time during the night Caldwell had committed suicide in the rear part of his store. It is supposed that the deed was committed about midnight, as different parties living near the place remember having heard the report of a gun about that time.

It seems that Tuesday afternoon, Caldwell requested a friend to buy for him a certain amount of strychnine, but the request was refused, with the suggestion that he mount his horse and leave the country, if he wished to get away from his troubles. At night he told his wife that he was going to his father's, to talk the matter over with him, and this accounts for the fact that his body was not found until morning. It seems that he secured a shot-gun and placing it to that part of his body just over the heart, pushed the trigger with a broom handle, instant death resulting. Before doing this, however, he wrote a short letter to his wife, declaring his love for her and the children, and stating that it was all right with him and his God.

Caldwell has been here for about two years, for a time at the Dixie Park, then at the Morrow Roller Mill. By his conduct he had won the confidence of all who knew him. Some months ago he went into the mercantile business, in which he has not been successful, and then came the other troubles alluded to in his letter to his wife. He stated that he could not stand the lies that had been, and would be told about him. He was only about 25 years of age, and leaves a wife, and four young children. The remains were carried to Gutherieville, S. C., where he formerly lived.

**Trial to Proceed.**

Wilson, Special.—According to the expectation of the majority of those who heard the affidavits in the Jones murder case, Judge Shaw rendered a decision that sufficient evidence for a continuance had not been brought out. In giving out this decision he said in part while there had not been sufficient evidence brought out in the evidence of affidavit to show the existence of a state of public sentiment as claimed by the defendants, yet there had been some sentiment stirred up by the city papers and by the discussion of the case on the streets, and if at any time during the trial of this case it came to the knowledge of the court that there was any outside influence bearing on the trial it would be continued until the September term.

**Daughter's Death Killed Her.**

Wilmington, Special.—A peculiarly sad death occurred at Point Caswell, near Wilmington Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Ludwig Voller, wife of a leading German citizen in that section, upon learning of the death of her daughter, Mrs. George Haar, of Wilmington, the morning previous, suffered a collapse and died within two hours. She leaves a large family of sons and daughters, as well as her aged husband, for whom the community feel the deepest sympathy. The funeral of the daughter who died in Wilmington was held here and members of the family and friends left immediately for Point Caswell to attend the funeral of the mother there Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

**Safe Blower Blown Up.**  
Noblesville, Ind., Special.—George Marvin, said to be from Chicago, is in the county jail here in a dying condition, as a result of an alleged attempt to blow the safe in a general store at Jolietville. Citizens of the village who were awakened by a terrible explosion found Marvin lying unconscious near the store, with one arm blown away from his body, otherwise so terribly mangled that he cannot live. When the citizens approached another man ran away, making his escape. The accidental dropping of a can of nitroglycerine was the cause of the explosion.

**Guilty of Murder.**  
Omaha, Special.—The jury in the case of Line Linnier, Company I, Twenty-fifth Infantry, charged with the murder of Sergeant Robert Yours, of the same company, has brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, but eliminating the sentence of capital punishment. The verdict under United States laws carries with it imprisonment for life. The killing occurred at Fort Niobrara, Neb., April 17, 1903.

**Resignation Accepted.**  
Rome, By Cable.—The King has accepted the resignations of Interior Minister Giellitti and Marine Minister Hetele. Premier Senarelli will take the interior portfolio et al. interim, and Vice Admiral Merin will be Marine Minister. The other ministers have been confirmed in their present positions. A royal decree was issued today convening Parliament for June 28.

## LOWELL STRIKE ENDS

Long Fight of Mill Operatives Comes to a Close

TEXTILE COUNCIL DECLARES IT OFF

The Strike Began on March 30th, Involved 17,000 Workers and Cost Many Millions of Dollars.

Lowell, Mass., Special.—The textile council Sunday declared the great strike at the Lowell mills at an end. Every union affiliated with the council was represented and the vote was unanimous. Mule spinners and loom fixers were included in this vote. The meeting lasted an hour. There was no discussion. The situation was discussed carefully and with no suggestion of excitement. The vote showed every delegation favorable to a return to work at once. When asked for a statement, President Conroy said smilingly: "We now worship at the altar of defeat, but later we shall rise again and conquer."

Agent William Southworth, secretary of the agents, said: "It will be impossible to start the balance of the machinery so as to employ at once all who will come back. Running with an incomplete force for three weeks has disturbed the balance that usually exists between stock and prices in the various departments. A mill may have depleted stock in certain kinds of yarn and for that reason be unable to start all of its looms, even if the full complement of help is available. It is for the selling agents and the trustees to decide, in view of the market, whether we shall attempt to run in full."

The strike began on March 30th, and involved about 17,000 operatives. The mills were shut down until June 1, then at the Morrow Roller Mill. By the majority of the operatives went back to work. The strike has cost in wages about \$1,300,000.

It is understood that the agents will take back all the old help they have room for and will make no discrimination against the leaders of the strike movement. The high price of cotton precluded any hope of the success of the strikers' demand for a 10 per cent. increase.

**War Against Mad Mullah.**

Sinla, India, By Cable.—Major General Charles Conyn Egerton, who has been in command of the Punjab frontier forces since 1899, has been appointed to the command of the Somaliland expeditionary force which is operating against the Mad Mullah, superseding Brigadier General W. H. Manning.

General Manning who took command of the British expedition in Somaliland last November, after a reverse suffered by Colonel Swayne, has not been successful in his campaign. Columns detached from his force have been badly mauled by the Mullah's followers, the most serious British defeat being the ambushing of Col. Plunkett's flying detachment of 208 men, with two maxims, on April 17, when Col. Plunkett, all his officers and practically the entire force were wiped out. The last advice received in London, June 16, were to the effect that General Manning himself was surrounded and unable to assist Colonel Cabb, whose command was in a serious position at Callaby, and on half rations. One of the causes of the non-success of the expedition has been the cowardice of the native Somaliland regiment, of which so much was hoped when it was formed recently. Only a few days ago news came that the native camel corps had mutilated. The operations against the Mullah, who first raised the tribes against the British in 1899, have already cost \$2,000,000. A desire has been manifested to abandon the campaign, but in view of the predicament of General Manning's forces, it has been found necessary to order British troops in India, and when they arrive the British expedition in Somaliland consist of 800 British, 1,200 Indian, and native troops.

**The Battleship Muddle.**  
The battleship Galveston, which was almost completed at the Trigg ship yards at Richmond, Va., was seized by order of the State court to satisfy creditors. A Washington special of Friday says: The time of the cabinet meeting was consumed in large part by the consideration of the legal questions involved in the decision of the United States government to disregard the decision of the court of Virginia and seize the incomplete gunboat Galveston at the Trigg shipyards at Richmond.

**Ex-Postmistress Arrested.**  
Baltimore, Special.—Dora Campbell, 26 years old, formerly postmistress of Maysville, Ga., was arrested here on the charge of embezzlement of postal funds. She resigned her position in Maysville, it is said, last May, and came here for treatment at a hospital, where she registered as Dorothy Herndon. Miss Campbell is held at police headquarters for the action of the United States authorities.

**Trains Crash.**  
Bristol, Special.—At the Bluff City crossing of the two railroads at Bristol late Monday night a freight train on the Southern railway plunged through a Virginia and Southwestern freight train. One engine was derailed and turned over and several cars were wrecked. The crew of the Southern train jumped to safety. No one was injured.

## CLEVELAND NOT A CANDIDATE

New York World Publishes an Interview With the Ex-President.

New York, Special.—The World publishes a dispatch from Princeton, N. J., quoting former President Cleveland as saying:

"It is perfectly absurd to suppose for an instant that I have any desire to re-enter public life. Nor have I remotely entertained the thought since I left Washington more than six years ago. The matter is as far from my thoughts as it was in 1896 when all must admit that it was not within my hearing or sight. I have no higher aspirations than to pass my days in peace with my family around me and to take no part in politics which any private citizen cannot take with utmost propriety."

"I have never spoken to anybody on the subject of a fourth candidacy. I have never written a single political friend one way or the other nor have I before been written to or spoken to by them. There is not a political leader of any prominence endeavoring to advance any movement to nominate me in any State, so far as I have been advised, nor do I anticipate that any such effort will be made by any leader, prominent or obscure, in any locality in the country."

"I have on several occasions within the year undertaken to perform the labor which usually falls to the private in the rear ranks but there has not lurked within me the hope of any reward save the consciousness of having made an effort to assist in bringing about salutary conditions in the party."

**Could Not Agree.**

Jackson, Ky., Special.—The jury in the case of Jett and White, charged with the murder of Lawyer James K. Marcum, was discharged, having been unable to agree. At 8 o'clock the jury filed into the court room and Foreman Richard Millard said:

"Your Honor, we find no chance of coming to an agreement."

"I will keep you gentlemen until Saturday night, unless you get a verdict sooner. There is no reason why a verdict should not be reached in this case."

Foreman Millard said:

"One man has as much right to his opinion as another, and may stick to it."

It is believed from this that there was only one man between a verdict and it is conceded that only one juror then was for conviction. It is said the question of punishment had not been considered.

Later the jury again reported that it was unable to agree, and shortly after 9 o'clock it was discharged, so there will be another trial.

The dominant faction evidently expected acquittal. There was at least one juror who held out against this. The scene after the announcement was in no wise exciting. Some who started to clap their hands were stopped by the court. The guards took immediate possession of the prisoners and they were closely guarded back to jail. People gathered around the court house discussing the case, but there was no disturbance or outward sign of trouble.

Attorney Byrd, after consultation, made a motion for a change of venue. Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments but of his own accord changed the venue to Cynthia, Harrison county, at the next term of court. Cynthia is not in Judge Redwine's district. He surprised the spectators by at once ordering the prisoners sent to Lexington under a detachment of soldiers accompanied by Elinor Jones.

**Miscellaneous Flatters.**  
Lick Observatory observers have found that the variable star Omicron Centauri is undergoing extraordinary fluctuations.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sage, of New York, planned a mausoleum at Troy, N. Y., to cost \$30,000.

President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan system, and J. H. Schiff testified in New York in the suit of Isidor Wormser to break the Metropolitan Interurban Railway deal.

The one hundred and forty-seventh commencement of the University of Pennsylvania was held in Philadelphia.

Senator Hoar addressed the students at the University of Iowa commencement.

David M. Parry, president of the National Manufacturers' Association, reports that a company is to be formed to insure employers against labor strikes.

President Roosevelt regards the settlement of the differences between the coal miners and the operators in Pennsylvania as a vindication of his policy in intervening last year.

The President has appointed Col. George F. Elliott commandant of the Marine Corps, to succeed Maj. Gen. Charles Heywood.

Postmaster General Payne dismissed from the service of the Government James T. Metcalf, superintendent of the money-order division of the Postoffice Department.

## LIVE ITEMS OF NEWS. THE INVESTIGATION

Many Matters of General Interest in Short Paragraphs.

Down in Dixie.

Judge Emory Spear instructed the Federal grand jury at Macon, Ga. to investigate charges that a peonage system prevails in Georgia.

The jury in the Marcum murder trial, at Jackson, Ky., reported its inability to agree, but was sent back to deliberate.

A Raten, N. M., dispatch says: "Five men were killed by an explosion which wrecked mine No. 2 of the Raten Coal and Coke Company, at Blissburg, N. M."

A Lexington, Va., dispatch says: "The commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute began Sunday. The battalion inspection was the feature of the day. The board of visitors approved the reports of the heads of departments."

Christopher Davis, living near Hopedale, Ashe county, N. C., in a hospital of insanity is reported to have killed Levi Barker with an axe and badly wounded Alfred Barker and the wife of Davis.

**At The National Capital.**  
It is said the President has urged the District Attorney to expedite the preparation of indictments in the Postoffice Department investigation.

The Attorney General has advised Secretary Moody that, if necessary, he can use force for the removal of the Galveston from the Triggs' shipyard, Richmond.

Booker T. Washington asked the President's advice on Lord Gray's invitation that the negro investigate racial conditions in South Africa.

**At The North.**  
Arbitrators have settled the difficulty between the Webster Coal Company and its employees, of Altoona, Pa.

The suit of Isidor Wormser to break the Metropolitan Interurban Railway deal in New York elicited some trail money relating to alleged blackmail.

The funeral of Miss Helen Bishop, victim of a criminal assault, was held in Wilmington, Del.

The third floor of a building in New York occupied as a box factory caved in, burying about 20 persons in the debris.

A Glasgow, Mont., dispatch says: "News has reached this city that Jas. McKinley, the last of the Glasgow fugitives, was shot to death after he had made an ineffectual attempt to kill Miss Darnell, who had discovered the outlaw hiding in her father's house."

The gold output of Alaska, \$40,000,000 per year, will be greatly increased by the early building of a new railroad from the southern coast at Resurrection Bay, northward to the Tana river, definite announcement of which was made here today.

Ten thousand textile strikers in Philadelphia held a street parade and mass meeting.

A celebration of Bunker Hill day in Boston the Liberty Bell and "John Brown's Bell" were carried in a parade.

**From Across The Sea.**  
Serbia's new King is expected to reach Belgrade on June 24.

In Russia's note of congratulation to King Peter I of Serbia he was strongly urged to punish the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

An explosion of lyddite wrecked the Woolwich arsenal in England and killed 14 persons.

Brazil and Bolivia have arranged a modus vivendi in the Acre dispute until October 1.

The Socialists, according to complete returns of the German elections, elected 54 members of the Reichstag.

Dr. Lappin, the physician at the Vatican, says the Pope is "wonderfully well," considering his age.

United States Ambassador Tower will give a dinner to the German Emperor during the coming naval maneuvers at Kiel, toward which port Rear Admiral Cotton's squadron sailed.

A Berlin dispatch says: "The United States European Squadron arrived at Nyberg, island of Puen, Denmark, Saturday, and will remain there until Tuesday. The warships will anchor off Kiel Tuesday afternoon."

**Miscellaneous Flatters.**  
Lick Observatory observers have found that the variable star Omicron Centauri is undergoing extraordinary fluctuations.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sage, of New York, planned a mausoleum at Troy, N. Y., to cost \$30,000.

President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan system, and J. H. Schiff testified in New York in the suit of Isidor Wormser to break the Metropolitan Interurban Railway deal.

The one hundred and forty-seventh commencement of the University of Pennsylvania was held in Philadelphia.

Into the Postal Frauds Made Public By the Department

INTERESTING FACTS GIVEN OUT

Developed That Wholesale Stealing Has Been Going on Through Many Years.

Washington, Special.—Postmaster General Payne's instructions to Mr. Bristow, in regard to the charge of Seymour Tulloch, former cashier of the Washington City postoffice, regarding the irregularities in the postal administration, and also reports of the inspection and investigation of the Washington postoffice by inspectors between June 26, 1899, and July 21, 1900, together with the transcript of the Tulloch charges made some years ago and the conclusion thereon then reached by Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith. These papers constitute by far the most significant documents yet made public as a result of the sweeping postal investigation. The reports show the existence of many irregularities during the period involved. The inspector who investigated the irregularities reports that the files of the postoffice cashier show direct orders from superior authority for the disbursement of all the questionable items cited. The inspector urged that the responsibility for the many illegal appointments, the payment of two salaries to one and the same person and the disbursement of the thousands of dollars for which practically no service was performed, should be placed where it properly belongs and the many abuses corrected.

In a summary of the several reports the Postmaster General says: "The charge of Mr. Tulloch is in its essence against President McKinley and Postmaster General Smith. President McKinley is no longer living. Postmaster General Smith, who carried out President McKinley's policy, has answered for himself. With regard to the present management of the Washington postoffice and the conduct of any and all men charged with wrong-doing who have been in the postal service under the present administration, a thorough and searching investigation is now being made."

The Postmaster General also says: "It will be seen that the whole subject was taken up by Postmaster General Smith and investigated by him. All expenditures referred to were allowed by the Auditor and Comptroller, with the exception of \$160."

**Metcalf Dismissed.**  
Washington, Special.—As a result of alleged indiscretion in matters pertaining to the award of contracts for printing the money order forms of the government, James T. Metcalf, for many years superintendent of the present order system of the Postoffice Department, was on Wednesday removed from office by the Postmaster General. A full investigation of the case will be made later. The dismissal is the result of acts of Mr. Metcalf in opposition to the bid of Paul Herman, Rutherford, N. C., the lowest bidder by \$45,000 and in favor of the next highest bidder, the Kynkop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company, of New York, of which Mr. Metcalf's son is an employe. The story is briefly told in the letter of dismissal signed by Postmaster General Payne.

**Navy Appointments.**  
Washington, Special.—After a conference with the President, Secretary Moody announced the following appointments to the navy. All of the appointments being from New York: Capt. Chas. E. Rice to be chief of bureau of steam engineering upon the retirement of George W. Melville in August next. Pay Director Henry M. Harris to be paymaster general upon retirement of Rear Admiral A. S. Kenney, Lieut. Col. George F. Elliott to be commandant of the marine corps when Major General Charles Heywood retires next fall. Col. Elliott is a native of Alabama. He is now in command of the marine barracks at Norfolk.

**Jews Attack an Editor.**  
St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Kroushvan, the notorious Jew hater and the editor of the Anti-Semite organ in Kischineff, the Basarabets, the articles in which are believed to have been largely responsible for the massacre of the Jews in Kischineff, was attacked by a party of Jews in the street here. He was stabbed in the neck by one of the Jews. The wound is not believed to be fatal. His assailant was captured and proved to be a former student of the polytechnic school at Kiel.

**Chicago Strike Settled.**  
Chicago, Special.—An amicable adjustment of the hotel and restaurant strike here was reached and the strikers will return to work Friday morning, after two weeks of idleness. All differences between employer and employees are to be settled by arbitration. The obstacle, which for the past week has prevented a settlement, the demand of the joint board of the strikers that union workers only be employed, was waived by the strikers.

**Evidence Secured.**  
Jerome, of New York, in person, secured the first evidence against Richard Canfield's splendid gambling house in East 44th street. Disguised in a white wig and pretending to be an elderly visitor from California he obtained admission to the place and still retains some of the chips he bought on the evening of his visit.