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NORTH STATE MATTERS

Newly Items Gleaned From Murphy to Planteo.

Strong Case Against Goodwin.

Raleigh, Special.—The case of State against Henry Goodwin, a 57-year-old white farmer, charged with assaulting a 14-year-old white girl, Flossie Pleasant, in his employ, was re-opened here Tuesday afternoon. Goodwin was last Friday committed to jail without bail privileges. The State contended that the justice who heard the case had no right to re-hear after judgment was rendered. The justice said it was not a rehearing, but a re-opening. The defense had two physicians sworn in as experts to examine the girl, but the State at first objected and no examination was then made, but the doctors were questioned as experts. The State then introduced as a witness a woman living near the home of the Pleasant girl, and her evidence as to the affair was very strong against Goodwin. The attorneys for the defense insisted that the State was afraid to have the girl examined. The attorney for the State asked immediately if the defense really desired this examination. The defense said yes. The examination was then made by physicians and their evidence showed the conditions to be as represented by the State. Goodwin was recommitted to jail without bail.

Wreck on Southern.

Tryon, Special.—A through freight train, the third section of No. 62, from Asheville to Spartanburg, S. C., ran away on Saluda Mountain at 2:15 p. m., Tuesday. The engine and 13 coal cars were wrecked near Melrose, the exact place where Engineer Tunsall's train was wrecked several years ago. The engine and 11 cars are a total wreck, piled up and demolished in the cut. Engineer J. H. Averill, Jr., of Asheville, and Fireman Hair, of Asheville, are killed, and are under the wreckage and cannot be found until the wreck is cleared away. Brakeman W. B. Sherrill, of Swannanoa, has both legs cut off.

Engineer Averill was a bright young man, 23 years of age, a son of Colonel J. H. Averill, of Charleston. His father, mother, wife and two little children, brother and sisters, are spending the summer at Saluda, within three miles of where he met his untimely death. He stayed on his engine with the faithful fireman, doing all he could to check the speed of the train until the engine buried him. As the runaway train passed Melrose, the operator, J. W. Heatherly ran out and Fireman Hair threw up his hands and smiled. Heatherly fainted. Conductor Howie and Flagmen Bishop and Ward were unhurt.

Fifteen Escape.

Washington, N. C., Special.—Fifteen prisoners in the Beaufort county jail escaped before daybreak Friday morning. Two of the men are alleged murderers and one is a Federal prisoner, all the other being charged with minor offenses. The sheriff immediately offered rewards for them. The escape was made through a small hole in the back of the building, where five brick had been removed. The jail was virtually in charge of a negro attendant who waits on the prisoners and he failed to lock up the men. There is evidence of culpable negligence and an investigation will probably be made. One of the prisoners came and gave himself up. All are negroes.

North State Notes.

A charter is granted the Twin City Wood Company, of Winston-Salem, capital \$25,000. J. P. Fearington and others stockholders. The company is given authority to deal in lumber and timber, operate saw-mills, etc.

The Southern Bell Telephone Company began Tuesday the work that will result in the placing of all its wires in Charlotte underground.

W. W. Goldsmith, Jr., a flagman on the Southern Railway, was knocked from the top of a caboose Monday night, by coming in contact with a standpipe at Statesville. Fortunately, his injuries are not very serious, being confined to a badly bruised leg. The injured man was taken to Old Fort on passenger train No. 35, and was given proper attention. He was resting well at last account and will probably be entirely recovered within a few days.

Last Friday Milas Cedric, an employe at J. A. Basinger's saw mill, in Morgan township, Rowan county, was struck in the abdomen by a board on the planer and died Monday as the result of his injuries. The remains were taken to the former home of the deceased, in Davidson county, accompanied by his wife and five children.

Mr. Nicholas Slattery, of Flat Rock, has been appointed chief clerk in the Southern Railway passenger offices in Richmond, which is a decided promotion. Mr. Slattery has been with several railroads, his good work having attracted wide attention.

Mr. Elijah Pope, 80-odd years old, died suddenly of heart disease Friday afternoon, on his farm in Shiloh township, Camden county. There were several others in the field with him. He went to a spring to get a drink of water and while there dropped dead. Seven children survive him.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS

Scattered Showers and Very Warm Weather the Past Week.

With few exceptions the reports from crop correspondents for the week ending Monday, August 10th, the past week were very favorable; the exceptions come from counties where drought continues to prevail to a considerable extent, chiefly Granville and Montgomery counties in the central district, and portions of Mecklenburg, Rowan, Gaston, Caldwell and Lincoln in the western; in these counties crops, especially old corn and cotton, are still suffering from the deficiency in moisture. Over the larger portion of the State, however, frequent showers occurred during the week which had a highly beneficial effect on crops, though the amount was generally insufficient to soften the soil for plowing; a general rain is still much to be desired. The temperature conditions were favorable, the mean for the week being somewhat above normal, but there were no excessively hot days as the amount of sunshine was moderate. Crops generally continued to improve except in localities where the drought has not been broken.

Over large areas, old as well as late corn, were much benefited by timely rains and are caring well; in some sections early corn continued to suffer for lack of rain where upland crops fired and even tassels are dead, but late corn is still fine everywhere; some correspondents report that corn is better than for years, and in some counties stalks bearing two or more ears are common. Fodder is ripening and gathering it is now underway. Cotton continues to improve; many report that it now has plenty of weed, but in the dry sections the plants have remained small, with blooms near the top; late cotton is now loaded with squares and blooming freely; the amount of shedding is not excessive, and reports are numerous to the effect that cotton is fruiting very well. Tobacco needs rain to mature the top crop; in the dry counties it is small and narrow and does not cure very satisfactorily; curing is nearing completion in southern and eastern counties, but is not yet fully underway in the largest producing counties in the northern portion of the State. Rice, peanuts, peas and potatoes continue to do well. Some turnips have been sown. Grapes are ripening with prospects for an average crop; apples and peaches are good in some sections and quite poor in others, generally only a fair crop; melons are late, but are improving in quality. A general rain is needed to enable farmers to begin their fall plowing.

Two People Killed.

New York, Special.—Two persons were killed and several others probably fatally hurt by being swept off their feet by the projecting ends of the ladders on a hook and ladder truck as it turned the corner at Fortieth street and Ninth avenue. The killed are: George Gill, an assistant school janitor and a boy named Richard Knight. Seven other men and boys of whom two had fractured skulls, were taken to the hospital and about a dozen other persons were taken to their homes after their injuries had been dressed by ambulance surgeons.

Killed a Woman.

Norfolk, Special.—Bert Walker, ship carpenter at the Norfolk navy yard, shot and killed John Bland, a machinist yeoman, at 12:30 Saturday morning, in Norfolk county, just outside the Portsmouth city limits. Walker gave himself up. He claims self-defense.

Three Hundred Dollars for a Name.

Pittsburg, Special.—A check for \$300 has been received from President Roosevelt for Theodore Roosevelt Signet, the boy born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Signet some weeks ago and which is their twelfth child. The money has been placed in the bank to the credit of the baby, the interest to accumulate until he is 21 years old.

White Men Shot By Negroes.

Charlotte, Special.—As a result of a quarrel between four white men, of Long Creek township, and four negroes, on the public road seven miles west of Davidson Sunday afternoon, three white men were shot by Sol Shuford, colored, of Gaston county, and one of the injured men is dangerously, if not fatally, wounded. The wounded man are Sam Lawton, who is shot in the left arm and side; John Lawton, who is wounded in the right arm; and Alexander Auten, who is shot through the body, the ball striking between the tenth and eleventh ribs. Auten has been taken to the hospital at Davidson and it is feared he will die. The other men are not seriously hurt and have returned to their homes.

Seriously Wounded.

Washington, N. C., Special.—For three-quarters of an hour Thursday two brothers, named Carroll, fought a third brother, and when a man named Moore interfered for the weaker side, he was cut and beaten unmercifully. The fight took place on one of the principal streets and stab wounds were numerous Moore, who interfered for peace, is dangerously wounded. All of the fighters were drunk.

A TERRIBLE STORY

Of Murders, Burnings and General Outrages Comes From Turkey

BULGARIA ARRAIGNS THE TURKS

In a Memorandum Presented to the Powers the Bulgarian Government Sets Forth the Condition of Affairs in Macedonia.

Sofia, By Cable.—The Bulgarian government has presented a memorandum to the powers, setting out at great length the condition of affairs during the past three months in Macedonia since the Turkish government undertook to inaugurate the promised reforms. The most precise details, dates, places and names of persons are given in the memorandum, the whole constituting a terrible category of murder, torture, incendiarism, pillage and general oppression committed by Ottoman soldiers and officials. These particulars were obtained entirely from official sources, such as the reports of the Bulgarian consuls and agents of the Bulgarian government, and in many instances, the reports made by Turkish authorities. The Bulgarian government guarantees the absolute truth of every statement and challenges the Porte to disprove a single charge made in the memorandum, which begins by stating that during the past three months the Ottoman government has taken a series of measures with the alleged intention of inaugurating the era of promised reform and of assuring peace and tranquility to the Bulgarian population of European Turkey, but which have had the contrary effect of further exasperating this population and reviving the revolutionary movement. Instead of proceeding solely against persons guilty of breaches of the public order, the military and civil authorities have sought every possible pretext to persecute, terrorize and ruin the Bulgarian inhabitants, alike in the large cities and in the small villages.

Numerous assassinations, burnings and other outrages are charged. Dealing with other acts of oppression, these the memorandum states that the Bulgarian merchants and artisans living in Constantinople and Salonica were ordered to their native villages and were not allowed any time or opportunity to dispose of their business or property. Some of these Bulgarians who, with their families, had been established for 20 years or more, were utterly ruined. As the order applied equally to professors and schoolmasters, the Bulgarian schools were closed before the end of the school year. The authorities rigorously enforced the same order against the Bulgarian priests, making every effort to paralyze the development of religious and educational work, and deprive the Bulgarian exarch of all his privileges and force the people to come under the authority of the Greek patriarch.

Encouraged by the Ottoman authorities, the Greek bishops and archbishops forced their way into the Bulgarian churches and burned the prayer-books and menaced the people. The archimandrite of Salonica declared in a recent sermon that the Sultan did not want Bulgarian churches in his empire; if they remained they would be exterminated.

It Is Take Vacation.

Burlington, Vt., Special.—The Burlington, Winsocki and Colchester Mills of the American Woollen Company will not resume operations soon, having been received a two weeks' suspension. In addition to the Washington Mills at Lawrence, Mass., and the Assabet Mills at Maynard, Mass., the company has also decided to close the Lebanon and Mascota Mills and Balerie Mills of Enfield in the Mascota Valley, N. H., for a similar period. These mills employ a total of about 10,000 hands. The shut-down, the company announces, is for the purpose of giving the employes a vacation and repairs and improvements at the several plants.

Attention Called.

Constantinople, By Cable.—The British ambassador has called the attention of the Porte to the serious situation in Macedonia. He pointed out that grave consequences may attend fresh murders of consuls or foreign subjects. The ambassador had an audience with the Sultan on Friday.

Spoke to Catholics.

Oyster Bay, Special.—President Roosevelt delivered the principal address at the quarterly meeting of the Society of the Holy Name, of Brooklyn and Long Island, held here Sunday. Decency of speech and conduct constituted the theme of his address, which was enthusiastically applauded by an audience of more than 2,000 persons, chiefly men. Father Powers, rector of St. Dominick's, introduced the President in a felicitous speech in which he spoke of the esteem in which Mr. Roosevelt is held by the Catholics of this country.

Terrible Storm.

Merida, By Cable.—The effects of the tropical cyclone here and in Progresso have been terrible. The wind commenced in the early hours of the night, and panic quickly seized the community. The wind tore up great trees by the roots, blew roofs away, and destroyed houses and plantations. Great damage was done in a very short time. Great efforts were made to save small vessels, but about 20 of those in the port of Progresso were cast upon the shore.

THE PRIZE FIGHT.

Jeffries Whips Corbett Easily at San Francisco.

Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, Special.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavyweight of the world, played with Jim Corbett for nine rounds and a half, and then Corbett's seconds motioned to Referee Graney to stop the fight in order to save their man from needless punishment. The end came shortly after the beginning of the ninth round when Jeffries planted one of his terrific left swings on Jim's stomach. The man who conquered John L. Sullivan dropped to the floor in agony, and the memorable scene at Carson City was again enacted, when Bob Fitzsimmons landed his solar plexus blow. This time, however, Corbett struggled to his feet and again faced his giant adversary. With hardly a moment's hesitation Jeffries swung his right and again landed on Corbett's stomach. He dropped to the floor, and it was that Tommy Ryan, seeing that it was all over, motioned to the referee to stop the punishment.

The Typographical Union.

Washington, Special.—An important proposition coming from the committee on laws, which was adopted by the International Typographical Union, was that which permits subordinate unions to incorporate in exceptional cases.

The union took up the Los Angeles Times case and voted for a referendum on the question of an assessment for funds to unionism The Times office. A statement was read from General Otis, of the Times, saying that the office was by choice a fraternal office, that high wages were paid and no surrender would be made. Delegate Hayh, of Los Angeles, told of the union's course and expressed hope of ultimate success.

In the Spokane and Seattle cases, in which President Lynch is charged with guilty of breaches of the public order of the arbitration agreement, the committee on arbitration reported an endorsement of President Lynch and the executive council and accused the publishers of precipitating the trouble by a display of bad faith. The report says the union constitution cannot be arbitrated, but asserts a belief in arbitration where the parties approach the question in a fair and conciliatory manner.

The woman's auxiliary elected Mrs. Frank L. Kennedy of Omaha, president and Mrs. C. C. Houston, of Atlanta, one of the vice presidents.

Yellow Fever.

Laredo, Tex., Special.—Dr. H. J. Hamilton, United States hospital surgeon, has completed his investigation of the reported cases of yellow fever at Monterey, Mex., and has notified the Washington authorities that there is not a case of yellow fever there or in surrounding towns.

Killing of Chinese.

Seoul, By Cable.—An agreement has practically been concluded between Russia and Corea, whereby Russia acquires 200 acres of land at Uonsamgoh, on the Yalu river, on a 99-year lease. The application of M. Pailoff, the Russian minister, for permission to erect telegraph and telephone lines to Yongsamgoh has been refused. The extension to the northward of the Seoul-Wiju Railway is progressing.

Mayflower Ashore.

Norfolk, Special.—Reports from Elizabeth City, N. C., are to the effect that the steamer Mayflower is ashore in North Carolina waters and will probably prove a total loss. The Mayflower struck on a bar at Wade's Point, in Albemarle Sound, about 18 miles south of Elizabeth City. The Mayflower is a small river craft and was lumber laden.

Eight Killed.

Chattanooga, Special.—The death list resulting from the head-end collision between two freight trains on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad Saturday night near Cumberland Falls, has grown to eight. Five men having died since Sunday night. Among the dead is Engineer T. S. Duke, of Salisbury.

Convict Bill Passed.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.—The House of Representatives of the State Legislature passed the convict bill, as amended by the Senate, providing for the employment of all five-year felony convicts on the public roads. Each county may work its pro-rata number of convicts.

THE SEABOARD SOLD

Reported That it Becomes Allied With Other Roads

WILL ABANDON ALL RATE CUTTING

Indications Point to the Removal of All Competition From the Field of Southern Railroad.

New York, Special.—The long-expected announcement that the Seaboard Air Line had passed, at last, practically into new hands, was made Wednesday by Laidenberg, Thalman & Co., who issued a statement showing that interests representing the Rock Island and St. Louis & San Francisco had secured representation in the Seaboard directorate and board of voting trustees. The official statement was as follows:

"Laidenberg, Thalman & Company announce that they have completed negotiations whereby new and important interests have become identified with the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. B. F. Yoakum and H. Clay Pierce, of Chicago, and O. Leigh Thorne, president of the North American Trust Company, have been elected voting trustees of the Seaboard Air Line Railway."

President John Skelton Williams also announces that B. F. Yoakum, H. Clay Pierce, O. Leigh Thorne and S. B. Van Vorst have been elected directors of the Seaboard Air Line Railway. Mr. Yoakum is president of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, for which company J. P. Morgan & Co., are fiscal agents. The official announcement of the deal also said:

"The change of personnel of voting trustees of the stock of the Seaboard Air Line Company does not mean the purchase of that company by Rock Island or 'Piso' interests, although the 'Frisco' lines extend into Birmingham, and are a part of the Southern situation. It does, however, emphasize the fact that all the great railway systems are carrying out the policy of more closely cementing the railway transportation interests of the country, which will greatly retard and it is hoped entirely prevent demoralization of the rate situation, or the unnecessary construction and duplication of property. Attention is called to the fact that with the discontinuance of any further construction by the Seaboard Air Line the value of the properties are greatly enhanced, and another gratifying fact at this time and which is further evidence of the future disposition of the railways of the United States is that this deal does not call for any financing or supplying of new money."

One of the voting trustees when asked to state the real significance of the deal said that it meant a "better understanding among interests that have at various times conflicted."

Severe Tropical Storm.

Kingston, Jamaica, By Cable.—The West Indian hurricane struck the island of Jamaica with full force Tuesday, inflicting great damage. Port Antonio, on the north coast, was completely overwhelmed. Only six houses were left standing, through the United Fruit Company's wharves, offices, hotels and plantations were utterly demolished. Five of the company's steamers, including the Simon Dumois, Alfred Dumois and Brighton, were driven ashore, but are lying in easy positions. Port Maria, another town on the north coast, also suffered similarly. The coast is strewn with the wreckage of local sailing boats.

The southeastern portion of the island has been completely denuded of its crops, the rivers are flooded, and many men were carried out to sea and drowned. Considering the damage to property during the hurricane, the loss of life is comparatively small, though the present estimate is that the death list will reach 50. Hundreds of persons were injured, and there were numerous halfbreath escapes. The property loss is estimated at \$10,000,000. The entire eastern end of the island has been devastated. Villages have been wiped out, and public buildings and churches demolished. Thousands of the peasantry, rendered homeless and destitute, are wandering about seeking food and shelter. The destruction of the banana plantations has been complete, and the fruit trade is paralyzed for the next 12 months. Hundreds of prosperous fruit growers have been brought to bankruptcy and ruin.

Sentenced to Hang.

Wilmington, Special.—Jacob Register and his father, H. B. Register, were convicted at Whiteville, Columbus county, of the murder of Jesse Sales and Jim Stally last March, and burning the house down upon their bodies, after robbing the premises of something over \$1,000. The younger Register was sentenced to be hanged on October 9, and his father was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Cross Edmondson, whose confession implicated the Registers, and secured their conviction, was sentenced to six years. The Registers' counsel gave notice of appeal to the Supreme Court.

Give No Quarter.

Solonica, Special.—It is reported that the Turkish troops on Monday bombarded and destroyed the village of Akshisu, 25 miles south of Monastir. According to another rumour the insurgents who have occupied Krusovsko, after repulsing two assaults by the Turkish troops, offered a conditional surrender. Instructions were asked from Constantinople and in reply the Turkish commander received orders to give no quarter.

LIVE ITEMS OF NEWS.

Many Matters of General Interest in Short Paragraphs.

Down in Dixie.

Kentucky distillers, it was reported, will ship 20,000 barrels of whiskey to Europe shortly.

L. Slebert Cease, who was mysteriously shot in Richmond, has been put under a peace bond.

Captain Baylor and the Virginia Oyster Commission are measuring the barrens up James river.

Judge George Gray, chairman of the coal arbitration board at Birmingham, stated the scope of the inquiry and the testimony was continued.

The charges of attempted bribery in the Georgia Legislature were not sustained, according to the committee's report.

Rock Island interests have been admitted to representation in the Seaboard Air Line Railway, forming a close alliance of the two systems.

Mrs. Daisy Brown Armentrout, wife of Rev. Dr. M. Armentrout of Kentucky, committed suicide in Prince Edward county, Virginia.

Miss Marie Gordon, formerly of Murfreesboro, Tenn., who shot herself while at a hotel in Chicago, died begging to see her mother, who was hastening to her, but did not arrive in time.

At The National Capital.

Elaborate maneuvers for troops of the regular army and National Guard organizations have been arranged by the War Department.

Lieutenant-General Young will be in charge of the War Department from August 22 until Assistant Secretary Oliver assumes the duties of his position on September 1.

At The North.

The new currency law for the Philippines will go into effect on September 1.

D. M. Parry denounced organized labor as mobocracy in an address at Chattanooga, New York.

Frederick MacMonnies, of New York, has been appointed to design the statue of Gen. G. B. McClellan to be erected in Washington.

There were two additional deaths as the result of the accident at the National League Baseball Park, in Philadelphia, on Saturday.

Archbishop John J. Farley was invested with the pallium by Mar. Dominic Falconi, Papal Delegate, before a great throng in St. Peter's Cathedral, in New York.

The Democratic convention of Hamilton county, Ohio, at Cincinnati, chose delegates to the State convention favoring the nomination of Zimmerman for Governor, but the Johnson delegates booted and held another meeting.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, with the Maryland delegation to the Grand Army of the Republic convention, was given a reception in Denver.

From Across The Sea.

King Edward started from London on his way to Marienbad, traveling incognito.

In official circles at Sofia a massacre of Christians in Macedonia is expected in a short time.

It is estimated that 50 lives were lost and \$10,000,000 property damage caused by the Jamaica hurricane.

Identifications marked the trial in Paris of members of the Humbert family, accused of extensive frauds.

Committees of the Lords and Commons will confer in an effort to reach an agreement on the Irish Land bill.

Y. Bozannet, British vice-consul at Odessa, stated in an official report on the Kisbeneff massacre, that the local authorities took no effective steps to stop the riots.

The Senate Subcommittee on Finance, which has been conferring with President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, will further test public sentiment in reference to a new currency bill.

Miscellaneous Matters.

The International Typographical Union decided to hold its 1934 convention in St. Louis.

Edward L. Dwyer, former husband of the Duchess de Castelluella, filed a petition in bankruptcy in New York.

A MOB CONFERENCE

Unique Gathering Discusses a Live Question of the Day

DEFENCE OF LYNCING FOR RAPE

John Temple Graves Speaks on "The Mob Spirit in the South" and Defends His Section.

Chautauqua, N. Y., Special.—Unique among all summer gatherings is the "mob conference" now in progress here. The increase of mob spirit shown by feuds, lynchings, riots, assassinations and other lawless happenings gives great importance to this conference. Among Tuesday's speakers was John Temple Graves, of Atlanta, Ga. Mr. Graves spoke on "The Mob Spirit of the South." He defended lynch law as a remedy for the crime of rape, holding that though lynching is a crime, it is justified by the crime which provokes it and will never be discontinued until that crime is eliminated. The remedy for lynching must be the elimination of the crime of rape and if, he maintains, could be done only by the separation of the two races in the United States.

"The problem of the hour is not how to prevent lynching in the South, but the larger question—how shall we destroy the crime which always has and always will provoke lynching? The answer which the mob returns to this vital question is already known. The mob answers it with the rope, the bullet and sometimes, God save us, with the torch. And the mob is practical, its theory is effective to a large degree; the mob is today the sternest, the strongest and the most effective restrainer that the age holds for the control of rape.

The lyncher does not exterminate the rapist. Mr. Graves contended, but he holds him mightily in check. As a sheer, cold, patient fact, he said, the mob stands today as the most potential bulwark between the women of the South and such a carnival of crime as would infuriate the world and precipitate the annihilation of the negro race. The masses of the negro, he held, are not afraid of death coming in a regular way. They love display and the spectacular element of a trial and execution appeal to their imaginations. Expediting the processes of the law would not be adequate to eliminate lynching. The repeal of the amendments and the establishment of the negroes inferiority in society, declared Mr. Graves, though desirable, are not sufficient, "for the negro," he added, "is a thing of the senses, and with this race and with all similar races the desire of the senses must be restrained by the terror of the senses, if possible, under the law.

No influence of suppression so mighty and effective could be brought to bear as a law making amputation the penalty for the crime of rape. But this, like curfew edicts, separate laws for white and black, or the treatment of the crime of rape as separate and outside of all other codes are but expedients, he maintained; there is no real remedy but one. No statute will permanently solve this problem. Religion does not solve it. Education complicates it. Political complications complicate it. The truth which lies beyond and above all these temporizing expedients," he concluded, "is that separation is the logical, the inevitable, the only solution of this great problem of the races."

Discussing the subject of "Mental and Moral Contagion," Dr. J. M. Buckley, of New York, after speaking at some length of the various transient and permanent changes that take place under different physical and mental influences, in human personality, took up the question of crime and argued that all crime implied the existence of society and its attributes, that sin and vice could be committed by a person alone in the world, but not so crime. He showed the operation of this and how far through their natural causes epidemics might spread.

In conclusion, he declared that as laws of association bring on such general and feverish criminal tendencies, so the laws of association must be employed to antagonize them.

Will Be Convicted.

Wilmington, Special.—Testimony in the Register murder trial was completed Tuesday and arguments by counsel to the jury has commenced. The general opinion prevails that a verdict of murder in the first degree will be returned as to the younger Register, and that his father will be convicted of accessory before the fact.

One Hundred Killed.

Paris By Cable.—Eighty-four bodies have been recovered and the death list probably will exceed 100, in the underground railway disaster which occurred here Monday night. The accident, which occurred on the Metropolitan Electric Railway, assumed the proportions of an awful catastrophe during the early hours when more than four-score bodies of the burned and suffocated victims were removed from the subterranean passage. The work continues and indications are that the death list will perhaps exceed five-score.

Child Killed By Train.

Newbern, N. C., Special.—News reaches here Tuesday night of the killing of a small white child at Tuscarora by a mail train from the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad. It is said that the cars passed over the legs of the little one and both were severed from its body. Owing to a severe electric storm it was impossible to ascertain how the accident happened, as there is only telephone connection with the place.