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No. 11.

"LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE."

GOVERNOR AYCOCK STATED IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS THAT UNDER, AND THEREFORE BY IMPLICATION IN CONSEQUENCE OF, FUSION RULE "LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE, CRIME STALKED ABROAD AT NOONDAY, SLEEP LAY DOWN WITH ALARM AND THE SOUND OF THE PISTOL WAS MORE FREQUENT THAN THE SONG OF THE MOCKING BIRD." HOW STANDS THE CASE TO-DAY GOVERNOR? HAVEN'T THE ACTS OF THREE RED SHIRT LEGISLATURES AND MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF YOUR OWN BENEFICENT RULE PASSED INTO HISTORY SINCE YOU PROCLAIMED THE FOREGOING? WHEN YOU ARE CAVORTING OVER THE STATE WHOOPING FOR EDUCATION AND ROADS DON'T YOU HEAR OF MORE CRIMES BEING COMMITTED IN NORTH CAROLINA THAN EVER BEFORE AND DO YOU CONTINUE TO ATTRIBUTE THESE TO FUSION RULE?

REAPING THE WHIRLWIND.

"CRIMES SEEMS TO BE GREATLY ON THE INCREASE IN THIS STATE. NOT A DAY PASSES THAT THE NEWSPAPERS DO NOT CHRONICLE A HOMICIDE, A BURGLARY OR SOME OTHER SERIOUS VIOLATION OF THE LAW" —Wilmington Messenger (Democratic).

DEMOCRATIC EDUCATION COMES HIGH.

In another column will be found an article, headed: "Startling Facts," that every voter in North Carolina should read.

The Democrats have been making all kinds of wild statements as to what they have done for education, but the reports of their Superintendent do not bear them out in their statements. The school legislation of 1897 increased the school term in North Carolina two and one-third weeks without any extra tax or appropriation. The Democratic Legislature of 1899 made an appropriation of $100,000 for public schools and promised the people a four-months' school, but the report of the State Superintendent shows that the white schools of the State were not increased a single day by this extra appropriation, and the colored schools increased only about one hour.

Did it cost $100,000 to increase the negro school term one hour? What became of this extra appropriation? The tax payers have a right to know.

Did the Democratic politicians spend it in going over the State telling the people how much they had done for educatton?

Are the Democratic politicians innocent of the facts in the case, or are they trying to get votes by making false statements?

The Durham Herald (Democratic) is credited with the following:

"Mr. Winston introduced a bill in the Legislature to disfranchise everybody, black and white, who did not own as much as $300 worth of property. What do our laboring friends think of this for Democratic aristocracy."

And this brings to mind that Winston, in 1899, begged the Democrats to sink their conscience and vote for the bill for the constitutional amendment. Does he want them to sink their conscience again this year and vote for him for Lieutenant Governor?

Democrats are appealing to the Populists in this State to vote the Democratic ticket this year, but it is safe to say that no Populist, with any back-bone, or a memory as long as your thumb, will vote for Bob Glenn and Francis D. Winston this year. They have not forgotten the vile abuses heaped upon them by these peerless (?) leaders of democracy.

The Democratic leaders in this State have been very loud-mouthed in denouncing the trusts, but they don't mean a word of it except for political effect. If so why haven't they looked after the trusts in this State and prosecuted some of them during the past four years of "Democratic good government?"

Why Vote For Roosevelt?

Having been severely tried he is found to be scrupulously honest, wonderfully alert and uncompromising in dealing with evil doers.

Circumstances have conspired to make the problem of successfully guiding the ship of State the most complex in the history of any country in any age of the world, and yet he comes forth with flying colors waving over a happy and prosperous people amid the unstinted applause of the great nations of the earth. In addition to his superior skill in dealing with discordant elements at home he has secured for America full recognition in all civilized countries across the seas of her true position in the family of nations, so that today no monarch feels waranted in taking an important step in diplomacy without first sounding American opinion.

The achievements of this country under the guidance of the master hand and brain of Theodore Roosevelt are so great and far reaching as to almost stagger credulity, and yet with him re-elected, as he is most likely to be next Tuesday, those who have marveled at his great feats of diplomacy will view with increasing admiration the greatness and glory of the best governed as well as the richest and the most commanding world power which the evolution of the ages has produced. It is no exaggeration to say that he is now recognized as the greatest living American, while yet he has scarcely reached the zenith of his manhood. Author, soldier, statesman, diplomat, in all of which he has proven a distinctive success, and now, as the President of eighty millions of people, about to elect him for four years more, what wonder that he should be the cinosure of all eyes in this and other countries? Skilled in the art of war, schooled in the ways of peace, inured to hardship and not ashamed of work—deeply imbued with love of county and home, faithful to friends and courteous to opponents, a well balanced, active mind, united with a perfect physical constitution, he is all in all, the best fitted for the high office of President of any man living to-day.

What of his opponent? Nothing, except that he was a lawyer of mediocre ability, elevated to the Supreme bench of New York by D. B. Hill, the arch political trickster, as a reward for party service, and by wizzard Hill's characteristic art of strategy he managed to capture the nomination for President. What would he do if elected President? Is there any assurance that wizzard Hill would not own and use him in future and thus gratify his own ambition to be President? Hill is shrewd while Parker is not. Indeed, if he has average ability as a politician his friends have been unable to induce him to show it.

The following is from the pen of a Confederate soldier and speaks for itself:

"General Nelson A. Miles, the man who put handcuffs on Jeff Davis, calls on all the old veterans, on both sides, to rally to the support of Judge Parker. Guess the General would get a position in Mr. Parker's cabinet. How would that strike you, Confederate veterans?"

Next Tuesday is election day. Every voter should be sure to go to the polls and cast his vote against Democratic high taxes in this State and for Roosevelt and prosperity in in the nation.

The News and Observer says it is a white man's paper. Why was this statement necessary? Had it been called a negro paper?

Nearly all the independent Democratic papers have conceded Mr. Roosevelt's election on next Tuesday.

The President's Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The President today issued the Thanksgiving Day proclamation, setting aside Thursday, November 24, "to be observed as a day of festival and thanksgiving by all the people of the United States, at home and abroad."

The proclamation was issued from the State Department this afternoon by Secretary Hay.

The old city reservoir in Winston burst Wednesday morning, flooding the streets and killing nine persons and causing the serious injury of eight others.

The editor of the Tarboro Southerner was hauled before Judge Peebles in that city Wednesday morning for contempt. The editor retracted what he had said about Judge Peeples and was discharged.

STARTLING FACTS.

The School Legislation of 1897 Increased the School Term in North Carolina Two and One-Third Weeks, Without Any Extra Tax or Appropriation.

REPUBLICAN AND DEMOCRATIC RECORD.

Democrats Made an Appropriation of $100,000 for Public Scools Without Increasing the Terms of White Schools One Day—What Became of the Money?

The Legislature of 1897 did not increase the rate of taxation for public schools, nor did it borrow money and issue bonds for that purpose, but by abolishing the old Democrat school law, and enacting a new one, they increased the school term in North Carolina two and one-third weeks, and this without one cent of cost to the tax-payers of the State. This law was passed by the Legislature of 1897, but the effect of the law on the schools of the State was not felt until the following year, 1898. Supt. Mebane's Report, on page 159, and Supt. Joyner's Report, on page 339, show that the school term of the State in one year, from 1897 to 1898, made this remarkable increase. To show that this increase was entirely due to the repeal of the old school law and the enactment of a new law the above reports on the pages cited show that the school term had not increased one day in this State during the twelve years prior thereto, notwithstanding the successive Legislatures during this period had increased the rate of taxation for public schools from 12½ to 18 cents on property, making about 50 per cent. increase in tax.

THE LEGISLATURE OF 1899 WAS DEMOCRATIC. NOW READ.

The Legislature of 1899 was a Democratic Legislature and they amended the school law, appointed their own Board of Education and School Committeemen, and made an appropriation of $100,000 for public schools, and promised the people to thereby provide for them a four-months' school. What was the result? The reports of the State Superintendents, on the pages cited above, show that the white schools of the State did not increase a day by this extra appropriation and the colored schools increased only about one hour. Think of it! The negro schools apparently got all of this $100,000 in 1899, and for that only one hour extra school term for the entire year. In 1899 it cost about $13,000 to run the white and colored schools in the State for one day, and for this extra $100,000 the school term for both races should have been increased one and one-half weeks, but the reports show only one hour increase for the negro schools, and no increase whatever for the white schools!

The same reports show that the tax-payers of the State were required to pay $134,795.98 more for public schools in 1900 than in the year 1899. See Mebane's Report, page 157, and Joyner's Report, page 337; and these same reports show on pages 159 and 339 respectively, that this enormous sum increased the length of the white schools three days and the colored schools about one and one-fourth days, making the average cost of one day's school for both races about $63,433.34. If the money had been wisely and judiciously expended, it should not have cost cost more than $13,000 per day. What became of this money, we are unable to explain. Another strange fact shown in the report of Supt. Joyner, on page 338, is, that the average attendance of the children in the public schools in the State in 1898 was greater than in 1900. The exact number is 6,322. Think of it—6,322 fewer children in average attendance in the public schools in the State in 1900 than in 1898, notwithstanding the increase in population and with the increase of $100,000 in appropriation.

THE ENORMOUS INCREASE IN SCHOOL FUND SHOULD HAVE GIVEN US A SIX MONTH TERM INSTEAD OF FOUR.

Supt. Joyner's Report, on page 337, shows that $588,389.38 more money was put into the public schools during the year 1902 than there was in 1899, yet the school term for the white schools in 1902 was only two and two-fifths weeks longer than in 1899. Estimating the cost of the public schools at $13,000 for one day, this enormous increase in the school fund should have increased the school term nine weeks—and thereby given us a six-months' school term in 1902 throughout the State, instead of a four-months' term, as we have now.

WHAT THE FUSION LEGISLATURE DID FOR EDUCATION.

The school term in 1898 was two and one-third weeks longer than in 1897 without increasing the rate of taxation or appropriating an extra dollar for schools. This was done by the Fusion Legislature of 1897, who gave North Carolina the best school law of any State in the South, and if that law had not been tampered with by subsequent Democratic Legislatures, North Carolina to-day would have had a four-months' school term without an extra dollar of appropriation, and North Carolina would have saved its credit and over one-half million dollars in money.

The Democratic Hand Book for 1904 and the campaign literature now being circulated over the State by Senator Simmons, makes this ludicrous statement: "Fusion rule checked educational progress." And further states, that the "Fusionists, by their law, under which negro committeemen could control white schools, they effectually checked educational progress and lessened educational interest. On account of this law, and the general lack of confidence in the administration and of respect for it, there was naturally a decided decrease in the enrollment and attendance of the white schools."

Our answer to the above statement is that it is not true, and if any candidate now on the Democratic ticket should be elected to an office by virtue of that statement, he would be guilty of obtaining goods under false pretense.

THE SCHOOL LAW OF 1897 ENDORSED BY THE PRESS AND EVERY PROMINENT EDUCATOR IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The school law of 1897 was endorsed by every prominent educator in North Carolina, and the Teachers Assembly of 1897 gave the law their hearty approval, and it was favorably commented upon by the Press Association of the State, which met at Morehead City that summer. That law gave North Carolina the greatest educational impetus it had had since the Civil War. The Legislature of 1899 did not dare repeal that law, but tried to do so, and were prevented by the leading educators in the State. They did amend the law and thereby weakened its effectiveness. Chairman Simmons says in his Hand Book and circulars, as quoted above, that "that law caused a decided decrease in the enrollment and attendance of the white schools." Let us see what Supt. Joyner's Report, on page 338, shows: The enrollment in the white schools in 1898 were 261.223 children; in 1899 it was only 260.217, or a falling off of 1,006 white children. Taking all the schools there was a falling off in the enrollment in 1899 of 8,759 children in the public schools.

FALLING OFF OF ATTENDANCE UNDER DEMOCRATIC SCHOOL LAW

The average attendance was even worse. There were 144.346 white children in 1898 and only 140 162 white children in 1899, making a difference of 4,184, and in 1900 there were 6,322 fewer children in average attendance than in 1898. The Democratic school law, prior to 1897, had in office 7,620 negro school committeemen, who had the dispensing of nearly one-half of all the school fund of the State. The school law of 1897 removed from office over 7,000 of these negro committeemen, leaving the others for the purpose only of taking the census of the negro children and placed the entire control of both the white and colored schools in the hands of competent white men, and by adopting the township, graded system, gave North Carolina two and one-third weeks longer school term without extra cost and saved the tax payers of the State more than one-half million dollars.

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS INCREASED 50 PER CENT. WITHOUT INCREASING SCHOOL TERM.

From 1885 to 1897 the school term in the State did not increase one day under Democratic administrations but the rate of taxation for public schools did increase 50 per cent.

The efforts of the Democratic party to lengthen the public school term in North Carolina is commendable, provided they do not bankrupt the State in doing so, but when they attempt, for partisan purposes, to falsify the reports of their own State Superintendent, and thereby prejudice the public against the pioneers in this great educational impetus in North Carolina, such methods should be condemned and exposed.

Don't try to falsify the records, Brother Democart; you had better lose the State than public confidence and your own self respect. The records speak the truth. Read the records and you can verify all I have said.

GEO. E. BUTLER.

The News in Brief.

At Newton, Sunday evening, Chief of Police John W. Erwin and Deputy Sheriff A. D. Yount were arrested for the killing of the negro Frank Highley, at Concord. Each were required to give a $5,000 bond.

Hon. I. M. Meekins, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, spoke to a large and enthusiastic crowd in Greensboro Monday night.

Mr. William Steele, of Concord, died in Salisbury Sunday, from injuries received in falling from a train.

Hon. Harry Skinner and Dr. P. C. J. Jenkins, Republican candidates for Congress in the second district, addressed a large and enthusiastic crowd in La Grange last Saturday afternoon. Claud Kitchen had an appointmen to speak there that morning, but he waited until the afternoon and butted into the Republican speaking.

The sheriff of Harnett county, Tuesday, brought Sidney Norris and Wiley Lucas to Raleigh for safe keeping. They are charged with killing Britt Moore on October 15th.

The postoffice at Gibson, Robeson county, was robbed Monday night of $100 in cash and some stamps.

Eyes

Did Not Close For a Week.

Heart Trouble Baffled Doctors.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine Cured Me.

There is nothing more necessary to health than sleep and rest. If these are denied you, if you rise in the morning more tired than when you went to bed, there is an affection of the nerves plainly present. If your heart is weak, or there is an inherited tendency in that direction, your weakened nerves will soon so affect your heart's action as to bring on serious, chronic trouble. Dr. Miles' Nervine is a nerve tonic, which quiets the nerves, so that sleep may come, and it quickly restores the weakened nerves to health and strength. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is a great blood and heart tonic which regulates the action of the heart, enriches the blood and improves the circulation.

"Some time ago I was suffering severely with heart trouble. At times my heart would seemingly stop beating and at others it would beat loudly and very fast. Three to four hours sleep each night in ten months was all I could get. One week in last September I never closed my eyes. I got Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure at a drug store in Lawrenceburg, after spending $300.00 in medicines and doctors in Louisville, Shelbyville, Frankfort, Cincinnati and Lawrenceburg, and in three days have derived more benefit from the use of your remedies than I got from all the doctors and their medicines. I think everybody ought to know of the marvelous power contained in your remedies."—W. H. HUGHES, Fox Creek, Ky.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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GENTLEMEN—Enclosed find one dollar to pay for another bottle of EC-ZINE and 25 cents for Ec-zine Soap. I have used nearly all the bottle you sent and it has done more for me than all other treatments combined that I have employed for four years. I have Eczema on both legs from ankle to knee and I have been so bad at times I had to go on stilts. Since I commenced the use of EC-ZINE my trouble has nearly disappeared, in fact it feels like it was well, but there are a few rough spots yet I don't want to stop treatment with one bottle. Send me another bottle as soon as possible and a cake of soap, after I use it I expect to be perfectly cured and then I will tell you all about it. I have been under treatment for four years and I can't begin to tell you what I have suffered and the great trouble and expense I have endured in that time, but I have great hopes that I will soon be cured. I certainly believe I have struck the right remedy at last. With best wishes I am

Yours truly, D. L. ALEXANDER.
Mt. Pleasant, N. C.

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PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR TO WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, MO., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11TH, 1904, VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

The Southern Railway announces a personally conducted tour to the World's Fair, leaving Goldsboro at 1 35 p m, Tuesday, October 11th; Selma, 2 25 p m; Raleigh, 3 25 p m; Durham, 4 22 p m; Burlington, 5 45 p m; Greensboro, 7 22 p m, Salisbury, 8 50 p m; Statesville, 9 32 p m; Hickory, 10 25 p m; Morganton 11 00 p m; arriving St. Louis 7 32 a m, Thursday 13th.

This train will be composed of day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. The route will be via Asheville, Knoxville and Louisville, through the grand and scenic mountain regions of Western North Carolina, East Tennessee and the beautiful blue grass section of Kentucky.

Following round trip rates from points named; proportionately low rates apply from all other stations:

Fifteen-day tickets from Goldsboro. $26 25; Selma, $26 25, Clayton, $25 30; Raleigh, $24 80; Durham, $23 30; Greensboro, $23 30; Oxford, $23 30; Henderson, $23 30; Salisbury, $23 30; Charlotte, $24 65; Statesville, $23 30; Morganton, $23 30.

Ten Day Coach Excursion tickets Goldsboro $20.00, Selma $20,00 Clayton $19 50, Raleigh $18.50, Durham $17.00. Oxford $17 00 Henderson $17 00, Salisbury $17.00, Charlotte $18.30, Statesville $17.00, Morganton $17 000.

Pullman double berth from Goldsboro $6 00, Raleigh $6.00, Durham $5 50 Greensboro $5.00, Salisbury $5 00, Asheville $5 00.

Two people can occupy double berth at these rates.

Coach Excursion Tickets not good in Pullman Sleeping cars

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For any other information and for Pullman reservations address,

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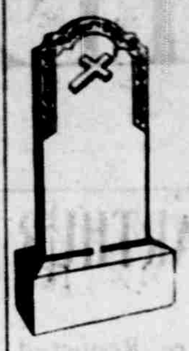

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