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EDITORIAL BRIEFS

The Wake County Democrats are giving some lessons in frenzied politics.

The Legislature will not meet in extra session. Another cause to be thankful.

Col. Roosevelt is now on the ocean. Still it can't be said that he is "at sea."

Even with the high cost of living there has been no increase in price for Buffalo calves.

And this row they are having in Wake County is another instance of "Democratic Harmony."

Even the mosquitoes have not dared show themselves while the Democratic row is on in Wake.

Notwithstanding the state is "dry," there are more snake stories this year than ever before.

If every little helps, Liberia should be very friendly to us, as our government has just sent her a Crum.

If Ex-Gov. Glenn feels that way about it why didn't he try to do more for the negro while he was Governor of the State?

In Spartanburg they have whitewashed the jail, while in Columbia they have whitewashed fellows who ought to be in jail.

You may not believe it now, but when Governor Glenn was a candidate for office he, too, was a howler for "white supremacy."

It will be noticed that the Democratic politicians were not patriotic enough to buy up those bonds in order to save the State's credit.

Every good Republican should attend his primaries and county convention and not permit the pie counter bosses to defeat the Republican party.

According to one of the Democratic dailies in the state, bribery, fraud, rioting, and corruption are some of the results of Democratic good government.

Four new offices have been created in the Agricultural Department at Raleigh. This is done right on the eve of a political campaign, and ought to help some.

Webster's Weekly says the Democratic leaders in North Carolina are making the party a party of insincerity. And Webster's Weekly is in a position to know.

With a Democratic mudslinging campaign now on hand, the "seventeen-year locusts" due this month, Wake county has troubles of her own, and to spare.

A man in Rowan county reports having seen a white snake near his home. Such sights are probably due to drinking "white lightning" in the place of "yellow corn."

Some one has been rude enough to intimate that the financiers in this State took all those bonds just to ward off the perils caused by a special session of the Legislature.

A Democratic exchange says trusts are operating in North Carolina in restraint of trade. Then why doesn't the Attorney General of North Carolina get busy and enforce the State's anti-trust law?

A California doctor has removed an aneurism of the thoracic aorta from a patient, a most difficult operation. He might be induced to try his skill on the Wake County Democracy after that.

National Chairman Mack says he does not think Bryan will be the Democratic nominee for President, but admits that Bryan may be the candidate again in 1916. Even side-stepping one nomination is some relief.

DEMOCRATIC PERFDY.

Webster's Weekly, (Democratic.) Shows Up the Present State Administration—Thinks the Governor Has Gone Over to the Trusts.

Webster's Weekly (Dem.)]

No newspaper is free from criticism. In fact a newspaper that does not merit criticism will not do much good for the community in which it circulates. Evil forces always have and always will oppose the good. The Weekly has not escaped. And this has come because The Weekly has dared to stick to the word and spirit of the Democratic platform and to plead for the carrying out of Democratic promises, the while censuring those politicians who have led in post-election betrayals. The leaders in North Carolina are making the party a party of insincerity. They are using the party principles and promises merely to induct themselves to office. We are not keeping the promises made to the people. As a result the State is fast verging towards Republicanism. Another round of Democratic insincerity and the State will be in the hands of the Rads. It is better to suffer criticism now in an effort to save the State to the Democratic party.

It would be better for the Democratic party to come out openly in sympathy with trusts and corporate interests than to win the people's confidence by their antagonistic utterances and then betray these utterances. Two years ago W. W. Kitchin was the people's friend and the American Tobacco Company and the other trusts were fighting him tooth and nail. His position then, when he was appealing to the people was one thing—today it is another, and we are sickened at the sight of the American Tobacco Company and the other trusts lining up squarely behind Mr. Kitchin.

The Democratic party should either change its position on trusts or repudiate those leaders who betray its platform utterances.

Below is another warm one that the weekly hands out to the Reidsville Review, which paper has been criticising the Weekly for not backing up Governor Kitchin. Webster's Weekly says:

"Here is a specimen of what The Review handed Webster's Weekly during the blooming June days of 1904:

"It is useless for the Review to attempt any defense of Capt. Glenn. He is known by every woman and child and by every other etainpupu child and by every voter in this county as an honorable man and an honest gentleman. Vituperation and slander hurled at him by Webster's Weekly can do him no harm."

That was "before talking." In less than two years The Review was sharply criticising Governor Glenn, the head of the Democratic party and was actually furnishing thunder for the Republicans to use in the campaign. The Review said in its issue of December 8, 1905:

"Governor Glenn is a remarkable man, if we may be forgiven for agreeing with our neighbor, The Weekly. During and preceding the campaign he solicited and received votes from the whiskey people here in Rockingham and in other counties upon the grounds that he was in favor of the principle allowing each locality to settle the whiskey traffic, and as soon as he had warmed the chair of the Governor's office he advocated in speeches the submission of the question of prohibition to the State at large—enabling the eastern and other sections to have an equal say as to what Rockingham should do."

POSTAL BANK BILL PASSED THE HOUSE.

Every Republican and a Few Democrats Voted for the Measure.

Washington, D. C., June 9.—By the overwhelming majority of 195 to 101 the House tonight passed the Postal Savings Bank bill as recently agreed upon by the Republican caucus of the House. Not a single Republican voted against the measure on the final roll call.

Prior to this action the House, by 113 to 196, rejected the Democratic substitute for the bill proposed by the minority.

President Commutes Sentence of Arthur Ippok.

Washington, D. C., June 11.—President Taft today commuted the sentence to one year of Arthur Ippok, of North Carolina, who was convicted at New Bern, N. C., of conducting an illicit distillery, and was sentenced to eighteen months in prison. The President was moved to sympathy by the fact that the man had old persons depending on him and by misfortune in the family.

Between twenty and thirty people lost their lives at Montreal, Quebec, Monday. The Herald building crushed in.

THE RAILROAD BILL

Other Measures to be Passed by This Session of Congress.

PRESIDENT'S VICTORY

Firm and Decisive Action of President Taft in Preventing Increase in Freight Rates Before Railroad Bill is Passed—Certain Railroads Tried to Manufacture a Panic, but Were Thwarted by More Level Heads—The Homecoming of Mr. Roosevelt.

(Special to The Caucasian.)

Washington, D. C., June 14, 1910. Rate bill and Postal Savings Bank—The great fight over the Railroad bill, two of the most important reform measures urged by this administration, is practically won. Both bills have passed the House and the Senate, and now simply await the adjustment in conference of the amendments by each House to become a law. President Taft will have accomplished a great victory, even if he should fail to get any other measures passed; but the outlook now is that within the next two or three weeks, before Congress adjourns, that one or two other measures will also become a law.

The President's Master-Stroke.

The firm and decisive action of the President in instructing Attorney-General Wickersham to sue out an injunction against the railroads of the country in order to prevent them from increasing their rates before the Railroad Rate bill should become a law was a fine stroke of statesmanship. This has brought the railroad people to terms. They have agreed to make no further effort to increase rates and to abide by the law.

It has leaked out during the last few days that the scheme of the railroads was to try to intimidate the administration, and that if they failed in that to manufacture another panic, as they did in 1907-1908 when they failed to control President Roosevelt. Our readers will remember that during the last few weeks there has been in certain quarters a lot of talk about a panic and hard times coming again, which all came from the same source. In short, the panic under Roosevelt's administration was a manufactured panic, and the scheme was to have another manufactured panic.

Fortunately, there were among the railroad people of the country a few wise heads, including President Hill of the Great Northern Railway and Col. A. B. Andrews of the Southern Railway. They put their foot down on the scheme to manufacture a panic, and now it is announced that both of these roads, instead of curtailing work on development and for extensions of their lines, have just issued orders that all contemplated developments shall be continued and that additional orders shall be placed for equipment.

Roosevelt's Home-Coming.

On next Friday, former President Roosevelt will land in New York, and from present indications he will be accorded the most remarkable reception which has ever been tendered by the American people to any man either in public or private life. Not only will the Republican party and its organization be on hand for his welcome, but it now appears that the whole country, regardless of party, will join in the welcome to the most distinguished citizen, not only of the United States, but of the whole world. It is the general consensus of opinion here, not only from the friends of Roosevelt, but even his enemies, that he will not only be accorded such a reception, but that he deserves it, and that the country will be honoring itself in making such a demonstration and welcome for him.

Confederate Monument Unveiled in Ohio.

Sandusky, Ohio, June 8.—In the presence of several hundred Southerners, representing nearly all the States in the Confederacy of 1861-65, a monument to the memory of the 206 Confederate officers and privates buried on Johnson's Island, Sandusky Bay, Lake Erie, was dedicated today.

Wisconsin Republicans Meet.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 9.—Adoption of a platform strongly endorsing the national administration, the selection of William D. Connor, of Marshfield, as state chairman, and the choosing of a campaign committee of twenty-two members, was the extent of the business transacted at the closing day's session of the Republican State Convention.

DECLINED TO SEE CONGRESSMAN

President Taft Refused Audience to Congressman Harrison, of New York on Account of His Attack on the Chief Executive.

Washington, June 9.—President Taft today declined to receive Representative Francis Burton Harrison, Democrat, of New York, who called at the White House in company with two other representatives, to introduce a number of Jewish Rabbis who took up with the President the question of the expulsion of Jews from Russia.

The President received the delegation and chatted with its various members for fifteen minutes or more. Representative Goddole, of New York, acted as spokesman for the party, and so adroitly had the situation been handled by Secretary Norton that no one of the callers knew anything of the incident until Representative Harrison returned to the Capitol and there made a statement to the effect that he had been rebuffed by the President.

Mr. Taft based his refusal to see Mr. Harrison on statements attributed by newspapers to the report in connection with his resolution in the House calling upon Attorney General Wickersham for full information as to the connection of his office with the Ballinger-Pinchot episode. Mr. Harrison, according to the White House version of the matter, charged the President and the Attorney General with having wilfully attempted to mislead Congress in the back dating of the attorney general's summary of the Glavis charges against the secretary of the interior.

BIG COTTON MILL DEAL.

Marshall Field & Company, of Chicago, Buy Controlling Interest in Several Large Mills at Spray, N. C.

Charlotte, N. C., June 14.—Probably the largest deal in cotton mill stocks that has ever been made in the South has just been consummated by which Marshall Field & Company, of Chicago, secure the controlling interest in several mills at Spray, this State.

The purchase includes the control of the American Warehousing Company, mammoth finishing plant, warehouses, etc.; the Spray Woolen Mills, one of the largest wool manufacturing concerns in the world; the Lily Mills; the Rhode Island Company and the Nantucket Mills. Through the deal Field & Company acquire control of practically all the manufacturing plants at Spray, except three, these being the Spray Cotton Mills, the Morehead Cotton Mills, and the Leaksville Cotton Mill. The purchase price was not disclosed.

The newly-purchased textile plant of the Field Company embrace some of the best managed and most thoroughly equipped mills in the State.

SCORES THE SOUTH.

Ex-Governor Glenn Says Negro is Not Treated Fairly in the South, Especially in Matter of Education.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 8.—A severe arraignment of the Southern States for their failure to properly educate the negro was delivered here tonight in an address by former Governor R. B. Glenn, of North Carolina. Mr. Glenn declared that in eleven Southern States where the negroes form 40 per cent of the population, only 15 per cent of the school fund is devoted to their education. He was speaking at the Euclid Avenue Christian Church.

"This leads," he said, "to an increase in crime and immortality and is especially noted in the illiterate leadership. There are 30,000 negro preachers who exercise an enormous influence over 9,000,000 negroes. About 10 per cent of these have received more than a primary education and the remaining 27,000 are ignorant men who are framing the destinies of millions of their fellows."

The speaker praised highly the new school for negroes which had been opened at Durham N. C., by Dr. James E. Shepard. This institution offers industrial education, and also is intended as a training school for colored preachers and teachers.

Storm Did Much Damage in Southern States.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10.—The South today is recovering from the effects of the worst storm that has struck it in years. Assuming proportions of a cyclone, at times, and accompanied by lightning, deep, heavy thunder, hail and rain, the storm unroofed houses, destroyed crops, washed away railroad bridges and did immense damage late yesterday and during the night. It is still raging today but not so severely.

Many buildings in this city were unroofed and several burned. Reports from Arkansas, Mississippi and western Tennessee indicate that much damage has been done by the storm. The lowest estimate of the loss thus far is \$500,000.

WELCOME TO TEDDY

Great Reception Awaits Col. Roosevelt When He Lands in N. Y.

RETURNS ON SATURDAY

The "First Citizen" of the United States, After Fifteen Months Spent in Africa and Beyond the Seas, Where He "Hob-Nobbed With Royalty" and "Broke Bread With the Heathen Savage," Returns to His Home, Still the Most Popular Citizen in America.

Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt will arrive in New York Saturday of this week (June 18th) from Europe, after an absence of fifteen months from the United States, fully a year of which time he has spent "beyond the pale of civilization"—in the jungles of South Africa, shooting big game with great success.

He will land in New York, and all this week preparations have been making to give "the first American" now living a reception that will surpass anything of its kind on record. Next week The Caucasian will tell you all about the forthcoming event. In the meantime our readers, as well as the balance of the world, will be interested in the arrangements, and the following particulars are printed for their edification. At the same time they will accentuate the belief that there has been no other "private citizen" so popular, nor one in whom the public has manifested so universally popular interest.

Lands in New York Saturday Morning.

A dispatch from New York says: "When Colonel Roosevelt arrives in New York harbor at 9 a. m., Saturday, June 18th, he will receive the most remarkable welcome ever accorded a private citizen in the United States. The city, not content with pouring its huge throngs along Broadway and Fifth Avenue, will begin the welcome down the bay, where hundreds of steamers, yachts and crafts of every description will roar a steam-voiced salute, while bands play and the multitude shouts itself hoarse."

"From every corner of the United States, and even from Canada and Mexico, will come thousands of visitors to add their voices to the tumult when the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, on which the former President and his party are passengers, casts her anchor at quarantine. Foremost among the boats to meet Colonel Roosevelt will be the revenue cutter Manhattan with Roosevelt's relatives aboard. Close at her stern will be the cutter Mohawk, carrying two representatives appointed by President Taft to meet the famous hunter, scores of Congressmen and Representatives, Governors of States, and members of embassies, who will go down the bay unofficially, and prominent citizens from every State in the Union.

"Colonel Roosevelt will leave the Kaiserin and board the revenue cutter Androsoggin, which will have Mayor Gaynor's reception committee on board, and followed by a great flotilla, the cutter will proceed up the bay and past the battery to Fifty-ninth Street, where it will turn, and a half-hour later, land at Pier A. Here, on the broad lawn of Battery Park, where upwards of 250,000 persons can witness the ceremonies, Mayor Gaynor will receive the distinguished citizen and he will respond to the address of welcome.

"The park will be gaily decorated and will contain a court of honor, through which Colonel Roosevelt will pass to his carriage. The parade will begin immediately. In addition to the police, mounted band, Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and the committee, there will be in line the Spanish War veterans to the number of 3,000. All other organizations will be placed along the line of march on Fifth Avenue from Eighth Street to Fifty-ninth Street. Many of these organizations will have their own band, and several, it is understood, will throw arches across the thoroughfare."

LIGHTNING STRIKES A COTTON MILL.

An Employe Found Dead, Supposed to Have Been Killed by the Same Bolt.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 10.—During a thunderstorm here about 7.30 this evening the Holt Morgan Cotton Mill was struck by lightning and set on fire. James Garven, an operator, was found dead near the entrance, and is supposed to have been killed by the same bolt. The fire was extinguished without great damage.

N. GLENN WILLIAMS ON TRIAL.

Together With Thomas Craft and Wife, Eliza Craft, Charged With Conspiracy to Defraud the Government—Post-office Inspectors Introduce Damaging Evidence—Wilkes Blockaders Hauled Up.

A special from Greensboro to yesterday's News and Observer says:

"In the Federal Court today the case charging N. Glenn Williams, Thomas Craft and wife, Eliza Craft, with conspiracy to defraud the Government, was not concluded. A large number of witnesses were examined by the Government, seeking to establish the charge that N. Glenn Williams had secured the appointment of Mrs. Craft as postmistress at Williams, in Yadkin County, with the understanding that she was to be paid by him \$75 per quarter, and that the profit of selling stamps over and above this sum was to go to him. Witnesses were examined who testified to having heard Mr. Craft, in the presence of his wife, the postmistress, state that Williams employed her at \$75 per quarter and checks were shown corroborating this alleged partnership. Under cross-examination by the defense, every one of these witnesses were shown to have personal enmity to the defendant Williams. It was shown that the Government allowed a percentage to the postmaster for the cancellation and sale of stamps, and the first evidence introduced was by government experts, who exhibited the books for 1907, showing that a very large number of stamps had been furnished the office by the Government. They were in turn purchased by Williams, who sold them in New York at 5 per cent discount. Post-office inspectors produced one package which had been intercepted in the express office at Greensboro, which contained \$517 worth of stamps. They were directed to the New York firm of stamp brokers. Other evidence was offered showing that more than \$3,000 worth of stamps had been thus resold and discounted in New York.

Wilkes Blockaders Hauled Up.

"A posse of sixteen revenueurs under the direction of Deputy Marshal C. H. Holland, made another big raid in Wilkes County last Saturday and Sunday, and as a result, five men were brought here last night to answer charges of illicit distilling at the present term of United States Court."

MR. BRODIE DUKE MARRIED.

Durham Millionaire Takes unto Himself a Fourth Wife—Ceremony Performed by a Justice of the Peace at Camden, N. J.

Washington, D. C., June 11.—Brodie L. Duke and Miss Wylanta Rochelle were married today in Camden, N. J. The ceremony was performed by Justice of the Peace H. F. Harrison, and the witnesses were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hill.

Frustrated here yesterday in his attempt to take unto himself a fourth wife by unexpected and most unwelcome publicity and by the antipathy of a Presbyterian minister to the marriage of divorced persons, the tobacco magnate of Durham, N. C., and his protegee and would-be bride vanished from this place and were gone until late this afternoon, when they returned to the local hotel where Duke was staying before his disappearance, and the name of "Mrs. B. L. Duke, North Carolina," was added to the register.

Mrs. Duke is a native of Durham, and prior to her marriage, was attending school in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Duke will return to Durham in a few days where they will reside.

BOY SAW MOTHER SHOT

Then His Father Blew Out His Brains—Richmond Church Treasurer and His Wife Quarreled All Night as Lad Listened.

Richmond, Va., June 12.—Allen B. Paul, treasurer of the Pine Street Baptist Church shot and instantly killed his wife and within five minutes blew out his brains today.

The shooting followed an all-night quarrel. Mrs. Paul was killed in defending her 8-year-old son, Leslie. The father, who had retired shortly before the deed was committed, entered the boy's room soon after, armed. His wife, who had been watching him, rushed in just as he pulled the trigger, the bullet taking effect in her left arm and penetrating her lung.

Crying for the lad to run "for his life," the mother fell to the floor, and standing over her body, Paul fired another bullet into her left breast, resulting in death a few minutes later. The son escaped and gave the alarm to neighbors, who found that Paul had cheated justice by taking his own life.