

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

gation, withdrew the name of their candidate. Major Alexander, and moved that the election of Mr. Morehead be made by acclamation. This motion received many seconds and was declared carried without a dissenting voice, the delegates arising en masse and cheering loudly over the result.

At this point former Senator Marion Butler appeared on the platform and was greeted with cheers and calls for a speech. He declined to speak, however, and remained on the platform for a few moments only.

Following the appointment of a committee of ten delegates on platform and resolutions, together with a special committee on suggestions, the chair appointed Frank Linney, H. O. Sapp and J. J. Britt to notify Mr. Morehead of his election and to escort him to the platform.

When Mr. Morehead appeared he was greeted with a storm of applause as was also the case at various points of his address of acceptance, an address generally characterized as conservative and dignified and in which he said that he believed in considering the wishes of the people in making selections for public office and in accepting the recommendations of Congressmen for Federal appointments. Mr. Morehead's address appears in full in another part of the current issue.

Committees and Platform.

At the conclusion of the address of acceptance, the chair, on motion, appointed a committee on suggestions regarding matters affecting the plan of organization, this body consisting of A. A. Whitener, of Catawba; C. A. Reynolds, of Winston-Salem; T. T. Rowland, of Bincome; Harry Skinner, of Pitt, and O. F. Pool.

Following further proceedings of no especial interest, a recess was taken until 8.30 o'clock in the evening in order to allow time for the preparation of the platform by the committee appointed for that purpose.

On re-assembling in the evening at 9 o'clock, the first proceeding in order was the appointment by the chair of a State Executive Committee, this resulting in the selection of I. M. Meekins, of Elizabeth City; D. W. Patrick, of Snow Hill; George Butler, of Clinton; J. J. Jenkins, of Pittsboro; B. S. Robertson, of Haw River; S. A. Edmunds, of Lumberton; F. W. Haynes, of Charlotte; Chas. H. Cowles, of Wilkesboro; Chas. E. Green, of Mt. Airy, and F. A. Fanning, of Asheville.

The Committee on Platform, consisting of Frank Linney, of Watauga; Erwin Tucker, of Columbus; A. E. Helton, of Forsyth; George E. Butler, of Sampson, and T. T. Rowland, then presented its report, this being unanimously adopted after a short speech by V. S. Lusk condemning President Taft for his methods in making the Federal appointments throughout the Southern States, a speech that very evidently did not meet with the approval of the convention as a body. The complete text of the platform as reported and adopted is given in another column.

Candidates for State Offices.

The hour was now growing late and a disposition on the part of the delegates to hasten the proceedings became manifest. The committee appointed to make suggestions concerning the plan of organization made its report, this being presented by C. A. Reynolds, of Forsyth, and consisting mainly of a recommendation regarding minority rights at party meetings, these to be restricted after the first vote on any given question, and for the appointment of additional members of the State Executive Committee.

Next in order came the nomination of candidates for the several State offices, these being for a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and two Corporation Commissioners. Speeches in nomination were limited to two minutes each, the first being made by J. J. Parker, of Monroe, who placed the name of T. T. Hicks, of Vance, before the convention for the Chief Justiceship. This nomination was seconded by W. P. Ragan, of Guilford, and by Z. V. Walser, of Davidson, while a delegate from Alamance presented the name of ex-Judge R. M. Douglas, of Guilford, seconded by Edgecombe and Scotland delegates. Former Judge W. P. Bynum, of Guilford, was also placed in nomination and the ballot was then taken, resulting in this vote as announced by the Secretary; Douglas, 481; Hicks, 337, and Bynum, 248. Announcement was here made to the effect that Judge Bynum was not a candidate for the nomination and then followed the taking of a second ballot, the first ballot not giving a majority. On this ballot T. T. Hicks received 671 votes against 470 for Douglas, and was declared elected. Then came the nomination for Associate Justices, these resulting in the selection of E. W. Timberlake, of Wake, and Harry Skinner, of Pitt, after Judge Douglas had declined the nomination and the name of W. S. O'B. Robinson, of Wayne, had been withdrawn because of his nomination for the Superior Court judgeship of the district in which Wayne is located.

Following brief speeches in nomination, J. H. White, of Madison, and G. M. Hoover, of Davidson, were placed in the field as candidates for the Corporation Commission, their election being made by acclamation. On

motion, the convention approved the nominations made in the various judicial districts, this concluding the business of the convention and bringing the proceedings to a close, adjournment being taken a few minutes before midnight and preceded by the adoption of a resolution that this be had in formal recognition of the memory and achievements of the late R. Z. Linney, former Congressman from this State.

NOTES OF THE STATE CONVENTION.

The Morehead headquarters in the Hotel Guilford were constantly thronged by members of the several delegations, it being apparent even to a mere onlooker that the great majority of the delegates were decidedly in favor of the present Congressman from the Fifth.

The applause greeting the newly-elected State Chairman as he appeared on the platform to make his address of acceptance was enthusiastic, spontaneous, long-continued and energetic to a degree, voicing, in fact, the sentiment of the great majority of the Republican voters of the State and serving to indicate the active interest that will be taken in the campaign by all of those who hope and work for Republican victory at the polls.

A well-known Republican said, after the election of Mr. Morehead was announced, that the main opposition to his candidacy had seemed to come from certain sections of the Democratic press and that fact had aided materially in his choice for the leadership.

When a convention hall becomes too small to hold the delegates in attendance, and it becomes necessary to move into larger quarters, as was done at Greensboro, it is made evident at once that the party is growing and is even obtaining recruits from the ranks of the opposition.

The large number of new faces on the floor, and especially of those who are taking their first active interest in Republican politics, is a fact strongly indicative of the steadily increasing consideration and regard for Republican principles.

A caucus of the Morehead forces was held in the courthouse Wednesday morning, every seat being occupied and numbers standing in the aisles. Speeches were made by Congressman Morehead, Hon. Thomas Settle, Hon. Harry Skinner and District Attorney Holton, each one brimming with sound Republican doctrine. There were many calls for Ex-Senator Butler, but he did not respond, probably thinking the die had been cast favorably to Mr. Morehead anyway.

Greensboro "did herself proud" in caring for the wants of the delegates and visitors. The auditorium, otherwise known as Greensboro's "White Elephant," came in very handily as a means of seating a crowd that otherwise could not have found sufficient accommodations.

"A better-looking set of men were never gathered together in this State than at the Convention." This remark does not come from one prejudiced in favor of his own party, but from a Democrat of independent ideas who believe in telling the truth as he finds it and is willing to give credit where credit is due.

THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL.

The United States Capitol at Washington is one of the most majestic buildings in the world. It was begun in 1793, when the north wing was founded. This was finished in 1800, and the south wing was begun in 1811. The building was burned by the British in 1814, and re-building did not begin until 1817.

In 1851 new extensions began, the House of Representatives first occupied its present hall in 1857, the Senate its present quarters in 1859.

The dome was built between 1856 and 1865. The cost of the building was over \$30,000,000. The dome is 307 feet high and 135 feet in diameter; contains 4,000 tons of iron, arranged to move during atmospheric changes like the unfolding of a lily. The rotunda beneath is 69 feet in diameter and 180 feet high.

The building is 751 feet long and 324 feet wide. It covers 153,112 square feet of ground. The architecture is of the Corinthian order, the material of the central structure is yellow sandstone painted white, of the wings, white marble tinged with blue.—Mt. Airy World.

How calmly may we commit ourselves to the hands of Him who bears up the world,—of Him who has created, and who provides for the joys even of insects, as carefully as if he were their father.—Richter.

The annual meeting of the County Superintendents of North Carolina will be held this year at Chapel Hill, beginning on August 30th and continuing to September 2nd. An especially good program has been arranged.

Cottonseed meal, said to be under standard grade, has been seized at Gastonia by the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture.

"A CONVENTION OF MAMMOTH PROPORTIONS."

"The Personnel of the Delegations Was Noteworthy"—"A Finer Body of Men Could Hardly Have Been Assembled in the State," is the Verdict of the Democratic Press on the Republican State Convention.

[A staff correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, in his report of the Republican State Convention at Greensboro, in the issue of that paper of August 11th, says:]

In numbers as well as in personnel of delegates, the State Republican convention of 1910 will go down in history as the premier one of the decade. So numerous were the visitors that the Guilford court house could not contain them when Chairman Adams rapped for order at noon.

There were several hundred crowded out for want of room and so clamorous did they become as the session progressed that it was decided after deliberation to adjourn to the great auditorium, sometimes designated Greensboro's White Elephant. And adjourn they did, the afternoon session being called for 2.30 o'clock. And such an outpouring! When the delegates commenced to disperse it was after the fashion of bees from a hive. The crowd was variously estimated from 2,000 to 3,000 people, with perhaps a thousand Greensboro sympathizers. There were some even who dared to assert that the throng equaled that of the great Democratic gathering in Charlotte in 1908. However that may be, there is no denying that the Greensboro convention of 1910 was one of mammoth proportions.

The personnel of the various delegations too was noteworthy. A finer body of men could hardly have been assembled in the State. Clear-eyed, ruddy-faced, stalwart men from the mountains, such as Frank Linney of Boone mingled shoulder to shoulder with those from the east, while others, cultured, refined and courageous from the piedmont section moved here and there working out the practical details of the problems of the hour. And there were others such as Timberlake, Seawell, Skinner, Settle, Adams, Lusk, Alexander, Price, Duncan and a score of others to be seen on all sides. It was a subject of comment that the complexion of the convention was very fine.

In fact one spectator remarked that it could not have been better had it been a Democratic convention.

REPUBLICANS OF TENNESSEE.

Nominate Governor and Have Excellent Chance for Success in Campaign.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 16.—Captain Benjamin W. Hooper, of Newport, Cocke County, was today nominated for Governor of Tennessee by the Republican State Convention here. The name of Alfred W. Taylor, of Washington County, was the only other one presented to the Convention, and immediately following the ballot the nomination was made unanimous. The ballot stood, Hooper, 339 9-14; Taylor, 201 5-14. The convention also endorsed the candidacy of B. A. Enloe, Independent man for Railroad Commissioner from west Tennessee. The Independent State-wide prohibition Democrats, who have fought Governor M. R. Patterson every step of his official career, are expected to support the Republican ticket as against the regular Democratic nominees, which include Patterson for re-election.

President of Chili Passes.

London, Aug. 16.—President Pedro Montt, of Chile, arrived at Bremen on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Gross this morning. His death occurred at 11.50 o'clock tonight. It was due to a recurrence of heart failure, following the recent attack of angia pectoris from which he suffered. President Montt was on shipboard when Mayor Gaynor, of New York, was shot.

The Association of Mexican War Veterans meets in Indianapolis, Ind., this year, and it is the purpose of the members in this State to endeavor to have the session for 1909 held in North Carolina. Capt. J. N. Brown, of Concord, is the President of the State Association.

PRESIDENT HELPS ORPHANS.

Hundreds of orphans have been helped by the President of the Industrial and Orphans' Home at Macon, Ga., who writes: "We have used Electric Bitters in this Institution for nine years. It has proved a most excellent medicine for Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. We regard it as one of the best family medicines on earth." It invigorates all vital organs, purifies the blood, aids digestion, creates appetite. To strengthen and build up pale, thin, weak children or run-down people, it has no equal. Best for female complaints. Only 50c at all druggists.



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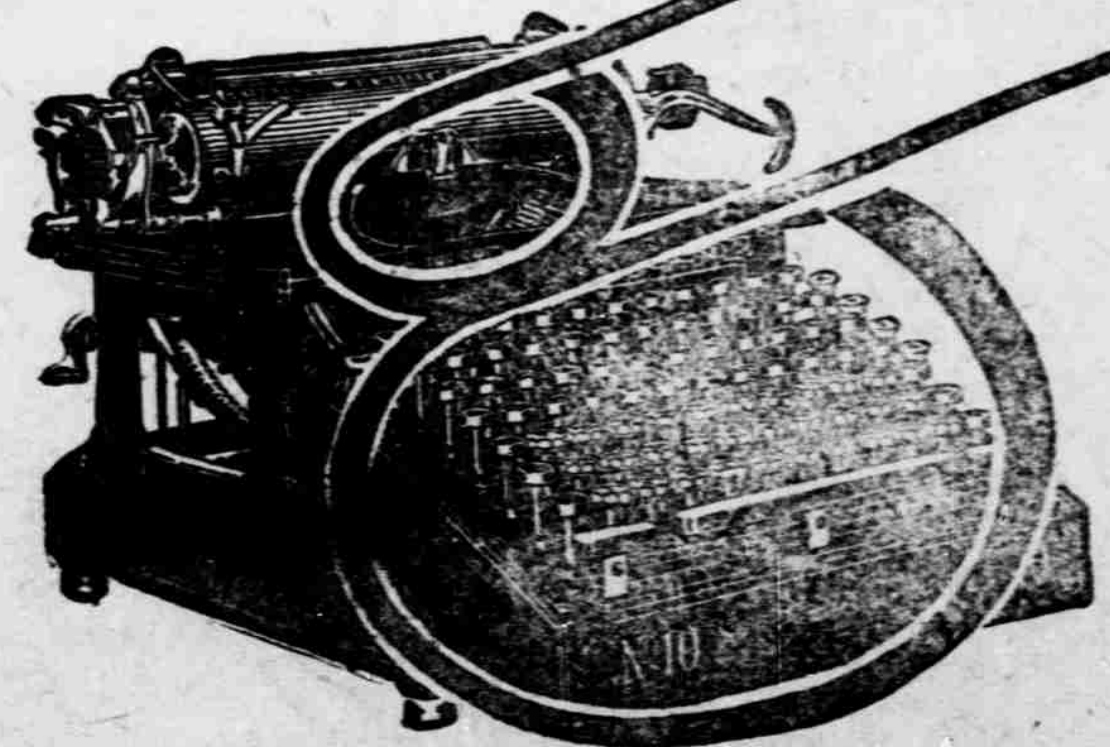
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