

The Caucasian

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SUCCESSFUL CANNING FACTORIES.

The Charlotte Observer, in a recent issue, gives two interesting items of industrial news as follows:

"About two years ago a small canning plant was established near Kings Mountain. Its first season was encouraging, its second still more so, and it is now being put in readiness to do a rushing business during the approaching summer. A little while ago a new-comer to Gaston County instituted a truck farm near Gastonia. Succeeding well in this venture, he has announced that he will within the next few months establish a canning factory, and the fruit and vegetable growers in his vicinity are evincing an interest in the proposition which offers a most gratifying guaranty of its success."

What is being done by these two canning factories at Kings Mountain and at Gastonia can be done all over the State. Especially, can canning factories be operated with great success and profit in Eastern Carolina, in what is known as the trucking belt. Not only large quantities of fruit can be successfully canned, but also the remnant of the trucking crop, including strawberries, beans, corn, tomatoes, and every conceivable thing that is raised and shipped to the Northern markets from that rich and diversified section.

At the time the Northern markets stop taking the trucking crop along the Atlantic Coast is the time the fruits and vegetables of this section reach their perfection. Therefore, canning factories in that section would not buy and can the fruits and vegetables, but would necessarily can the cream of the crop, which is a part of the crop that is now wasted, but which, if canned, would result in putting on the market the finest class of canned goods in the world, and therefore should be even more profitable than the part of the crop that is shipped to Northern markets.

SENATOR SIMMONS AND SENATOR LORIMER.

Since Senator Simmons voted to seat Senator Lorimer, there has been started no little discussion in the State as to the connection between Senator Simmons and Senator Lorimer. It is asserted that not long ago Senator Simmons had Senator Lorimer down in the eastern part of North Carolina with him in investigating and investing in certain swamp lands in which Senator Simmons was in some way interested, not only along the line of the Government deep waterway channel, but elsewhere.

The question is now frequently being asked, on the railroad trains and in the hotel lobbies, as to the extent of the financial connection between Senator Simmons and Senator Lorimer, and how much money Senator Simmons may have made out of these swamp land deals through the investments which he is supposed to have gotten Senator Lorimer to make.

THE DEMOCRATS, THE STEEL TRUST, AND THE SUGAR TRUST.

In the last campaign the Democratic politicians and their organs denounced the Republican party as being owned by the sugar trust and pointed out the enormous tax imposed upon all of the people on account of the increased price which the sugar trust was enabled to ring out of the people on account of the Republican tariff duty.

The Democratic House of Representatives has brought forth what they call a free list bill, and announced with a great flourish of trumpets that they had placed in this bill the leading articles of prime necessity used by everybody. It is noticeable that sugar is not included in this free list bill.

Is there a single article of general use in the United States that is used by more people than sugar? Then why is it that our Democratic friends have forgotten to include this universal article of prime neces-

sity in their free list bill? Indeed, it seems that the intimate relations that existed between the last Democratic House of Representatives and the sugar trust still exist between the trust and the present Democratic House of Representatives.

In the last campaign, the Democrats also denounced the Republican party for fostering the steel trust, and pointed out that the trust was selling steel rails for \$24 a ton in Mexico and South America, while they were charging \$28 a ton for the same rails in the United States, and stated that they were enabled to do this on account of the Republican robber tariff. The Democrats further charged that the amount of money put into the pockets of the steel trust by its discrimination against Americans each year ran from \$16,000,000 to \$25,000,000.

It is noticeable that so far our Democratic friends have not proposed to do anything to lower the price of steel rails or structural steel. The Democratic party is famous for making promises, but it has become almost infamous in its failure to keep promises.

THE FIRST DUTY OF EVERY AMERICAN CITIZEN.

Mr. MacVeagh, the Secretary of the Treasury, delivered a few days ago a notable speech before the South Carolina Bankers' Association. His theme was as to the first duty of every patriotic American citizen, no matter whether born in the Democratic party or the Republican party.

Mr. MacVeagh began by stating to his audience that he was born and raised a Democrat, but that he was at present affiliating with the Republican party, and doing so because he believed that at present the best interests of the country were subserved by Republican principles and policies. He declared to his audience that he was ready at any time to again affiliate with the Democratic party, when he thought he could best perform his duty as an American citizen by so doing.

After these preliminary statements Mr. MacVeagh then came down to the real questions he desired to discuss, by saying to his audience that he was, therefore, not addressing them as either "a Democrat" or "a Republican," but that he was addressing them as "an American citizen." He then proceeded to point out the evils which grow up whenever and wherever one party is in so great a majority that there are not enough independent voters to put the opposing party in power when the dominant party has failed to keep faith with the people and give good government. He said that no intelligent patriotic citizen could deny that such evils would necessarily grow up under such one-party-rule conditions.

He said that if this was true, which no one could successfully deny, that then the first duty of every American citizen, no matter in what party he was born and reared, and no matter with what party he was to-day associated, was to resolve to be an independent American citizen before being a servant of any party. He said that having so resolved that then each one of us would come to be what might be termed an independent in politics, or in other words, a patriotic American citizen first. He said that when a sufficient number of American citizens reached this independent patriotic position, that then we would all see to it that there were in the South as well as in the North two strong parties, of so nearly equal strength, that the independent voters could rebuke one and give the other a trial whenever reasonable cause required such rebuke.

He said to his Democratic audience that the last election showed that the people of the North had reached this state of mind, because a large number of the Republican States in the North had gone Democratic at the last election. He then asked why would it not be better for the South or for an equal number of Democratic States in the South to go Republican for the same reasons that a number of Republican States in the North went Democratic? He asked if there was a single State in the South that would rebuke the Democratic party and put the Republican party in power, even if the provocations were many times greater than the causes and provocations that caused the Republican voters in the North to vote the Democratic ticket in the last election?

Just what effect his speech had upon his audience we have not been

HOW AND WHY THE SOUTH IS FLEECE THROUGH COTTON FUTURES.

The Charlotte Observer, in an editorial in its issue of last Saturday, discusses the evils of gambling in cotton futures and the proposition to try to suppress the same by law. We make the following extract:

"The Southern Textile Bulletin favors the Scott anti-futures bill as the only effective means of straightening the New York Cotton Exchange's devious ways. 'Go out over the South,' it exhorts, 'and gather up those who have played the game and won and they will not be crowded when all are placed within the little ring over which the trading is done. Stand those who have lost up in a line and it will reach from New York to Charlotte. Can any game be straight that shows the infinitesimal percentage of winners as this? The fakir who operated on this percentage at a country fair would be adjudged a thief by any court.'"

The picture which is drawn of the long line of those who have lost in the gambling game on the New York stock market compared with the short line of those few who have won is graphic and only too true.

The Charlotte Observer proceeds to argue that the speculation in cotton on the New York Cotton Exchange is not a "straight game," and concludes by saying that "the time when the New York Cotton Exchange must either clean itself up or be cleaned up is near at hand."

DEMOCRATIC SPLIT.

(Continued from page 1.)

has enacted in North Carolina in twenty-five years.

He put through the State-wide primary bill that smashed political rings and machines in both parties. Such a bill was defeated in the North Carolina Democratic legislature. He put through a wholesome and effective anti-trust law. Such a bill was defeated by the Democrats in the North Carolina Legislature. He put through a bill to establish local self-government in New Jersey. Every such measure was defeated by the Democratic Legislature in North Carolina.

Governor Wilson, in a speech a few days ago in Norfolk, declared that the first and greatest reform was to restore the government to the people. He said that before any reforms that were wholesome and necessary could be adopted and effectively executed, that it was necessary to smash the political machines that stand between the people and their government, that muddy the waters and prevent the people from expressing their wishes effectively on the great live economic issues. He said the only hope to get any wholesome and effective reform was by an appeal to the people, and that therefore it was necessary to re-establish local self-government and the rule of the people generally as the first step, and to do this it was first necessary to smash the political rings.

This speech will no doubt cause much uneasiness to Boss Simmons and his political ring in North Carolina. There was not a word uttered in this speech that would meet the approval of that hide-bound Democratic ring, which makes it a business to muddy the waters and feel the people into voting for representatives who will serve the trusts instead of the people.

Two Interesting News Items From Abroad.

The British Government has just published the report of a commission appointed to investigate labor conditions in England as contrasted with other countries, especially the United States. That report shows that the American laborer not only works fewer hours on the average than the laborer in Great Britain, but that his average salary is nearly two and one-half times as large as the laborer in Great Britain. It then proceeds to show that while the cost of living is greater in America than in England, that it does not cover one-half of the increase wages which the laborer in America gets above the wages of the English laborer.

These facts throw a flood of light on why the protection sentiment is growing so rapidly in Great Britain, and yet with these pregnant facts published by the British Government staring us in the face, we have a Democratic House trying to reduce the price of American labor to the low standard of European labor, and doing it under the false cry of trying to reduce the cost of living.

Less Taxes for Large Families in France.

An interesting news item comes from France to the effect that the Government is considering lowering the rate of taxation on each family according to the number of children that each family has to raise. There is enough meat and force in this suggestion to attract the attention of statesmen and legislators in this

country. Why should a man who has ten children to raise and make good citizens of the country be required to pay as much tax as his neighbor who has only one child or no child to raise for the benefit and future progress of the State?

WITH THE EDITORS.

If they should happen to need another candidate for the United States Senate, the Rev. Bobby Glenn could perhaps be persuaded to take a hand in the game.—Clinton News-Dispatch.

The mode of taxation the Democrats have adopted in the present machinery act seems almost like throwing a man down and taking his money away from him.—Clinton News-Dispatch.

It was too much to hope for, but we regret to see that a Democratic Congress was not hospitable to the suggestion that mileage allowance be cut from ten to five cents the mile.—Statesville Landmark.

But if you are so anxious to know why Senator Simmons voted for Senator Lorimer to retain his seat in the United States Senate, we would suggest that you write the Senator and ask him; we don't care to be the first to belch it out.—Clinton News-Dispatch.

Carolina Wins One Debate and Loses Another.

Chapel Hill, N. C., April 29.—Carolina to-night won the decision over Georgia in the debate held in Gerard hall. I. C. Moser and D. A. Lynch battled out a victory for the Old North State on the affirmative side of the question: "Resolved, That a Federal Income Tax, Constitutionally Granted, Would Be a Desirable Part of Our Scheme of Taxation." Millard Lewis and E. V. Heath upheld the negative for Georgia.

Afterwards a banquet was tendered the debaters.

"When the Wicked Rule."

Clinton News-Dispatch.]

Inasmuch as Sampson County is out of debt and has plenty of money in the treasury, it does seem a little hard for the State to send instructions down here to double and triple our taxes just because a Democratic State Government has been so extravagant and incompetent that it has fell completely down, and now they have laid the heavy hand of taxation on the people. "When the wicked rule the people mourn."

Democrats Not That Kind of Reformers.

Durham Herald.]

The representatives could have cut off that part of the mileage allowance that now goes into their pockets, but they are not that kind of reformers.

When He Took Her Part.

"I suppose your little brother always takes your part," said the visitor to small Dorothy.

"Yes, ma'am," was the reply. "He always does when mamma gives us cake."

WRECK ON COAST LINE FATAL.

Baggage Master T. F. Cool Fatally Injured and Walter Hagens, of Chicago, Killed—Twelve Passengers Seriously Injured.

Tampa, Florida, April 29.—The wreck was due to spreading rails. The tender, baggage coach and express car turned over, the engine and other coaches remaining upright, although derailed.

Walter Hagens, of Chicago, was killed and T. F. Cool, baggage master, was fatally injured, when Atlantic Coast Line train No. 39, from Jacksonville to Tampa, was wrecked near Odessa to-night. Twelve passengers were more or less seriously injured.

Hagens, who was but twelve years old, was in the baggage car at the

time feeding a pet dog. When the car turned over he fell out of an open door and his head was crushed. Baggage Master Cook was injured in trying to save the lad. Hagens is the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Johnson, of Chicago, who own considerable property at Largo.

Of the passengers injured none is considered serious. A. L. Brickman, of Birmingham, Ala., had a leg broken. A relief train was sent out from Tarpon Springs.

Italian Killed Man That Had Allowed Horses to Trample His Son to Death.

New York, April 29.—Giuseppe Bougroul, an Italian cigar-maker, who saw his three-year-old boy trampled fatally beneath the hoof of truck horses to-night, took summary vengeance upon the driver, William Krugman, by pouring four bullets from a revolver into his body.

The driver fell dead from his seat almost into the arms of a policeman, and a mob of 2,000 persons bent upon the slayer. Reserves rescued him, unconscious, and he was taken to a hospital, then lodged in jail on a charge of murder. The child died late to-night.

Changes of Number of North Carolina Postmasters.

Washington, D. C., April 28.—The following changes made in North Carolina postmasters were announced here to-day: At Bald Creek, Yancey County, Robert C. Burton succeeds A. L. Gribbs, removed; at Moffitt, Randolph County, Joseph T. Lambert succeeds G. Cox, removed; at Tillery, Halifax County, Benjamin F. Parks succeeds G. N. Mumphord, removed; at Topsail, Pender County, David F. Aman succeeds P. J. Colburn, resigned, and at West End, Moore County, Emma E. Lewis succeeds M. C. McDonald, resigned.

Chickens Coming Home to Roost.

Union Republican.]

"Democratic negroes" caused quite a stir in the Democratic municipal primary at Raleigh, which was held Easter Monday, Democratic State Chairman wrote a card to the State press proclaiming that no negroes

were allowed to vote in a Democratic primary—it is not in accordance with white supremacy, you know—but in the issue of the Raleigh News and Observer of Saturday, April 15th, Editor Josephus Daniels comes out in a card signed by himself and in discussing registration for the primary in that city, declared that there was a "nigger" in fact a number of them "in the wood pile," and raised the old familiar negro howl, only it was not the Republican party this time, upon whose head his vial of vituperation and wrath was poured, but members of his own political household.

It appears that 100 negroes were registered as Democrats in Harden and Upchurch wards of that city and there was the cry of traitor and the "devil to pay" in general. Time sets all things even and "chickens are coming home to roost." While Editor Daniels is up in arms at this seeming "outrage," it would seem that other Democrats in Raleigh are not so choicely in regard to the colored vote and are free to use it in their primary, as is done to carry prohibitions, bonds and other elections, and see no reason why "Sambo" should not pass at "face value" in a Democratic primary, State Chairman Miller's edict and Editor Daniels' wrath notwithstanding. Truly, great is "Democratic white supremacy" when it is used as a target at the Republican party, otherwise it is a veritable Bryan lawn pink tea negro reception affair!

Under Democratic "Good Government."

Durham Herald.]

While it may be the mission of the law to correct rather than to punish crime, there are some of us who still think that a cold-blooded murderer should be punished a little.

Would Let Him Off.

"Didn't you promise never to do it again?"

"Yes, sir."

"And I said I'd whip if you did, didn't I?"

"Yes, pa; but as I didn't keep my promise, I won't hold you to yours."

—Boston Transcript.

Marion Butler's Raleigh Speech in Pamphlet Form

There has been such a great demand for back copies of The Caucasian containing ex-Senator Butler's Raleigh speech, in which he exposed the purpose of the Democratic machine in conducting such a low, dirty campaign of slander and personal abuse, and in which Mr. Butler denounced Simmons and Daniels as two low-grade hybrids who were worthy leaders of such a campaign, and in which he also discussed the real issues in the last campaign which the Democratic machine was afraid to meet on the stump, that there is only one way in which a complete copy of this speech could be furnished, and that would be to re-publish it in pamphlet form.

Now, if those who desire copies of the speech in pamphlet form will write us to that effect, stating how many copies are desired, we will ascertain what the speech can be published for in pamphlet form, and will then furnish the speech to each person who has applied for copies at actual cost. Of course, the larger the number of copies that are ordered, the less will be the cost per copy. If as many as five thousand copies are ordered, the cost will, of course, be small per copy, and if a less number are ordered, the cost per copy would be correspondingly increased.

Therefore, we suggest that every one who desires copies of this speech should at once send to us an order for the number of copies desired, and as soon as we have received orders for five thousand copies, or possibly a less number, we will be able to announce the cost of this speech per copy or per one hundred copies, and will also be able to announce when they will be ready for delivery.

Cut out and fill in the blank below, stating the number of copies desired, and mail to us.

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P. O. .... 1911.

Caucasian Publishing Company, Raleigh, N. C.

Dear Sirs:—I hereby subscribe for ..... copies of Marion Butler's Raleigh speech printed in pamphlet form, and agree to pay for the same at the actual cost of publication, including the cost of postage.

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