

The Caucasian

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DEMOCRATIC PARTY CONTROLLED BY NOTORIOUS RING.

The following article appeared in the Raleigh News and Observer a few days ago, as a special from Washington, D. C.:

"The selection of a reading clerk of the House was not decided on merit and as a result W. W. Willson, of Raleigh, falls in his ambition. The job was given to Tammany Hall as a part of the New York State patronage.

"Patrick J. Haltigan, editor of the National Hibernian, was today given the appointment. He secured the place as the result of a combination entered into with several Tammany Hall Democrats, who pooled their patronage.

Mr. Willson read several times before the House and gave universal satisfaction, but unfortunately for him the position was made a part of the House patronage and not decided on merit."

Just imagine how the above news article must have shocked the readers of the News and Observer who had been led to believe the Democrats were not controlled by the Yankee Democrats in New York.

The News and Observer has tried to make its readers believe that their best men were appointed to office, and appointed on merit, but now we have it from Democratic authority that Tammany Hall, the most corrupt political organization in America, is controlling the Democratic pie and that it seems to have the entire party by the neck with a down hill pull.

If the Democratic party ever hopes to be respectable in the nation it will have to rid itself of the taint of Tammany Hall.

Webster's Weekly says the Democratic party is united in essentials. Guess that means ple.

If Woodrow Wilson expects the Democrats to nominate him for President next year he will have to stop advocating reforms.

Ex-Governor Jarvis is trying to boom Locke Craig for the Democratic nomination for Governor. Wonder what Mr. Jarvis is after for himself?

Reciprocity with Canada will be no excuse for electing a United States Senator from North Carolina.—Wilmington Star.

Have you heard from Illinois?

The lower House of the Colorado Legislature has passed a drastic anti-cigarette bill, making it a misdemeanor to even have cigarettes or cigarette papers in one's possession. By the way, does any one remember what ever became of the anti-cigarette bill introduced in the last Legislature?

"It would seem that in some of the North Carolina towns the politicians are practicing methods at the polls that they learned in other days.—Durham Herald.

Yes, it seems that it is hard for the political henchmen to forget the lessons they learned from the Democratic leaders during the red shirt campaigns.

The Fayetteville Observer wants a longer constitutional term for the Legislature. We think the term is long enough and, in fact, too long, unless the law-makers used the sixty days to a better purpose. If the term should be extended for several weeks it would take two assessments of property to pay for the increased salaries and for the new offices they would create.

The manner in which the property is being reassessed this year is giving great dissatisfaction even this early in the game. The Democratic leaders have let the assessors understand that more revenue must be raised, and in consequence the assessment on the property will have to be increased to meet the Democratic demand. It will cost thousands of dollars to pay for the work and the salary of the listers must be added on the increased assessment. Verily Democratic "good government" comes high—too high for the voters to stand it much longer.

Some days ago a Winston paper gave Salem as the ideal town in the State from a political standpoint. It stated that all the city officials served without pay and one would have judged from reading the article that Salem was a political paradise. However, it was only a few days before the Journal had an announcement stating there were seven tickets in the field and that the fight was one of the warmest political battles that Salem has ever experienced. It seems that there are no ideal political conditions where Democrats are after office. Democrats want office whether said office pays a salary or not—but the more it pays the more they scrap over it.

Commenting on the activity of the Raleigh Democrats in trying to get all the negroes on the Democratic registration books, the Albemarle Chronicle says:

"It has been known all along that the colored voters were not disfranchised whenever the Democrats had use for their votes, and what took place in the recent primary in Raleigh is further proof of the fact."

Mr. J. F. Click, until recently editor of the Lincoln Times, has returned to his old home at Hockory and is now news editor of the Times Mercury.

The Mercury is very fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Click. He is not only very popular, but is an excellent newspaper man. Mr. Click was editor of the Mercury for a number of years before he went to Lincoln and, no doubt, he feels much at home in his new work.

Ex-Governor Aycock has announced that he may enter the Senatorial race provided he hears the call from the people. Webster's Weekly sizes up Mr. Aycock's position very nicely in the following:

"A Raleigh dispatch states that ex-Governor Aycock is considering the call that is coming up to him from all over the State to enter the lists for the United States Senate. We count the genial ex-Governor in the race, on the same theory that the preacher's boy gave a tip to the deacons who inquired what his father was going to do with a call extended to a more attractive field: "Pa's praying over the matter," said the youngster, "But ma's gone to packing."

A BIG BATTLE REPORTED.

News of Fighting at Juarez, Mexico—Several Wounded on American Side of Border—Diaz May Resign.

A dispatch from El Paso, Texas, gives a report of a battle fought between the Federals and the insurgents at Juarez, Mexico, on Monday, in which thirty persons were killed and a number wounded. It is reported that four persons were killed on the American side of the line.

Reported That President Diaz Will Resign When Peace is Restored.

Mexico City, May 7.—General Porfirio Diaz to-night issued a manifesto to the people of Mexico declaring his intention to resign the presidency as soon as peace is restored. In this manner the President has virtually acceded to the demands of Francisco I. Madero that he make announcement of such intention.

As to when peace is actually restored, General Diaz reserves the right to be the judge. In the words of the manifesto it will be "when, according to the dictates of my conscience, I am sure that my resignation will not be followed by anarchy."

Lutherans' Annual Meeting.

Wilmington, N. C., May 10.—Wednesday morning really witnessed the formal opening of Synod of the Lutheran Church of North Carolina. The full program has already been published, but on account of the nearness of the session, the public will be interested in further reference to the details of this important convention. The outline for today's meeting is as follows: 10 a. m., opening of Synod with the morning service, followed with Holy Communion; 2.30 p. m., business session; 8 p. m., Vesper services, with addresses on "The Service of the Church College," under sub-division as follows: "The Church College and the Business Man," Rev. M. M. Kinard, Ph.D.; "The Church College and the Professional Man," by Rev. J. P. Miller. After the service this evening the Dorcas Society will tender a reception in Luther Memorial building in honor of visiting delegates. Thursday's exercises will be as follows: 9 a. m., business session; 2.30 p. m., laymen's missionary meeting with important addresses by laymen, general conference; 8 p. m., Vesper service with address on "Our Mission Fields," as follows: "Our Mission Fields at Home," Rev. J. L. Morgan, Synodical missionary; "Our Mission Field Abroad," Rev. R. D. Holland, D.D., superintendent of missions; Friday, May 12, 9 a. m., and 2.30 p. m., business sessions, and Saturday as well at the same hours. Interesting services will be held Sunday in the local Lutheran churches as a conclusion to Synod.

WITH THE EDITORS.

Why not enliven the Congressional Record with a comic section?—News and Observer.

If "money talks," it should have much to say about the Lorimer case.—Greensboro Telegram.

The speeches made by the North Carolina delegation in Congress makes that supplement unnecessary.

Vote-buying and selling is bad, but what we Republicans in North Carolina dread worse, is vote-stealing.—Clinton News-Dispatch.

It might be a little interesting to the people to know who got Senator Lorimer interested in Craven County lands.—Clinton News-Dispatch.

It appears that there has been no disposition to drag Mr. Aycock into it since he made the statement as to where he stood.—Durham Herald.

About everything the farmer raises for the market has dropped in price, but what he has to buy remains the same. But that is what many of them voted for.—Davie Record.

Three cotton mills and two of their backers in Georgia went into bankruptcy on Friday of last week and more of the same sort of news from South Carolina this week. It's the old familiar tune that always follows a Democratic "victory."—Albemarle Chronicle.

A Baltimore pastor, in twenty-four years, performed the marriage ceremony for 1,417 couples. At the same time the pastor has never been married himself. He will have a great deal to answer for, and probably decided to take his punishment by himself.—Wilmington Star.

THE CHARLOTTE PRIMARY.

The Mecklenburg Grand Jury Was Very Hard to Show—They Stated That There Was Betting, Corrupt Practices and Liquor Used in the Democratic Primary, Still They Found no True Bill.

Winston-Salem Journal.]

The attitude of the Charlotte News will, we believe, be that taken by the majority of the papers in the State in regard to the investigation by the grand jury of rumors of corruptions in connection with the recent municipal primary held in that city. The News says:

"It is to be regretted that the grand jury was unable to find sufficient evidence to make out a true bill against those who used money and whiskey in the late municipal election. We know that it had a difficult task in this matter, but had hoped that it might at least secure enough evidence to find a true bill so that the matter might be fully investigated.

Among other things the report says: "From investigation we believe that the rumors were exaggerated, and some of them totally false, and the city in some respects slandered." And the grand jury reached the above conclusion notwithstanding the fact that in its report it admits that "it is our opinion that in some few wards of the city there was drinking, etc.," and "we think that there was the usual and ever-to-be-condemned corruption of certain low citizens." If "certain low citizens" were corrupted the question naturally arises, by whom? The report further states: "We think betting was the cause of some corrupt practices, etc." All of which seems to indicate that in the opinion of the grand jury that whiskey was used in some wards that "certain low citizens" were corrupted in some wards, and that "betting was the cause of some corrupt practices," and if the grand jury is correct in its surmises, and no statement is given as to the evidence on which is based its surmises, there must have been corruption, and the pity is that it was not able to find who was responsible.

We heartily commend its suggestion that the primary law be amended so as to prevent betting, but if the law were so amended it would avail nothing unless evidence could be had to punish those who violated it.

Democrats Have No Issues—Only a Scramble for Office.

Webster's Weekly.]

Truly this has been a year characterized by turmoil and unrest in the municipal affairs of the towns and cities of North Carolina that have been called upon to hold elections. Instead of an era of good feeling existing in their family contests and all pulling together for a united household, hotly contested primaries have been rife with warring factions engendering rancor and animosity into the whole system of the town. In the majority of instances no issue of far-reaching consequence has been at stake, but rather an unusual spirit of local discontent prevailing, with a scramble for office in evidence. The bitterness engendered in such fierce personal and family fights can not be easily wiped out and the town suffers a blow that it does not recover from soon. And with two factions each pulling in opposite directions, about as much progress can be made in the town as the two fellows in a boat trying to row in opposite directions.

AGAINST FREE TRADE.

(Continued from page 1.)

R. Eaton, Master of the Illinois State Grange; C. M. Gardner, Master of the Massachusetts State Grange; George S. Ladd, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Massachusetts State Grange; S. H. Healy, Master of the Connecticut State Grange; R. Patten, Master of the New Hampshire State Grange; F. Duffy, member of the Legislative Committee of the Connecticut State Grange; C. O. Raine, Master of the Missouri State Grange, and J. W. Darrow, editor of the Grange Review, of New York.

Reaping What They Sowed.

A prominent public man, commenting upon the protests of the farmers against tariff changes that will reduce the price of farm products, said that it was the farmer vote that defeated the Republicans at the last election and a Democratic House, and that while he regretted that the farmers had so voted, that yet they should not object to reaping what they had sown.

Continuing, he said, that we are supposed to have a government that would respond to the wishes of the people as expressed at the ballot-box, and that therefore it was the duty of this Congress to enact into law what the farmers and laborers had expressed as their desire at the last election. He said that if he was a member of the Senate, though Republican as he is, that he would vote to let the Democratic measure, pass as an object lesson to the country.

He said if the Republican Senators should refuse to let the Democratic free trade measures go into operation it would be exactly what the Democratic House expected and wanted; that the people would be saved an object lesson of the disastrous effects of Democratic legislation, while leaving the Democrats in a position to go before the people in the next campaign, and raw pictures of what great benefits would have come to them if the Democrats had been permitted to have their way.

Another View of the Situation.

A prominent member of Congress, who was standing by when these observations were made, stated that he thought it was the duty of a Republican member of Congress to be a patriot before playing politics, and that he could not see his way clear to vote to approve some disastrous Democratic policies.

These two opposing views of these two prominent Republicans represent in a way some of the divisions of sentiment that can be heard here almost every day around the Capitol and the hotel lobbies as to what the duties of the Republican party should be toward the free trade measures of the Democratic House.

The Situation in Mexico.

For the past week there has been an armistice between the Government forces and the insurgent army in Mexico, while the peace commissioners have been attempting to arrange terms to bring the war to an end. These efforts, however, seemed to have failed, because President Diaz has just declared that he would not resign as President until the war was over, while, on the other hand, the insurgent leaders have, as a result, declared that they will not disband until President Diaz has actually resigned.

With such an ultimatum having been delivered on each side hostilities were resumed, and this afternoon a fierce battle is waging between the Government and the rebel forces at Juarez. The latest reports are that victory seems to be on the side of the rebels or insurgents.

Americans and all foreigners are fleeing from the country as fast as possible. Unquestionably, a large amount of damage has already been done to American interests, and if hostilities continue, the damage has only just begun. What the near future will call forth no one can foretell.

Death of Isaac Bear.

Wilmington, N. C., May 9.—Isaac Bear, aged fifty-nine years, passed away at his home in this city Tuesday night after an illness extending over many months, and had been in very bad health for several years. He was a member of the wholesale dry goods firm of Morris Bear & Brother, and was one of the best known Hebrew merchants in Wilmington. He was formerly president of the B'Nai B'Rith for the Southern States. Only one brother survives, Samuel Bear, Jr.

Officials of the United States Government yesterday morning deposited in the upper Pamlico River, five thousand shad fish fry. These eggs will hatch in the next few months and the small shad will breed in the creeks and tributaries of the river and will be ready for the fishermen by next season.

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT—April Term, 1911.

Miranda Crocker vs. Joseph Crocker.

To Joseph Crocker:

This is to notify you that your wife, Miranda Crocker, has brought suit against you to the March term, 1911, of Wake Superior Court, for divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and that the summons issued for you has been returned by the sheriff with this endorsement thereon: "After exercising due diligence, the defendant, Joseph Crocker, is not to be found in this county." You are, therefore, further notified to appear at the April term, 1911, of Wake Superior Court, which convenes on the 24th of that month, and answer, demur or plead to the complaint which will be filed in this court during the first three days of that term, otherwise, the plaintiff will demand to be allowed to prove the allegations of her complaints and have judgment accordingly.

MILLARD MIAL, Clerk Wake Superior Court.
J. C. L. HARRIS, Attorney for the Plaintiff.
3-23-4t

Train Mutilates Two Boys.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 10.—Frank Spaulding and Morris Patten, each 11 years old, were ground to pieces by a Lackawanna train on a bridge that spans Chocomaug creek. The boys were fishing from the bridge and when the train approached they attempted to escape, but tripped and fell under the wheels.

No Advertising for Mileage.

Atlanta, Ga., May 10.—The Georgia Railroad Commission will shortly follow the ruling of the United States Supreme Court on the subject, and officially announce that news papers and other publications in this State cannot exchange advertising for mileage.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Cheap Excursion Rate to Little Rock, Ark., and Return, Account Annual Reunion United Confederate Veterans, May 15-18, 1911.

For the above occasion the Southern Railway announces the sale of very low round-trip tickets, as follows:
From Raleigh, \$19.90; Durham, \$19.40; Burlington, \$18.75; Oxford, \$20.05; Selma, \$20.45; Goldsboro, \$26.85.
Proportionately low rates from all other stations.

Tickets will be on sale May 13, 1911, with final return limit to reach original starting point not later than midnight of May 23rd.

Extension of final limit can be secured making ticket good to reach original starting point not later than June 14, 1911, by depositing same with Special Agent and paying fee of 50 cents.

Southern Railway will operate through Pullman sleeping car Raleigh to Little Rock. Car to leave Raleigh at 4.05 p. m., Sunday, May 14th.

For information as to rates, schedules, Pullman reservations, etc., address the undersigned.

J. O. JONES, Traveling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
M. H. Schell, City Ticket Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Marion Butler's Raleigh Speech in Pamphlet Form

There has been such a great demand for back copies of The Caucasian containing ex-Senator Butler's Raleigh speech, in which he exposed the purpose of the Democratic machine in conducting such a low, dirty campaign of slander and personal abuse, and in which Mr. Butler denounced Simmons and Daniels as two low-grade hybrids who were worthy leaders of such a campaign, and in which he also discussed the real issues in the last campaign which the Democratic machine was afraid to meet on the stump, that there is only one way in which a complete copy of this speech could be furnished, and that would be to re-publish it in pamphlet form.

Now, if those who desire copies of the speech in pamphlet form will write us to that effect, stating how many copies are desired, we will ascertain what the speech can be published for in pamphlet form, and will then furnish the speech to each person who has applied for copies at actual cost. Of course, the larger the number of copies that are ordered, the less will be the cost per copy. If as many as five thousand copies are ordered, the cost will, of course, be small per copy, and if a few number are ordered, the cost per copy would be correspondingly increased.

Therefore, we suggest that every one who desires copies of this speech should at once send us an order for the number of copies desired, and as soon as we have received orders for five thousand copies, or possibly a less number, we will be able to announce the cost of this speech per copy or per one hundred copies, and will also be able to announce when they will be ready for delivery.

Cut out and fill in the blank below, stating the number of copies desired, and mail to us.

ORDER FOR COPIES OF MARION BUTLER'S RALEIGH SPEECH.

P. O., 1911.
Caucasian Publishing Company, Raleigh, N. C.

Dear Sirs:—I hereby subscribe for copies of Marion Butler's Raleigh speech printed in pamphlet form, and agree to pay for the same at the actual cost of publication, including the cost of postage.

(Signed)

BLUE SERGE SUITS

FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN

From \$12.50 to \$27.50

Serge time—Summer time—is the time of all times to note the making and tailoring of the clothing you contemplate buying, particularly if it be a Serge Suit. Serge is the hardest fabric to keep in shape and unless a suit is well tailored it will soon hang like a bag. Even our \$12.50 Serge Suits are hand tailored and you'll look long way, before you'll find it in any other suit for same price. Good hand-tailor work we mean, not a few helter-skelter stitches—a bluff at hand work, but hand work that counts the kneading and shaping of the collar and lapels, so that they will hold their shape as long as the clothing wears.

The Competition in Serges is Sharp

Everybody is trying to beat everybody else. This leads some makers to use a cheaper serge—one that will not stand the strain of the average man's wear. In all Berwanger Serge Suits there is used nothing but good, all wool serge that has been tested both by lying in the sun and rain for weeks and by actual wear for years and years.

If anything should go wrong with a Berwanger Serge Suit, bring it back and a new suit is yours for the asking.

S. BERWANGER

THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.