

**State News.**

Mr. Don King, manager of the King Fish Company, was found frozen to death near Rocky Point, one day last week. He was out hunting.

The President, on January 22nd, nominated R. D. Douglas to be postmaster at Greensboro and J. N. Powell, postmaster at Southern Pines.

Virginia Withers, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. Lloyd Withers, of Charlotte, was run over by a street-car in Charlotte Sunday and instantly killed.

Seaboard passenger train No. 38, northbound, was derailed at Henderson a few days ago. No one was hurt though the cars were badly shattered.

John Aydette, a negro man, employed as assistant fireman on the river steamer Howard, between New Bern and Trenton, fell overboard and was drowned a few days ago.

As the result of the employes' profit sharing plan inaugurated a few months ago by the Durham Hosiery Mills, a total of \$1,172, has been distributed to the employes during six months' period.

A fire in Elizabeth City, January 18th, practically destroyed part of the Elizabeth City Electric Light and Power Company, entailing a loss of \$25,000 and putting the city in darkness for several days.

Will Logan, who was charged with the robbery and murder of Fred Hendrickson, a Swede, at Blewett Falls, some time ago, was convicted of murder in the first degree, by the jury at Wadesboro a few days ago.

Ed, Hodgkin, of Guilford County, who was arrested for the murder of John Love, near Jamestown last fall, was released by Judge Cook on a bond of \$1,500. The evidence is said to be circumstantial and not strong.

Mrs. Peter Ferrall, of Fayetteville, was seriously, if not fatally, burned at the home, as a result of putting kerosene oil into a stove to kindle the fire, a few days ago. The explosion ensuing from the oil blew the stove to the top of the house.

Mrs. Jennie Naylor, an aged lady of Winston-Salem, was burned to death at the home of her son a few days ago. Her clothing caught fire as she was reading by the fire side and she was fatally burned before the flames could be smothered.

Considerable excitement has been caused in Halifax County over the appearance of a bear, or some other wild animal, that has been playing havoc with hog and chickens for several days. It seems to continue its depredations, but always evades capture.

The jailer of New Hanover County was attacked by the prisoners Saturday night last, and but for the very prompt assistance of a negro prisoner, would have been overpowered and twenty-five prisoners would have escaped. The negro has since been given his liberty.

A caboose and a passenger coach broke loose from the Southern Railway freight train at Belmont Saturday night, crashed into another train and fatally injured L. D. Caldwell, of Kings Mountain, a passenger on the train, and seriously injured a flagman, J. R. Hardin.

A boy thirteen years old, the son of Mr. E. P. Weaver, near Rocky Mount, fell on the ice last Saturday, while skating with a party of boys, and his head struck the ice. He was picked up immediately, and regained consciousness for a few minutes, but died in a short time.

Bruce Clodfelter, a boy twelve years of age, of Guilford County, was on last Saturday awarded the \$25 prize by the Guilford County Agricultural Association, to the boy making the greatest yield of corn from a single acre. The boy harvested 113 bushels from his acre.

Engineers have begun work on the proposed railroad from Durham to Danville, a distance of about seventy-six miles. The proposed road will traverse Durham, Chatham, and Orange Counties. Charters to the company were issued by the North Carolina and Virginia Legislatures last year.

The United States board of engineers has recommended that Cape Lookout, on the North Carolina coast, eight miles North of Beaufort, be made an harbor of refuge. It also recommends an appropriation of \$4,000,000 for this purpose. The adoption of this recommendation means a great commercial harbor on the North Carolina coast.

Coon Church of Alleghany County, was shot and killed from ambush by a man named Roe Killen, from reports from that section January 18th. It is also reported that Killen was lying in wait for another man and fired on Church through mistake.

**General News.**

Ellen had only been released a short time ago from the Federal prison at Atlanta, for blockading.

Rev. Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle in Atlanta, Ga., formerly of North Carolina, has tendered his resignation to that congregation to become effective April 1st, to go to the pastorate of Christ Church, London, England.

**FINDS HIS MOTHER.**

**Mourning as Dead for Many Years, Man Learns Mother is Alive.**

A special from Waxhaw, Union County, to Tuesday's Charlotte Observer says:

"Mr. Ralph Carraway was a happy young man last evening, when he boarded the train in Waxhaw, to go as fast as it would take him to see his mother, whom he had not seen since childhood, and whom he never expected to see again. The life-story of young Carraway reads like a romance.

"In 1902, Ralph Carraway and his sister, when they both were small, were put in the orphanage at Charlotte. They had no remembrance of their father, who had died some years before. The boy had not been in the orphanage long before he ran away, and drifted about, finally settling with Mr. A. A. Haigler, of Waxhaw. For the past ten years he has made his home with Mr. Haigler, working with him day by day in the blacksmith shop, and was looked on as almost one of the family.

"Ralph Carraway had often said if his mother was alive, he did not know it. He had not heard a word from her or about her, for ten years, and it was his belief that she was dead.

"The little sister, who was with him in the orphanage, now a grown young lady, he learns, is alive, and she and the old mother live together at Gum Neck.

"Young Carraway appears to be about 21 or 22 years old. He is industrious, honest, kind and will be much missed in the honest smithy's home, as well as at the old Waxhaw blacksmith shop, where for these many years he has been at the flaming forge and has made the anvil ring."

**Lumberton Family Distressed Over Disappearance of Their Son.**

A special from Lumberton to Tuesday News and Observer says:

"Mr. N. T. Humphrey, who mysteriously disappeared from his home near Tolarsville, this county, on the morning of the 6th, is still missing nothing having been seen or heard of him since that day, and his family is naturally greatly distressed. Mr. Humphrey is about fifty years old and has a wife and two children. If anyone can give information as to his whereabouts it will be appreciated if they will write George F. or Stinson Humphrey, at St. Paul, N. C., or phone 2205. Mr. Humphrey is a brother of Mr. H. B. Humphrey of this place."

**SOME INFORMATION WANTED.**

**Will the Democratic Kick Out of the Traces Because Judge Clark Favors Pensions for Confederate Soldiers?**

A correspondent of the Clinton News-Dispatch wants some information on a timely topic. We quote a portion of the correspondence:

"I see it announced that Judge Clark says he is in favor of pensioning the old Confederate soldier by the United States. Now I wonder if he will be called a traitor to his country. I expect that the donkey will get up on his hind feet and bray so loud the stars will almost fall. Listen and see if you can hear him.

"Judge Clark seems to think that the South has as much right to a part in the pension grab as a part in the public building and waterways grab, to say nothing of Congressional salaries, mileage steal and all, and I think he is right, and I thought so when the Hon. Marion Butler tried to do just what Judge Clark says he is in favor of. What are the little fellows who cursed Butler so loud going to do to Clark? I want some one to tell me."

**Ten Thousand Men in Line With Bibles.**

[Charlotte Observer.]

Last Sunday ten thousand men, each man with a Bible in his hands, marched through the streets of San Francisco headed by a military band of thirty pieces and escorted by a squad of mounted policemen. Gypsy Smith, the evangelists, and Henry J. McCoy, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., marched at the head of the imposing column. There was never such a spectacle witnessed in San Francisco before; a place not given to religious demonstrations, and it must have impressed the thousands of people who looked on with the sincerity of the sentiment inspiring this great parade and the convictions of the ten thousand men taking part in it.

Every year in Richmond there is a parade through the streets of that city of the men belonging to the Bible classes in the city Sunday-schools there. Last year six thousand men on a beautiful Sunday afternoon joined in this procession. There was no sound of mortal music, only a banner here and there; no voice of command, simply the shuffle of the feet as the great parade moved through Franklin Street to the City Auditorium.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, progressive Republican, has announced his candidacy for the Republican 'residential nomination.

An explosion of gas in Cincinnati, Ohio, one day last week, set fire to a tenement house on McLean Ave., and killed as many as thirty persons.

The National Convention of the Prohibition party will meet in Atlantic City, July 19th, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President.

General John G. McDonald, friend of Lincoln, Grant, and Sherman, and a brigade commander in the Civil War, died in Chicago, January 20th, aged eighty.

An anonymous letter, threatening the life of the Governor and his Council if Clarence V. T. Richeson is pardoned, is in the hands of the police in Boston.

A small girl in Atlanta, Ga., was killed by a snowball during the last snow. The ball was thrown and accidentally hit her just over the temple, killing her instantly.

Rev. Clarence T. V. Richeson, slayer of Avis Linnell, is said to be in a dying condition, although it is thought he will survive the day set for execution, which is May 19th.

Mt. Vernon, a suburb of Los Angeles, Cal., believed to be the only incorporated city in the United States that has not a single church, has voted to allow saloons to run on Sunday. There are three saloons.

Richmond suffered from a \$170,000 fire a few days ago. The plant of Riswanger & Co., glass manufacturing and wholesale dealers in paints and oils, was totally destroyed. It was all covered by insurance.

Two men were killed and six other fatally injured, when a limited inter-urban car, on the Indianapolis and Martinsville line, ran head-on into a work train, four miles out from Martinsville, Ind., a few days ago.

An estimate for 10,000,000 additional sheets of currency paper, from which \$959,000,000 worth of paper money is to be printed, has been submitted to the House by Secretary McVeugh, to meet a shortage of small bills and "clean money."

Four persons were killed in an explosion of a mine in the Central City, Coal and Iron Company, Central City, Ky., January 17th. The explosion occurred just after the day men had left the mine, and those killed were doing extra work.

Capt. Julius A. Sitgreaves, a Confederate veteran, aged seventy-four, who is credited by some with having been the man who fired the first gun at Fort Sumter, in 1861, died suddenly in his office in New York, January 23rd. Apoplexy is given as the cause of his death.

A horrible butchery took place in China, a few days ago. The Scandinavian school was surrounded by a mob, and the missionary, Rev. R. Beckman, was severely injured but managed to escape. His wife was killed and several children were killed as they ran.

Reports from the Bureau of Internal Revenue indicate that the American people consumed considerably less whiskey during December, 1911, as compared with the closing month of the previous year, but more beer. The income from fermented liquors, including beer, malts, etc., increased \$228,775.

It is said there is a probability that the famous suit of the Ware-Kramer Company vs. the American Tobacco Company will effect a compromise, without the termination of the appeal that the American Tobacco Company took from the verdict rendered against the company in the United States District Court.

A young man, seventeen years old, was found locked in a freight car in Cincinnati, a few days ago. Both hands and feet were frozen, he was half-starved, and semi-insane from his physical condition. His name was James Fry, and he had been locked in by practical jokers. Physicians entertain very little hope for his recovery.

The President has commuted the fifteen year sentence, for violation of the national banking laws, under which Chas. W. Morse, the New York banker, served two years in the Federal penitentiary. The commutation of the sentence gives Morse his freedom, but does not restore his civil rights. According to the Surgeon General's report to the President on his condition, he cannot live much longer, and in confinement would live only a few months.

**Man Wanted in Harnett County is Arrested in Richmond, Va.**

A special from Richmond, Virginia, says: "John W. Akins, a white man, has been arrested here to-night on a charge of being a fugitive from justice from Harnett County, N. C.

Atkins, for whom a reward of \$250 was offered, is charged with feloniously shooting R. F. Joinigan, deputy sheriff of Harnett County, on May 25, 1911.

The sheriff of Harnett County was advised of Atkins' arrest by Chief-of-Police Ragland. Atkins said he would return to North Carolina without the requisition papers."

**MOB LYNCHES NEGRO WOMAN.**

**Was Hanged to a Tree With Three Men and Their Bodies Riddled With Bullets.**

A dispatch from Hamilton, Ga., under date of January 22, says:

A mob of 100 men tonight broke into the Harris county jail here, overpowered Jailer E. M. Rabbitson and took four negroes, three men and one woman, out and hanged them to trees one mile from town. They then riddled the bodies with bullets.

It is estimated that 300 shots were fired. The negroes were Belle Hathaway, John Moore, Eugene Haming and "Dusty" Crutchfield, and had been arrested charged with murder of Norman Hadley, a young farmer, last Sunday. Hadley was shot and killed while sitting near a window in his home. Public sentiment against the negroes was intense.

The negroes protested their innocence to the last. No motive for the killing of Hadley, who was very popular, can be advanced by people here.

**MONEY TRUST FIGHTS.**

**Small Banks Forced to Oppose a Congressional Investigation.**

Washington Dispatch to the New York American.]

"Some of the purposes of the investigation," said Representative Lindbergh, referring to the inquiry to be made by Congress into the money trust, "is to free the small bankers from the baneful influence and control of the money gnomblers and speculators who compose the money trust. Under existing financial conditions, brought about through a bad financial system and the manipulations of the money trust, the small bankers are at the mercy of the trust.

"The trust can make or break them. The bulk of the money they take in on deposit must be turned over to the great reserve banks for the use of the stock speculators. The small banker can get it back when he needs it only if it suits the convenience of the reserve banks and the few men who control them.

**GOOD INVESTMENT.**

**Commission Government Gives Columbia Balance of Over \$100,000.**

The Columbia, S. C., correspondent of the Charlotte Observer writes that the Commission Form of Government has saved Columbia many thousand dollars the past year. The correspondent says:

"The Commission Form of Government has proved a good investment for Columbia so far as economy in municipal affairs is concerned. This is proved by the report of the city treasurer, which will be presented tomorrow. This report shows that the city government has a cash balance of over \$100,000. The balance on hand for the year ending December 31, 1911, is \$108,972.22. The balance on hand January 1, 1911, was \$32,474.29, the increase for the year being \$766,498.63."

**A CABINET SENSATION.**

**Is Hitchcock a Traitor to the President?**

"Red Buck" sends a most interesting story from Washington to the Charlotte Observer from which we clip the following:

"Friends of President Taft claim that Mr. Hitchcock gave out his statement to embarrass the President.

"An interesting story leaked out here when indignant friends of Mr. Taft began to discuss the Hitchcock statement.

"Hitchcock, it is said, got a severe drubbing at the hands of the Republican National Committee when it met here in December. Charles D. Hilles, private secretary to President Taft, led the faction that set down on Mr. Hitchcock.

"The fight was forced on the Taft supporters by Mr. Hitchcock," said a friend of President Taft today. "Hitchcock went right in to organize the National Committee for the campaign, just as if he had been selected to manage the coming contest. He named five of his friends to compose the sub-committee on arrangements. At this stage of the game Mr. Hilles came in.

"The fight was on and Hitchcock and Hilles locked horns. Hilles named five men and the committee stood with him. Seeing that he was defeated, Hitchcock offered a compromise. He told Hilles that it would not do for the public to know that a row had taken place in the committee over the selecting of the members of the important sub-committee so that they had been on opposite sides in the fight, and asked him to drop two of his men and give their places to two of his. Mr. Hilles told him to chafe himself. Hitchcock then suggested that the sub-committee be made up of seven instead of five men, letting five Hilles members serve with two Hitchcock men. This

was agreed to and the following committee was named: Harry S. New, of Indiana. David Mulvane, of Kansas; Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey; E. C. Duncan, of North Carolina; R. E. Williams, of Oregon; Arthur I. Voys, of Ohio, and Victor Rosewater, of Nebraska.

**"Ear-Marks of Truth."**

"This story has never been printed. It is new and bears the ear-marks of the truth. Messrs. Duncan, of North Carolina, and Rosewater, of Nebraska, are the Hitchcock men on the sub-committee.

"Piqued at defeat in the committee fight, Mr. Hitchcock, it is said by friends of Mr. Taft, would now embarrass the President with his radical statement on government ownership of telegraph lines. It is stated that Mr. Hitchcock would like to have the President force him out of his Cabinet for taking this bold stand so that it could be said that the President threw him down for advocating something that would help the masses.

"President Taft did not like Mr. Hitchcock's activity in the National Committee meeting. Mr. Hitchcock, it is asserted, knows this and wants to be kicked out of the Cabinet, but would like to have it appear that he fell fighting for the people."

**Liquor Sold on Panama Canal Zone to Content Laborers.**

Washington Dispatch.]

The fact that the sale of liquor in the Canal Zone is permitted by Col. George W. Goethals, engineer in charge of the work, and is upheld by him as being necessary for the "contentment" of the laborers, has shocked some members of the House Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce, who hail from "dry" States and have just returned from a trip of inspection to Panama.

There are now four distilleries and forty-seven saloons in the Canal Zone; last year there were fifty-nine saloons. An order from the chief engineer would wipe them out at once, but he refuses to issue that order. He believes in an army canteen and uses the same argument in support of the sale of liquor under strict regulation on the territory under American supervision that was advanced by General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, in favor of the re-establishment of the army canteen.

Liquor is sold in the cities under the jurisdiction of the republic of Panama and the army engineers in charge of the work in the Canal Zone say that thousands of the workmen are accustomed to liquor and could not be kept at work if deprived of it.

Taxes on distilled liquors are the same under the act of the republic of Panama and the executive order governing the Zone.

Although the sale of liquor is not permitted on any other government reservation, in any soldiers' home or in any army post, liquor is being sold to and consumed by the army in the Canal Zone.

**St. Louis Republicans for Roosevelt.**

Washington Times.]

Yesterday the St. Louis city committee adopted a resolution declaring for Roosevelt for President. It is a most remarkable development. St. Louis is the butt-end of Missouri Republicanism. The State is Republican when the city is Republican hard enough to turn it that way. It is one of the commercial centers of the world, one of the greatest cities of the country, and certainly remote enough from Wall Street to be free of suspicion attributing influence in that quarter. The St. Louis committee simply represents St. Louis Sentiment and Missouri Republicanism; and in endorsement, coming at the time it does, is especially effective as an answer to the calumnies that have of late been directed against the former President.

Missouri is a doubtful State. Roosevelt is the first Republican who ever carried it for the Presidency.

The backbone of Missouri Republican strength is in St. Louis.

In the coming campaign there are half a dozen very possible combinations which, at the end, might make the Presidency go as Missouri goes.

The word which the St. Louis city committee has sent along the line will be heard reverberating all over the country in the next three months.

**LIBRARIES FOR COUNTIES.**

System Established in Ohio Advocated by Commissioner P. P. Claxton.

Washington Post.]

Library facilities equal to those enjoyed by city dwellers can be provided for the rural population by the establishment of county library systems throughout the country, in the opinion of Dr. P. P. Claxton, United Commissioner of Education.

Dr. Claxton is an enthusiastic advocate of a plan he recently investigated in Van Wert County, Ohio. There the county supports a library, with a central clearing house and branches at all post-offices, town halls, schools, and other centers of community life.

**How to avoid dangerous medicines**



**Just read the labels**

**Read the Labels.** The pure food and drug law was designed for the protection of all, but it only protects those who read labels.

The law prevents false claims—on the labels—not in the advertising. The law makes the label tell if the medicine contains alcohol. Not so in the advertisement.

**Read the Label**

The law specifies a list of such drugs as are considered dangerous unless prescribed by a physician, such as opium morphine, cocaine, acetanilid, canabis indica, chloral, arsenic, strychnine, etc., and makes the LABEL tell if any of them are contained in the medicine. The advertising does not have to. Therefore when buying medicine **Read the Label**

The next time you are inclined to buy a tonic or a remedy for any of the ills that come from impure, impoverished or acid blood, ask your druggist to let you read the label on a bottle of MILAM. This preparation has no rival. If you suspect any other preparation of being in its class, **Read the Label**. Look for a guarantee of benefit. Look for ALCOHOL and other dangerous and habit forming ingredients. Any preparation can claim what we claim in their advertising: **NONE CAN** on their labels.

**READ THE LABELS!**



**First Showing of Spring White Goods**

Colored Linen, Percales, Gingham, Poplins, Galiteas, Crash Suitings, Long Cloth Cambrics, Nainsook and Shirting Madras.

**HALF PRICE SALE.**

All single and odd Curtains will be sold at half the original price.

**HUNTER-RAND COMP'Y**

(Half the House Devoted to Shoes.)