



JOHN M. WATSON, Editor

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Thursday Morning, November 4, 1869.

W. A. Smith, president of the North Carolina Railroad Company, is out in a circular to the stockholders in that road, in reply to the objections that have been urged against the proposed lease to the R. & G. Company.

The decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in the case of Thornton vs. Smith & Farley, that went up from Alabama, gives validity to obligations made within the Confederacy computing dollars at the value of Confederate notes at the time the obligation was incurred.

NORTH CAROLINA—KU KLUX AND NIGGERS.—The Governor of North Carolina is evidently determined to be of one or the other of the classes that make government troublesome in his State, and his act of arraying the niggers against the Ku Klux is a fine piece of policy.

Yes, but he will be more successful in finding hen roosts than Ku Klux. On that sort of a hunt Sambo is a successist.

Southern Interests.

The Louisville Courier-Journal, referring to the recent National Commercial Convention held at Louisville and the Southern Agricultural Fairs being held, takes an encouraging view of the future of the South. It says: "Almost everywhere the South seems to be waking up to the importance of its interests, inland and external commerce, manufactures, and of its large crops of cotton, corn, sugar and rice."

The young lady who jumped at an offer dislocated an ankle.

Direct Trade. The Liverpool Courier of a recent date has an article on the subject of direct trade between the Southern States and Great Britain. It says that all the Southern cotton that goes to England and all the manufactured goods coming from England to the American consumer pass alike through New York. It says:

On the practical ground of economy, too, there are reasons why a wider and freer intercourse should be fostered between the two countries. The Southern States, now steadily recuperating, will soon again become the great cotton field of the world, and it is important that the raw material shall find its way to British mills burdened with as few imposts as possible.

The North is a manufacturer desirous of securing the exclusive right of supplying the people, and seeks to promote this policy by subjecting foreign rivals to burdensome charges. The South, being a grower of raw material, is interested in obtaining manufactured goods at the lowest possible price, irrespective of the locality of their production, but the North, for the "protection" of its own interest, levies a differential tax on foreign goods, which falls with undue severity on the South.

This state of things cannot be altered at present, but its existence is another strong reason why, needless charges should be avoided on trade with the cotton growing districts. There is no possible reason why raw cotton should be exported, and foreign goods imported, through New York. It is a circuitous route involving waste of time and needless expense. These may be avoided by the establishment of direct trade between Europe and the South. Let the raw cotton be exported direct from New Orleans, Savannah and Charleston; let the Manchester manufacturers and the Liverpool brokers deal direct with these ports, or, better still, with the planters in the country. And in the same way the manufactured goods required for the consumption of the Southerners should be landed at the nearest port, not shipped to New York, and then reshipped to their destination. All this unnecessary handling of articles of trade enhances their selling price, and ultimately falls on the consumer.

The Suez Canal.

The crowds who are now flocking to Egypt threaten, according to some accounts, to create a famine in that ancient granary of the world. Three dollars for a pound of beef steak, and wretched beefsteak at that, is now being paid at Cairo. This is but the beginning of the affair. When the other monarchs arrive, and when the crowd finds itself in the desert, it will certainly be well to belong to the company of the Viceroy. Care will be taken of all the Viceroy's invited guests; but it will be well for those who set out on their own hook to consider that where nothing can be bought money will be of little avail. In spite, however, of every drawback, the opening of the canal promises to be a grand affair—much grander, in fact, than the other affair which is to take place in Rome shortly afterwards. In its prospective results the canal must be regarded as the most wondrous work of our time. It will completely revolutionize the currents of trade. The Mediterranean will again become the great sea of commerce. Trade will revert to its old channels and will revive some of its ancient centres. Egypt will acquire an importance which will necessarily place her under the special protection of all the great commercial nations of the world. She cannot long remain under even the nominal sovereignty of the Turk. It will not be longer possible even for the United States to be indifferent to her interests in that direction.

Murders are rife in Tennessee, caused by the disorders of the war and the bad government of the State since. Capital punishment having been abolished the law has lost its terrors, and assassins no longer fear punishment. One or two dozen public executions would put a stop to this specie of crime.

"Lottie," said a little visitor, "what makes your kitty so cross?" "Oh, cause she's cutting teeth, I spect."

Queer Ascetic. The Methodists, once upon a time, were known as the "straight-laced" people; but that was long ago. True, here in the South, there may still be found representatives of the simplicity and unobtrusive Christian modesty of a Wesley, Asbury and a Whitcomb; but beyond the Potomac the war has made strange ravages into the church. There has been a tendency to prelatism and worldliness. Bishop Simpson, it will be remembered, immediately after the war, went South, armed with an order from Stanton, and took possession of Southern churches, farming out the congregations that had built those churches and were worshipping in them.

Next we hear of the great centennial fund, and a million spent for the new Methodist headquarters in New York. A few weeks ago the papers brought accounts of a great scandal in the Book Concern, all in entire accordance with these post bellum developments.

Now we read of a fashionable wedding, of the daughter of Bishop Simpson. A grand affair it was, say the papers, bringing the President all the way from Washington and gathering two scores of newspaper reporters to do it up in sensational style. A fashionable wedding of a Methodist Bishop's daughter! Shades of Whitfield! "The bride," says Jenkins, "wore a beautiful set of pearls," &c., &c. We have no objection to pearls, but we can remember the time when Methodist Bishop's daughters did not wear them. Times have changed, and Northern Methodists, we suppose change with them.

In ancient days—ante-bellum times, of course—when it was not considered a breach of propriety for a faithful old deacon to take a good, long, well defined whiskey toddy, well sprinkled with nutmeg, before entering the sacred desk, and after preaching to take another "strengthening," and when other little matters of business were announced, before the singing of the doxology, people were less apt to "strain at a gnat and swallow a camel," than they now are, in this enlightened age. There was more frankness and open-heartedness—no concealment. If a neighbor happened to the bad luck of losing a hog or a sheep, the faithful old deacon announced the fact, and gave a description of the animal from his desk, and the whole congregation were on the lookout for the lost property. Why, on one occasion, Lorenzo Dow, by a little maneuvering, discovered the thief who stole the axe the day before, by simply swinging a stone over his head, giving notice, that the man who had the axe would dodge, when the stone was thrown. The stone was "motioned," a head went down, and the axe was recovered.

If we should return to the ancient customs, many things supposed to be lost, might be recovered.

Standard.

A case involving very advanced ideas of social questions came before Judge Olin in the Equity Court yesterday. The title of the case is Marcia Brizette Delacamp vs. William Henry Delacamp. The plaintiff applies for an order, in the nature of a writ of ne exeat, to restrain the defendant from leaving the District of Columbia without giving bond to answer a suit for a restitution of conjugal rights. The plaintiff sets forth that she was married to the defendant in Hamburg, and has been a faithful wife to him. She avers that he has ceased to cohabit with her, and has repeatedly solicited her to consent to a divorce, in order that he might marry her sister, promising in that event, to provide for her during life. She has invariably refused, in consequence of which he has declared that he intended to seek a State in which he could obtain a divorce from her, and that for that purpose he was about to remove to West Virginia. She, therefore, asks a restitution of conjugal rights and alimony. As a part of her application for the order she attaches a letter from her husband, in which he boldly makes the proposition, as stated above, that if she would permit him to get a divorce he would marry her sister, (who, it seems, has been living with them,) and his wife would be permitted to live with them. In other words, the relation would simply be changed—the sister would take the wife's place and the wife would occupy the relation of the sister.

Washington Letter in Balt. Sun. If you wish to be miserable, you must think about yourself; about what you want, what you like, what respect people ought to pay to you, what people think of you, and then to you nothing will be pure. You will spoil everything you touch; you will make sin and misery for yourself out of everything which God sends you; you will be as wretched as you choose.—Reverend Charles Kingsley.

Napoleon is himself again, with the exception of some slight touches of rheumatism. Perhaps his late illness was only assumed for the purpose of feeling the pulse of the French nation.

A young lawyer was examining a bankrupt as to how he spent his money. There were about two thousand dollars unaccounted for, when the attorney put on a severe scrutinizing face, and exclaimed, with much self-complacency. Now sir, I want you to tell this court and jury how you used those two thousand dollars? The bankrupt put on a serious face, winked at the audience, and exclaimed: "The lawyers got that." The Judge and audience were convulsed with laughter, and the counsellor was glad to let the bankrupt off.

Archbishop Whately once puzzled a number of clever men in whose company he was by asking them this question: "How is it that white sheep eat more than black?"

Some were not aware of the curious fact; others set to work, and tried to give learned and long reasons; but all were anxious to know the real cause. After keeping them wondering for some time, he said: "The reason is, because there are more of them."

Cruel butchers bleed animals to death in order to give the meat a light delicate appearance. This barbarism might be avoided by killing unruly cows, who always turn pail when they kick the bucket.

A letter intended for Oshkosh, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, was directed to Allsquisah, Rutabaga county, and reached its destination.

An Ohio journal pointedly remarks that every cord of wood given to the poor will be so much fuel saved from use in the next world.

An editor says, "Our best things will be found on the outside." That's the way with most of the world.

Dobs says he would have died of yellow fever in August if it had not been for one thing—the doctor gave him up.

Define the difference in meaning between experimental philosophy and natural philosophy, said a schoolmaster not long since to one of the most forward of his pupils. "Why, sir," replied the boy, experimental philosophy is asking you to give us a half holiday, and natural philosophy is your saying, "Don't you wish you may get it?"

A party in Kansas thus encourages the editor of his favorite journal:—"Continue to pour red-hot thunderbolts right in the teeth of the leeches and sharks that are sucking the life blood from the people." Filling a blood sucker's tooth with a red hot thunderbolt must be a neat job in dentistry.

An American lady in Bonn has married a rich Hebrew in Vienna. Her name is not Lincoln.

Why is a lover like a knocker? Because he is bound to adore (a door).

The young lady who took the eye of every body, has been arrested for stealing.

Let each one strive with all his might To be a decent man. And love his neighbor as himself— Upon the golden plan; And if his neighbor chance to be A pretty little woman, Why, love her all the more—you see That's only acting human.

An editor in New Jersey has invented a method of forcing delinquent subscribers to liquidate. His specific for the epidemic of delinquency to newspapers is to publish obituary notices of the culprits. When they have paid up their arrears, he contradicts the report of their death and asserts that they were only "dead-beats."

A gentleman the other evening objected to playing cards with a lady, because, he said, she had such a "winning way" about her.

A genius remarked the other day with a grave face, that however prudent and virtuous young widows might be he had seen many a gay young widower.

The last case of modesty is that of a young lady who discarded her lover, a sea captain, because in speaking of one of his voyages he said that he "hugged" the shore.

A young lady being charged by a gentleman with having trifled with his feelings, very funnily, as she thought, exclaimed, "Well, I pleased myself."

Farewell, dear girl, farewell, farewell, I ne'er shall love another; In peace and comfort may you dwell, And I'll go home to mother.

News Summary.

Gen. Rosecrans will make \$5,000,000 out of his California speculation.

Rev. Thomas Noble, an English clergyman, says an inch taller than Tom Thumb.

According to Professor Goldwin Smith, Canadians are physically superior to Americans.

A Southern inventor makes paper of cotton stalks.

Russia is going to heavy expense for light cavalry.

St. Petersburg is to have a Woman's Rights Convention.

A new line of steamers between Bremen and the West Indies is about to be established.

Ex-Queen Isabella is expected to be present in Rome at the opening of the Monumental Council.

Extensive fires are reported to be raging on the coast range of mountains in Southern California.

An Ohio woman has become a widow by making her biscuit with arsenic instead of saleratus.

One hundred bakers and dealers in bread in New Orleans have been arrested for selling short wheat.

There never existed but one Mormon, Brigham, and a Mormonish woman is something totally unknown to nature.

Mother Bickerdyke, the famous hospital nurse, has found lands and homes in Kansas for forty of the organ grinding war cripples of Boston.

Ex-Head Centre Stephens, the Fenian, is said to be in Paris in great poverty; just able to keep alive by giving lessons in English at ten cents an hour.

Three unfaithful pigs of Saline county, Miss., have abandoned their legitimate mother and taken up with an accommodating cow.

Sunmit county, Colorado, is as large as South Carolina and a half dozen Rhode Islands. There are sixteen counties in the State.

Soda and the lemon juice is the latest recipe for transforming brown hair into bright gold color. It is too late—blondes are no longer in favor.

If running after the women be a sin, it is one which is very easily checked. All that is necessary is for the women to stop running away from the men.

"Can you tell me how old the devil is?" asked an irreverent fellow of a clergyman. "My dear friends, you must keep your own family record," was the reply.

RAILROAD CONVENTION.—On Friday evening last a number of gentlemen, representing many Southern railroads, assembled at the Charleston Hotel, with the object of effecting a change in the schedule of the roads running North. There were present representatives from the following roads: Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, Weldon and Norfolk Railroad, Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, North-eastern Railroad, Savannah and Charleston Railroad, Selma and Montgomery Railroad, Augusta, Columbia & Charlotte Railroad, Owing, however, to the absence of any representative of the South Carolina Railroad, the meeting was forced to adjourn without accomplishing the object for which it had assembled, as it was deemed impracticable to effect any change of schedule without the presence and cooperation of the South Carolina Railroad.—Charleston Courier.

The funeral of Judge Person at St. John's Church Sunday afternoon last was very large. All classes of citizens turned out to pay the last sad offices of respect to the memory of one who was so prominent in their midst. The Church was crowded beyond its capacity, and the procession to the grave was quite large. Rt. Rev. Thomas Atkinson, D. D. Bishop of the Diocese, and Rev. R. E. Terry officiated.—Wilmington Journal.

The five-cent coins, not redeemable heretofore by Government agents, will be redeemed shortly, the Secretary intending soon to issue a circular to that effect. Assistant treasurers and designated depositaries will redeem them in packages of \$100 and upward.

The wholesale liquor dealers of California have organized an association for the purpose of cooperating with similar bodies in the eastern States for the enactment of a law to compel distillers to pay the whole tax on distilled spirits.

Bank of North Carolina, 40c; Cape Fear, 36; Charlotte, 48; Clarendon, 3; Commerce, 17; Fayetteville, 15; Lexington (old), 2; (new), 2; Graham, 25; Roxboro, 45; Thon asville, 10; Wadesboro, 32; Washington, 2; Wilmington, 38; Yanceyville, 3; Commercial Bank of Wilmington, 38; Farmers' Bank of Greensboro, (old) 88; Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old) 7; Merchants' Bank of Newbern, 55; Miners' and Planters' Bank, 40; Virginia Bank Notes average about 25; South Carolina, 30; Georgia, 25; N. C. Railroad Stock, 22; N. C. R. E. Dividend Scrip, 85; We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

THE FUNERAL OF JUDGE PERSON AT ST. JOHN'S CHURCH SUNDAY AFTERNOON LAST WAS VERY LARGE. ALL CLASSES OF CITIZENS TURNED OUT TO PAY THE LAST SAD OFFICES OF RESPECT TO THE MEMORY OF ONE WHO WAS SO PROMINENT IN THEIR MIDST. THE CHURCH WAS CROWDED BEYOND ITS CAPACITY, AND THE PROCESSION TO THE GRAVE WAS QUITE LARGE. RT. REV. THOMAS ATKINSON, D. D. BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE, AND REV. R. E. TERRY OFFICIATED.—WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

THE FIVE-CENT COINS, NOT REDEEMABLE HERETOFORE BY GOVERNMENT AGENTS, WILL BE REDEEMED SHORTLY, THE SECRETARY INTENDING SOON TO ISSUE A CIRCULAR TO THAT EFFECT. ASSISTANT TREASURERS AND DESIGNATED DEPOSITARIES WILL REDEEM THEM IN PACKAGES OF \$100 AND UPWARD.

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THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THURSDAY, 11th INST., AT THE HIGHEST BIDDER, HIS RESIDENCE IN LINCOLNTON. THE DWELLING HOUSE IS OF TWO STORIES, CONTAINING 8 LARGE SIZED ROOMS, FOUR ON EACH FLOOR. BELONGING TO THE PREMISES IS A GOOD STEEL SMOKE-HOUSE, WELL-HOUSE, WELL, STABLE &c. THE LOT IS HIGHLY IMPROVED; CONTAINING CHOICE FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, CURRANT BERRY &c. ALSO WILL BE SOLD AT THE SAME TIME AN IMPROVED TOWN LOT ADJOINING ABOVE PROPERTY. ALSO, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A. C. WISWALL, Lincoln, N. C. nov 4 69

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE AT LINCOLNTON.

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A. C. WISWALL, Lincoln, N. C. nov 4 69

CATAWBA HOUSE, BAR ROOM AND RESTAURANT.

TRADE ST., OPPOSITE HARTY'S CHINA HALL, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WE BEG TO INFORM OUR PATRONS THAT WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF ANOTHER LOT OF GARDNER'S N. C. CORN WHISKEY.

WHICH WE SELL TO REGULAR CUSTOMERS ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS. PURE MOUNTAIN RYE WHISKEY, AND APPLE BRANDY, ON HAND FOR SALE, MANUFACTURED BY O. P. GARDNER & CO., RUTHERFORD COUNTY, N. C.

TERMS. PURE MOUNTAIN RYE WHISKEY, AND APPLE BRANDY, ON HAND FOR SALE, MANUFACTURED BY O. P. GARDNER & CO., RUTHERFORD COUNTY, N. C.

MEALS FURNISHED FROM 7 A. M. TO 11 P. M. BY AN EXPERIENCED CATERER. Fish, Oysters and Game served up very cheap for

CASE, SPRINKLE & BRO. nov 4

A tailor's apprentice, who seemed to be pained a good deal with the cross leg attitude was asked how he liked tailoring, to which he replied, "Very well; but I believe I shall never be able to stand sitting."

"Mamma! mamma!" bellowed the angel of the household from the top of the stairs, "I'm mad, and Hannah won't pacify me."

Travelers' Guide.

North Carolina Railroad. THE PASSENGER AND MAIL TRAIN leaves Charlotte at 7:10 p. m., and arrives at Charlotte at 6:00 a. m.

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad. GOING SOUTH. Leave Charlotte, 6:00 a. m. Leave Columbia, 12:50 a. m. Arrive at Augusta, 6:16 p. m.

GOING NORTH. Leave Augusta, 6:45 a. m. Arrive at Columbia, 12:35 p. m. Arrive at Charlotte, 7:10 " Making close connection both ways.

Post-Office Directory.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF THE MAILS. Northern Mail, closes at 7 p. m.; Delivered at 7 1/2 a. m. Southern Mail, closes at 7 p. m. Delivered at 7 1/2 a. m. Western Mail, Lincolnton, &c., Closes 7 1/2 a. m.; Delivered at 7 1/2 a. m. Eastern Mail, Lancaster, Wadesboro, &c., closes at 7 a. m. Delivered at 7 1/2 a. m. Lincolnton, &c., mail is a tri-weekly; arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Lancaster, Wadesboro, &c., &c., is a tri-weekly; arrives and departs Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Beatties Ford, arrives on Monday and departs on Tuesday. Davidson College arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m., and departs same days at 1 p. m. CHAS. A. FRAZIER, P. M.

Commercial.

Charlotte Cotton Market. CORRECTED BY STEPHENS, MACAULAY & CO. CHARLOTTE, N. C., NOV. 3, 1869. Sales to-day 68 bales at 23 1/2 to 23 3/4 cts. Market weak.

Financial.

Charlotte Money Market. BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY THOMAS R. TATE & THOMAS W. DEWEY, BANKERS AND BROKERS, TRYON STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Bank of North Carolina, 40c; Cape Fear, 36; Charlotte, 48; Clarendon, 3; Commerce, 17; Fayetteville, 15; Lexington (old), 2; (new), 2; Graham, 25; Roxboro, 45; Thon asville, 10; Wadesboro, 32; Washington, 2; Wilmington, 38; Yanceyville, 3; Commercial Bank of Wilmington, 38; Farmers' Bank of Greensboro, (old) 88; Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old) 7; Merchants' Bank of Newbern, 55; Miners' and Planters' Bank, 40; Virginia Bank Notes average about 25; South Carolina, 30; Georgia, 25; N. C. Railroad Stock, 22; N. C. R. E. Dividend Scrip, 85; We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

TIDDY & BROTHER,

Booksellers, Stationers, AND General Dealers in BOOK, NEWS, AND WRAPPING PAPERS.

HAVE, ALSO, A FIRST-CLASS NEWS DEPOT

In connection with their STORE, under the supervision of MR. JOE G. MYERS,

where all the latest Daily, Weekly and Monthly publications can be found.

TIDDY & BROTHER, Next to Springs' Corner, Charlotte, N. C.

DUFFY'S HAIR DYE, THE BEST IN USE. LAWRENCE'S KOSKOO AND ROSA-DALIS, just received by SMITH & BREM, Druggists, Corner opposite Mansion House, oct 24

KIEBSTEAD'S KING OF ALL PAIN. RADWAYS RESOLVENT. BOUDAULT'S PEPSIN, For sale by SMITH & BREM, Druggists, Corner opposite Mansion House, oct 24