

SOME HELPFUL HINTS FOR HOUSEWIVES FOR BOUDOIR, TOILETTE AND KITCHEN

REGULAR MEALS FOR GOOD HEALTH.

To keep in good health it is necessary to have regular hours for eating and sleeping.

Meals should be arranged to be served at the same time each day, and there should be no hurrying.

WHY EYEGLASSES SLIP OFF NOSE.

When eyeglasses slip from the nose it is not always because of a poor nose piece.

Sometimes the oil from the face makes the clasp slippery.

Some glasses will ruin the eyes if not properly focussed.

Nose glasses should never be worn by persons who bend over their work.

Wash the glasses with ammonia water and clean the lens with tissue paper.

The cloth is excellent for polishing lenses, but not better than a worn piece of paper money.

The silk thread in the money give the high polish.

HOW TO TAKE CARE OF THE HANDS.

A shapely and well cared for hand is a great ornament to a woman, but even if your hand is not beautiful in the first place, you can, by careful attention, make it look almost pretty.

Always be careful to wipe your hands absolutely dry after each time you wash them, and always rinse all the soap off of them in some clear water.

Never go out of doors with your hands at all damp.

If you have to wash dishes you should have some rubber gloves and use them to protect your hands while doing so.

Almond whiteners is a splendid hand wash, and you can rub it on your hands after every time you wash them if you wish.

Always devote a few moments every day to your nails, rubbing the cuticles back on them, etc. Then, once a week you should manicure them well; it is a very simple thing to do yourself.

MEASURING CURTAINS.

In measuring curtains great care will be necessary if you are to do it accurately.

Measure your windows first and then cut your material accordingly.

Another thing to bear in mind is that every window has two sides, so do not make the mistake of making your curtains for only one side of the window.

In hanging the curtains do not make the pole too prominent.

It is a more or less necessary accessory, but it does not contribute to the artistic effect of your window or doorway.

CLEANING A BURNED KETTLE.

To clean a burned kettle turn out the burned contents, but do not fill with water.

Set it aside to cool, then place in it a handful of washing soda and water and let the solution boil for an hour or more.

The kettle will then be easily cleaned.

WOMEN'S HATS SAVE LEVEES.

A Style That Has the Approval of Lower Mississippi Planters.

"Women's hats are doing much to save the levees along the Mississippi river in Louisiana," said Henry R. Lewis in the Plankinton.

"This statement sounds fantastic, but of the reasonable, fur hats it is certainly true.

"Muskrats, which for years have cost the State no end of trouble and thousands of dollars through their depredations in the levees, are now most eagerly sought by the millinery trade throughout the country, and hunters in Louisiana are hunting them in lieu of other game.

"For years the muskrats have burrowed in the levees, and in nearly every case where there has been a crevasse along the river front the cause was traced to a muskrat hole.

The State has tried several means to get rid of the pests, but without success.

"During the last winter the millinery stores in New Orleans bought several hundred muskrat furs from hunters in the different parishes and placed them on turbans, which now so resemble a cat curled up on milady's coiffure.

Ever since then rats have been popular upon as well as in the pompadour or 'psyche.

"Several of the more progressive hunters quickly realized that muskrats were marketable and gave up the pursuit of ducks and other game.

One hunter alone in February killed 6,000 rats, for which he received 20 cents apiece.

"Other hunters have followed the lead of this mighty nimrod, and it begins to look as if the State will soon rid itself of the industrious rodents whose burrowings have for many years endangered the cities and towns along Louisiana's river fronts."

A BUZZLESS PHONOGRAPH.

German Inventor Replaces the Stylus With Compressed Air.

A recent German invention, it is expected, will obviate the buzzing or rumbling sound of phonographs, caused by the friction of the needle resting upon the surface of the rapidly revolving disk or cylinder.

The new device combines the leading elements of the phonograph and the siren. The novel and essential feature is the substitution of a current of compressed air for the needle or stylus of Edison's invention.

On the surface of a large record cylinder tangential incisions are made. A second and perfectly smooth cylinder rests close against this perforated cylinder, revolving in unison with it.

A constantly varying succession of minute openings between their surfaces is presented, due to the incisions on the record cylinder.

When a powerful blast of compressed air is directed upon the line of contact between the two cylinders, at such an angle as to be an exact tangent to the surfaces of both, sounds are evolved identically as in the case of an ordinary siren.

The cylinders, thus far employed are about ten times as large as ordinary phonographic cylinders, and this renders the instrument somewhat clumsy.

CHURCH THAT IS 158 YEARS OLD

Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church Has an Interesting History—Small Section on Border of North and South Carolina Has Furnished Several Public Men. Andrew Jackson, Born on the North Carolina Side, Being the First.

Lenora McMurray, in The Waxhaw Enterprise.

The Raleigh News and Observer of last week in giving an account of the centennial celebration of the founding of Hezibah Baptist church near Eagle Rock, says: "One hundred years is a long time, and when a church reaches the centennial of its beginning it is a fit time for exercises that will be commemorative of so long a life and of many hallowed memories clustered."

Old Waxhaw Presbyterian church in the upper edge of Lancaster county, S. C., and about 12 miles southwest from here, passed her centennial many years ago, and is now, as will be shown from dates below, one hundred and fifty-eight years old.

If its entire history could be reviewed it would be full of interest, not only to its members, but to Presbyterians, and to a large number of other people in this and Lancaster counties.

Old Waxhaw Presbyterian church was during its early history the leading church in all this section of country and was the only church for many miles around, but in late years the membership and attendance have decreased owing to the fact that other churches were organized and built nearby.

In the one hundred and fifty-eight years of its existence three church buildings have served its generations. The first church built was burned by the British soldiers, the second destroyed by fire before completion, and the one built in its place stood until it rotted almost down. The third and last church was built about twenty years ago.

Beside the church there is a cemetery supposed to be about twenty-eight years older than the church, and is perhaps the largest cemetery in this part of the country.

The cemetery contains the mortal remains of Andrew Jackson, Sr., father of Andrew Jackson, the seventh President of the United States, which were buried there in 1767.

Tradition says that his body was taken to the cemetery on a sled. After his father's death, but in the same year, the young Andrew Jackson was born. The following bit of history was given to us by Mr. C. C. Mellwin, of Marvin:

"A man named Miller once owned the land where Old Waxhaw Presbyterian church and cemetery now stands. He, with others, built the first church, and was ordained a minister and preached there. He sold his land, but gave six acres for a church and cemetery. The deed is recorded at Wadesboro, N. C. There was once an academy at Waxhaw, a Presbyterian church, Messrs. Humphries and Stevenson taught in this academy and young Jackson was a pupil.

"Waxhaw church was used for a hospital after the battle at that place between the British and the American army and the Americans. Robert and Andrew Jackson were in that battle. Andrew was fourteen years old. Robert received a wound that proved fatal. Andrew received a sabre wound from a British officer whom he never forgave and the blood of General Packington and 1,200 British soldiers at New Orleans did not quench Jackson's thirst for revenge."

From Howe's history, we learn that the first Presbyterian church at Waxhaw was organized in 1728. There are several graves of British soldiers in this cemetery. The remains of William Richard Davie, the tenth Governor of North Carolina under the constitution of 1776, are also buried here. He was elected Governor in 1798 and was afterwards an ambassador to France. He died in 1820.

From an address delivered to the Synod of South Carolina by Dr. Thornwell about eleven years ago at Lancaster, we quote the following:

"About eight miles from here is the historic Waxhaw Presbyterian church, the mother of us all, whose history can be traced back to the beginning of the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, and whose origin is lost in antiquity. The first sermon of which we have a record was preached there in February, 1753, and in 1755 it was already an organized congregation in their own house of worship.

While of course not the first organized church in the State, yet it is the cradle of Presbyterianism in the piedmont belt and indirectly from Georgia to Texas. Embracing about 100,000 square miles of territory in the first sixty years of its history, it had given a President to the United States, a foreign ambassador, a Governor to South Carolina and a Congressman.

"It was here in her school house that the classics were first taught in South Carolina; it was here in one of her campmeetings that the singing of hymns was introduced into public worship."

"It was in this historical church on April 12, 1785, that the Presbytery of South Carolina was formed. In 1812 the Synod of South Carolina and Georgia was set off from the Synod of the Carolinas, and in 1845 the Synod of South Carolina started upon its career. And 113 years after the birth of organized Presbyterianism, you have come within the bounds of the mother church, in her old age, now about 147 years old, she is very feeble but she greets you and invokes God's richest blessings upon you."

Mr. W. P. Neely gives us, from a history in his possession, the date of the organization of Old Waxhaw Presbyterian church to be in 1751, thus making the church 158 years old. It now has a membership of about thirty and Rev. W. W. Ratchford is pastor.

Lenora's Water-Works.

Last Friday water was turned into the pipes of the Lenora water system for the first time. It took two and a half hours for the water to reach the storage tanks in the northern part of town.

The system is complete so far—that is, the water is only supplied to one section of the town. The tests so far are very satisfactory, and Mayor Newland feels that he thinks the town can have full protection from the water supply in some sections in a day or so.

With lanky George McConnell on his staff, Stallings will have one of the most effective "spitball" outfits in the business. McConnell does not care for picking up one style of delivery, but alternates between the overhand and underhand delivery.

Big Mac is also there with the walloper. When it comes to batting, in a four-game series between Newark and Buffalo in 1907 he peeled off three circuit drives, four triplets, four three-baggers, and two singles out of eighteen chances at the bat.

WILL CRUSH THE CUBAN REVOLUTION

Insurgents Will Surrender Provided Their Lives Are Spared—Leader of the Band Attempts to Escape and is Shot Down—Government Has Situation Well in Hand.

Havana, March 17.—The indications to-night are that the government is now in a fair way to crush promptly the incipient revolution which broke out in the province of Santa Clara Monday night.

After withholding news of the trouble all day, the palace officials to-night announced that the father of two of the band headed by Sergeant Cortez, of the rural guard, had visited General Montego, chief of the guard, at Camajuani, and told him that the insurgents implored the clemency of the government and were anxious to surrender.

The insurgents are now completely surrounded by a cordon of more than one thousand rurales, drawn from the garrisons in various parts of the island, including Havana, but owing to the rugged character of the country it will be extremely difficult for the troops to come to close quarters with the insurgents.

It is declared on apparently responsible authority that Cortez is accompanied by fully 100 men mounted and well armed.

More gratifying to the government than the prospective capture of the insurgent band was the arrest and subsequent killing of former Captain Lavastida, of the rural guard, who is believed to have been the principal instigator of the uprising.

Lavastida was arrested last night by Major Arteaga, of the rural guard, and was charged with conspiracy against the government.

While on the way to Remedios under escort it is alleged that Lavastida attempted to escape, whereupon Colonel Esquerera, in command of the escort, shot and killed him.

Heretofore this has been a common method in Cuba in dealing with inconvenient prisoners.

OLD CONFEDERATE CHAPLAIN DEAD

Well-Known Baptist Minister and "Historian of the Confederacy" Passes Away at Columbus, Ga.—Was a Close Friend of General Lee and Stonewall Jackson.

Columbus, Ga., March 17.—Dr. John William Jones, who by his historical works and close association with Gen. Robert E. Lee and Gen. Stonewall Jackson, gained the title "Historian of the Confederacy," died this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of his son, Dr. M. Ashby Jones, in Columbus.

Dr. Jones was born at Louisa Court House, Virginia, September 25th, 1836. Educated at the University of Virginia and the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, he was ordained into Baptist ministry in 1860.

He enlisted in the Confederate army as a private, was afterward chaplain of A. P. Hill's regiment and later served under Stonewall Jackson, remaining in the army until the surrender. He was chaplain of Washington and Lee University when General Lee was its president.

After the latter's death he prepared a life of Richmond, Va., his home, and the funeral will take place Saturday afternoon from Calvary Baptist church in that city.

The immediate cause of his death was uremic coma, which he contracted at his home, Virginia, September 25th, 1908. He was a member of the Virginia and the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, and was a member of the Baptist ministry in 1860.

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Southern Railway

N-B. Following schedule figures published only as information, and are not guaranteed. January 17th, 1909.

1:30 a. m., No. 30, daily, for Washington and points North. Pullman drawing room sleepers to New York. Day coaches to Washington.

3:30 a. m., No. 29, daily, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville. Pullman drawing room sleepers to Augusta and Jacksonville. Day coaches to Jacksonville.

3:30 a. m., No. 8, daily, for Richmond and local points.

5:30 a. m., No. 44, daily, for Washington and points North. Day coaches Charlotte to Washington. Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Raleigh.

6:20 a. m., No. 35, daily, for Columbia and local points.

8:00 a. m., No. 16, daily (except Sunday), for Statesville, Taylorsville and local points. Connects at Mooresville for Winston-Salem and at Statesville for Asheville.

7:15 a. m., No. 39, daily, for Atlanta. Day coaches Charlotte to Atlanta. Stops at principal points en route.

10:05 a. m., No. 36, daily, for Washington and points North. Pullman drawing room sleeper to New York. Day coaches to Washington. Dining car service.

11:00 a. m., No. 28, daily, for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and local points.

10:05 a. m., No. 37, daily, New York and New Orleans Limited. Drawing room sleeping cars. Observation and club cars. New York to New Orleans. Drawing room sleeper, New York to Atlanta. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.

11:35 a. m., No. 11, daily, for Atlanta and local points.

3:00 p. m., No. 46, daily, for Greensboro and local points.

5:00 p. m., No. 41, daily, except Sunday, for Greenboro and local points.

4:35 p. m., No. 27, daily, for Columbia and local points. No. 24, daily, except Sunday, for Statesville, Taylorsville and local points. Connects at Statesville for Asheville, Knoxville and Chattanooga.

6:00 p. m., No. 12, daily, for Richmond and local points. Handles Pullman sleeper, Charlotte to Washington, and Charlotte to Richmond.

7:35 p. m., No. 38, daily, New York and New Orleans Limited, for Washington and points North. Drawing room sleepers. Observation and club cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.

9:35 p. m., No. 35, daily, for Atlanta and points South. Pullman drawing room sleepers New York to New Orleans, New York to Birmingham, Charlotte to Atlanta. Day coaches Washington to New Orleans. Dining car service.

11:35 p. m., No. 43, fast mail, Pullman sleeper, Raleigh to Atlanta.

Tickets, sleeping car reservations and detail information can be obtained at ticket office, No. 11 South Tryon street.

C. H. ACKERT, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., W. H. TAYLOR, G. F. A., R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

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Until you get all the money, if you need some things for the house—come and get it, pay down what you can, and if you pay the remainder in three payments, 30, 60 and 90 days it will not cost you any more here than it would most places if you paid spot cash.

Come and talk with us, we are reasonable and want to accommodate you.

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In Smart Clothes Especially Designed For Young Men



we are recognized leaders. This is accounted for by the fact that all our Young Men's Clothes are the products of master tailors, who study the dress whims and fancies of young fellows of from sixteen to twenty-two and who incorporate in the garments all the detail kinks and wrinkles that appeal to the most exacting chaps.

Aside from this we take special pains to gratify every taste and to fit each and every one perfectly. That we succeed is attested to by the great number of young men who buy all their apparel at this store.

Specially Fashioned Hats, Shirts, Cravats and other fixings for Young Men.

ED. MELLON COMPANY.

Remember, Mellon's Clothes Fit.



SPRING COAT SUIT.

This neat, practical little street suit was made of beige chiffon broadcloth with trimmings of black satin. The high-waisted coat was fastened with a band and button of the black silk. Narrow little revers of the silk with pipings of beige tulle and narrow straps of the same over the shoulders completed the trimming of the coat. This opened wide over a narrow-gored skirt devoid of trimming save for the slash of heavy black satin ribbon, knotted low and falling nearly to the skirt hem. The little turban worn with this was new and fetching. The crushed crown was of soft fine yecida braid. The turned-up brim and rosette at side were of beige satin, finely gathered on wires with puffings between.

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