

# Mecklenburg Times.

State Library

THE TIMES  
Goes to FIFTY Post Offices in Mecklenburg County, every one except Biddleville. Advertisers  
BEAR THIS IN MIND.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1894.

NO. 265.

### ADVERTISERS TAKE NOTICE

The TIMES CLAIMS twice as Many Subscribers in this County as any other Weekly Published Here.

### WHO DISPUTES IT?

VOL. V.

**FARMERS' COLUMN**  
Advertisements inserted in this column at the rate of 10 cents per line for each week.

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### A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

**Young White Man Brutally Murdered—His Skull Crushed.**  
A Shelby special of the 19th to the Observer, says: A terrible tragedy was enacted eight miles north of Shelby early this morning. C. D. Jones, a prominent young farmer and magistrate, was fatally murdered by Lawson Howell, a negro. Particulars are given in the house of Mr. Jones. Jones was on his way to a meeting of the board of trustees of the school at the house of Mr. Jones. He met Mr. Howell on the road who told him to get out of the way. That driver, Howell, would deliver it.

The particulars of the killing came from the lips of the slayer, Howell, who, after he had crushed the skull of the deceased with a large club, left, but met Dr. Gold about one hundred yards from the scene of the tragedy. He told the doctor that "he and Jones had had a terrible fight," and he was afraid he had killed him.

When the physician reached the side of the stricken man, he was dying and in a few minutes was dead.

A large party of enraged citizens are scouring the woods in search of Howell, and if captured summary punishment will be inflicted. Mr. Jones was an exceedingly popular man and of a quiet and peaceful disposition.

**SMALL POX IN NEW YORK.**  
It Breaks out in Charity Hospital Where There are About 300 Patients.—Twelve Cases Reported.

A New York despatch of the 18th says: Smallpox has broken out in the Charity Hospital, and the big institution with its 300 and odd patients has been quarantined—but off from the outer world. No person will be allowed to leave it without the consent of the health department, and no visitor must enter it. All the mischief was caused by the admission of a patient named Smith, who died in the hospital last week, and whose illness was not recognized by the doctors until the post mortem revealed it was smallpox. Then every precaution was taken, but too late.

Among the victims is the warden, Robert Roberts, who was taken to the smallpox hospital at North Brother Island, and his apartments at the Charity Hospital were fumigated. Mr. Roberts is 58 years old and has been the warden of Charity Hospital for several years. This is the seventh case of smallpox which has been reported from that institution within the last few days.

Any sort of misrepresentation seems to go down with the anti-administration papers. For instance, Mr. Hastings, who was in charge of the Hawaiian legation here during Minister Thurston's absence, was not invited to the State dinner given by President and Mrs. Cleveland to the diplomatic corps, and straightway the anti-administration papers made it the basis for a lot of silly stories alleging that the invitation was withheld because the administration was unfriendly to the present Hawaiian government.

An inquiry at the State Department, through which these invitations are always sent, would have shown the concoctors of these stories that Hastings did not fill an official position which entitled him to an invitation, but sensations, not facts, are what these papers want.

### LATEST WASHINGTON NOTES.

**The Wilson Bill Under Consideration.**  
Some Amendments to It.—Senator Morgan Scores Ex-Minister Stevens.—That Bond Issue is Not Popular.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Chairman Wilson has surprised some people by the adroitness he has displayed in piloting his tariff bill through the amendment rocks. He has run around but once when the House voted down an amendment endorsed by the Ways and Means, proposing to postpone until next fall the time for the free wool clause of the bill to take effect, and adopted one making that clause go into effect upon the passage of the bill. This week's hardest fighting will be done.

An attempt will be made to drop the sugar bounty, substituting a tax on sugar, said to drop the bounty leaving sugar free. Attempts will also be made to put iron and coal on the dutiable list, and to make the income tax an amendment to the tariff bill. All of these changes are opposed by the Ways and Means committee, and chairman Wilson is confident that none of them will be made, although several of his colleagues on the committee are in doubt as to the sugar clause and the income tax amendment. It is understood that the republican vote will be cast solidly for the income tax amendment, not because they favor it, but because they believe its adoption will weaken the entire bill in the Senate.

The republicans in the House are not voting on their convictions just now, but to develop de-mocratic dissension. Senator Morgan gave ex-Minister Stevens, who had just found time between his alleged bad health and his lecture engagements to appear before the Senate committee on Foreign Relations and give his testimony, a most rigid cross-examination concerning his conduct while U. S. Minister to Hawaii, and brought out the acknowledgment that Mr. Stevens was from the first a rabid annexationist, and that he wrote those much talked about letters to Mr. Blaine, asking instructions in case of the overthrow of the queen, with the full expectation that an event would take place during his term of office, just as Mr. Blount's report charged him with having done.

Under ordinary circumstances the impudent and insulting letters written by President Dole to the provisional government to Minister Willis would have caused great public indignation, but what could be expected when publications in prominent United States papers are considered.

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That Mrs. Cleveland had not lost any of her immense popularity with the people was shown by the large attendance at her first public reception, held at the White House Saturday afternoon. There were more people who desired to pay their respects to her than attended the crushes at the public receptions held by her when she was a bride, and she received them just as graciously as she did when she was a widow.

An enjoyable novelty to her. A news of the cabinet who was asked what he thought of the adverse criticism publicly made by democrats in Congress of the proposed bond issue, said: I grant the right of free speech, which I demand for myself, to every man, but I must say that these criticisms would have come with better grace had the men who indulge in them shown any real disposition to prevent the issue of bonds in the only practical manner—by providing the money that they knew as well as Secretary Carlisle did the Treasury must have if it would escape defaulting in some other way. The administration did not wish to issue bonds, and only decided to do so when it became apparent that Congress would not afford immediate relief, and after becoming fully satisfied of its legal right to do so under the law of 1875. It is not believed here that either of the several resolutions that have been introduced in the Senate concerning this issue of bonds will be passed, or that the passage of either of them or Representative Bailey's resolution by the House would affect the matter in either way. The offers for the \$50,000,000 bonds to be issued have gone away up in the hundreds of millions and the premiums offered will make the interest equivalent to 2 1-2 per cent or lower.

### AN OLD MAN CHOKED TO DEATH.

**Two Prisoners at Roxboro Commit the Crime and Make their Escape.**  
A Special of the 22nd from Roxboro to the Raleigh Chronicle says: The peaceful little town of Roxboro was wild with excitement Sunday morning. The jailer, Mr. Willis Royster, accompanied by Pete a little negro boy about eight years old, went into the jail to feed the prisoners. Mr. Royster opened the cell door to hand in a broom for the prisoners to sweep out the cell with and when he unlocked the door the two prisoners, Logan Meadows and Jasper Robertson rushed out an jumped on him, and after shoving or knocking him down, choked him to death. Then they told Pete if he made any fuss they would kill him, after which they looked him up with the body of the jailer and made their escape. About 9 o'clock some three quarters of an hour afterwards Peter succeeded in making himself heard, and the news spread like wild-fire all over the town, and in a very few minutes more than 100 men, armed with shotguns, rifles and pistols, some on horseback, some in buggies, and a large number on foot, started in pursuit of the fugitives, and succeeded in capturing both by 1 o'clock. They had only gone about two and a half, but were completely broken down. They were lodged in jail, and for several hours loud threats of lynching were heard on all sides, a large crowd from the country having gathered in who seem to be in the mood for such a frolic. At 1 o'clock at night the court house bell was rung violently, but contrary to all expectations the prisoners were not disturbed and it is hoped now that that feeling has subsided. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of willful murder against them both.

Mr. Royster, the jailer, was a quiet peaceable old gentleman. His indulgence to the prisoners cost him his life, as it was negligence on his part in opening the cell before seeing that the prisoners had gone into their cage and the door locked, as there is provision made for doing all this from the outside before opening any of the doors.

The first veto of this Congress came from the House Wednesday. The President disapproved the bill for the relief of entrymen of stone and timber lands.

The tragic death under an elephant is reported of Rev. Charles Ingram, who was an American Baptist missionary on the Lower Congo. Mr. Ingram was a famous shot, and had killed a hundred elephants during his experience. He was trampled to death in December by an elephant which he had wounded.

Bridgeport, Conn., was entirely at the mercy of a mob Saturday. The Bridgeport Traction Company discharged five men, whereupon all its street car employees went out on a strike. The company refused to consent with the strikers and attempted to run its cars. The strikers piled obstacles on the tracks, maltreated the new men on the cars, beat off the police in every instance, overturned one car and half demolished others. After a day of terror, the company agreed to the strikers' demands.

A Leadville despatch says a gold nugget weighing 156 ounces, has been found at Breckinridge, Col.

A pensioner in Ohio writes to Washington that he has accumulated \$3,000, and desires a safe investment. It is stated that the bonds will be ready for issue about February 5th.

Capt. A. G. Babcock, who died in Richmond Wednesday, left \$50,000, to the Lee camp veterans, and equal amounts to several charitable institutions.

The British steamer Leander, which cleared from Wilmington last Friday for Bremen, carried the largest cargo of cotton ever shipped from Wilmington, consisting of 10,512 bales.

### WASHINGTON NOTES.

**Live Items of News of Interest to All.**  
Senator Hill Will Defeat Peckham.  
The ways and means committee agreed Monday to put the cigarette tax at \$1 per 1,000 instead of \$1.50. It was done at the request of the North Carolina and Virginia delegations. The committee finally added 10 cents a gallon to the whiskey tax.

The House Monday put raw and refined sugar on the free list, by a vote of 161 to 38.

In the Senate Monday in considering the civil service law, Mr. Berry remarked that the law had been called non-partisan, but he believed that it was a regular party machine which was used to keep Republicans in office.

It was alleged, he said, that five out of every six persons employed in the classified service belonged to the Republican party, and that was unfair and unjust. He did not know whether the law could be repealed or not; but he believed that it should be modified and its operation restricted.

Senator Hill stated frankly Wednesday that he intended to defeat the confirmation of Mr. Peckham, nomination to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, if he could. He is confident of success, and it is probable that a number of documents against Peckham will be laid before the committee at its meeting Monday.

The Treasury Department estimates that the adoption of the income tax measure reported by the ways and means committee would bring the government seventy-millions annually.

Since Secretary Carlisle on January 17th issued his circular inviting proposals, the Treasury Department has lost \$1,390,000 in gold, and \$1,500,000 in legal tenders. The gold it is asserted, is being withdrawn for the purpose of purchasing bonds, and the legal tenders are convertible into gold on presentation, making in round figures \$2,890,000 in gold or its equivalent withdrawn since January 17.

The largest cargo of perishable freight (with the exception of truck) that ever went out of New Bern was taken out by the steamer Neuse of the E. C. C. line last week. It consisted of fresh fish, clams, oysters and eggs. There was over a hundred tons of them. Among the lot was seven car loads from Morehead City.

Patry F. Gibson made a raid recently, but found the still had been removed. He captured the distiller and helper and put them in charge of two of his posse. Twelve men came up and released the prisoners, then ambushed Gibson and shot him. Gibson is not badly hurt and is still on the warpath.

### WASHINGTON NOTES.

**THE INCOME TAX BILL READY.**  
The Bill Submitted to the Full Committee—Its Details Made Public.

A Washington dispatch of the 22nd says: The income tax bill, as approved by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee, was laid before the full committee at this morning's meeting. It was read in part, but the committee adjourned before the reading was finished.

The bill provides a tax of 2 per cent upon all income of citizens of the United States, either at home or abroad, from any kind of property, rents, interests, dividends or salaries, on all amounts over and above \$4,000. The bill goes into effect January 1st, 1895.

In estimating the incomes there shall be included notes, bonds and other securities except such United States bonds as are exempt from Federal taxation. Tax is laid on profits realized within the year from sales of real estate purchased within the year or within two years previous to the year for which the income is estimated, also on sales of live stock and farm products generally. In addition to the \$4,000 exemption, all national, state and county taxes paid within the year, losses sustained during the year from fires, shipwreck and other causes not covered by insurance and compensated for and worthless to be deducted.

Every person having an income exceeding \$5,000 shall make return to the deputy collector of his district of the amount of his income.

The tax shall be collected on or before the first day of each July and an additional tax of 5 per cent shall be laid on payment after that date, and interest at the rate of 1 per cent a month upon the amount of the tax.

Section 11 relates to corporations. It requires them to make return before the 10th day of the month following the declaration of dividends, under oath by the principal officer.

Section 12 requires corporation to furnish, beginning 1895, on or before the first Monday of each year, a statement, showing net profits above \$1,000 interest, annuities and dividends and amount paid for salaries of employes above and below \$4,000.

Section 14 levies taxes upon corporation dividends, interest, coupons and annuities wherever and whenever payable to all parties whatsoever, said corporation may deduct or set off from all payments made on account of such dividends, etc., a proportionate share of tax so paid.

### ALREADY

**Spring Goods**  
are being opened and everything points to cheap goods this season. Hundreds of yards of  
**HAMBURG EDGINGS**  
are now being admired and selected by close buyers, cheaper by far than ever. One great job at 61 and 70c per yard. Elegant assortments of 44 yard pieces for 45c per piece.

**TORCHON LACE**  
was never seen in greater varieties, nor at lower prices. Our assortment at 5 to 10c is beyond description.

**SPRING GINGHAMS**  
from cheapest sold to best made, from 5c up.  
Yard wide Domestic 5c. Cheap and good Alamo. 40c. 50c. 60c. 70c. 80c. 90c. 100c. 110c. 120c. 130c. 140c. 150c. 160c. 170c. 180c. 190c. 200c. 210c. 220c. 230c. 240c. 250c. 260c. 270c. 280c. 290c. 300c. 310c. 320c. 330c. 340c. 350c. 360c. 370c. 380c. 390c. 400c. 410c. 420c. 430c. 440c. 450c. 460c. 470c. 480c. 490c. 500c. 510c. 520c. 530c. 540c. 550c. 560c. 570c. 580c. 590c. 600c. 610c. 620c. 630c. 640c. 650c. 660c. 670c. 680c. 690c. 700c. 710c. 720c. 730c. 740c. 750c. 760c. 770c. 780c. 790c. 800c. 810c. 820c. 830c. 840c. 850c. 860c. 870c. 880c. 890c. 900c. 910c. 920c. 930c. 940c. 950c. 960c. 970c. 980c. 990c. 1000c.

**T. L. ALEXANDER, SON & CO**  
JANUARY 17, 1894.

### A HINT FROM

**SEIGLE'S**  
This is cleaning up time with the retailer and consequently we make it the best time for the purchaser public. There are broken lots here in the dress goods store, few sizes of a sort in the underwear. Old pairs of curtains. Bags that are only one of a size; short lengths, in silk; remnants of dress goods; odd lot of cloaks and hundreds of short lengths and remnants of carpets.

These are all choice goods, only had for a stock. Not enough of a sort, but just the right lot for you, maybe, and when you know the prices you see its a bargain. Its harvest time for you. Remember this now. We are slaughtering this sort of stuff. Must go. No room for it! Price no object.

We want to clear out stock before inventory. Big lot of silk and dress goods, remains on bargain tables centre aisle. Big lot of kid gloves, some worth \$1.00, some \$2.00, all put out at 75c for choice. In the carpet stock we have a big line of remnants that must be sold. They go regardless of cost on anything else; our aim is to get rid of them, and its a hurry.

**T. L. SEIGLE & CO.**  
Every article bought of us that does not prove to be exactly as represented must be returned to us at once, and like a draft, will be cashed on sight. We prefer to be reliable to anything else.  
By order of T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

**RANDOM BUT FATAL SHOT.**  
Some folks advertise one kind of a sale and another—some call it "a sale for a day only, and repeat the mammoth sham every few days; other call theirs "speculative," but how many are who discount advertise prices that convince you or anybody of the truth of their ad. All friends they leave off the crucial test—i would spoil the sham, you see. We go at it, thus, and we defy the whole family of deceptive advertisers to join battle in the open field or away from cover. How do these prices strike you? We go at it. Scriven's Elastic Seam \$1.25 drawers at 92c. The celebrated Shawlneck Socks at only 1c. The most famous Hermafrodite Socks 10c. Grand lot beautiful 12 1/2 and 15c Percales at 10c. Superb collection 12 1/2 checked Nainsook 5c. A very fair apron gingham at just 4c. Best shirt and waist prints 5c. Cannon Gen. Forney was born in North Carolina in 1828, served in the war with Mexico, and with the Confederate army during the war of the rebellion. He was a member of the State Senate of Alabama for several years, and represented the Seventh Alabama district from the Fourth to the 10th, including the Fifteenth Congress. He declined re-election, and was appointed a member of the Gettysburg Battlefield Commission.

**HARRIS & KEESLER.**  
Next to Court House.

**SUGAR TRUST!**  
AND WE OFFER—  
25 LBS. SUGAR \$1.00.  
That don't look much like a Trust, does it? No Trust on TOBACCO though, and we are just selling what the folks want, and we will certainly surprise you if you will come and see what we are selling

**[FLOUR]**  
It's sorter like the Farmers say about Cotton when the price is down. The question is asked, "What did you get?" Answer: "Well, nothing much, I must give it away." That's the way with our good Flour, it looks like we are almost giving it away. But it is an every day business with us, and we are getting used to it. (We are now at the Old Alliance Store.)

**W. I. BENDERSON & BRO.**  
No 12 S. College St. est. Old Alliance Store.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**HERIOT CLARKSON.** CHARLES H. DUBS.  
**CLARKSON & DUBS,**  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS  
AT LAW,  
4 and 13 Law Building, Charlotte, N. C.  
Practice in Federal and State Courts.

**F. L. OSBORNE.** W. C. MAXWELL.  
**OSBORNE, MAXWELL & KEERANS,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.  
Charlotte, N. C.  
Offices: 1 and 3 Law Building,

**H. H. COVINGTON,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
Office No. 14 Law Building.

**DRS. M. A. & C. A. BLAND,**  
DENTISTS.  
No. 21 North Tryon Street—up stairs.

**DR. C. L. ALEXANDER,**  
DENTIST.  
Office: 8 South Tryon Street, over the Savings Bank.

**Hugh W. Harris.** Wm. M. Little.  
**HARRIS & LITTLE**  
Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law,  
Charlotte, N. C.  
Special and prompt attention to collection of claims, Conveyancing, Negotiation of Loans and settlement of Estates.  
Office first door W. of Court House.

**BAKTER HENDERSON,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.  
Office in Court House.  
Practices in all the courts. Prompt attention to all business intrusted. Collection of claims a specialty.

**H. N. PHARR,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
Office No. 14, Law Building. Prompt attention to all business intrusted. Special attention given to claims. Practices in State and Federal Courts.  
Oct. 3, 17

**J. D. McCALL,**  
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No. 13 Law Building, Charlotte, N. C.  
Claims collected. Practice in the State and Federal Courts.

**P. D. WALKER, E. T. CANSELL,**  
**WALKER & CANSELL,**  
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Charlotte, N. C.  
Offices Rooms Nos. 6 and 7, Law Building.

**DR. E. P. KEERANS, Dentist,**  
(Successor to Drs. Hoffman & White.)  
No. 7, West Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C., over Burwell & Egan's Wholesale Drug House.

**DR. C. C. SAPP,**  
SURGEON DENTIST.  
BRICES,  
Full Upper and Lower Plates, \$25.00  
Full Upper or Lower Plate, 12.00  
Gold Fillings, \$1.50 and up  
Amalgam Fillings, 1.00  
Cement Fillings, 1.00  
Extracting Teeth, 50c.  
Local Anesthetic for the painless extraction of teeth used.

**Superior Value.**  
A genuine Calf Shoe for men, best selected tanned Stock, Dongola Goat top, be t quality shoes, sewed and warranted, all the styles in Lace and Congress.  
PRICE \$2.00.  
This is the finest and best Shoe ever offered at a medium price, and we invite you to examine, compare and try them with goods sold at this price elsewhere. All sizes.  
GILBREATH & CO.  
The Acknowledged Leading

**SEEDS**  
—ARE—  
**BUISTS**  
We open ours to day, fresh from the grower. Plant only "Buists Prize Medal Seeds," and you are sure of a crop.  
**R. H. JORDAN & CO.**  
Retail Druggists.